Authorized: His Enormous

Gains Since 1882.

eller's Standard Oil income is \$19.32 a

minute, according to the quarterly divi-

dend of 10 per cent, amounting to \$10,-

000,000 on all the stock which has been

authorized by the directors. It was es-

timated today that Rockefeller, since

responsible for the rejection.

visor to China was assured.

What effect the action of the Chin-

financial deals between this country

and China now pending is not known

The \$50,000,000 loan; known as the

Chianchow loan, which was to be used

Chianchow-Aigun railway, is about ready for some definite move by the

parties involved. Other Chinese rail-

China in reforming the Chinese

rency system. A preliminary agree-ment had already been reached and it

was a disagreement over the final rat-

ification of the terms of the loan that brought about China's action.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 17.—County

officers are investigating what Saund

ers Williams, a Santa Paula rancher, de-

clares to be a modern adaptation of the

ancient racetrack wire tapping game, and

which he alleges is operated through a

wireless station at Redondo Beach. As

a result of Williams' charges, William

Lacey and James Martin were arrested

under the "confidence operator" clause

of the vagrancy statute and Lacey was

ng his plea of guilty.

paratus was installed.

ntenced to six months in jail, follow

Williams told the authorities that

oon after his arrival in Los Angeles

for a vacation he met Lacey who pro-

posed a trip to Redondo Beach. On the

way to the beach, he said, Lacey told

him of a system he had evolved of get-

ting race tips via wireless, and later

took him to the room where the ap-

"I made some small bets on the

strength of these tips," said Williams, "and always won. Finally I bet \$500.

again, and then the men insisted that I

should go to a bank with them and prove that the draft was all right be-

fore they paid me. I became suspicious

Martin pleaded not guilty when ar-raigned with Lacey. His trial was set and he was released on \$500 bond.

It manifests itself in local aches and pains-inflamed joints and stiff mus-

cles-but it cannot be cured by local

It requires constitutional treatment, and the best is a course of the great blood purifying and tonic medicine

and went to the authorities."

BY WARY RANCHER

MAN TELS ABOU

Floyd D. Young Describes

carrier on The Journal, and is well 125 to 150 miles at the height of the known in Portland, has written The storm." Journal an account of his experience in a lighthouse during the hurrleane that swept the Flerida coast last Octo

Young, after leaving The a Journal, went into the United States weather bureau service. He is stationed in a signal station at Sand Key, Florida, where he saw the very heart of the hurricane. His remarkable description of it follows:

There was a hurricane on Octobe 11. 1909, which took away the weather bureau here, and ever since that time we have been quartered in the light-house. Our little island is eight miles duties are the signalling to the pass-ing ships. We have telephone connecwith the naval station at Key West. Beginning of Storm.

rible time, and it doesn't seem real now, but seems more like a terrible dream. The sea was very rough for two days before, and the storm signals were flying. We carried wood and oil up into the dwelling of the lighthouse and secured the boat to the side of the lighthouse before the storm struck with all its force. The lighthouse is of Iron, 110 feet high, skeleton structure, and the foundation is bored 10 feet into the foundation is bored 10 feet into the foundation is about 20 feet into the seems more like a terrible dream. The sea was very rough for two days before, and the contrast of its remarkable climate to that of the middle states. The sun shone brightly, the air was balmy and in the fresh green fields cattle wallowed in a wealth of verdure all the foundation is bored 10 feet into the foundation is bored 10 feet into the foundation is about 20 feet.

"On the night of the 13th, the barometer began to fall rapidly, rain fell in torrents and the wind increased to Oregon a gale. It continued to blow about 60

Waves Made House Sway.

worst was yet to come, how-

World Cut Off.

"The waves kept running higher on the island until they reached the very center of it. After some dubious messages over the telephone from Key West, the cable gave out, and we were without communication with the outer world. We could not see a hundred pleces and hurl it into the air."

