

MISS PAUL TELLS OF SOUL TRYING DAYS IN ENGLAND

Returned Suffragette and Friend, as Eavedroppers, Hurling Shoe When Asquith Talked—Fed in Prison.

(By the International News Service.) New York, Feb. 5.—Miss Alice Paul, the young American girl who, while in England, was arrested, tried and imprisoned three times because of her activity in the cause of woman suffrage, told the story of her arrest and experiences in prison in an interview at the headquarters of the Equality League of Self-Supporting Women in this city today.

For a time she has had enough of England, where she has been for two and a half years. Instead, she is going back to the University of Pennsylvania and complete her studies of economics and sociology. She has only been out of prison two months and her face still shows signs of the severity of her confinement.

Was Forced to Eat. "It was torture to be forced to eat," she said. "Twice a day for the month that I spent in Holloway prison in London, I was strapped and bound with sheets until I could not move a muscle. Then another sheet was bound round my throat to keep my neck rigid, and the torture commenced.

"A long glass tube, bent at the end and as thick as my thumb, was forced through my nostrils and the liquid food poured in. The pain was intense, but I would not give in."

To prevent political meetings and banquets being interrupted by suffragettes, wooden barricades nine feet high are erected around the halls. As Miss Paul could not climb a barricade erected on November 9, she and her friend, Miss Brown, disguised themselves as chambermaids and presented themselves for work at 8 o'clock in the morning.

Smashes Door With Shoe. "The password we gave," said Miss Paul, "was the one we 'kitchen,' and we were instantly arrested. They hunted around until we found a glass door leading to the balcony that overlooked the banqueting hall. We stayed behind the door undisturbed until 9 o'clock at night, and as Premier Asquith commenced to talk, I took off my shoe and smashed the glass in the door, and shouted: 'We want votes for women!'

"Instantly there was an uproar. Mr. Asquith stopped, and the band began to play. The guests, many of whom were cabinet ministers and titled personages, jumped up and commenced to hunt for us. They seemed to think we were on the roof, and to watch all those Englishmen in their dress clothes climbing on the roof when we were right near them was the funniest thing I saw during my stay in the 'palace.'"

Arrested and Fined. When the two women were discovered they were arrested. The next morning they were arraigned, charged with breaking a window, and were fined \$25, or, in default, a month's imprisonment. Refusing to pay, they were taken to Holloway prison, and, as the result of their refusal to accept their three weeks after her release, and Miss Brown is still in an invalid's home.

On another occasion Miss Paul was arrested for obstructing the police at a political meeting in the square, and had to serve 12 days in Holloway prison.

Miss Paul says she is "just" 25 years old. She does not talk about the time when women shall have votes. She considers the time for the women's question to be settled is the matter of recording them.

THOUGH IN PRISON GOHL TERRORIZES ABJECT WITNESSES (Continued From Page One.)

nence in the year 1905, when he led an armed attack against the schooner Fearless, at anchor in the lower harbor. Gohl, accompanied by a dozen henchmen, chartered a small launch and made the trip down the bay for the purpose of boarding the schooner. Fearless and taking off a nonunion crew. When ordered to keep away from the vessel Gohl and his companions opened fire. For several minutes the air was filled with flying bullets, the crew of the Fearless keeping up the fusillade until the launch disappeared in the darkness.

Prominent in Politics. Gohl was later arrested and found guilty of piracy. He was fined \$1250 and it was paid by the Sailors' union. Gohl, who was a power in politics, always had a large number of sailors as henchmen hanging about all the time, who he controlled and voted like slaves.

In 1906 Gohl again became very prominent in the longshoremen's strike, which demoralized shipping in Aberdeen for several months. Here he was a source of trouble and during the disturbance which he caused he openly threatened to kill William D. Mack, manager of the S. E. Slide Lumber company.

At a meeting of labor unions Gohl volunteered to take two or three lieutenants with him and burn one or more of the big mills of the harbor. Members of unions other than the Sailors' union who were sitting in these councils, promptly warned Gohl that if any mill was burned they would see that he was strung up.

All this time Gohl kept up a running fire of boating talk. He declared he had killed this man and that man and that he would kill the mayor of Aberdeen, cut throats and burn buildings until Gray's Harbor ran with blood and until its institutions bowed to his demands.

NO RECOLLECTION FOR SENATOR FLINT THAT OF OAKLAND GIRL, SAY POLICE

Californian Announces That He Will Not Seek Another Term in Senate.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Senator Frank P. Flint of California will not be a candidate for re-election. The Californian tonight issued a statement to this effect, declaring he had reached such a decision some time ago, but withheld it in deference to friends.

The statement says: "The considerations which have led to my declaration are: "Under the primary law in the state of California, it has become a requisite to success that a candidate for the United States senate should have a personal political organization in every state, senatorial and assembly district.

