

# PRESIDENT TAFT GETS IN BEHIND LONGWORTH BILL

### In Address to Tariff Commission Promoters President Indorses Save in Respect of Inquisitorial Powers.

Washington, Jan. 13.—President Taft's efforts in behalf of a permanent tariff commission, now include a public endorsement of the Longworth bill, which was a feature of his address at the banquet of the National Tariff Commission association last night. This indorsement followed a charge administered by the president yesterday to the Republican members of the ways and means committee, that they harmonize their differences. These members had been called to the White House for this purpose.

In his address last night the president said he was most anxious to avoid the failure of tariff commission legislation at the present session because of any difference as to details.

**Doubtful of Inquisitorial Powers.**  
The Longworth bill would put into the hands of the commission to be created, ample means for obtaining information and for making it most highly efficacious when in possession of the government.

The president's indorsement of the inquisitorial provision of the Longworth bill was qualified. He feared its terms might suggest to the witness that he was put into an attitude of hostility, from which consideration of pure truth could scarcely be expected. However, he had no objection to putting the witness under oath.

**All Can Support Commission Plan.**  
On the merits of the proposed commission itself, President Taft said: "You do not desire, if I understand your present resolution that these men should fix tariff rates or recommend rates to be fixed. You desire only that they should furnish correct information which the body, constitutionally charged with fixing tariff rates, may properly act, so that the public may have the truth from the tariff commission, and then advise itself how congress shall have acted with respect to that truthful presentation of premises for its action."

"There are those who oppose the existing tariff and criticize it severely. There are those who uphold it as a fair measure on the whole. Now it seems to me that both may logically and properly support the creation of a commission."

**Utter Exactness Not Expected.**  
"I am not one of those who expect that the tariff commission is going to reform the whole situation in such a way that we are to receive from them with mathematical certainty the exact difference in the cost of production here and abroad, or other circumstances that are useful in framing a tariff bill."

"But I do hope that if the bill passes the results of the labors of the commission will be such that congress will have sufficient information to reach a general average of fairness and justice, and that the people will have a reliable means of judging of the correctness of the action of congress."

"I quite agree with this association in favoring a consideration by congress of such schedule or separate subjects affected by the tariff, so as to prevent the action on one schedule from being unduly influenced by promised action upon another. It is impossible to avoid this in a general revision."

**Commission Alone Insufficient.**  
That tariff revision should not be left entirely to the commission was the advice of President Jacob Schurman of Cornell university, who addressed the convention yesterday.

"So many elements enter into a revision of the tariff," he said, "that a commission cannot replace congress, which voices the judgment of the people. This is a fundamental question, and the findings of a tariff commission alone cannot furnish a scientific solution and take the tariff out of politics."

The convention of the Tariff Commission association yesterday afternoon adopted resolutions demanding that congress enact a permanent tariff commission bill and revise the tariff, schedule by schedule. The resolutions also praised President Taft for his support of the commission plan.

The Bonanza mine, that has been idle for several years, is reported to be working successfully on a new strike.

## "I Suffered Intense Pains in My Left Side."

Do you realize it is better to be safe than sorry, that it is the best policy to lock the stable door before the horse is stolen?

**Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy** cured Mrs. C. C. Gokey, of a stubborn case of heart disease, such as thousands are now suffering with. Read what she says:

"Before I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy I had been suffering from heart trouble for over five years. I had grown so weak that it was impossible for me to do thirty minutes work in a whole day. I suffered intense pains in my left side and under the left shoulder blade, I could not sleep on the left side, and was so short of breath that I thought I should never be able to take a full breath again. The least excitement would bring on the most distressing palpitation. I had scarcely taken a half-bottle of the Heart Remedy before I could see a marked change in my condition. I began to sleep well, had a good appetite, and improved so rapidly that when I had taken six bottles I was completely cured."

MRS. C. C. GOKEY, Northfield, Vt.  
If you have any of the symptoms Mrs. Gokey mentions, it is your duty to protect yourself.

**Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy** is what you need. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your money is returned. Ask your druggist.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

# GOOD ROADS MEN ARE ENTHUSIASTIC

### Walla Walla Valley Citizens Form Association for Better Highways.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)  
Walla Walla, Wash., Jan. 13.—As a result of the good roads convention here yesterday, a Walla Walla Valley Good Roads association will be formed and the movement for good roads will be made permanent in this locality. The movement for organization ended what was probably the greatest day for good roads that this part of the state has ever known, and President S. B. L. Penrose of Whitman college voiced the opinion of those present, in presenting the motion, when he said the work should not be allowed to drop with the end of the meeting.

The addresses yesterday were all good, to the point and full of interest to those who attended the sessions. The men who were there were interested in roads, vitally interested, and their presence meant that they are back of the movement.

