NEVER MORE PROBABLE

Liberal Leaders Can No Longer Afford to Be Silent or Evasive Regarding This Important Question, Declares John Redmond.

By Thomas Emmett. (Publishers' Press Leased Wire.) Dublin, Nov. 6.—It is a hard matter just now to get away from politics in Ireland. It is felt that the outlook settlement of the whole question of Irish home rule never was pregnant to the form of Irish home rule for Ireland. They was recent to the firmly believed that the recent home rule for Ireland. They was recent to the firmly believed that the recent home rule for Ireland. They was recent to the interests of any political to the interest of the i strengthen the backbone of the house spective of of lords that they will reject the ical party. budget, and thus force Mr. Asquith to go to the country.

There is, by the way, an Irish cast to the election in Bormondsey. Dr. A. Salter, the Socialist candidate, has been a strong advocate of home rule, and was extremely popular with the

Irish voters of the borough.
It is asserted and believed here that had the Irish leaders desired the elec-tion of the Liberal they could have divested enough votes from the So-cialist to have accomplished it. But the leaders want a general election with the veto power of the house of lords the issue, and the Bermondsey election they believe will help them get it.

Determined on Home Bule. What does Ireland expect from this election? A recent speech by John Redmond answers this question. Mr. Redmond said: "I say to all whom it concerns, to Liberals as well as Con-servatives, that when the general eleces home rule for Ireland shall, and must, be amongst the leading issubmitted to the electorate. policy of stience and evasion, which was so largely pursued by the Liberal leaders at the last election on this question of Ireland, cannot be repeated. For my own part, I have no reason whatever to doubt that the leaders of the Liberal party will place what Winston Churchill the other day called a national settlement with Ire-land in the front amongst the leading issues to be submitted to the electors at the next election. But anyway, whether they do or not, I say to you, in the name of the Irish party, and in the name of the Irishmen of Great the trial that the Irishmen of the Irishmen of Great the I Britain, that the Irish votes in this critain, that the Irish votes in this ing pressure. That in the country dis-ountry will not be cast in support of tricts there is a dearth rather than any any candidate who is not prepared to surplus of labor seems to be fairly declare—first that he is in favor of well established. The bishop of Ross home rule—that is not enough mere theoretical support is not enough under the conditions-but, in the second place, that he is determined to use his influence to have this Irish question placed among the leading issues that firmed this, for such advertisements must be dealt with in a practical way in the next parliament. "The Irishmen of Great Britain will labor.

By Malcolm Clarke,

(Publishers' Press Leased Wire.)
Berlin, Nov. 6.—Herr Dominicus, a

His liveliest impression was the "uni-

As soon as you get acquainted with

Young girls begin their conversations

an Englishman," he says, "often im-mediately after the acquaintance has

begun, he wants to know what you

at balls with this question, and serious minded men ask at once, "Why are you building so many Dreadnaughts?"

Herr Dominicus says the "nervousness about Germany" has given English

military and naval affairs wholly un-

the boy scouts, the projected develop-

ment of the Canadian and Australian armles and fleets are the direct out-growth of the "German danger."

Airship Destroyers.

for employment against airships, and

has been tested with satisfactory re-

against the aerial enemy, which from a height of 2000 feet, is able to de-

termine with exactness the position of a hostile force, whatever the inequali-

ties of the ground may be. The two

problems presenting themselves in con-

nection with the construction of a gun

for employment against airships are,

first, the necessity for mobility, and

second, the inclination of the gun to-

been overcome in the new Krupp mod-

be fired in either a vertical or a hori-cental position. It has a carrying power of five miles in a horizontal

direction and of three miles when aimed

is the projectile which, in addition to the shell, carries a fuse that leaves

in the air a long trail of smoke, by means of which the trajectory can be

observed and the angle of the gun rec-The projectile is constructed

to burst the moment it touches the

Tax Costs Employment.

duty is that large numbers of work-men have lost their employment.

Among the results of the new tobacco

The most curious feature, however,

It is claimed that all obstacles have

s. Mounted on a motor car, it can we chase to an airship, while it can

wards any point in the horizon.

vertically.

halleon envelope

A new Krupp gun has been designed

The recent maneuvers both in France and Germany have demonstrated that ordinary field pieces are useless

The enthusiasm over the territorials,

wonted impetus.

think about the German invasion,

versal nervousness prevailing in Eng-

GERMAN INVASION IS

SPOOK IN ENGLISH MIND

Nervousness About Germany Seems to Pervade United

Kingdom-New Gun Designed to Destroy Air-

ships - Many Tobacco Workers Idle.

government councillor of Strasburg, has the desired effect, and patients are recently returned from a visit to Engagain flecking in thousands to seek land, and has published an account of his advice and treatment.

land with regard to Germany."

