

STEEL MILK GETS NEW BLOW

Consumers' League Also Protests Against Health Officer's Expressed Desire to Evade Milk Ordinance.

The Consumers' league came forward yesterday with a protest against Health Officer C. H. Wheeler's expressed desire to sterilize tubercular milk brought into Portland rather than to enforce the ordinance which demands that all milk sold in Portland must be from cows known not to have the disease. The pure food committee of the league made this statement:

"It is of the utmost importance that the milk sold in Portland be known to be pure. Sterilization, pasteurization or any other process will not make milk good if it was not good in the first place. Good milk needs no treatment to make it better. We do not, therefore, approve Dr. Wheeler's plan. The law forbids the sale of milk from tubercular cows. If he does his duty he will enforce the law. Only by enforcing the law will the health of the people be protected. Only by enforcing the law will the death rate among babies be checked. Allow tubercular milk to enter the city and entrance will be at the same time given to dirty milk, infected milk, unsanitary milk. The pure milk law was too hardy won to allow now any lack in its enforcement.

Quote H. H. Adams. The assertion of Samuel Hopkins Adams writing in McClure's Magazine, expresses the attitude of this committee. He said:

"There is today no eminent authority in the medical world who believes that pasteurized (boiled or sterilized) milk is as good and pure as raw milk. Pasteurization is defended as a makeshift, as a method of destroying disease-bearing germs, by boiling them in the milk, and serving, as it were, a sort of bacillus soup. But even through-boiled germs are not valuable articles of nutrition. Boiled milk—and as soon as you begin to pasteurize you open wide the door to foul milk, since the foulness is concealed, not destroyed in the cooking—is not an eminently desirable item of diet, even when boiled in milk. Moreover, the bacilli of putrefaction, which are a fertile source of diarrhoeal disorder, fairly hold their own in multiplication in pasteurized milk, whereas in raw milk they are kept under by the natural bacilli of the fluid, which fall an early prey to boiling. Finally, pasteurized milk causes scurvy, rickets, anaemia and malnutrition in children.

Lesson of Two Bulls. The 1899 sanitary commission of Copenhagen, in its experiments with samples of milk treated by this process, found that by the time they reached the consumer, they were as rich in bacteria as ordinary milk, and that their bacteria averaged greater efficiency for harm. Said a very distinguished Danish scientist recently:

"The dealer who pasteurizes good milk is a fool. The dealer who pasteurizes foul milk is a criminal. The sole excuse for pasteurizing bad milk has been that it was the lesser of two evils. Copenhagen has shown to the world that pasteurization is an unnecessary evil, and that the slogan raised 30 years ago by Dr. Bueck and his little band of altruistic associations, 'Pure milk from sound cows is universally obtainable' is a lie.

The expression of the pure food committee is in response to Health Officer Wheeler's proposal to the city board of health that tubercular milk being brought into the city be sterilized. The proposal on the surface looked very well, but the city attorney at once announced that it would be illegal, since the city ordinance forbids the sale of milk from tubercular cows in the city. Members of the city board of health declared that they would rather see a test of the ordinance in the courts by prosecuting those who refuse to obey the law than to attempt evasion, such as Dr. Wheeler's proposal seemed.

A similar statement was made by Dr. Calvin S. White, state health officer, who declared his belief that before Dr. Wheeler could carry out his plan to sterilize tubercular milk the local law would have to be substituted by another permitting such acts.

FOREST GROVE MAN ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Forest Grove, Or., Sept. 3.—George Washington Parker, 58 years of age, a farmer living one mile southwest of this city, was found dead in the timber near his home with his head shattered from a gunshot early this morning. Mr. Parker left the house with his shotgun yesterday morning about 9 o'clock, telling his family he was going to shoot a hog. Not returning, a search was instituted and the body found this morning by his son George, coroner E. C. Brown of Hillsboro impounded a jury, which brought in a verdict of accidental death. The deceased came here from Texas last May and is survived by a wife and two children.

STEAMSHIP FREED FROM QUARANTINE

(By The International News Service.) Tokyo, Sept. 3.—The steamship Manchuria, bound from Shanghai for San Francisco, which was held up here because of a suspected case of the plague discovered on board, proceeded for America today. Among the passengers are Prince Tze Hanu, Admiral Sah, imperial naval commissioner, and 10 other persons composing the Chinese naval mission sent to study the United States navy.

FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD BOY CONFESSES HE AND COMPANION ROBBED HOUSE.

Betrayed by finger prints on a window by which they had entered the residence of Mrs. John Olson, 106 North Sixteenth street, two amateurs in crime, aged 14 and 16 respectively, were caught yesterday afternoon by Detectives Colman and Snow, and the loot which they had concealed recovered.

The burglary was discovered by Mrs. Olson when she returned home yesterday afternoon. The rooms were found in a (opsy-turvy condition. A gold wedding ring was the only piece of jewelry taken, but a large number of other articles were missing.

Shortly after arriving at the house Snow and Colman found the finger prints on the kitchen window which the police had been affected. The prints were so small that they at once indicated that they were those of boys, and the officers concluded that they lived in the neighborhood. Loitering about the vicinity, they finally saw a young girl with one of the stolen articles in her possession. When the detectives questioned her she said she had been given it by Stanley Percell, aged 14, who lives at 108 1/2 North Seventeenth street.

The officers found young Stanley, who admitted having robbed the house in company with Harold Chamberlain, aged 5, who lives at 104 1/2 North Seventeenth street. Stanley also told where he had concealed the booty in the basement of his house. He was taken to police headquarters, while Harold was permitted to remain at his home, pending a summons to the juvenile court.

HISTORIC BATTLE TO BE FEATURE OF SHOW

Chief among the features in a program of correctness and uncommon interest which will be furnished by Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Pawnee Bill's Far East, will be a reproduction of the Battle of Summit Springs. The original conflict took place on July 11, 1849, near the border line between Nebraska and Colorado. General E. A. Carr commanded a detachment of United States cavalry against a renegade band of Sioux, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians, known as "Dog Soldiers." Colonel William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) was the leader of the United States expedition and it was due to his trailing that the cavalry came up with the Indians and surprised them while in camp at Summit Springs. In the battle which ensued Buffalo Bill killed Tall Bull, the leader of the "Dog Soldiers." The victory which the government forces gained over the Indians decided the issue against the red men in their hopeless struggle against government control.

PORTLAND CAN SECURE NEXT ELK CONVENTION

Returning from the east, following the B. P. O. E. convention in Detroit, Gus Moser, past exalted ruler of the Portland lodge of Elks, has brought back the chief of society to the B. P. O. E. convention for 1912 will be held in Portland. "We have won the convention already," said Mr. Moser. "In every part of the country I visited I found the sentiment in favor of Portland." Mr. Moser was accompanied by his wife. Leaving Detroit they went to Toronto, the former home of Mrs. Moser, thence to Montreal and then to Boston. Leaving Boston, they visited Newport and other summer watering places, made a tour of the New England states, then went to New York, Atlantic City, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and cities in Wisconsin.

For a good part of the trip Mr. and Mrs. Moser were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Keats, of Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Moser returned by way of the Canadian Pacific.

"Everywhere I went I found Elks in favor of going to Portland in 1912. We have only to satisfy them that we can furnish good hotel accommodations and that prices will not be excessive. Rochester, N. Y., will be in the race against us."

"At least 150,000 persons will attend the Elks' convention in 1912."

Prohibition Is Issue.

South Bend, Wash., Sept. 3.—Up to yesterday there were three candidates for state senator in the Missaquin district, which is composed of Pacific and Wahkiakum counties. Of these H. A. Espey is the candidate of the county unit local optionists. J. R. Burke of Wahkiakum and Ell Rockey of Pacific took no pledge, but are known to be in the race. It is reported that Espey is realizing that a three cornered fight would surely result in the nomination of Espey. Burke withdrew and the race is now between Rockey and Espey, and the general opinion is that Rockey will be nominated. Nomination will be equivalent to election, as there will be no Democratic candidate.

WOULD KILL FISH INDUSTRY

Object of Initiative Petition Is to Stop Fishing on Rogue River.

A serious injury to residents along the Rogue river would be the result if the act forbidding commercial fishing in that stream is carried this fall. An initiative petition has been filed with the secretary of state in which it is proposed to stop the industry in that river. About \$75,000 annually is paid to fishermen.

The men back of the petition cite that at the present time the small fish are caught and thrown away, thus spoiling the river for sport fishing. It is also set forth that there are several large fishing concerns doing this kind of work.

An investigation reveals the fact that only one concern is engaged in commercial fishing, no small mesh nets being used. The nets used are the same, as those in the Columbia river. Therefore the same protection is given fish in the Rogue river as in other streams.