At the evening session Professor L. I. Hewes of Whitman college, formerly instructor in the highway department of the Rhode Island Agricultural college and a former member of the Massachusetts highway commission, delivered an exhaustive address on building roads.

## CHEMIST WILLIAMSON FINDS FROM RECORDS HOW ACCOUNTS RAISED

(Continued from Page One.)  
amounting to \$4.60. The state paid Bailey \$12.75 for this land. I bought \$1.95 worth of vinegar. Bailey got \$4.75 for this vinegar from the state. I never bought more than 5 cents or 10 cents worth of vinegar for test, except in one or two instances, when I paid 25 cents. Bailey assessed the state 25 cents a bottle for all vinegar and there are a number of assessments on record.

**Items Doubled or Tripled.**  
"On each warrant there is the care-free item. I always walked when gathering samples. I paid \$2.80 for milk samples, but Bailey got \$7.65 for milk samples from the state. And so it goes all through the records. All items are doubled, tripled or quadrupled. There was nothing bold or big about Bailey's grafting. It was little and sneaking."

"All these accounts are charged to Bailey's expense account of \$1200 a year. I am sure in a written, itemized statement of everything I bought, Bailey paid me in cash. He did not turn my statements in to the secretary of state but rewrote them, increased the items and added articles I had not bought. When this investigation first commenced I didn't like to be mixed up with it, but since I have found what sort of a man Bailey was and is, I am anxious that as a public service the whole thing should be investigated."

**Three Deputies Have Been Heard.**  
The evidence of the three deputy dairy and food commissioners who resigned from service under Bailey has now been presented before the grand jury. The evidence of Bert Pilkington, former chemist in Bailey's office, has not yet been heard. Mr. Williamson said this morning that he had looked over Pilkington's accounts while at the capital and found that they had been altered as his own had been.

"The dates of the warrants are all jumbled," said Williamson. "There is nothing straight about any of the records. Only one familiar with the way the office was run could tell anything about them. While in Salem I dropped into a grocery store. The proprietor told me that Bailey had been on his black list as a member who would not pay his bills, during the past three years. The man was a member of the Retail Grocers' association and all the grocers who are members of this association have Bailey on this black list."

It is expected that the grand jury will go to Bailey's office and there look over his accounts. The grand jury made a preliminary report yesterday afternoon. At that time District Attorney George J. Cameron said that the Bailey investigation could not possibly be concluded for several days.

## CONSTRUCTION OF SPLENDID POSTOFFICE

(Continued From Page One.)  
terior of the building will be one immense room, for the general handling of mail, and will be without pillars or partitions. Around this on three sides will be corridors for the public. At either end of the building will be offices. On the second floor will be the offices for the postoffice inspectors, railway mail service, and other departments of the postal service.

**Creating Postal Divisions.**  
A feature of prime importance in connection with the proposed building in Portland is that congress is expected to take favorable action soon in the matter of dividing the country into districts for the greater convenience of the postal service. The bill makes one division of Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, north California and Alaska.

Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma all have new postoffice buildings that are combined with federal court buildings. Portland is not only the most feasible point for the headquarters of the division, but is the only large city that has not a recently constructed postoffice building. It seems highly probable that Portland will be made headquarters for the division and that the department, taking into consideration this proposed change, will arrange the new building so as to serve as headquarters for the division.

**Handic Foreign Mails.**  
Another feature that is to be included in the plans for the new postoffice is that of handling foreign mail matter. The department, it is known, believes Portland will be one of the great transfer points for mail to and from the orient, and will make special provision for quarters in which to store this mail awaiting the departure of mail steamers.

It is the general opinion among those who have studied the various sites offered for the postoffice that the sum asked for block "S"—\$325,000, is low when the probable increase in value of the property within the next year is taken into consideration. It is believed that while this sum may represent the present value of the block it does not

represent the speculative value, which they fix at \$400,000 in two years.

Postmaster Merrick said today he was glad condemnation proceedings would be begun because it would remove any suspicion of graft from the deal. He believes, however, the process will result in the government paying considerably more for the property than the price at which it was offered. He said he expected the appropriation for the building would get through congress in a hurry and without opposition.

The selection by the government of block "S" as a site for the new postoffice is in line with what was given out by special representatives of the treasury department sent here last November to report on sites recommended as to the rules of the postoffice department governing the locations of new postoffices. At that time these special agents of the government announced that a site near the Union depot would ultimately be selected. The theory of the department is that the chief junction of a postoffice for the city as Portland is that of a distributing station for outgoing and transfer mail.

Portland has become the great mail distributing center for the northwest. More than 75 per cent of the mail received at the local postoffice is redistributed and forwarded to outside points, and as a matter of economy it is necessary to have the postoffice located as near as possible to the Union passenger station.

## P. U. TEAMS DEBATE WITH IDAHO TONIGHT

Pacific University, Forest Grove, Or., Jan. 13.—Tonight the debating teams from the University of Idaho and Pacific university meet on the rostrum in Marsh hall and at 8 o'clock the first debate between these two institutions.

