# SEEK ENACTMENT OF LAW FOR GOOD ROADS IN OREGON

## Ten Thousand Names Signed to Petition Approving Plan Allowing Counties to Issue Building Bonds.

The campaign to build good roads by initiative law will be commenced in real earnest this week. Ten thousand names for the petition approving the adoption of a constitutional amendment allowing counties to issue road building bonds must be secured by July 1. The amendment will be put to vote next November.

The petition will be drafted today by Judge L. R. Webster and others in behalf of the Oregon Good Roads association. Several thousand copies will be printed and distributed in each of Oregon's 34 counties. Volunteers from the membership of branch good roads associations are now waiting for the petitions and will secure the signatures as soon as they come.

Because of the brief time left for circulation of the petitions the campaign will be conducted by using a whirlwind method of popular publicity. It is believed that the total number of names secured will be closer to 20,000 than 10,000, since the state wide interest in the plans for systematic construction of better built highways has become intense.

**Ends at Medford.**

The campaign to secure approval of the constitutional amendment permitting counties to issue road building bonds follows the state wide campaign in advocacy of good roads building that has been conducted by Professor Maurice O. Eldredge, government expert, and Judge Webster of the Oregon Good Roads association. This campaign ends at Medford next Saturday. Everywhere the good roads experts have gone they have been received with cordial demonstrations of popular interest. The most representative men of every community have indorsed the movement to systematize road building and have been the first to become members of the branch good roads associations.

The Oregon Good Roads association has its purposes first of all, to secure the passage of the constitutional amendment referred to; then to secure some enactment permitting convict labor on the roads. It is estimated that Oregon has more than double the amount of material needful for macadamizing highways than any other state in the union, and that the convict labor would be sufficient to prepare it for use in every county. Plans are being made to organize good roads supervisors of the state so that they will cooperate in work. Times and places for conferences will be assigned. Demonstrations of successful road building methods will be made.

**List of Subscribers.**

The Oregon Good Roads association, since its organization, has been receiving the generous support of Portland business interests in meeting all expenses. The list of subscribers has become long. In its completed form, including the amount paid monthly by each subscriber, the list reads as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| J. C. Ainsworth | $25.00 |
| John S. Beall | 25.00 |
| Buffalo Steam Roller company | 25.00 |
| Barber Asphalt Paving company | 25.00 |
| W. C. Bristol | 25.00 |
| Howard M. Covey | 25.00 |
| Eastern & Western Lumber Co. | 25.00 |
| C. S. Jackson—The Journal | 25.00 |
| H. L. Keats Auto company | 25.00 |
| Meier & Frank company | 25.00 |
| Portland Railway, Light & Power company | 25.00 |
| Dr. Andrew C. Smith | 25.00 |
| Theodore B. Wilcox | 25.00 |
| Warren Construction company | 25.00 |
| Lipman, Wolfe & Co. | 20.00 |
| B. Henry Wemme | 20.00 |
| F. A. Bennett | 15.00 |
| Studebaker Bros. | 10.00 |
| Security Vault & Metal Works | 10.00 |
| C. F. Adams | 10.00 |
| Kenneth Beebe | 10.00 |
| M. C. Dickinson | 10.00 |
| Hartman & Thompson | 10.00 |
| Frank C. Riggs | 10.00 |
| Dr. A. E. Rockey | 10.00 |
| J. H. Peterson | 10.00 |
| White Motor Car company | 10.00 |
| The Austin Western Co., Ltd. | 5.00 |
| William M. Ladd | 10.00 |
| A. H. Averill Machinery Co. | 5.00 |
| Auburn Motor Car company | 5.00 |
| Blumauer & Hoch | 5.00 |
| L. E. Crowe | 5.00 |
| Dooly & Co. | 5.00 |
| J. A. Freeman & Sons | 5.00 |
| Indiana Road Machine Co. | 5.00 |
| International Harvester Co. of America | 5.00 |
| John Deere Plow Co. | 5.00 |
| George W. Kleiser | 5.00 |
| Theodore Kruse | 5.00 |
| Merchants National Bank | 5.00 |
| C. B. Miners | 5.00 |
| Aman Moore | 5.00 |
| Menzies-DuBois Auto Co. | 5.00 |
| Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co. | 5.00 |
| Northwest Buick company | 5.00 |
| Oregon Taxicab company | 5.00 |
| Polson Implement company | 5.00 |
| Parlin & Orendorff Northwest Plow company | 5.00 |
| F. S. Stanley | 5.00 |
| Scott & Munsell | 5.00 |
| R. M. Wade & Co. | 5.00 |
| George W. Bates | 2.50 |
| Arnold Cohen | 2.50 |
| Clark-Cook company | 2.50 |
| W. B. Fechheimer | 2.50 |
| A. A. Graham | 2.50 |
| O'Gorman-Yonnie company | 2.50 |
| I. F. Powers | 2.50 |
| Reierson Machinery company | 2.50 |
| Dr. J. R. Wetherbee | 2.50 |


