

# LAWYERS ARE USED IN COAL CASES

## Clash Occurs When Government Attorney Declares Counsel for Defense Can't Deter Him From Questioning as He Sees Fit.

(By Journal Staff Correspondent.)

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 20.—During the examination today of Dr. John C. Cunningham, brother of Clarence Cunningham, the original locator of the coal claims in Alaska known as the Cunningham group, the validity of which entries is being inquired into by the interior department before Special Commissioner William J. McGinnis, in the building, James M. Sheridan, representing the government, and attorneys J. P. Gray and E. C. Hughes, representing the defendants, met in rhetorical clash over the objections which the defense made to the manner and character of the conduct of the examination of witnesses by Mr. Sheridan.

An objection frequently urged by the defense was that in the direct examination of witnesses by Mr. Sheridan he asked leading questions and questions in the nature of cross-examination. Some of these objections were made by the defense in a manner displaying annoyance at what the defendant's attorney said "was in plain violation of the simplest and most ordinary rules governing the examination of witnesses."

Under the rules of procedure any question may be asked, and no matter what objection is made the objection and answer of the witness are recorded. When the witness, Dr. Cunningham, was turned over to Mr. Sheridan for cross-examination, Mr. Sheridan, addressing himself to the attorneys for the defense, said:

"Now, for the purpose of expediting matters, I wish to make a statement concerning the cross-examination of witnesses called on the witness stand by the claimants in this case. Of course, under the rules of practice, and under the rules of evidence as followed in the department of the interior, and the general land office, as has been stated by the special commissioner, all objections may be made and entered on the record. However, I wish to have one understanding concerning the objections from opposing counsel, and that is that any objection made for the purpose of causing me to deviate from the cross-examination which I propose to follow will be futile."

"Will be what?" inquired Mr. Hughes. "Will be futile," replied Mr. Sheridan, "if the objection is not based on the ground of cross-examination. I have made up my mind to follow. Of course, objections made for the purpose of objecting to the testimony on the grounds of irrelevancy, immateriality and incompetency will go on the record under the rule, but I wish to have that understood before."

"I do not suppose that any such explanation is necessary in the light of what the commissioner has announced," said Mr. Hughes.

"I did not catch fully the import of Mr. Sheridan's statement," said Commissioner McGinnis.

"I have been my experience," replied Mr. Sheridan, "in handling investigations of this sort that counsel sometimes get the idea that opposing counsel may be dissuaded from proceeding along a line he proposes to develop by suitable objections, and I wish to announce the futility of any efforts of that sort at the start."

"It is quite unnecessary," replied Mr. Hughes very deliberately, "to make such an announcement to us. We will endeavor to represent our clients in accordance with the rules of evidence and to represent them fully according to their interests."

"This colloquy proved to be only the advance of the skirmish line. The cross-examination of Dr. Cunningham proceeded. Objections of a certain nature were brought up by Mr. Sheridan, and Mr. Sheridan was entirely immaterial, 'improper cross-examination,' 'immaterial, irrelevant and improper cross-examination.' 'If you want to call him your own witness, you may do so,' was the object of the cross-examination as improper entirely under all the rules of evidence," were frequently interposed by Mr. Gray.

"I wish to call the attention of counsel," said Mr. Sheridan, "to the fact that investigations of this kind are peculiar to ordinary court inquiries, for the reason that authority who passes upon the testimony introduced is not present, and the conduct of the witness is a matter to be put on record when it has any significant bearing in this case."

# OREGON STATE ACADEMY MEETS AT FOREST GROVE NEXT FRIDAY

## Oregon and Washington Lumbermen Hold Session at Cottage Grove.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Cottage Grove, Or., Nov. 20.—Oregon and Washington lumbermen representing 120 sawmills met in the Commercial club rooms this afternoon. The meeting was called to order by President L. J. Wentworth. Many important questions were acted upon, among them a decision to join the National Lumber Manufacturers association.

Progress was reported in the odd lengths campaign, and this was approved as a conservation measure in the market of clear timber.

Thomas K. Campbell, chairman of the state railroad commission, addressed the meeting on the present and prospective railroad development in Oregon and its effect upon the lumber industry.

