

MORE WHEAT USED AT HOME

Bureau of Statistics Accounts for Increased Exports—Elaborate Comparisons of Production, Consumption and Exportation

Washington, Nov. 6.—The continued decline in the exportation of breadstuffs leads interest to a statement just prepared by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor which shows a steady increase in the share of the wheat crop of the United States consumed at home and thus a decline in the quantity sent abroad. The exportations of wheat during the nine months ending with September, 1909, amounted to only 27,765,901 bushels, against 63,178,925 bushels in the same months of 1908; and of flour, 6,288,283 barrels, against 8,428,347 in the same months of last year, suggesting that the calendar year 1909 will show a smaller exportation of wheat than any year in the last decade with the exceptions of 1894 and 1905.

Comparison of Years Since 1890.

The statement, as prepared by the bureau of statistics, shows the production of wheat, the imports, the exports and thus the consumption, for each single year since 1890 and also the annual average for five year periods. The exportations of wheat, including flour in terms of wheat, averaged 150,000,000 bushels per annum during the five years ending June 30, 1894, 159,000,000 per annum in the five years ending with June, 1894, 171,000,000 per annum in the five years ending with 1894, 192,000,000 in the five years ending with 1894, 443,000,000; in the five years ending with 1899, 443,000,000; in the five years ending with 1899, 412,000,000; in the five years ending with 1904, 635,000,000, and in the five years ending with 1909, 656,000,000 bushels. Thus the average annual production during the last five years has exceeded that of any earlier five year period, yet the average exportation in the five years ending with 1909 was but 115,000,000 bushels per annum, against 322,000,000 in the immediately preceding five years, a decrease of 40 per cent. in exportations in the last five year period, although production in the last five years was greater than in any earlier period.

More Wheat Used at Home.

This reduction in exports of wheat seems to be due to increased consumption at home rather than to any decline in production. The annual production in the five calendar years preceding the close of the fiscal year 1894 averaged 451,000,000 bushels; in the five years ending with 1899, 440,000,000; in the five years ending with 1904, 635,000,000; in the five years ending with 1909, 656,000,000 bushels. The average annual production during the last five years has exceeded that of any earlier five year period, yet the average exportation in the five years ending with 1909 was but 115,000,000 bushels per annum, against 322,000,000 in the immediately preceding five years, a decrease of 40 per cent. in exportations in the last five year period, although production in the last five years was greater than in any earlier period.

Low Prices No Explanation.

Nor can it be said that the decrease in exports of wheat is due to low prices offered in other parts of the world, since the price at which the exportations of the year occurred ranged from 98 cents per bushel in June, 1905, to \$1.25 per bushel in June, 1909; while the fact that the home market consumed an unusually large part of the product indicates that the prices paid at home compared favorably with those offered abroad.

Consumption Comparisons.

This falling off in the exports of wheat in the face of an increased production, indicates, of course, an increased home consumption. The bureau's figures of consumption in the United States show the average annual consumption for the five years ending with 1894 as 302,000,000 bushels; for the five year period ending with 1899, 322,000,000; for that ending with 1904, 624,000,000; for the five years ending with 1909, 642,000,000; for the five years ending with 1904, 624,000,000, and for the five years ending with 1909, 642,000,000 bushels. The annual per capita consumption averaged 5.74 bushels in the five years ending with 1894, 5.74 bushels in the five years ending with 1899, 4.98 bushels in the five years ending with 1904, and 4.98 bushels in the five years ending with 1909. These figures indicate a decrease of 40 per cent. in consumption in the last five year period.

DEVELOP YOUR BUST

50c Package FREE to Any Woman Who Wants a Beautiful Figure



Women need to be helped and embarrassed because they are thin, flat chested and undeveloped. For science has found a simple way to give the beautiful curves of a perfect figure. To prove this, let us send you free of charge a 50c package that will show you how easily the bust can be developed from two to seven inches and become firm, plump and firm.

rate not only a larger consumption as a result of increased population, but also a larger consumption per capita. The share of the domestic product exported, which averaged about 32 per cent in the five year periods ending with 1894, 1894, and 1899, fell to 20.7 per cent in the five year period ending with 1904 and 17.25 per cent of the total in the five year period ending with 1909.