Forest Grove, Or., Nov. 6.—J. W.

It is shared, he says, by educated Myer has just finished harvesting 18 persons of all classes down to work-

not subordinate the question of justice ever. I assert that the Irlah of Great from politics Britain will cast their votes on home rule alone; that they will discard all other questions. The predominant questions.

Loss Now Realized.

Both here and in London, eloquent tributes have been paid to the late Lord Justice Fitzgibbon. The lord justice of England expressed his deep sympathy and that of his colleagues with the Irish bench in the loss "a great judge, a profound lawyer, and a man of wide and varied learn-Ing." Lord Alverstone spoke for the egal profession in England as well as Ireland when he said that every one who differed from the late lord justice acknowledged his unswerving rectitude, his conspicuous fairness, and his charming personality. The recorder of Dublin remarked that "the supreme tri-The recorder of bunal of our country is the poorer in the absence of his striking personality and matchless ability," and T. M. Healy said: "As an Irishman, as a Healy said: judge, as a citizen, this country is the poorer for his passing away." The leading English newspapers also refer sympathetically to the loss of one of

the greatest Irishmen. Labor Scarce in Ireland. In a special report on the relief of the unemployed in Ireland which has been published as a blue book, it is stated that the stream of emigrants who have passed from Ireland to the United States, and, to a much smaller extent, to the other countries, during the last 60 years, has effectually re-lieved the labor market of any absolute surplus; but it may be doubted whether, during the last few decades at any rate, the departure of so many of the most enterprising Irish men and women has not had a more serious effect in checking development than in relievinformed us, when he visited Skibbereen, that there was now a considerable dearth of laborers in the country districts round, and pointed out that advertisements in the newspapers conwere only a last resort when the farmers had tried all other means of getting

HOME RULE FOR IRELAND ANTI-SEMITE HATRED GROWING IN RUSSIA BALLINGER AGAI

Recent Police Order, Prohibiting Sale of Sacred Objects to Jews Shows Increased Bitterness-Executions Continue.

By George Franer Press.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 6 .- The feeling against the Jews seems on the increase is now taking the shape of petty official regulation. For instance:

A police order has just been issued prohibiting the sale of crosses, ikons and other sacred objects by the Jews or members of any religion except the orthodox. The order is the result of representations made by the procurator of the holy synod, and its infringement will be followed by confiscation of the goods and prosecution of the owners. The prohibition will fall heavily on the small Jewish dealers in the Alexandrov-sky market. St. Petersburg.

The applications of 180 Jews for admittance to Kieff university have been By order of the minister for ways of communication, no Jews or Poles are to be employed in the construction of

the Tiumen-Omsk railway. Unpleasant Harbin Incident.

The Harbin incident is assuming somewhat serious character. The Ger man consul, Herr Baumuller, has sum moned the German detachment from Klaochou in order to protect German interests at Harbin.

The "Novoye Vremya" and the "Russ" indignantly comment on the Russo-German incident at Harbin, where the German consul is stated to have openly refused to recognize Russion authority and demand the recall of the German consul.

The "Novoyo Vromya" says: Russian settlement should be rid of oreign undesirables who, interpreting the extra-territorial rights in a spirit of savagery, let loose their dogs on the Russian police.

Executions Have Bad Effect. The continuance of summary and

wholesale executions is producing a very bad effect on public opinion here. M. Khomiakoff, the president of the duma, says: surplus of labor seems to be fairly to continue the hangings to the last man. Certainly, I see no reason for carrying out all the sentences passed by courts martial. All these punishments relate to crimes committed durng the period of revolution, crimes long since forgotten and forgiven in the hearts of the people,

Some days ago the court martial at Selyako, Pantoff, Rottenberg and Renasichek, to death by hanging. General Drosdovitch, consul for the defence, asked that the execution should be He had appealed to the senate, and had also sent a petition to the czar for the pardon of the men, and