The committee to select the entertainment of the Western Retail Lumbermen's association of Spokane, Wash., who will hold their annual convention at Portland, February 14, 15 and 16, 1931, was appointed by President Wentworth as follows: L. J. Wentworth, president; A. B. Wastell, secretary; F. C. Young, J. P. Keating, W. B. Mackay, H. P. Fisher, J. P. Keating, C. W. Thompson, W. A. Thompson, A. B. Wastell, secretary, and L. J. Wentworth, president.

It is expected that this coming weekend the retailers of the inland empire will be largely attended by manufacturers of both Washington and Oregon and will be the biggest gathering of lumbermen ever held in the Pacific northwest.

**Business Men Give Reception.**  
The business men of Cottage Grove this evening gave a reception for the visiting lumbermen. The visitors from the north had a special sleeper set out at Cottage Grove for their return trip. The out-of-town visiting lumbermen were as follows: L. J. Wentworth, president; A. B. Wastell, secretary; F. C. Young, J. P. Keating, W. B. Mackay, H. P. Fisher, J. P. Keating, C. W. Thompson, W. A. Thompson, A. B. Wastell, secretary, and L. J. Wentworth, president.

From Cottage Grove there were present: H. McKibben, A. L. Woodard, L. S. Hill, F. H. Rosenberg, E. Leum, Lew Lewis, J. C. Seidel, F. G. Conley, M. C. Commercial club, and W. A. Dill of the Register, Eugene.

understand the nature of this inquiry and the tribunal which passes upon it, and the power and authority of that tribunal, without any advice or information from opposing counsel, and we earnestly and emphatically protest against the suggestion implied in the statement of counsel, that the conduct or demeanor of this witness is other than that which comports with honesty, integrity and dignity and self poise. Our only regret is that the tribunal which passes upon this testimony cannot understand the nature of this inquiry and the tribunal which passes upon it, and the power and authority of that tribunal, without any advice or information from opposing counsel, and we earnestly and emphatically protest against the suggestion implied in the statement of counsel, that the conduct or demeanor of this witness is other than that which comports with honesty, integrity and dignity and self poise.

"That is also my regret," said Mr. Sheridan, "because the lapse of memory of this witness is very remarkable."

"I resent that," interrupted Mr. Gray. "I wish to enter my protest," said Mr. Hughes, "against the undignified, improper and unprofessional conduct of the interrogator. Now, this commissioner has indicated in the beginning that comments would be unnecessary, provoked by opposing counsel in this case. We will do nothing but make our objections, if counsel will refrain from argument or comments. But we cannot be intimidated into any disregard of the rights of our clients by counsel representing the government."

"Well," began Mr. Sheridan, "now, I will state, for the information of Mr. Hughes, that it is not my purpose to enter into any argument, but since he volunteered the comment on the perfect behavior of the witness on the stand, and since that was Mr. Hughes' opinion of him, why I think I have the right to simply volunteer my opinion, and in reply to any statement as made by opposing counsel concerning the conduct of any of their witnesses proceed, as to demeanor, otherwise, I shall meet it with my opinion."

L. R. Glavis, late chief of the field division, was called to the stand in reference to a letter he had sent to Mr. Sheridan October 25 last. He was asked if the statements in the letter are true.

"Yes," replied Mr. Glavis. The letter stated that he "could not understand why an interview is necessary since the records in your possession will disclose all the information on which I can testify. However, at any points in regard to the case which you are not certain of, I shall be pleased to aid you in any way possible."

# SCIENTISTS WILL EXCHANGE IDEAS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Delegates from every section of the state and representing men of letters and knowledge are scheduled to meet at Forest Grove Friday and Saturday in the semi-annual meeting of the Oregon State Academy of Science. The meeting is to be held in March hall of Pacific university.

The program of the two days' session, consisting of six individual sessions in all, has been left in the hands of a committee composed of J. D. Lee, W. N. Ferrin, A. W. Miller, Mrs. F. Fernham. It will consist of three or four papers and speeches on different subjects of especial interest to scientists read by teachers in Pacific university, Willamette university, University of Oregon, Oregon Agricultural college and by a number of professional men of Portland. Dr. J. Allen Gilbert, H. N. Lawrie and A. L. Knisley are some of the Portland men on the program.

The annual election of officers will be held Saturday morning at the only business session of the academy. The present officers to be succeeded are A. L. Knisley, president; C. O. Chambers, first vice president; Ernest Barton, second vice president; J. D. Lee, third vice president; F. W. Power, secretary and treasurer; and A. W. Miller, curator and librarian.