We were all gathered to the leeward to the house and watched the what they considered ideal summer and slowly wash away. The waves island slowly wash away. The waves ate up our wharf first, then our boat house, and then the brick oil house at of the is to sea. The waves now washed com-pletely over the Island, and there was nothing but angry sea in sight.

Whole Structure Books. lighthouse rocked so violently that it seemed impossible for it to hold much longer, and we expected to be pitched over into the waves at any We could feel every wave that struck the lighthouse, and several small braces broke loose at the bottom and made a noise like a boiler factory, pounding against the other braces.

Of course we didn't know what was making the noise, and thought perhaps the foundation of the lighthouse was giving way. Standing on the floor of he dwelling felt like standing on the floor of a passenger coach running fast begin as soon as the material can be around curves. One man stood at the gotten together. The line will be double parograph and called off the pressure as the pen went down.

"It is impossible to imagine the noise. The wind made a terrible shrick-ing sound, blowing through the braces ing sound, blowing through the braces station will be located somewhere along of the lighthouse, and through the thunder of the waves we could hear the give no information along that line at broken iron pounding against the bot- this time.

before it began to rise slowly. There was jubilation when it finally began to rise. SAVES CHILDREN BUT hough the wind continued with abated fury for about four hours after that. The storm had blown the chimney away, and we couldn't build a fire, so we lived on crackers that day, and on

"The salt spray had gotter into our tanks and all the drinking water was very salty, almost undrinkable. Not a vestige of the island remained; the lighthouse stood in four feet of water, lighthouse stood in four feet of water. where there had been dry land before, vantured too near an open well. We rigged our wireless after much dif-We rigged our wireless after much difficulty, and soon afterward the telephone was repaired. For the next week the wrecks drifted past, some of them the wrecks drifted past, some of them and threw them away from the pit, into which they were staring. The

the station, and told us the particulars

by flash light telegraph.

"There was much suffering on some of the wrecks. Six men, nearly dead with hunger and thirst, were picked up at sea clinging to the pilot house of a boat. On many of the steamers that went through the storm safety, most of the men of the crew were injured.

AND OCCUTO f the men of the crew were injured the reef with 600 passengers. They were all saved by the revenue cutter rom Key West. There are still two arge steamers and a four-masted chooner on the reefs near here, and robably most of them will never get

Scenes When Waves Lash
Lighthouse and Make . It
Sway; Foiled Death.

Swa

SEES HILL LINES AND IS GRATIFIED

(Continued From Page One.) and, as for the Descrites canyon, he said he found it exactly as he had pictured it in his mind, a rugged gorge forming a gateway into a vast empire Stevens Is in Charge.

"Mr. Stevens is in charge of all the work out here," said Mr. Hill, "and anout in the Gulf of Mexico from Key nouncements touching upon new work West, and is a coral reef covered with will come from him. The depot quesmade will come from him."

tion with Key West through a sub-marine cable, and also a small wireless set of our own with which we can talk with the payal station at Key West appeared especially pleased with the progress that has been made. Wednes-"I had heard many tales of the 1909 day Mr. Hill, accompanied by his party storm, and was really wishing one and Mr. Stevens, saw the Willamette would come along, for I couldn't see valley from an Oregon Electric car and how the wind could blow so hard as the empire builder was completely cartied away with the beautiful country rible time, and it doesn't seem real now, and the contrast of its remarkable cli

The dwelling is about 20 feet states that eventually the entire valley will be gridironed by feeders to the

Oregon Electric to Exte "We can state positively at this time lles an hour for two days and then only that the Oregon Electric will be said Mr. Stevens this morning.

pull the nails out and it would take all the Hill party to Shearer's bridge, the The wind increased as the barometer fell, and we could not keep the clock ducts to the Columbia river. At this running on account of the motion of particular point the Deschutes river canyon narrows down to a mere rift in the vast plateau through which the river winds its way, and the railroad hugs the river bank very closely. It took the train seven hours to make the trip from Clarke, the station on the Washington side of the Columbia, whence the ferry carries the cars across the river to the Oregon Trunk tracks. The trip was feet on account of the rain and spray feet on account of the rain and spray from the breaking waves. The wind & C. R. R. drawn by a work train. A light snow was falling and this made the trip doubly interesting, for in the