## This Should Interest Rheumatic Sufferers

The following simple remedy, it is said, has gained a wide reputation as a quick and permanent relief for rheumatism. It takes out the soreness and limbers up the joints in no time and is so highly recommended that it seems worthy of a trial by any sufferer. Have your druggist mix for you one ounce Concentrated Barkola Compound, one half ounce Fluid Cascara Aromatic, one half drachm Fluid Extract Prickly Ash Bark and four ounces Aromatic Elixir. Take a teaspoonful after each meal (give children from one half to one fourth this dose). This is not a patent medicine, but an old prescription that is known to every druggist.

So great has been the demand for it that the Old Fort Chemical Co., Fort Wayne, Ind., has placed the same thing on the market in pill form, known as Barkola Globes, and those who prefer pills to liquid medicine can get it.

Either form of the medicine can be obtained at the Skidmore Drug Co., or any other good drug store.


# PRETTY ROSES BRING PRIZES

## Strandborg and Blaesing Given First Honor in East Side District.

In the award of prizes for the best single variety of roses and for the best rose garden in the east side district beyond the O. R. & N. tracks and between the Barr road and Fremont street, chief honors were shared by W. P. Strandborg and H. J. Blaesing. The contest was arranged for all the subdivisions in these rapidly growing districts.

Strandborg won the first prize for the single variety, with his fine hedge of Frau Karl Druschkis, which the judges regarded as one of the most attractive in the city, while Blaesing carried off chief honors for the finest appearing rose garden. Blaesing had 110 thriving and finely kept Caroline Testouts and Karl Druschkis arranged in most attractive hedges, which gave him the palm for the best assorted rose garden, and in the same class Strandborg, with his 120 rose trees, covering more than 30 varieties, received honorable mention.

Many other entries of choice roses in great number and of profuse bloom were highly complimented by the judges. The board of awards consisted of Dr. Emmet Drake, president of the Portland Rose society; E. B. McFarland, former president of the Rose society, and one of the foremost rosarians of the city, and Mrs. G. H. Lamberson, who is probably the most competent judge of roses in the state of Oregon.

Blaesing's garden, as well as that of Strandborg, are only two years old, and in each case the bushes were set out as 2-year-olds.

The second prize in the single variety class was awarded to H. B. Cornell, 658 Coleman avenue, for a beautiful hedge of Caroline Testouts, which the board of judges declared to be in best condition of any entered in the contest. Fred W. Brooker, Coleman avenue and The Alameda, captured second honors in the best assorted rose garden class, winning out with a splendid hedge of vivid red Liberties and Richmonds, and a border of other choice varieties.

Honorable mention was accorded D. J. DuBruille, 521 East Fifty-eighth street, for two magnificent individual blossoms, a Caroline Testout and a Christy. B. Sall, of 531 East Fifty-eighth street, was complimented officially upon his rare Maman Cochet showing, and O. W. Taylor, of East Fifty-fourth and Sandy road, received honorary mention of his hedge of splendid Kaisarines.

# PRESIDENT DRAKE GIVES POINTERS AS TO ROSE EXHIBIT

Dr. Emmet Drake, president of the Portland Rose society, wishes the following points to be remembered in regard to entries in the exhibit to be held June 7 and 9 in the Armory building:

Entries must not be made with an ordinary card attached on which the name of the person making the entry is written.