The program is to be as follows: Friday Morning—10 o'clock, address of welcome, Dr. W. N. Ferrin, president Pacific University; response Professor A. L. Knisley, president of the Academy of Science, "Some Ecological Features of the Coast Flora in the Vicinity of Ocean Park, Or.," Professor M. E. Peck, Willamette university; "A Visit to the Famous Herbarium of Linnaeus in London," Miss Mary F. Fernham, Pacific university.

Friday Afternoon—3 o'clock, "The Role of Moisture and Carbon Dioxide in Incubation," Professor C. E. Bradley, Oregon Agricultural college; "Vivi-Section—Is It Justifiable?" Professor A. M. Bean, Pacific university; "Work of the United States Food Laboratory," A. L. Knisley, acting chief; "A People's Cabinet," B. D. Lee, Portland.

Friday Evening, 7:30 o'clock—"Geography of the Willamette Valley," Professor F. L. Barker, University of Oregon; "Arctic Exploration," D. Walker, M. D., Portland; "The Peary Expedition of 1905-1906," L. J. Wolf, M. D., Portland.

Saturday Morning, 9 o'clock—Business meeting, "Halley's Comet," President W. N. Ferrin; visit to the Pacific Coast Milk Condensing plant, Forest Grove.

Saturday Afternoon, 3 o'clock—"The Influence of Scientific Investigation on Domestic Life," Mrs. S. C. French, Portland; "Perfecting of Armor Plate and Projectiles," John Hudson, Portland; "Mineral Occurrences of the State of Oregon with Reference to Future Development," H. N. Lawrie, M. E., manager of the Portland Analytical laboratory.

Saturday Evening, 7:30 o'clock—"Dissociation of Personality," J. Allen Gilbert, Portland; "Forest Problems in Entomology," Professor J. C. Briffwell, Oregon Agricultural college; "Forest Problems in Pathology," Professor H. S. Jackson, Oregon Agricultural college.

and if it had been left to my decision, I would have stayed in this end of the department. I realize there is hard and responsible work at the head of the detective department, and after looking into the needs there, small do the best I can to bring it to as perfect a state as possible.

that protection has been furnished three days ago. In placing Captain Moore at the head of the department the chief holds that the various factions can be brought together and the department thus brought into line with a stern hand at his head.

# MOTHER WANTS ZELAYA GAVE HEARINGS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Seattle, Nov. 20.—Mrs. J. E. Hanna, a wealthy Seattle woman, today filed a writ of marriage petition in the superior court here, asking that the marriage of her 30-year-old son Benjamin Hawkins to Nora Batts Hawkins be declared null and void.

A date for a hearing will be set next week. The young man was directed by the court to pay his mother \$100 a month alimony. That means his mother will have to pay it, because the boy has no money. He is a student at the University of Washington.

Young Hawkins went to Victoria last summer to play the races. There he met his pretty girl bride, who has also been playing and betting on the races. It was a case of love at first sight, according to Hawkins' admission. They came out of their dream a week after June 28, on which date they were married.

They returned to Seattle. Hawkins charges his wife would not cook or keep house. The wife says Hawkins had no money with which to set up housekeeping. It is also said the young bride relieved herself of the remark that she married Hawkins because she learned his mother had lots of money.

The two only lived together a week.

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"The Nicaraguan government informs the legation that Leroy Cannon and Leonard Gracie, two well known adventurers, were taken prisoners at Rio San Juan and pleaded guilty of locating mines in order to blow up two vessels carrying government troops.

"In fact they were found infraganti. They were tried by a military court, given a full hearing and sentenced to death in accordance with the military laws.

"The legation is waiting for the certificate documents of the process which will show that Cannon participated in several revolutions against Honduras and Nicaragua and proves that they were tried in a legal way and that the sentence was justified.

"The legation is deploring this incident, feels confident that when the facts are better known it will be seen that the military court did not exceed its powers and that the relations between the two countries will not suffer."

# REFUGEE WHO HATES ZELAYA CALLS HIM A SNEAK AND THIEF

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—In seclusion at the Hotel Cadillac, a political refugee from fighting Central America, Senor Don Carlos De Selva, a veteran Nicaraguan and Honduran soldier and journalist, is awaiting developments in the Nicaraguan revolution.