PUPILS TO STUDY CIVIC AFFAIRS

Chicago Educates for Ideal Municipal Government for the Future.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Chicago of the next generation is to be an ideally governed city, or the board of education will be disappointed. A "Chicago course" is to be introduced in the public school curriculum next January and the pupils are to be made familiar with the government of this city to the last detail and learn the exact scope of the business transacted daily at the stockyards, the number of charitable organizations in the city and many other facts that will aid in the performance of their future civic duties.

Five Hours in Each Week.

After January 1, 1910, the eighth grade pupils of every public school in the city will spend five hours a week—an hour a day—studying Chicago, its history, its geography, its municipal government, its manufactures, its commercial activities, its educational and philanthropic institutions, its political and social influence in the nation.

Textbooks will be used, but not exclusively, for the "laboratory method" is to be the backbone of the course, and Chicago, before the children are through, is to undergo the closest and most thorough inspection in its experience. Frequent excursions will be made in school hours to various important points, teachers and principals accompanying the pupils and explaining things, first having carefully brushed up on their own information. Parties of youngsters will ransack the city hall from top to bottom, and the city department that goes uninvestigated may consider itself fortunate. Manufacturing plants and the big commercial houses will be visited. The social settlements, the parks and the charitable institutions will be looked into.

"Chicago Course" in Detail.

Here is the "Chicago course," as Mrs. Young announced it after the conference:

History—

Explorations and settlements of the French in the Northwest, George Rogers Clark's expedition, ordinance of 1787, creating the Northwest territory, Fort Dearborn and the war of 1812, Illinois as a state, its part in the Mexican and Civil wars, the world's fair.

Geography—

Advantages of Chicago's location, resources of Illinois and the northwest, waterways, railroad development.

Industries—

The stockyards, rolling mills, agricultural implement manufacturing, machinery, electrical supplies, furniture, books, musical instruments, boot and shoe and clothing, industries in the neighborhood of each school.

Social Activities—

Educational institutions, philanthropic enterprises, social settlements, hospitals, churches.

Municipal and Civic Affairs—

City government, the city hall, fire department, police department, health department, county government, state government, park systems, water supply, sewers, care of streets, transportation in the city, gas lighting, electric lighting, tunnels and subways, plans for the government of Chicago.

Takes Place of Algebra.

The "Chicago course" will take the place of algebra in the elementary schools, which was abolished by the board last summer.

"This is important," said Mrs. Young. "If the public schools are established for anything, they are established to make good citizens. I rather think this will land us somewhere."

GIRL DIES IN DEPOT OF ATHLETE'S HEART

New York, May 6.—Marguerite Muriel McCabe, a handsome young woman of 21, lay dead for five hours in the women's waiting room of the Long Island railroad depot before she was discovered. Coroner's Physician Hartung said she had died of "athlete's heart."

Miss McCabe, who was employed by the New York Telephone company, was well known in her own neighborhood because of her ability as an athlete, having won medals in amateur swimming and basketball matches.

According to the police she aroused her mother's anger by remaining away from home. When she returned the mother found in her pocket a letter, and this produced a violent quarrel.

Early Thursday evening, Miss McCabe announced that she was going to Brooklyn. At midnight she was first noticed about the Long Island station. She was next seen to go into the women's waiting room, where she sank upon a chair. At daylight William Seelye, a guard, tried to rouse her and her head body slipped to the floor.

The autopsy showed that McCabe had what is known as "athlete's heart."

Whether the girl had a premonition of coming death is not known, but she left five letters addressed to girl friends.

None of the girl's friends could tell of any man with whom she was involved.

A Regular Stay-at-Home.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 6.—C. J. Gray, a player of St. Louis, has made a remarkable record for remaining at home. During 22 years of residence he has been out of the city for a day and portions of a day on several occasions, but since the very first day he landed in St. Louis he has not left a single night outside the limits of the city.

Special City-Fuller's Metropolitan Of Central Oregon—See Page 2, Sec. 2.

Dental Prices Good for Ten Days

As our business is practically cash, losses from bad accounts are eliminated. This saving, combined with the discounts we secure in buying materials in large quantities, enables us to reduce our fees for dental work to the lowest possible price for reliable dental work.

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| 22-Karat Gold or Porcelain Crown for . . . \$3.50 | Silver Fillings, each 50¢ | The Best Red Rubber Plates, each . . \$7.50 |
| 22-Karat Bridge Teeth (guaranteed), each \$3.50 | Inlay Fillings of all kinds, each . . \$2.50 | Molar Crowns \$5.00 |
| Gold or Enamel Fillings, each \$1.00 | Good Rubber Plates, each \$5.00 | Painless Extracting, local anaesthetic. . 50¢ |

22 YEARS LEADERS IN PAINLESS DENTAL WORK IN PORTLAND



DR. W. A. WISE
Manager of the Wise Dental Co. (Inc.)