The name of the rose or roses must be written on a blank card three inches long by one inch wide, with no other writing on it. After the awards, however, the name of the exhibitor may be placed on the card.

Roses taken to the Armory in automobiles or other private conveyance will arrive in better condition, and with less trouble than if sent on street cars, although the latter will carry them on the front platform.

# ESTRADA SAYS HE WILL CARRY FIGHT TO PACIFIC COAST

(Continued From Page One.)

hold, Managua, and that he will offer no resistance in the interior.

The army of Estrada is in good condition while the remnants of the Madriz force are worn by the hard campaign and disease and hunger.

Madriz, in a last attempt to save himself, may try to bring about complications with a view of forcing foreign interference. It is reported he has appointed Manuel Perez Alonzo as Nicarauguan delegate to the Pan-American conference.

Alonzo is said to be in New York preparing to sail for Argentine. It is doubtful whether he would be recognized by the conference, as Nicaraugua has paid no duty-dues for the maintenance of the bureau and the authority of Madriz to appoint the delegate would be opposed. Some countries, however, have recognized Madriz and serious complications might follow if Alonzo demanded representation.

**End Not in Sight.**

The end of the Nicarauguan trouble is not expected soon. It is seriously doubted that Estrada will be able to secure control of the Pacific coast. Similarly, it has been shown that Madriz cannot have the eastern coast. If there is no intervention, only an agreement between the two to hold an election can now save the country from interminable warfare.

# TO WARN MADRIZ NOT TO EXECUTE WILLIAM P. PITTHAM

(By the International News Service.)

Washington, June 4.—Commander Gilmer in charge of the American naval forces at Bluefields, was sent a dispatch this afternoon by the state department that Madriz must not be allowed to eecute William P. Pittham, an American citizen under illegal arrest and about to be tried by a drumhead courtmartial.

Cablegrams have also been sent to the United States consul at Managua for transmission to "President" Madriz and to the American consulate at Bluefields.

The man Pittham is accused of the same offense as that for which Groce and Cannon were executed by Zelaya. That execution was declared by the state department to be an act of barbarity and was the cause of exiling of Zelaya from Nicaraugua. The mere fact that the organization under the control of Madriz is not regarded as a government by the United States excludes the possibility of Madriz making the claim that Pittham was in rebellion against the established government. The case is, therefore, infinitely stronger than that of Groce and Cannon and for that reason Comander Gilmer may go to the extent of dispersing the courtmartial.

Afternoon dispatches to the state department show that the forces of Madriz have been completely routed at Rama, and that the Estradists are pursuing the retreat of the Madriz forces.

# ESTRADA WOULD EFFECT EXCHANGE OF WAR PRISONERS

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Bluefields, (Via wireless to Colon) June 4.—Provisional President Estrada, whose forces completely routed the Madriz army under General Chavarria at Rama, taking the commanding officer prisoner, today endeavored to get in communication with President Madriz, in an effort to arrange to exchange General Chavarria for William D. Pittham, the American, captured by the Madriz forces near Bluefields. The capture of Pittham did not become known in Bluefields until this afternoon, but Estrada at once expressed his willingness to turn over the Madriz commander for the American, as he fears Pittham may be dealt with severely by the Madriz soldiers, bringing the displeasure of the United States down upon Nicaraugua.

**Concerning Pittham's Capture.**

It is declared Pittham's capture was due to his lack of precaution during the fighting of May 27. He had exploded a mine under three or four hundred charging Madriz soldiers during the attack on Generals Lara and Gorduy, directed on the Estrada troops. The explosion of the mine caused the Madriz forces to halt in their advance and Pittham, believing another charge was to be made, remained in his earth pit to operate the switches that connected the mines. There was no further charge, but Lara sent a squad of men around the pit from which Pittham was operating his switches and before the American realized his danger he had been captured and carried off to the Madriz camp, where he was kept a prisoner throughout the eight days of fighting.