He left Central America after playing his part in the fight for liberty, which he sees in the activities of General Juan Estrada, the youthful hero of the Nicaraguan revolution. He is the bitter enemy of Dictator Zelaya, whom he brands as a thief and describes as the treacherous enemy of all Americans.

De Selva was compelled to flee for safety to Nicaragua, and then, believing that in a short time all Central America would be engulfed in revolution and turmoil, he made his way to this country, arriving several days ago.

Don Carlos is a friend and associate of Minister Philip Brown, of the American legation in Honduras. He has letters of introduction signed by Brown and letters from other members of the legation.

Don Carlos is 60 years of age. He bears the title of captain of the Mexican army early in the '80s.

"Central America is ready for a general war," said the veteran today. "The neutrality of Honduras has alone prevented war between Nicaragua and Salvador. If the vigilance of the United States is relaxed for a moment they are ready to fall to."

"Honduras is on the verge of a revolution. The success of the revolutionists in Nicaragua will mean fighting in Honduras, and because the times seem certain to be engulfed in revolution here, I have been with the government in Honduras, but have fought Zelaya always, for he is a foe to progress and the people.

"Zelaya is a suave, smoothascal. He was educated in France and has all the graces of the Frenchmen. Face to face with the Americans he pretends a friendship that it would seem nothing could break, but secretly he hates all Americans.

# BURNING STEAMSHIP

(Continued from Page One.)

no possibility of escape. From then until the telephone message came from Mills a dread suspense hung over the city. Launches and tugs had been sent to the rescue by sea and automobiles had been sent over the mountains.

The Topeka reported that it had started for Redondo at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon 15 miles north of Santa Monica. It was said that no sign of life could be distinguished. The Topeka steamed as close to her as the captain deemed safe, observed that flames had enveloped the vessel, wreathed in steam about the mast and concluded that all had been lost. During this time Captain Warner had been fighting desperately to reach the shore. At the time the sea was calm, but a heavy fog had settled over the water. The captain of the Topeka concluded that he had lost the vessel and hastened to Redondo and there made his report.

From Redondo, Santa Monica and other ports rescue parties went out, but before word was received from them there came the telephone message from Mills telling of the disaster, the terrible wreck to the shore and the safe landing of all on board.

The cause of the accident is indefinite. It may have been a boiler explosion. It appears that November 10 the St. Croix had trouble with its boilers, and Otis Doe, who was then acting as engineer, was killed by an explosion wreathed in steam as a fire was smoldering in the hold when the vessel left port and was not discovered until it was well under way.

When the ship was first sighted field glasses were trained upon her and the officers of the Topeka thought they could see the ship upon her way. When the ship was reached not a human being could be found. The Topeka lowered boats and searched the waters in the darkness. A number of rafts were floating in the water, but not a human being could be found. The officers of the Topeka expressed the opinion that the vessel had been burning for two and a half or three hours when the Topeka arrived.

The steamer St. Croix was built at Bath, Maine, in 1895. She was 240.7 feet long, 30.4 feet beam and 25.3 feet in depth of hold. Her gross tonnage was 1993 and net tonnage 1064 tons. Her engines developed 2700 indicated horsepower.

"I shall work any place for the good of the department," said Captain Bailey. "I realize there is much work and responsibility on this relief, and shall expect all patrolmen to do their duty. I am taking charge just when the new order closing the houses of ill fame takes effect, and feel that handling that question will be small one. I propose to carry out the chief's instructions on that, to a letter."

Captain Bailey was promoted from patrolman to captain and patrolled the north end when it was in the heyday of its career for harboring the rough element. Soon after Captain Bailey was promoted to captain, three holdup men pulled off a big job and he took personal direction of the man hunt and had the men within an hour. For this he was given a personal letter of thanks from Chief Gritsmacher, who was then head of the department. In taking hold of the first night relief, Captain Bailey will be thoroughly tried out, as this time of year the rough element comes to the city during the winter months. The greater part of the crimes are also committed during this relief.

**Shakeup Was Expected.**  
That this shakeup has been coming after the recent talk about the detective bureau has been considered by those close to the workings of the department, but the exact nature and the change of the captain was not expected. The detective bureau of the department is the pivot around which the protection talk raged, and where the greater part of the responsibility for curbing the bunco and crook elements lay.