The only salmon cannery on the river is located at the mouth of the stream. It has been there for 30 years. This concern gives employment to nearly all the inhabitants along the lower part of the river. Two hatcheries are maintained by this cannery, one being on Elk and the other on Indian creek. They more than replace the number caught each year.

It is set forth by those wishing to maintain the industry that if the cannery and hatcheries are stopped, the fish supply in that river would soon dwindle away, as the mining operations and dams in the river would exterminate what fish find their way into the stream. It is further set forth by the fishermen that Rogue river produces more salmon and of a finer quality than any other river in Oregon, except the Columbia, and it would be as much an injustice to close it as to close the Columbia.

Further investigation into the question indicates that the petitioners have not the protection of fish at heart, but other motives have actuated the move. The campaign is being carried on under the plea of protecting the fishing industry and the fact that the number of signers have been secured for the initiative petition, but many of these have expressed themselves as being misled when they signed the paper. The question will be put to a vote on the November ballot.

LEWIS TO APPROVE VALUABLE PROJECT

60,000 Acres Land to Be Incorporated Into East Umatilla Project.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Sept. 3.—State Engineer John H. Lewis will next week approve the application of the United States government for the 60,000 acres of land which is to be incorporated into what is known as the east Umatilla project. The Oregon Land and Water company of the local grills, has notified the state engineer that it will withdraw its objections to the approval of the government's selection and withdrawal of this land.

The east Umatilla project is one of the most feasible in the state. It is practically cut in two by the new Oregon Railway and Navigation company's cut-off between Coyote and Echo. It lies along the Columbia river and has an open river to the sea. It also is favored with the longest growing season of any of the reclaimed districts. There are no serious complications between the land and water, the project being at about sea level.

Acting Governor Bowerman will go before the board of United States engineers to carry out the project. It has been feared that the government would abandon the project and three other private concerns have filed on the water rights necessary for the reclamation of the same tract in view of the probability that the government would abandon its project.

It is Oregon's last chance to share any profits out of the \$20,000,000 bonding act for irrigation enacted by the last congress. Oregon contributes more than any other state except North Dakota to the reclamation fund, but stands to lose all benefits from it unless this project is carried to completion.

DUCK SEASON OPEN IN UMATILLA COUNTY

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Pendleton, Or., Sept. 3.—The duck hunting season in Umatilla county was successfully opened Thursday along the lower Umatilla river. During the early morning there was a veritable cannonade from Zeppelins along the river and north and east of Hermiston on the seepage lakes.

Hundreds of ducks were hatched on the Hermiston lakes and along the river this year, so that the shooting was probably the best for this early in the season that was ever enjoyed in that vicinity. Apparently every man, woman and boy who owned a gun was out, and it is doubtful if there is a home in Hermiston in which duck is not included on the bill of fare for one or more meals. Even boys armed with 22 rifles were successful hunters.

While members of the Hermiston Gun club, who have the most of the seepage lakes leased and in a private preserve, enjoyed the best sport, those who were not members and knew where to go enjoyed a good day's shooting.

FORGERS WORRY CITY DETECTIVES

Police Department Is Overwhelmed With Complaints From Victims.

Portland has been the mecca for check forgers during the past month, and the detective department has been overwhelmed with complaints from victims. Despite the capture of nine during the month of August many merchants and saloon men continue to accept slips from those unknown to them.

Reports received indicated that 18 individuals, twice the number of those trailed and arrested, had scattered their worthless paper about the city in August. Some of these have fled, but others are believed to have arrived in the city since. Most of the forgers assumed the guise of working men, entering stores and saloons toward the close of the day with their hands and face grimy.

Ernest Schneider, aged 26, of Medford, assumed the role of a mechanic. He was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective John Price while trying to pass a check of \$19.50 on Davidson Bros., 47 Third street. One of the members of the firm called in Price, who happened to be passing. The check was supposed to have been drawn by the Mount Scott Concrete company, of 3442 Hawthorne avenue, in favor of Frank Feldman. No such firm exists.

Schneider had \$94 in his pockets. He had been stopping at the New Western hotel, 334 Gilliam street.

A warrant for another forger was sworn out yesterday afternoon by Frank Anderson, proprietor of a saloon at Fourth and Stark streets, who accepted his check for \$18. Half a dozen other complaints against the same man have been received by Captain of Detectives Moore.