One report says Pittham put up a stubborn resistance when surrounded and was severely wounded, but this has not been confirmed.

General Iras, Madriz' personal representative, refuses to give out any information regarding the American other than to send word that Pittham will be treated as a prisoner of war.

# JOSEPHINE SULLY IS CHOSEN QUEEN BY PENINSULA PEOPLE

When all the votes were counted last night in the contest for queen held by the Peninsula Rose Festival association it was discovered that Miss Josephine Sully polled the largest number of votes —9481. Miss Sully will preside Tuesday in the Peninsula association's rose shower, and will take part in the Spirit of the Golden West parade.

Misses Ida Daughtrey, Laura Hilton, Fay Wise and Vera Cummings, who came next in order in the voting, will act as maids of honor. Miss Daughtrey got 8182 votes, Miss Hilton 4030, Miss Wise 3022 and Miss Cummings 1588.

The voting contest excited much interest on the peninsula.

## The Automatic Measurer

Is the best mechanical invention, which does away with the use of yardsticks, tape measures, etc. Indispensable to builders, contractors, carpet layers, painters, etc. Sold for $2 by the Newman Imp. & Mfg. Co., 80 Clifford st., Providence, R. I. Agents wanted.


# VISITORS COME IN GREAT NUMBERS

## Hotels Filling Up; Estimated That 50,000 Strangers Already Here.

Managers of nearly all the larger hotels said last night that their hostelries were filled with guests and questioned if they will be able to care for the influx of visitors today and tomorrow, not even considering the thousands who probably will wait for the last days of the festival before coming.

Reservations were made yesterday by the hotel men for hundreds of persons who are en route to Portland. Many of these requests for reservations were answered but for the great majority the hotel keepers were unable to do anything. It is a question of first come, first served with the hotel men, for they say they can't discriminate against any one.

But the hotel keepers promise that those who will not be able to get accommodations in the hotels will be properly cared for in rooming houses and in private homes. All of the hotels have a list of available rooms and have asked through the newspapers that all who have rooms for rent leave their addresses. Managers of hotels say they feel confident everyone will be properly cared for.

Some of the hotel people estimated yesterday that 50,000 visitors are already in the city, and the presence of strangers on the streets during the afternoon and evening hours was specially noticeable. Last night visitors began coming from the Puget sound and interior cities of eastern Washington and Oregon and from Idaho and Utah and even California. However, the great majority took the precaution to make reservations or arrange for accommodations before departing from their homes.

Most of the improvised "rubberneck wagons" and automobiles did a big business last night and the theatres were jammed, specially the cinemograph shows, to which places the country visitors flocked.

The number of postal cards handled by the general postoffice clerks yesterday was amazingly large. Postoffice employes estimate that each visitor will mail about five cards. They make the estimate, judging from the volume of cards handled in past years. If this estimate is correct, and 250,000 strangers come to the city, as Manager George L. Hutchin of the Rose Festival association declares will, 1,250,000 post cards will be sent out to advertise Portland and the state of Oregon. Stamp sales increased amazingly yesterday.

# ASH HEAP FOR OLD COUNT ZEP

## His Balloon Said to Be Back Number and He Gets but Scant Recognition.

(By the International News Service.)

Berlin, June 4.—Poor Count Zeppelin! It looks as if he were destined to suffer the lot of almost all original inventors—supersession and as though, moreover, he were in danger of losing the countenance of the man who dubbed him "the most distinguished German of the twentieth century."

At a dinner given by Prince Schonaich-Carolath a few evenings ago, the count openly complained that the cause of the disaster to his balloon at Weinberg had been grievously misrepresented by the military authorities and, worse than that, that when talking to him at a reception the chancellor never once even alluded to the disaster, much less offered his sympathy on account of it.

The count maintained that if the balloon had been properly anchored it would not have been blown away, and that if its military crew had remained "aboard" as they ought to have, it could have been easily conducted to a place of security. The worst of the matter is the impression is now pretty strong in Germany, that the rigid Zeppelin type of airship has had its day and will sooner or later be displaced by the non-rigid Parseval or semi-rigid Gross.