For the past three weeks The Journal has been announcing from day to day of the changes in the department. A gang of crooks, and especially was the method of fleeing Emory Buren, a miner from Mida, Nev., by the gang made known, Judge Frank S. Bennett, of municipal court, had also been looking into this matter and stated from the bench that such a gang was operating, and indications were that they were protected. This was like throwing a bomb into a fire, and an investigation was held immediately. No one could be pointed to as being directly responsible but the change is considered to have resulted.

"I am more than pleased with the change," said Captain Baty, head of the detectives. "I have asked the chief several times to be changed, and this morning went to the mayor and asked for the change. After stating my reasons, and again talking with Chief Cox, the change was made. I like the up-form work better on account of the hours, as the detective department has kept me up on an average of 14 hours a day, and many times all night."

"I don't think the criticism of his department had anything to do with the change. Captain Baty also rose from the ranks, and has had charge of the detectives since March, 1928.

"I shall be as I did when I was a sailor," says Captain Slover, "I shall obey orders. I am satisfied with the change, and shall try to make good."

The official order of the chief is as follows: Moore, Bailey, Slover and Baty. For the good of the service it is of times necessary to make changes in the police department. This is also required at times to relieve one man of unpleasant and tiresome duties to which he may have been assigned for a lengthy period, and for these reasons it is hereby ordered that the following changes be made: Captain Moore, being senior captain, will be assigned to command the detective department in place of Captain Baty; Captain Bailey will take the place of Captain Moore in charge of the first night relief; Captain Slover will have charge of the day shift in place of Captain Bailey; and Captain Baty will have charge of the second night relief in place of Captain Slover. These changes will be effective Monday, November 21, 1930.

**FOOTBALL RESULTS**  
Cambridge—Yale 8, Harvard 0.  
New York—Brown 21, Carlisle 8.  
South Bethlehem—Lafayette 21, Lehigh 0.  
Syracuse—Illinois 17, Syracuse 8.  
New York—Cornell 14, Cornell 8.  
Annapolis—Navy 45, Davidson 8.  
Ithaca—Cornell Freshmen 11, Pennsylvania Freshmen 0.  
Portland, Maine—Bowdoin 6, Tufts 0.  
Chicago—Chicago 6, Wisconsin 6.  
Minneapolis—Minnesota 6, Michigan 15.  
Oberlin—Oberlin 26, Ohio 6.  
Bloomington—Indiana 36, Purdue 3.  
Denver—Nebraska 6, Denver 5.  
Lawrence—Kansas 20, Iowa 7.  
Cleveland—Western Reserve 17, Hiram 0.  
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 11, Mount Union 2.  
Swarthmore—Swarthmore 19, Bucknell 0.  
South Bend—Notre Dame 35, Washburn 0.  
St. Louis—Vanderbilt 11, Washington 0.  
Lansing—Michigan Agriculturals 20, Oliver 0.

# CUSTOMS OFFICERS CHECK GIGANTIC SMUGGLING PLOT

(Special News Service.)

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—In the capture of two smugglers, a gasoline launch and the seizure of about 300 pounds of contraband opium valued at \$40,000, by the United States revenue cutter McCulloch, off Lovers' Point in Monterey bay, on Monday, after an exciting chase of three days—the smugglers putting up a stubborn fight—special agents of the treasury department, aided by customs officials from this coast, have broken up the most gigantic opium smuggling plot in the history of Pacific coast commerce.

# SEATTLE WOMAN FROWNS UPON MARRIAGE OF HER SON TO RACE TRACK AFFINITY

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"The legation is waiting for the certificate documents of the process which will show that Cannon participated in several revolutions against Honduras and Nicaragua and proves that they were tried in a legal way and that the sentence was justified.

"The legation is deploring this incident, feels confident that when the facts are better known it will be seen that the military court did not exceed its powers and that the relations between the two countries will not suffer."

# WIFE SLAYER IS JAILED FOR LIFE

(Special News Service.)

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Dr. Haldane Clemenson, the young physician, tried on a charge of murdering his wife, tonight was found guilty of murder in the first degree and his sentence was fixed at life imprisonment. The jury reached its verdict after two ballots.

A large crowd of fashionably dressed women filled the courtroom when the verdict was rendered despite the lateness of the hour. At 1:30 the jury sent word to the bailiff that they had reached a verdict, and Judge McShury summoned Clemenson's aged father and mother, who were in a restaurant nearby, were also notified.