GIRL GOES TO CELL FOR "LIFTING" VALUABLES

Ethel Benton, alias Grace Copeland, the blonde young woman who stole a diamond locket, gold fountain pen and \$9 in cash from H. E. Reynolds, a real estate man, as he kissed her in one of the local grills, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Mallett, Day and Hyde at 69 1/2 Sixth street. The diamond locket was found on the woman when she was arrested, and she admitted her guilt to the officers. She gave her age as 24. Her husband, who is an employe of the O. R. & N. railroad, living on Union avenue, later visited her at the jail and agreed to overlook her shortcomings, promising to stand by her.

Livestock Exposition

September 5 to 8. The Oregon Railroad & Navigation company will run a special train from Fourth and Stark streets at 1:00 p. m. every day during the exhibition, returning about 5:30 p. m. after the races. Round trip fare 20 cents. Tickets sold at train 20 minutes before departure.

MUCH DISSENSION AMONG SALEMITES

Young Men's Republican Club Taken to Task for Boosting Hawley for Congress.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Sept. 3.—Declaring that if the members present wished to transform the Young Men's Republican club of Salem into a Hawley club for the purpose of boosting Hawley's candidacy for congress in the First district to the exclusion of the promotion of the principles of the Republican party, for which purpose the club was originally organized, Hal D. Patton, Statement No. 1 candidate for state senator from Marion county, yesterday arraigned those present at a meeting of the club last night.

Patton, who was one of the organizers of the Salem Young Men's Republican club, maintains that the purpose of the club is to fight for the principles of the Republican party and to support the party's nominees for offices, and that any action the club might take toward endorsing the candidacy of any Republican before the primaries is a departure from the first principle upon which the club was founded. Mr. Patton contends that the voters at the polls should determine whom is the party's choice first, and then it is the duty of the club to work for the election of the party's nominees.

At a meeting one week ago while Patton was out of the city the club met, held its election of officers and adopted resolutions endorsing the candidacy for congress of W. C. Hawley, standpatter. When the minutes of that meeting were read last night Patton immediately arose and objected to the minutes and the action of the club in endorsing Hawley, as a departure from the purposes of the organization.

According to Patton, the constitution and by-laws of the club forbid the endorsement of candidates for nomination before the primaries, but the records of the club have been lost, together with all the copies of the constitution and by-laws. There is a movement on foot now to reorganize the club by the adoption of new by-laws.

Ever since the state and county assemblies were held the Young Men's Republican club of Salem has had a turbulent existence. It fostered a meeting in Marion square where none but assembly candidates were introduced to the audience. Those members of the club who oppose the assembly idea immediately registered a vigorous objection to any action by the club that looked like an endorsement of candidates before the voters had an opportunity to be heard as to whom should be the party's nominees in the present campaign. The club apparently cannot trust the rank and file of the party to exercise its choice wisely.

Patton, who is a Statement No. 1 candidate for state senator, says he will support Mr. Hawley, and all other assembly candidates, providing they are nominated by the party in the district primaries, to be held September 24. In the meanwhile he expects to support B. F. Mulkey, Hawley's opponent for the nomination.

THOUGHTS LOSE ON PETITIONS

McLain, Coos Bay, and Claude Saeger Fail to Secure Sufficient Signatures.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Sept. 3.—Chief Clerk H. H. Corey of the secretary of state's office today rejected the petitions of two candidates for the reason of their having an insufficient number of signatures. They were the petitions of Hugh McLain of Coos Bay, candidate in the Democratic primaries for railroad commissioner, and Claude B. Saeger, Statement No. 1 candidate for joint representative from Klamath, Lake, Cook and Grant counties, in the Republican primaries. Hugh McLain lacked 109 names of having the number required by law. He also lacked two precincts in Clackamas county of having 10 per cent of the precincts in seven counties of the state as is required by the direct primary law.

This leaves C. F. Strain of Pendleton, the other Democratic candidate for nomination for railroad commissioner, with no opposition in the primaries. Claude B. Saeger's attempt to get on the ballot fell down in several respects, according to the interpretation of the primary law made by Mr. Corey. Saeger apparently misunderstood the boundaries of the Twenty-first Representative District and omitted Grant county entirely. This was cause for him not having sufficient names. The law requires 2 per cent of the voters of each district based on the vote for representative in congress at the last election. While Saeger required 70 names he had but 68, which would have been sufficient according to his understanding of what counties comprised the 21st district. Saeger also did not file his declaration prior to the petitions. Both were filed simultaneously today, while the law makes it clear that the declaration must be filed before the petitions can be circulated. All other candidates have regular petitions and will be on the primary ballot as previously reported Friday.