Hill Is Much Pleased

The run was made very leisurely to highest sive opportunity for close inspection. soint of the island broke up and luncheon was served in the car on after the waves washed completely over the return trip. Very little of the surup and luncheon was served in the car on several times, and all the oil washed rounding country is to be seen from the railroad which, in places, is hidden nong cliffs arising to an elevation of 2000 feet above the river bed, but Mr. Hill was not surprised or disappointed at this for, though he had never seen the canyon, he said he had drawn just that sort of a picture of it. He was pleased with the scenic wonders of the panerama as the train pulled into the anyon and followed the winding and turbulent river, The party returned to the Portland hotel at 7:30 last night, nore than pleased with the day's out-

> Mr. Stevens announced this morning that an acceptance to the Tenth street franchise has been filed with the city by the Oregon Electric and work will tracked and will give the electric lines of the Oregon Electric and United Railways direct connection for passenger service. It is expected that a passenger station will be located somewhere along

"The barograph went down to 28.46 inches and stayed there about two hours before it began to the about two hours."

FALLS DOWN WELL

(United Press Leased Wire,) San Bernardino, Cal., Dec. 17,-With tea and crackers for three days after- both legs broken and suffering from internal injuries, Mrs. Robert Koehly,

terrible looking things with men cling-loose earth around the well gave way under her feet and she fell 40 feet, to Rezcues Sixteen Men.

"A large British tramp took 16 men off one of these hulks in sight of the station. After dark they approached train for Victorville.

Home Office: CORNETT BUILDING.
Pifth and Morrison Sts.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Is Best for Oregonians

DIVISION STREET AND SECTION LINE (Continued from Page One.) Serties into the sewer for a distance of more than one block, while in much of the distance that can 'get basement drainage into the big pipa. To the north the drainage is better. The will do with the mile of 'dead' 36 inch pipe now in the ground along East Thirty-ninth street. Idea Was to Economics. City Engineer Morris says that the whole sewer system was constructed with the idea of ultimate economy in mind. He says that the Section Line road trunk was constructed to take care of the district laid out for it, and that it would do no more than that. Another sewer trunk is contemplated to be built up the draw to the southeast to take care of the district that can not reach the Section Line road, and another large enough to care for its district up the draw to the southeast, as it would have been to build one sewer big enough to care for the whole district up the low care fo

drain into it. To take care of that district a new sewer will have to be constructed, joining the new sewer at or near East Forty-eighth street and running up the bottom of a draw, which has the appearance of being a former creek bed, and is the natural drainage line of the entire district.

Mr. Morris says that no less than 20 engineers have worked over the plans for the sewer extensions and that, any-way, the plan was approved by former City Engineer Taylor and simply carried out by the new administration when it came into office.

Connected With Pour Laterals. The new Section Line sewer is now onnected with only four laterals. One rom East Lincoln street along East Sixtleth street for a distance of about two blocks into the head of the sewer. The second runs from East Lincoln, along East Fifty-seventh street to the sewer, a distance of a block. Both of these commence at the crest of the white sand. There are three of us benade will come from him."

Everything indicated that Mr. Hill There are two other laterals, each half

> But this is not all. The construc tion of the new sewer and the work done by the water department seems to tion between the city engineer and the engineer of the water department. inch iron overflow pipe running from the lower reservoir at East Sixtieth street and the Section Line road (reservoir No. 2.) to East Thirty-ninth street, and up that street for about a mile until it emptles into the Sunnyside sewer at East Thirty-fifth street. When the new sewer was constructed this overflow pipe was cut into the Brooklyn sewer at East Thirty-ninth and Division sreets. There now re-mains nearly a mile of "dead" pipe useess in the ground,

Provides for Overflow. At the same time the water depart ment bought new 30 inch pipe to pro-vide for the overflow of the new reservoir on Mount Tabor, running it down the wind subsided, and we thought it extended to McMinnville and Eugene," East Sixtleth street to the Section Line was all over. "We road, paralleling the new sewer to East have our franchises for those exten- Fifty-second street, where the new ovsions and will begin work as soon as erflow was cut into the old overflow.