The format of the jury then read the verdict finding Clemenson guilty and fixing his sentence at life imprisonment. The defendant was evidently dazed by the verdict. He had announced when the case went to the jury this afternoon that he fully expected to receive a life term. The trial lasted four weeks.

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Annapolis—Navy 45, Davidson 8.  
Ithaca—Cornell Freshmen 11, Pennsylvania Freshmen 0.  
Portland, Maine—Bowdoin 6, Tufts 0.  
Chicago—Chicago 6, Wisconsin 6.  
Minneapolis—Minnesota 6, Michigan 15.  
Oberlin—Oberlin 26, Ohio 6.  
Bloomington—Indiana 36, Purdue 3.  
Denver—Nebraska 6, Denver 5.  
Lawrence—Kansas 20, Iowa 7.  
Cleveland—Western Reserve 17, Hiram 0.  
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 11, Mount Union 2.  
Swarthmore—Swarthmore 19, Bucknell 0.  
South Bend—Notre Dame 35, Washburn 0.  
St. Louis—Vanderbilt 11, Washington 0.  
Lansing—Michigan Agriculturals 20, Oliver 0.

# THANKSGIVING LENS CONTAINS MANY VALUABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

(By Mary C. Davies.)

The Thanksgiving Lens came out Wednesday and has been pronounced undoubtedly the best number in the history of the school. The cover is unique in high school papers. It contains a photograph of the champion football team in action on Multnomah field, the picture surrounded by an embossed football helmet. The story is "classy" and does credit to the art staff.

The literary material excels in quantity as well as quality. The fiction department is represented by a Thanksgiving story by Chermis Piggett, continued story by Lyle Baldwin, "The Thief," by Evelyn Spencer, "The Reformation of Diana," by Bees McGraw, and "Concerning School Honor," by Horisane Williams.

# ZELAYA GAVE HEARINGS

## Nicaraguan Legation at Washington Issues Statement Giving in Detail Circumstances Leading Up to Executions.

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"Zelaya is a suave, smoothascal. He was educated in France and has all the graces of the Frenchmen. Face to face with the Americans he pretends a friendship that it would seem nothing could break, but secretly he hates all Americans.

"Zelaya is popular with a multitude of the ignorant, who do not know how he has robbed them. He has stolen \$4,000,000 through his control of the industries of the country and has it hidden in Europe. The story has been spread that the Americans will steal the country.

"But Juan Estrada. He is a born fighter. No military schooling in his career. He is a natural leader, the supporter of freedom. He is not after the presidency of Nicaragua. That is for all the students in the school, whether freshmen or the most prominent seniors, and may truly represent all the students.

# TUKWILA NO LONGER SLEEPS; INTERURBAN WHISTLES ALWAYS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Seattle, Nov. 20.—The city of Tukwila, King county, is in much distress. Tukwila has no bonded indebtedness, no municipal city engineer, no liquor licensed clubs, nothing in fact that disturbs the calm of the municipality, except the noise of the Seattle-Tukwila interurban railroad. The passing of the electric train has always been considered an exciting event in Tukwila, and nowadays it is now exciting to electric fans racing rapidly through the very heart of the business district of the city. The councilmen of Tukwila recently passed an ordinance limiting the speed of trains, within the city limits, to eight miles an hour. That they did so, they believe rapidly through the very heart of the business district of the city. The councilmen of Tukwila recently passed an ordinance limiting the speed of trains, within the city limits, to eight miles an hour. That they did so, they believe rapidly through the very heart of the business district of the city.

begins, and it is so nearly continuous all day that the interval are not noticeable. Tukwila never sleeps through the night. Many trains pass through the city, or how many street corners the city had. The city limits of Tukwila are about one mile apart, and there are about 15 interurban trains whistling somewhere along that mile for at least 18 hours of 24.

The noise nuisance has become something fierce. Tukwilians say, but they might be glad to pay even that price for the safety of their cattle, their children and their friends; and for the fact that the eight miles an hour law has disadvantages as great or greater than the whistling nuisance.

# Captain John T. Moore.

definite reasons for taking him from the head of the detectives and placing him at the lowest commanding position. He is a man who has been in the department for many years, and his lack of discipline