But whatever happens Count Zeppelin can be sure of one thing. Though the proofs have not yet been passed, his name is already written beside that of Montgolfier in the pages of history.

# PRESIDENT TAFT OF OPINION SOCIALISM IS LARGE PROBLEM

(Continued From Page One.)

the private property which shall not deprive the world of individual effort but which shall still keep the law and the opportunity to use private property under such control that these abuses may be wiped out and the boon of individual effort still be left.

"Now my dear friends that presents a great and difficult problem that I am willing to admit we have not yet solved and the question which the country will have to determine, after all, is which party it is which has heretofore shown sufficient skill and effectiveness in dealing with great issues, which party may be trusted to solve that problem, than which we have had no greater in the history of the country."

This declaration followed an eulogistic review of the history of the Republican party, in which the president said the great problems of the United States had been handled safely by the Republican party. He traced the party from its foundation in 1854, lauding its leaders and its principles.

Insurgency came in for a little fling in the course of the president's speech. He declared that, unless the members of the party followed the majority of the party, government becomes a government by groups, "and the Lord knows where your government will be or how much it will accomplish."

The president's declaration of the "socialism issue," came at the fag end of a day of jumping about southeastern Michigan by automobile and special train. He left Detroit early this morning, spent several hours in Monroe, where he helped Michigan honor the memory of General Custer, and then came to Jackson, where he unveiled a bronze tablet marking the spot where the meeting that organized the Republican party was held, and then paraded the streets to the meeting of the day.

Everybody in Jackson was a good Republican today and some 10,000 were out at Kelley park to hear the orators. Representative Townsend presided and took the opportunity to mention his contest for the toga of Senator Burrows, of Michigan. Senator William Alden Smith, delivered an impassioned eulogy of the leaders of the Republican party, including President Taft.

The president's three days of traveling had begun to tell on him and he was very hoarse. He exerted himself, however, and shouted at the big crowd for over half an hour. While he was speaking the excitement and heat caused two men in the crowd to faint. The president said in part:

"This meeting is not a partisan meeting. It is the memorial of a party, but it is historical and not partisan. What I mean by that distinction is that the Republican party has lived long enough, has taken parts distinctive in the growth and progress of this country to be treated historically and judicially and without the fervor and partiality of partisan speech.

"We have to have parties in a republic. Did you ever think what a complicated affair a popular government is? When you have one man who can run the affairs of a great people, it is a simple argument that he should make all the laws and decide whatever is to be done. When you have a government by the majority, in which you are to interpret what the issues of one-half of 90,000,000 of people are and put into effect, in the carrying on of great governments, then it becomes a complicated concern, and the only possible method by which you can do so is by a system of parties.

"Now, what is party government? It means that a majority or minority unite together to support certain principles of government and to put them in force, and agree that they will yield their views on details and principles of less importance and unite on the great principles, and agree to waive what they believe in minor respect and for the party, in the course of which, by a majority vote, it lays down the proper course to take. Unless you do that, you are going to have a government by groups, by the parties less than the majorities, and the Lord knows where your government will be, or how much it will accomplish."

**Off for Washington.**

After the meeting President Taft was taken to the home of Representative Townsend for dinner.

The president left tonight for Washington via Toledo and Buffalo.

It was planned to send the train over the Michigan Central but attention was called to the fact that the Michigan Central goes through Canadian territory from Detroit to Buffalo. The difficulties of precedent and other technical formalities resulted in the change.

President Taft will reach Washington tomorrow evening.

# TAG DAY NETS COMMONS $1500

## Hundred Twenty-five Women Sell 15,000 Tags; Had Expected $6000.

Up to a late hour yesterday evening, women were out on the streets selling tags for the benefit of the Portland Commons and the Louise home. Considering the number of workers who responded to the call for help, the success of the venture was as great as had been expected.

One hundred and twenty-five women succeeded in selling approximately 15,000 tags, bringing the amount of cash collected up to about $1500. In the evening fresh workers offered their assistance. It was estimated late in the evening that the total number of tags sold was about 20,000.