THE JOURNAL WANTS MORE PICTURES OF OREGON CONDITIONS

The Journal wants more pictures. A week ago it announced its desire for pictures illustra-tive of the thrift and progress of Portland and the Pacific northwest and its people. Many sulfable photographs were rebut more are wanted. Odd bits of information concerning manifold phases of city and trial activity and what not are of double value if accompanied by suitable pictures. Photographs of the most productive field, the fattest hog, the biggest apple, the prize hen, the best horse, the most blooded cow, and freaks of nature are indicative of what is wanted from the stand-point of the farmer; while the interest of the lumberman, manufacturer, business man and others will be pictured in others will be pictured in an equally specialized degree if suitable material is forthcoming. Photographs that incite civic pride or awaken historical interest are also desired; and fair compensation will be made for

the Publishers Herschelmann, commander of the Vilha district, hastened, however, to confirm the death sentence, and all four mon in Russia rather than otherwise. It ing day a telegraphic order suspending the execution of Rottenberg and Renszichek arrived from St. Petersburg.' Ekaterinoslay eight prisoners

charged with organizing the railway

strike of 1905 have ben executed.

Nova in Fifthy Condition. Great indignation has been aroused ere by the awful disclosures made by Professor Inostrantseff concerning the disgusting state of the river Neva as the percunial source of infection for the population of this city. Professor Inostrantseff has scientiffically studied the river and its water for 40 years and he now states the conclusion at which he has arrived—viz., that the Neva, over the whole of its course of 46 mfles, is nothing but a collector of indescribable filth and disease germs from innumerable mills, factories, vil lages, cemeteries, and 120,000 inhabi tants along the banks of the main

BOY'S SEVERE

Covered with Bleeding Humor when a Baby - Poor Little Sufferer Found No Rest and Could Only Fret and Cry Until Very First Use of Cuticura Brought Sleep.

JUSTICE OF PEACE TELLS OF CURE BY CUTICURA

"My baby boy was afflicted with ecsems. It ran on him until he was
full of sores from his head
to his feet. Even the
bottom of his feet were
full of cracks with the blood coming out. I be-lieve that his case was as bad as it generally gets, for he was bleeding all over and could not rest. He was too small to tell anything about it, only to fret and cry. We could

get nothing to relieve him until we got the Cuticura Ointment and the first application of the Ointment and the first application of the Ointment put him to sleep. Then we used Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap and he continued to improve until cured. The boy is all right now and has been for the last seven or eight years. I believe that the Cuticura Remedies will cure all cases of eczema if used right, as I know that they were the first things that gave our baby relief. D. J. Pierce, Justice of the Peace of Lee Co., Cameron, C., Oct. 23 and Nov. 7,

30 YEARS' FAVORITE For Tortures of the Skin and

Scalp Is Cuticura.

For more than thirty years Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, assisted when necessary by Cuticura Resolvent, have been the favorites in tens of thousands of households for torturing, dis-figuring humors of the skin and scalp that itch, burn, scale, crust and bleed Peace falls on distracted households when Cuticura enters, bringing prompt relief, permitting rest and sleep and pointing to a speedy cure when all else fails. Guaranteed absolutely pure.

Cutieura Soap (25c.), Cutieura Ontment (50c.) and Cutieura Resolvent (50c.), (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pilis, 25c. per vial of 60). Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Cham. Corp., Sole Props. 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. agr 35-page Cutieura Book, mailed free, giving description.

GLAVIS ASSAILS

Claims Secretary Was Spy as Well as Attorney for the "Interests."

Washington, Nov. 6 .- Louis R. Glavis pens again the warfare against Ballinger with an article to appear the coming week in Collier's Weekly, wherein he plainly will charge Ballinger, Assistant Secretary Pierce, Commissioner Dennett and Chief of Field Service Schwartz with collusion with Cunningham and others who had fraudulent coal claims in Alaska. Glavis will assert that Ballinger ordered the Cunningham claims to patent when he knew they

ments of special agents, supplying them with copies of official records from hers. He asserts that only by sppealing to the attorney general could be (Clavis) prevent the claims from going to patent. Wickersham giving an opinion overturning the official decision of Pierce, who clear-listed the claims for patent. patent. He makes the accusation that certain of the claimants refused to make affidavits, saying that Hallinger advised them not to make any statements until they knew what they had to meet. The forthcoming article has been heralded here, where it is admitted that It raises again the question that can be

settled only by the retirement of either Ballinger or Pinchot.

The certainty of a congressional in vestigation is also admitted.

COAST PEOPLE TAKE PASSAGE FOR EUROPE

(Publishers' Press Leased Wire.)