The worst was yet to come, however, for on the night of the 16th the barometer again began to fall, and the real hurricane began. The barometer went down and down till we thought the bottom would fall out of it. A 60-mile wind hardly causes the lighthouse to tremble, but the wind that blew that morning soon had it swaying like the more awe-inspiring sight.

"The waves were incredibly high, and curled over and fell like miniature Nagaras. The rain was forced by the wind through the openings around the windows and the whole place was flooded with water, we nafted all the windows and doors shut and even then the doors would pull the nails out and it would take all

Forty-ninth streets the city engineer constructed the main trunk of the north the Brooklyn through private ground acquired by the city. This is a 45 inch brick and cement sewer. Between East Forty-first and Forty-sixth streets this trunk line runs along the crest of s hill. It has been necessary, therefore, to build a smaller sewer, paralleling the trunk line a block or so to the north and running into the main line again at East Forty-first street. The laterals that feed this branch sewer run back south within 100 feet of the trunk line. drain away from it, and carry the sewage around the base of the hill and back into the main line.

City Engineer in Doubt. There are one or two other peculiar things about the construction of the north branch of the Brooklyn sewer Where the new sewer joins the branch of the Brooklyn sewer at Marguerite and Division streets, the old sewer is a 53 inch pipe. The new sewer sewer empties into the smaller one Again the bottom of the trunk line is four inches higher than the bottom of the branches that run into it at

Sherman street and at the Section Line road. This is caused by the fact that the trunk line and the branches were the trunk line and the branches were started on the same level, but that the overlooked, so that when the whole was completed the bottom of the trunk line was raised just the width of a brick laced on edge above the bottom of the branch sewer, leaving a four inch dam at the intersections.

Deputy City Engineer Hurlburt says that he does not understand just why the Section Line sewer was put along the road, instead of up the draw to the north and east. He said this morning that one reason, he thought, was the fact that at the time, the sewer was laid out the city boundary to the north ended at the Section Line, 150 feet to the north of the Section Line road. However, the sewer was planned in September, 1909. The city election that let the Mount Scott district into the city was held in June, 1909, and the districbecame a part of the city in July, 1909. The contract for the sewer was filed with the city auditor March 11, 1910.

Mr. Hurlburt says that a smaller sewer can be constructed up the draw to take care of the big district to the

Carried Out Own Plans.

Engineer Clarke, in charge of the enboard, says that he did not know that the Section Line sewer was to be con-structed when he made arrangements for the overflow pipes for the new Mount Tabor reservoir. Mr. Clarke says that he went to the city engineer to find out how close the new sewer was to be built to the reservoir, and was told that it would be quite a ways west of the reservoir, He therefore went ahead with his own plans, ordered the time it was expected that the reservoirs would be finished by July 1 last. By the time he got ready to lay the pipe he says, the city was building the Sec-tion Line sewer, so he went ahead with his own plans, irrespective of the work of the city engineer's office. Mr. Clarke says, also, that if the time ever came when the full capacity of the 30 incl pipes were to be called for the Section Line sewer might not be able to carry the water, and that the sewage might the water, and that the sewage might have been backed up into the reservoir had the connection been made with the sewer at East Sixtleth street. So he carried the pipes a mile down the road and cut them into the same sewer at East Thirty-ninth street. He has not determined yet, Mr. Clarke says, what

JAIL SENTENCES: COMPANY FINED

Sanders and Allen of Seattle Star Are Punished for Contempt in Criticising Use of Injunction.