"I have not the means myself to maintain such an organization, nor would I be willing to enter into a contest for the United States senate where others contributed to keep up a state-wide organization in my behalf."

POSSESSION OF RECORDS DENIED

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reduction interests in the Coeur d'Alene region.

BALLINGER MAY NOT TAKE STAND IN OWN BEHALF (Gated Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, Feb. 5.—That Secretary of the Interior Ballinger feels so satisfied of his ability to disprove the charge against him by merely documentary evidence, and that he believes it will not be necessary for him to personally take the stand before the joint congressional investigating committee, was the report which spread through the capital today.

The Pinchot and Glavis partisans are afraid they are going to lose an opportunity to grill the secretary, and are puzzled over the prospect that maybe Ballinger has something "up his sleeve."

Meanwhile they are satisfied that they have made several large dents in the officials on the other side, and they are crowing over the fact that the secretary suddenly changed his mind about having counsel at the hearings, and has now secured legal talent to conduct his case.

Brandels Has Grievance. Attorney Brandels, counsel for L. R. Gohl, does not think the investigation committee has treated him fairly. He says he waited for seven days to hear from the request he made that certain documents be produced by the interior department, and when the papers arrived he was not permitted to go over them until the committee had looked through them.

He also points to the fact that although the committee today granted him the privilege of inspecting these papers, the resolution permitting this was so worded that no one but the actual counsel in the case can see them before their submission in evidence.

In other words, Brandels says, he may not take his client, Glavis, in hand, go over the new evidence with him and get a line on things generally, although officials in the interior department are already fully conversant with the contents of the documents.

The legal talent on both sides of the case is growing. Following is the lineup today: Anti-Ballinger—L. R. Brandels, J. W. Collins, Henry L. Stinson, Nathan A. Smythe, George W. H. Stinson.

Pro-Ballinger—John J. Vertrees, Carl Rasch, Albert Battle and one or two others retained but not yet announced.

SECRETARY WILSON MAY HAVE KNOWN OF DOLLIVER LETTER

(Publishers' Press Leased Wire.) Washington, Feb. 5.—Secretary Jim Wilson of the department of agriculture, who holds the record of being the oldest cabinet member in history, is reported to have been requested to retire from the service if certain evidence is brought forward by the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, showing Secretary Wilson's cognizance of former Secretary Gifford Pinchot's intentions of sending a letter to Senator Dolliver to be read in the senate. It all depends on whether Mr. Pinchot is called as a witness; if so, the question will be put to the former forester.

"Did Wilson concur in the sending of your letter to Senator Dolliver?" Pinchot, it is said, must necessarily answer "Yes."

President Taft dismissed Pinchot on the charge that he had discussed matters with a member of congress, apparently without consulting the head of his bureau or the president.

SKELETON MAY BE THAT OF OAKLAND GIRL, SAY POLICE

Remains of Woman Found on Mount Tamalpais Cause of Much Conjecture—Records Show 108 Women Missing.

(By the International News Service.) San Francisco, Feb. 5.—The local police are trying to solve a murder mystery which was yesterday revealed by the discovery of the skeleton of a woman on the west slope of Mount Tamalpais.

Coroner Sawyer fixes the girl's age at between 22 and 30 years. He says the skeleton is that of a well developed woman.

That the murdered girl is from San Francisco is the belief of Coroner Sawyer and the police. Near the skeleton was found a flask bearing the name "Ellie Saloon, 21 Kearney street."

The police records of this city show that 108 women are reported missing. Some of these may have been notified, but the police have not been notified. It is believed that the skeleton found on Mount Tamalpais is that of one of these missing women.

The theory that the remains may be those of Miss Hattie Baumgarten of the Hotel Metropole, Oakland, who disappeared Sunday night, September 12, last year. The girl had been attending a dance with F. Casey, a driver in the employ of the United Carriage company. Casey says that he placed her on the boat for Oakland, but Miss Baumgarten was never seen again.

The hills about Tamalpais are infested with coyotes, which may have attacked the corpse and carried off the flesh. On this account it is impossible to speculate on the length of time the young woman had been dead before her skeleton was found.

CASTAWAYS

(Continued From Page One.) men have not been heard from, and there is practically no hope that they are alive.

The weather in the locality of the wreck has been unusually cold and there have been several storms since the men started out. The Victoria spent as much time as possible searching for the boat and its small crew, but was obliged to continue to this city because of the condition of the weather.

Despite the fact that they were fairly well supplied with clothing and easily obtained wood for fuel, the castaways suffered greatly from the severe cold. None, however, are seriously the worse for the experience.