STARGAZERS FIND MORE WATER VAPOR ON MARS

(United Press Special Wire.) Flagstaff, Ariz., Sept. 3.—Astronomers at Lowell observatory have discovered more water vapor on Mars. Examinations of spectrograms by Professor Very with his new comparator have yielded signs of the presence of more vapor and oxygen than ever before discovered. Spectrograms taken coincidentally of Mars and the moon show that the water vapor in the spectrum of Mars is two and a half times as great as in the lunar spectrum.

EASTERN AND WESTERN COAL IN COMPARISON

(United Press Special Wire.) Washington, Sept. 3.—With a view to testing western coal in comparison with the eastern article, the armored cruisers Maryland and West Virginia, now at Mare Island, have been ordered to re-coal. One vessel will be provided with western coal and the other with eastern. Should the western coal prove good a mine for naval use will be sought. Ber's \$1 dozen, large, delivered. Spring Valley Wine Co., 244 Yamhill.

COMPLAINTS LEAD TO WAR ON FAKE AUCTION SHOPS

Ordinance Framed Directs Rap at "Cappers" Who Work With Auctioneers; Many Arrested Recently.

Following the large number of complaints to the police and city attorney against the fake auction shops in the city, an ordinance has been drawn directed at the "cappers" who are working in connection with such places. The police have had much trouble with this class of people. Many arrests have been made. One man is now under sentence of 90 days on the rockpile for working in connection with the auction shops.

Assistant City Attorney Sullivan has worked out an ordinance which City Attorney Grant has submitted to the committee on health and police for its consideration. This measure provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to act as a "capper" at any auction or place where goods are sold or offered for sale, either private or public. It further specifies that he shall not be in the employ of the auctioneer or work independently. The penalty fixed by the ordinance is a fine not to exceed \$200, imprisonment in the city jail for not more than 90 days, or both. The emergency clause is attached to the measure and will take effect as soon as passed.

The question of revoking a license held by J. T. Cranwell, 74 North Sixth street, who is charged with running a fake auction shop, is now before the council. Councilman Ellis took up the matter in view of testimony that he had violated his license. Another place that has come under condemnation is conducted by Samuel Maueravsky on Burnside street.

At each place men have been employed to act as "cappers." A victim is induced to bid on a cheap watch or other piece of jewelry and upon his bid the auctioneer knocks it down to him. When a complaint was made to the police, the victim was usually given back his money. The auctioneers are also accused of misrepresenting the articles sold, and using other questionable means in making a sale.

\$3.50 Mattress Sale Only \$1.98

These are standard mattresses, commonly known as "cotton tops." The usual selling price is \$3.50.

\$5.00 Mattress Sale at \$2.98

These are "cotton top and bottom"—a mattress soft on both sides. The sale price for these mattresses is only \$2.98.




Special Sale of Fine Velvet Carpets at 77c

These carpets are last season's patterns and are usually sold at \$1.15. Bring in the size of your room, if possible. Sewing and laying these 10c extra.

The Very Latest Styles of Beds

This shipment consists of a number of Steel Tube Beds, veneered with quartered oak, birdseye maple or fine mahogany. Nothing like them can be found in other stores. These have every advantage that can be claimed for high-grade metal beds, and show the graining of the most beautiful woods known to the furniture trade. Introductory price \$43.00



100 Kitchen Safes on Special Sale

\$8.50 Values at

\$5.95

We have received another shipment of our special value Kitchen Safes. The last lot only lasted one week. They are hard wood, 26 inches wide, 79 inches high and 16 inches deep; 4 doors and two drawers, as illustrated, except the upper doors have wood panels. Do not miss this chance if you need one. Remember, this week only, at \$5.95

BUY A HEATER NOW

New Heating Stoves are ready. Next Sunday we will publish ad showing styles and prices, \$2.80 to \$39.00.

SPECIAL SALE



DINNER SETS

42 Pieces for \$3.75

Cottage Dinner Sets, Regular \$5.50 value. Decoration, blue hand and gold lined. This is cheaper than common white ware \$3.75

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