Seattle, Dec. 17. - For criticising the use of the injunction by courts, Leroy Sanders, editor of the Seattle Star, was sentenced to four months in jail; Hugh Allen, managing editor, to one mouth, and the Star company was ordered to pay a fine of \$300, by Superior Judge Mitahell Gilliam, late yes-

The sentences were the result of citations for contempt of court lasued by

case grew out of a tradition com pany fight between the people of Du-wamish Valley, just outside Scattle, and the Stone-Webster interests. The street railway company involved is known locally as the Jacob Furth con-cern. The Duwamish residents are all working people, most of them employed in Scattle. They refused to pay a high-er fare, claiming that the raised rates, in most cases, made it impossible for them to work in the city and live in their suburb, where the majority of them own homes. The state railroad **Under Quarterly Dividend Just** commission declared the rates exces-

> Paper Says "Courts Aid Dollars." Cars were stalled nightly, and people were ejected by the company's The company finally procured a temporary restraining order from Judge Gilliam's court enjoining the people from refusing to leave cars on non-payment of fares.

The Seattle Star criticised the court for this action, stating that whenever "men clashed with dollars" the usual practice was for courts to "aid dollars" with the injunction.

1882, has received \$180,000,000 in Standard Oil dividends in addition to \$100,-The citation for contempt of court 000,000, his equity in the profits of the followed, the court holding that inas-Since 1882 the company has much as the injunctions had not been disbursed \$709,812,630 out of its profits made permanent, the Duwamish cases were pending, and were not, under the of \$1,129,442,064, leaving a surplus of law, permitted to be criticised until

During the interval between the citation of thhe editors and their trial yesterday, the Star continued daily its at-Editors to Highest Court.

DEALS WITH CHINA Regarding the contempt of court charge, the Star argued that only contempt shown in open court should be punished, that no court should punish a newspaper for publication of the Peking, Dec. 17.—The offer of the true, the court already had a remedy united States to provide a financial expert to advise the Chinese government regarding the handling of the \$50,000, rolled Managing Editor Allen on his own recognizance, but remanded his superior. Editor Sanders, to the custody to assist in other work of the greatest to assist in other work of the greatest of the sheriff.

importance to the commercial inter- Owing to technical delays in arrangests of both countries has been flatly ing his bond, Sanders is occupying quarrejected by China. It is understood ters in jail.

Taft's real motive in arranging for the loan and the appointment of a fi- tors nancial mentor is a selfish one was the highest court possible in an endeavor to bring the use of the injune The action came as a great surprise. then and they declare that the The action came as a great surprise, tion and contempt of court into judicial Star will not cease its criticisms loan negotiations were practically com-pleted and the appointment of an adthe measures.

The Duwamish people are holding neetings and have offered support to the Star

Springfield Pioneer Dies.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Eugene, Or., Dec. 17.—H. E. Rice, an old resident of Springfield, died at his home in that city December 15 at the age of 75 years and 15 days. He leaves a wife and two sons, H. E. Rice, Jr., and M. A. Rice. He came to Springfield in roads, it has been planned, are to be built with American money and it is feared the attitude of the Peking govthe eighties and was identified with the community's activities for many years. He was a veteran of the Civil war, ernment may bring negotiations to a teenth Illinois cavalry.

ATLANTIC COAST

Loss of Life Reported, and Destruction of Shipping-Tempest Continues.

(United Press Lessed Whe.) Boston, Dec. 17. — New England's coast is being swept by a terrific that is believed already to have caused many deaths and enormous damage to shipping. The storm began early yesterday and continued apparently unabated today.

Scranton, foundered late last evening. carrying seven men to death, according to a report from Marblehead.

the manufacture of the parlor male

Danish Minister Thief; Punished. (United Press Lensed Wire.) Copenhagen, Dec. 17.—Former M Ister of Justice Alberti was sentenpeople of millions during his 14 year career as a banker, broker and minis corded in the history of Denmar Thousands of persons were financially involved and hundreds of poor people ruined. It is believed that Alberti suc-ceeded in hiding several militons and government detectives are endeave to trace the stolen money and securi

The barge Maywood foundered, but her crew was rescued. The government toutter Gresham assisted several distressed ships to places of safety.