During the afternoon a considerable number of tags were sold near the Vaughn street baseball park before and after the game. The four women who worked there were taken out in an auto, furnished by Frank C. Riggs, of the Packard Auto company. Other workers were located at the union depot, at the street car terminals and other public centers.

It was the intention to raise $6000 to be expended on rescue work and the erection of a farm colony, and the leaders of the movement are sure that amount would have been realized if a sufficiently large number of workers had turned out. Over 300 had originally promised their assistance.

W. G. MacLaren, general superintendent of the Portland Commons, desired that there be published in the press an expression of thanks to the citizens of Portland for their hearty cooperation.

"Although we have not reached the amount we expected," said Mr. MacLaren, "it is not the fault of the public and I wish to announce that we have just commenced the fight and are determined to win."

# LOSES CHANCE TO DECIDE LAND CASE

## Compromise of Winkler Suit Takes Action Out of Tacoma Court.

By a mysterious counter move on the part of the Southern Pacific yesterday, George H. Donworth, presiding judge of the United States court in Tacoma, was deprived of an opportunity to render decision in the action brought by Roy W. Minkler, one of the 65 or more complainants who actually settled on land in the Oregon & California land grants.

The railway company compromised with Minkler by allowing him to purchase the land on which he settled—80 acres—for $1800, which incidentally is several times the $2.50 an acre, the price prescribed to be charged under the terms of the grants. Minkler's land is said to be worth about $4000.

Some idea of legal strategy may be gained by a theoretical discussion of the reasons for compromise by local attorneys. Minkler, by chance, was the only settler to file on granted land in Washington, of which there is only a few acres in Clarke county, taken in in the 20 mile radius from the right of way extending from Portland to McMinnville, Or. So Winkler was compelled to bring suit, through Attorney A. W. Lafferty of Portland, in the Washington district of the United States court. All other settlers brought suit in the United States court of Oregon, presided over by Judge C. E. Wolverton.

But Winkler's suit made it possible for two judges to decide upon the question of law involved in the railroad company's refusal to live up to the conditions of the Oregon & California railroad grant of May 4, 1870. For several months it has been a question whether Judge Wolverton or Judge Donworth would be the first to decide. Now, by compromising Minkler's suit, the only one pending in any other court besides that of Judge Wolverton, the railway company has put it entirely in the local judge's hands and centralized the fight.

# SEATTLE ADVERTISING PORTLAND ROSE SHOW

Seattle is advertising the Portland Rose Festival, according to a letter written by C. B. Yandell, secretary of the Seattle chamber of commerce to R. W. Hoyt, president of the Portland Rose Festival association. The letter is as follows:

"R. W. Hoyt, President Portland Rose Festival, Portland, Or.—Dear Sir: As an indication of the way in which interest is being aroused in Seattle in the Portland Rose Festival, it gives the officers of this chamber pleasure to be able to call your attention to the action of the Bon Marche, one of the largest department stores on the coast, in stretching across Second avenue, near the corner of Pike street, in the heart of the retail district of this city, an enormous banner, which reads:

"'Visit Portland ROSE FESTIVAL—Special Excursion Rates. June 6-11.'

"It is safe to say that 80 per cent of the people of Seattle, who visit the down town district will see and be impressed by this banner. The words 'Rose Festival' are in enormous red letters, which catch the attention and can be distinguished for a distance of more that four blocks.

"We anticipate a large attendance of representative Seattle people at the carnival next week, and again wish to assure you of the best wishes of this community for the merited success of your great festival. In fact, owing to the prospective absence in Portland of so many of our officers, trustees and representative members, this chamber will probably have to cancel its regular weekly meeting on Tuesday afternoon, June 7.

C. B. YANDELL,
"Secretary."

Laws have recently been passed providing for bureaus of labor in Oklahoma and Texas and changing an existing office in South Carolina so as to give it largely the character of a labor bureau.

# CZAR'S POLICY TO EFFACE SUBJECT NATIONALITIES

## Debate in Duma on Finnish Question Mockery, Since Autonomy Is Foredoomed; Universal Russification Decreed.

(Publishers' Press Leased Wire.)