New York, Nov. 6—Among those who sailed from New York today on the steamer Berlin are: Mr. and Mrs. William Bunker, Mr. Carl Ariani, Mrs. Jacob Auer, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Flure. were under suspension, urged the enact-ment of a law he knew would have cob Auer, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Flurvalidated these fraudulent claims and that throughout his service Ballinger threw his influence for hasty patenting in the face of protests that new evidence was being uncovered.

Charges that Ballinger kept the Cun-Mrs. James Carlos Ghormley and infant.

The loss of fat is often as much as sheim, Misses Hedges and Maria and Master Michael Flursheim, of San Francher of San Franch

Thorne, Renton, Wash.; Marguerite Wrenn, Spokane; Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. and Messrs. Fewis and T. Joselyn,

Moving picture operators in Philadelhia have formed a unic

Delightful Action of Home

Taking a teaspoonful three times i day after meals and at bedtime of this mixture—16 oz. Marmola, 16 oz. Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic, and 31/6 oz. Peppermint Water, a simple mixture Peppermint Water, a simple mixture any druggist can supply—causes a delightfully easy and even sliding off of the fat. The first parts of the body to show its effect are usually those that are particularly objectionable when overfat—viz., the double chin, hips, and fat-loaded abdomen. When these begin to decline the remedy seems to take notice of other overfat parts such as the

The loss of fat is often as much as

BULLETIN

FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE PUBLIC

Verbatim Copy of Correspondence Passing Between the Building Trades Council and the Trustee Company of Portland

Portland, Oregon, November 2, 1909.

To The Trustee Company of Portland, Oregon-

Gentlemen: In response to your request made at the conference held this date between representatives of your Company and the representatives of the Building Trades Unions, that the latter submit to you in writing the request of the Building Trades Unions there represented, we herewith

We desire Union conditions to prevail for all building trades mechanics employed on the Olds Wortman & King building. Union conditions to mean union hours, union wages, union rules and union men. We also ask that representatives of the unions interested be permitted on the building at the noon hour, or at working hours, if an emergency arises. In an emergency case, however, the representative of the Union involved to consult with the Architect in charge or his represen-

We herewith enclose, on behalf of the Carpenters' Union, the constitution, by-laws, and working rules of the District Council of Carpenters of Portland and vicinity, calling special attention to pages 16 and 17. (Enclosure No. 1.)

For the Electrical Workers' Union we enclose the agreement in vogue between the Electrical Workers' Union and firms employing union electricians. (Enclosure No. 2.)

For the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' Union we likewise submit customary agreement between that Union and Union employers. (Enclosure No. 3.)

For the Plumbers, Gas and Steamfitters' Union we submit eight hours to constitute a day's work, between 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. Wages to be \$5.00 per day. Overtime to be time and onehalf until midnight, double time after midnight and during legal holidays. Jurisdiction: Plumbers, gas and steamfitters to do all pipe work, except conduit work and sprinkler fitting.

For the Painters' Union we submit their by-laws and their list of union firms. (Enclosure

We likewise ask that all subcontracts be let to contractors employing union men. Respectfully yours,

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF PORTLAND AND VICINITY By (Signed) J. L. LEDWIDGE, Business Agent.

Portland, Oregon, November 3, 1909.

Building Trades Council of Portland and Vicinity-

Gentlemen: Replying to your written communication of the 2d inst., in relation to working conditions upon the building known as the "Olds, Wortman & King building," we beg to say that said building is being constructed solely by us. Olds, Wortman & King have no control over the construction work. The building is called the "Olds, Wortman & King building" because that firm is to occupy the building under a 25-year lease.

If you assent to the proposals stated herein, to control until the completion of said building, we hereby offer:

First-We offer to continue our enforcement of Union hours upon said building so far as same have been specified in your communications.

Second-We offer to pay Union wages on said work so far as specified in your communications. Third-We offer to observe Union rules as to overtime, double time and holidays, so far as specified in your communications.

Fourth-We offer to enforce Union rules on said work so far as same have been specified in your communications, except where the same may seem to us unreasonable.

Fifth-Replying to your request that Union men only be employed, we beg to say that we approve of labor organization so far as its plans and practices are reasonable and equitable, and we hereby offer to give preference to Union men in all further additions to our force, so long as we can find among those applying sufficient Union men who are competent and who render fair and satisfactory service. We believe it to be absolutely essential in business, the world over, that the employer retain the right to select and dismiss employes, and to employ non-Union men whenever Union conditions become unreasonable. In other words, we believe that "the closed shop" policy

takes away from employers the selection and control of employes to an extent that is destructive of business efficiency and injurious to the interests of the public at large, and, in the end, disastrous to the welfare of the employes themselves.