The schooner Abble Cole, of Machias, was stranded on Stone Horse shoal off Monomay point. She was succored by the Gresham.

The schooner Thomas B. Garland is a total wreck off Portsmouth, N. H. Her crew was rescued by life savers.

The schooner N. E. Ayer and the British schooner S. A. Fowner became helpless off Old Harbor. Both crews were rescued by the Gresham and the Ayer towed to port. The British ship went ashore.

The lumber schooner Stephen G. Loud was abandoned 33 miles southeast of Boston light. The crew was rescued by the steamer Perry.

At Portsmouth the three masted schooner Annie F. Conlon arrived in a battered condition, 23 days from Philadelphia.

May Make Watches at Eugene, (Special Dispatch to The Journal).

Eugene, Or., Dec. 17.—Prospects are good for the establishment of a large match factory in Eugene in the near full of the crew work of the condition and accept no substitutes. The genuine is always in the yellow package, For sale by Skidmore Drug Co. two stores, Main store, 151 Third street. Branch store, Morrison and West Park streetz. Woodard-Clarke Drug Co.

Portland's New Telephone Directory

The Size and Circulation of the Telephone Directory Indicates the Telephone Development of the Territory for Which It Is Published.

We are now distributing a new Telephone Directory, which is a departure from the old form. With the continued growth in the number of telephones the former style of directory has become cumbersome. Also to facilitate the handling of telephone calls under our "Two Number Toll Service Method" between Portland, Oregon City, Salem and Vancouver it is desirable that subscribers have at hand telephone directories of these cities. To accomplish this we have combined the directories of Portland, Oregon City, Salem and Vancouver, and in addition have included all exchanges and toil stations in Multnomah, Clackamas and Clarke counties.

A more compact arrangement of listing is therefore necessary, and the type used has been specially designed to secure the maximum dgree of legibility possible within the amount of space allowed. The entire directory has been reset. It is possible, in spite of careful proofreading, that some typographical errors have occurred. For this reason subscribers are requested to check up their listing when the directory is received, and to notify the company promptly of any errors discovered.

The new directory is a book of \$30 pages, set two columns to the page, and contains the listings of approximately \$5,000 telephones in Portland and the neighboring cities of Vancouver, Salem and Oregon City. Thirty-seven thousand of these directories will be distributed, the old directories being collected when the new ones are left, since if old books remain in circulation the telephone service suffers from wrong number calls arising from licorrect directory information. This directory, being consulted by at least 100,000 people every day, has a very real advertising value.

The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company

The 37,000 volumes of this issue of the Portland combination telephone directory piled one on top of another would make a tower one-half mile in height, or thirteen times the height of the new latery Year building, which is 200 feet high.

-You Can't Help But Make Money at **MORNINGSIDE**

On a dark foggy morning the other day we left our office for the Morning-side tract. Imagine our surprise when we arrived there to find the sun shining bright it was a pretty sight to leok back down onto the city and see the fog. That is what we have been trying to tall you. That it is high and healthy in Morning-side.

CHAPTER 10 EVERY RENT-PAYER

In the course of an ordinary rent-paying lifetime actually makes his landlerd donations of several homes. Here are the figures to prove the proposition showing various sums from \$10 to \$20 per month, paid out for rent in a period from 10 to 25 years, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, compounded annually, showing how many good homes this rent money would have paid for:

Rent per month, \$10,00 12,00 15,00 18,00 20,00 25,00 30,00

TO THE INVESTOR

As to the investor, you cannot help

but make money in Morningside. Do not take our word. Go to Tabor Heights. Knock at the first door. Ask them how much they paid for their property—then walk over to the Morningside tract, the very Terms 10 per cent and 2 cream of Tabor Heights-look it | per cent per month.

The above table is for the home- over-note the view-come back to our office and ask the price. You will wonder how we can do it.

This is an opportunity of a lifetime. Every lot in the tract is a money maker. The present prices are \$650 to \$1500.

Hartman & Thompson

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Private Ex. 20-A-2050 and A-7004.