St. Petersburg, June 4.—Debates on the Finnish question before the duma are considered by many a mere mockery of constitutionalism, as the czar's government has evidently decided beforehand that Finnish autonomy must cease. A small minority in government circles understands the danger of this policy of effacing nationalities, and even some members of the imperial family are uneasy about it. The czar himself, however, is under the influence of the reactionary clergy and the secret police bureau and does not heed the objections that have been raised, while Premier Stolypin and his ministers are simply tools in carrying out the old Biehve policy.

It should be borne in mind that the real Greater Russians number only 10,000,000 out of a total of 140,000,000 in the empire.

If until now all the nationalities except Polish have been quiet, it has been because even under the repressive reign of Nicholas I they have been left more or less free in the manner of their domestic rights, their language and their customs. Now, under a so-called constitutional government, their persecution is general.

**Many Are Suffering.**

Thousand of Poles, Armenians, Georgians, Little Russians and members of 60 other nationalities are suffering imprisonment or deportation for their national cause.

The prisons of Warsaw, Kiev and Tiflis are full of prisoners arrested for upholding their own languages, customs and religious observances. What is especially vexatious to the nationalities is that the czar's manifesto, recently published, and the fundamental laws of the empire solemnly declare for liberty of conscience and speech and equality of the nationalities.

The contest is deep and widespread and the demand for the acquisition of personal rights is growing in intensity. Heretofore the nationalities have been disunited, but the fate of Finland and the brutal suppression of its constitutional regime have begun to draw them together to work against the common enemy, the great Russian autocracy. It is therefore, in the minds of many, not difficult to foresee the trouble which will threaten the existence of the empire.

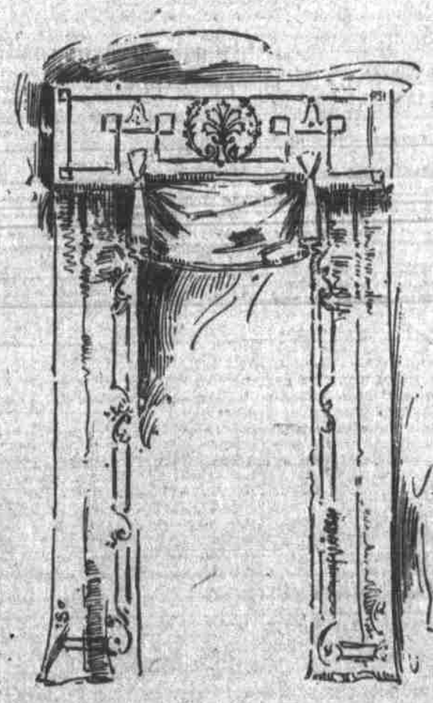
# SEATTLE BOOSTS ROSE FESTIVAL

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Seattle, Wash., June 4.—Due to an enthusiastic report regarding the roads between here and Portland by James H. Deveuve, advance agent of the Seattle Automobile club, it is expected that a large delegation of local autoists will leave tomorrow for Portland following those who started today. Deveuve left in advance yesterday morning. If any one supposes Seattle is not enthusiastically supporting Portland in the effort to make the Rose Festival a success, the scenes on Seattle streets will prove contraryvise. Seattle merchants are interested in the Rose Festival and several large down town houses have strung banners from their stores and have spent no small amount in advertising the festival and in urging Seattle people to attend. Reduced railroad rates will attract many to the celebration.

Journal Want Ads. bring results.


Sole Agents COWAN FURNITURE, CALEDONIAN SCOTCH RUGS, GINZKEY'S HAND-TUFTED RUGS, ETC.



# To Festival Visitors

You are most cordially invited to visit the store once at least during the week. If you are at all interested in home-making your time will be well spent. Our stocks comprise a permanent exhibit of all that is best and newest in furniture, carpetings and interior decorations. We believe that these stocks, for variety, beauty and correctness have few equals in the west. We want you to see them—to see that furniture on the upper floors of our building as well as the ground floor and to visit the carpet and drapery departments on the second floor. You will be cordially received, and we feel sure, well pleased.

FIFTH AND STARK

# J. G. Mack & Co.

FIFTH AND STARK