The team composed of Charles Ward and Ralph Abraham of Pacific left last evening and the Idaho representatives, Ira Tweedy and Ralph Foster, arrived this morning from Moscow.

The Pacific team has put two months of hard work on this debate and go against their opponents with exceptionally strong arguments and with the whole student body confident of success in both places.

## Y. M. C. A. MAY ABSORB SEVERAL BOYS' CLUBS

Members of the boys' department of Portland Young Men's Christian association are to participate in the competitive membership campaign, to open January 23, will meet at a supper next Wednesday night to consider means of bringing more boys into the association. The membership contest is to be

## BABY'S ECZEMA BEGAN IN PIMPLES

When Two Weeks Old, Would Water and Itch. Broken Out Most on Face. Used Box of Cuticura Ointment and Nearly Cake of Cuticura Soap. Was Completely Cured.

"My little girl had eczema on her face which first started to break out on her when she was two weeks old. It began in pimples, and would water and itch. It was on the back of her neck in the edge of her hair, and in between her shoulders. But it was broken out the most on her face."

"I doctored with two different doctors, and they did not seem to help her. Then a cousin of mine recommended the Cuticura Remedies. She said they cured one of her children, so I tried them, and they gave my child relief. I used a box of Cuticura Ointment and nearly a cake of Cuticura Soap, and my little girl was completely cured. She is three years old now and has not a sign of eczema. I have been keeping the Cuticura Ointment ever since and think the Cuticura Remedies are all right. I tell other people about them and how they cured my little girl."

(Signed) Mrs. Minnie Clutten, Deer Lake, Pa., Aug. 29, 1910.  
Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for affections of the skin and scalp of infants, children and adults. A cake of Cuticura Soap (25c.) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., Boston, for free 32-page book on the skin and scalp.



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participated in by the associations of Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane, and will affect both the men's and boys' departments.

As a feature of the campaign in the boys' department, the local association has inaugurated a movement to absorb several boys' clubs, including boys' bridges, church clubs and similar organizations. In order to bring these clubs into the Y. M. C. A., a special membership division has been created by which any club with eight or more members may join the Y. M. C. A. for a nominal fee and enjoy the reading and game privileges. Such memberships, however,

do not entitle the holder to use of the gymnasium or swimming tank.

A boys' club in Lower Albina is one that will soon come into the association. This organization is now being conducted in the Albina schoolhouse, meeting on Friday nights, under the leadership of Harold Jones and Rex Thorn

of the Y. M. C. A. leaders' class. At its meeting tonight, the club will debate the subject, "Resolved that the boy who smokes cigarettes is better than the boy who doesn't." By bringing this and similar topics to the attention of the boys, the Y. M. C. A. is trying to influence them in right ways of living.

# LAUGH AT HARD TIMES

# FOLKENBERG

FOLKENBERG is but 30 minutes from Portland, on the United Railways; it is near the coming manufacturing section of Portland; it is a beautiful suburb of Portland, and it will share in Portland's prosperity. It is not expensive now, but it's going to be high-priced property. Investigate! This opportunity lies at your doors. Look to it! The advantages are many, and the drawbacks—we don't know of one.

**Prices and Terms**  
On acreage we sell at from \$200 to \$450 an acre, and on lots from \$50 to \$175 a lot. For acres we accept \$25 down and \$10 a month, for lots \$5 down and \$1 a week. We make a discount of 15% for early purchases and a further discount of 10% on anticipated payments. Can you imagine anything more easy or reasonable?

Excursion Schedule on Sunday		Sunday Excursion	
To Folkenberg	From Folkenberg	We run a Sunday excursion to FOLKENBERG for the accommodation of those who cannot visit the tract on week days. Get excursion rates at the United Railways Ticket Office, Stark and Third.	
9:15 a. m.	1:00 p. m.		
11:15 a. m.	2:00 p. m.		
2:15 p. m.	5:20 p. m.		
3:15 p. m.			

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## A Clearance Sale! at Genuine Price Reductions

Eilers Music House Sold Eleven Pianos Yesterday Besides Many Talking Machines, Because People Find Here More and Better Value for the Money Than Obtainable Elsewhere

 Emerson, \$170 (Used).	 Ludwig, \$165 (Used).	 Milton, \$155 (Used).
 Bona fide reductions, new, good pianos, costing elsewhere \$250, here, \$137.00 PAY \$5 A MONTH	 BABY GRANDS, most renowned makes, note reductions.	 17 of these now \$197, 30 larger sizes \$245 PAY \$6 A MONTH
 7 of these now \$236.	 7 of these, now \$197.	 19 of these now \$128 and \$137.

Nearly every make of piano at virtually half the prices asked elsewhere.

Remember the place. 353 Washington street, near the corner of Park st.