The Farrallon was a vessel of 565 net tons, owned by the Alaska Steamship company. She left Seattle with dynamite for Valdez on December 17, in command of Captain J. C. Hunter.

She was then to make one trip from Valdez to Dutch harbor in place of the Doris, of the same company, now at Seattle for annual overhauling. Arriving Valdez, December 30, she sailed for Dutch harbor January 2 with a small load of freight and a few passengers. Among the latter was one from Ilamna, which is on the north side of Shelikof straits, and a port beset with ice in the winter and subject to strong gales and treacherous reefs.

The Farrallon had orders not to take any chances in the attempt to land the passengers, but to proceed to Kodiak or Uyak and try and land the passengers returning from Dutch harbor. Nothing had been heard from the Farrallon after her leaving Port Graham on January 8 until today.

FIFTEENTH STREET LOT BRINGS OWNER \$26,000

R. L. Bewley, Horace H. Fisher and Harry B. Hill yesterday purchased a lot on the northeast corner of Fifteenth and Everett streets from Sigfried Swrethelofen for \$26,000.

The property is considered desirable for warehouse purposes, and will be held for speculation by Mr. Fisher and Mr. Hill. It is now occupied by three residences.

THIEVES STEAL HONEY BEES IN MONTAVILLA

A new line of thieves, bee thieves, have set to work in Montavilla. J. N. Hartley, the owner of several hives of bees, has been missing his honey gatherers regularly of late and after much trouble has tracked the culprits as far as Railroad addition. Here the track is lost in the hard paths.

The first theft was in the first week in January, when three hives mysteriously disappeared during the night. About a week later two more hives disappeared and last week still another one was missed. Now Mr. Hartley lays in wait for the culprits each night armed with a shot gun.

WOMAN DOES NOT WANT TO SUPPORT FAMILY

Mrs. August Kyle, 460 Miller Avenue, Sellwood, who has supported her husband and six children the past four years, became tired of the job yesterday. She did not object to making a living for the children, but rebelled when it came to the husband, who, she says, has not contributed more than \$20 for four years.

The woman made her complaint to the county court, and the man was arrested. H. P. Hunter, deputy sheriff, took the husband to the county jail. He will be arraigned Monday before the county court for non-support.

WILL HOLD INQUEST OVER GARBER'S BODY

An inquest over the body of John H. Garber, the government food inspector, will be held at the coroner's office Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Garber was found dead in his room at the Portland hotel this morning. He was formerly a resident of Spokane, but little is known of his relatives. Information is expected tomorrow.

McAlLEN & McDONNELL 3rd and Morrison McAlLEN & McDONNELL

Great Sale of Sample Suits Spring Models --- Regular \$25, \$35 Values at \$17.50



We offer, beginning tomorrow morning, what we positively know to be the very best suit bargain ever offered to Portland women.

These suits are all samples and are all of this spring's designs. They were bought by our New York buyer at reductions ranging from one-third to one-half, and we turn the entire saving over to you.

The fabrics used are prunellas, French serges, diagonals and broadcloths, in plain colors and in fancy stripes. Both long and short coat effects. Come early if you want best showing.

Dress Fabrics FANCY SILKS

For many, many years has this store been the supply center for dress goods for discriminating people. The reason for this is well shown in the following specials:

\$1.25 Broadcloth at Only 89c

Regular \$1.50 Suitings, 59c

Regular \$1.25 Suitings, 79c

Regular 50c Mohairs at 39c

Regular 90c Mohairs at 69c

Regular \$1.50 Curtains, 98c

Swiss Curtains, Special 98c

200 Curtains Now Only \$1.39

Reg. 35c Fancy Scrim at 19c

Curtain Scrim Selling at 5c

Curtain Swiss Now Only 12 1/2c

Reg. 40c Table Damask, 25c

Reg. 65c Table Damask, 50c

\$1.00 Linen Damask at 69c

Regular \$1.75 Napkins \$1.29

Loom Disc Crash at Only 7c

Reg. 15c Huck Towels, 11c

Reg. 18c Turkish Towels, 12 1/2c

McAllen & McDonnell Corner Third and Morrison Streets



All Montavilla cars run through Laurelhurst. Only 15 minutes' ride. Take car on Washington street, between Fifth and First. Salesmen on the ground. Office 522 Corbett Building.

GRANTS PASS VOTES FOR NEW SCHOOL (Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Grants Pass, Or., Feb. 5.—On the bond proposition to build a \$45,000 high school building for Grants Pass the vote today stood 213 for and 122 against. On the vote for location the Gilkey tract carried by a good majority.

Klamath Debaters Lose. (Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Grants Pass, Or., Feb. 5.—The High school debating team of this place scored a victory over the Klamath Falls school at the latter place last night. Errol Gilkey, Elrn Ahern and Roubalx Reich constituted the Grants Pass team.