Sixth-We offer to provide a time and place in the building for a meeting in each line of trade where you may desire it, between your representatives and our employes in that line of trade, the time therefor to be provided during working hours on our time, in order that you may have opportunity to invite present employes to become members of your Unions. We will neither coerce nor hinder any man in the matter of joining a Union. We do not, however, deem it reasonable or safe to allow general access to the building during the noon hour (which the men have elected to shorten to 30 minutes), nor during the working hours, either for meetings or individual conferences, except by arrangement with the Architect or Superintendent in charge. The details for any meeting, to be arranged for as above, will be arranged with you by the Architect in charge.

Seventh-Your request that we let subcontracts to concerns employing Union men only seems to us unreasonable, for the reasons mentioned elsewhere herein. We have no desire to secure efficiency in our own work nor low bids from subcontractors upon the basis of wages that are lower or hours that are longer than would be fair and reasonable. We feel that the relationships between your organization and other contractors should be handled between yourselves, and that we should not make specifications to control other contractors in that matter.

Eighth-We beg to point out two rules, more or less common among your Unions, that seem to us unreasonable:

(a) Your rules for limiting the number of apprentices seem to us, in many cases, unreasonable -for instance, the rule allowing but two carpenter apprentices on our building, where we have had at times from 70 to 80 carpenters.

(b) Your rules requiring that foremen shall be members of a Union we consider unreasonable, because it takes away from employers that freedom of selection which is necessary in order to secure foremen with the degree of skill and personal fidelity that is essential in every business or-

Ninth-Some of your rules and regulations as to what material and labor may be handled by ordinary laborers or by helpers, and as to the work covered by different trades, seem to us unreasonable, because they greatly enhance the cost of certain lines of work in an unreasonable way. Tenth-We favor the policy of trying to settle general differences between employers and em-

ployes, if any arise, by arbitration as to the equity and fairness of the questions involved. Eleventh-We will be willing at all times to confer with your representatives in every reasonable way as to the equity and fairness of the labor conditions upon our work. · Very respectfully yours,

THE TRUSTEE COMPANY OF PORTLAND.

Big Special Sale of Ostrich Plumes ANOTHER BIG SHIPMENT JUST RECEIVED. The plumes offered in this sale are direct from the Ostrich farm from male birds, the finest the world knows. Glance at the prices and see the plumes in our window. A pretty plume is the envy of all womankind, and this season of large hats gives them a double demand. \$8.00 Ostrich Plumes, 20-inch, sale price.....

Eleven hundred employes have already leen sent away from factories in Hamburg, and further dismissals are pendpealing to the government to acceler

The workmen's associations are apate the distribution of the special fund four million marks set aside in the budget for the relief of unemployment counsel by the lobacco tax.

Mot So Dead, After All. seems that the report of the of Shephard Ast, the notorious quack doctor of Radbruch, is without foundation. The circulation of the rewas merely an advertising device. intended to revive Ast's practice, which during the last menth or two had shown a tendency to decrease. The publication of the news of his death, to

From 9 to 10 and 2 to 3 we will give FREE to every woman visiting our ostrich plume sale a fancy feather.

tempted in this county.

German newspapers, followed by the

announcement that, after all, the won-

derful man was living, have produced

Big Field of Cabbage.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

given exclusively to that vegetable.
They are planted on ordinary land, such largest field in the Willamette valley

where, and grew entirely without ir-

rigation. The growing of cabbage on

an extensive scale has never been at-

The Tennessee Federation of Labor

will meet in Chattanooga in January

FREE! FREE! OStrich Plume Co

all that are accepted.

"DIRECT FROM OSTRICH FARM TO YOU." 303 Washington Street—Just West of Fifth full-size Ostrich bird.

Fancy Feathers FREE! Also see the free exhibit

\$12.00 Willew Plumed Ju.... \$18.00 Willow Plumes. \$20.00 Princess Plumes, 24-inch. 814.00 \$14.00 816.50 \$17.00 As an adjunct to this great sale we how a genuine maje Ostrich in front our store, which was secured through

\$30.00 Willow Plumes. 4....

\$4.50 Black Tips, three in a bunch, \$2.75 Birds of Paradise . . . \$15.00 and \$20.00

By (Signed) C. K. ALDRICH, Architect and Manager of Construction