We are the originators of Painless and at the same time Moderate Priced Dentistry in Portland. Of course we have had imitators. The Best Painless Dental Work Is the Cheapest.

All Teeth Extracted WITHOUT PAIN. From one to thirty two teeth extracted at one sitting, without a particle of pain, danger or bad after-effects, making the task one of pleasure, rather than one of dread.

Come and See How We Do It The safest and best methods for elderly people and persons in delicate health and for children. No risk, no pain; no bad after-effects. We extract over 100 teeth a day by our painless method, and are equipped for just this kind of work.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Our system of taking impressions of the mouth is original with us. It does away with that nauseating and disagreeableness produced by the old way. We exercise particular care in selecting the proper teeth for size and color, and fit them first on a wax form so that the patients can satisfy themselves that the teeth are what they want, and get a correct idea of how they will look when ready for use. Dr. Wise gives his personal attention to this branch of dentistry and every plate made is inspected by him. Producing nearly 2500 plates a year is a pretty good indication that our methods and workmanship are appreciated by the public.



DR. H. A. HUFFMAN
One of the Members of the Wise Dental Co. (Inc.) An Expert in all Branches of Dentistry

Crown and Bridge Work

One of the most important branches of the dental profession we have brought to the highest state of perfection. Our bridges fit so perfectly that there is no pulling on the anchor teeth and they are set so firmly that they chew your foods as well as natural teeth. It is a shame to have an empty gap in your mouth when relief is so easy.



Out-of-Town People

Should remember that our force is so arranged that WE CAN DO THEIR ENTIRE CROWN, BRIDGE AND PLATE WORK IN A DAY if necessary. POSITIVELY PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE when plates or bridges are ordered. WE REMOVE THE MOST SENSITIVE TEETH AND ROOTS WITHOUT THE LEAST PAIN. NO STUDENTS—NO UNCERTAINTY

All Work Guaranteed for 15 Years
Examination Free Every Day

We Are Incorporated and It's a Splendid Guarantee

Of our efficiency and permanency in business. Few offices in the Union have attained the volume of work and extensiveness of organization to warrant incorporation. It is an assurance to patrons that the offices will be continued, so that they may have their work not only done today, but five or ten years from now, as the case may be. It makes the guarantee of this dental organization means just what it says.

THE WISE DENTAL COMPANY, Inc.

DR. W. A. WISE, President and Manager
THE FAILING BUILDING, COR. THIRD AND WASHINGTON STS.
OFFICE HOURS 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.; SUNDAYS 9 TO 1. PHONES A. AND M. 2029.
LADY ASSISTANTS ARE ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

THE STORE WHERE BARGAIN PRICES & BARGAIN VALUES DO THE TALKING

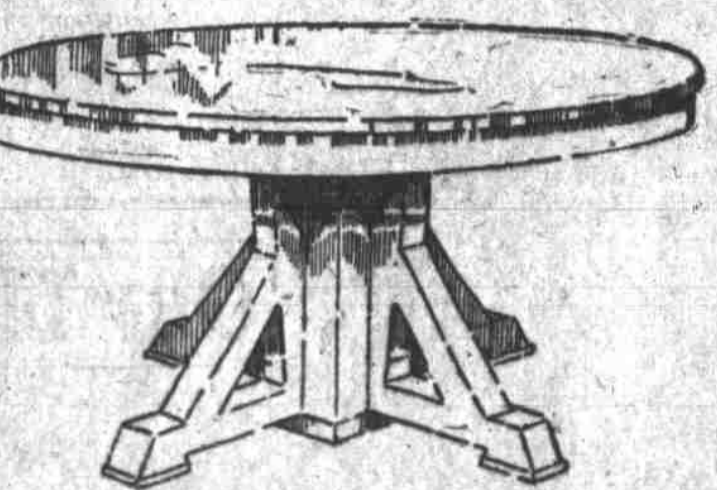
BUY HERE AND BE THANKFUL

DINING ROOM FURNITURE

THE DESIGNS COMPEL APPRECIATION

Thanksgiving Suggests It—and naturally—for the furnishing of the dining room seems to have such an unconscious influence on the enjoyment of the dinner

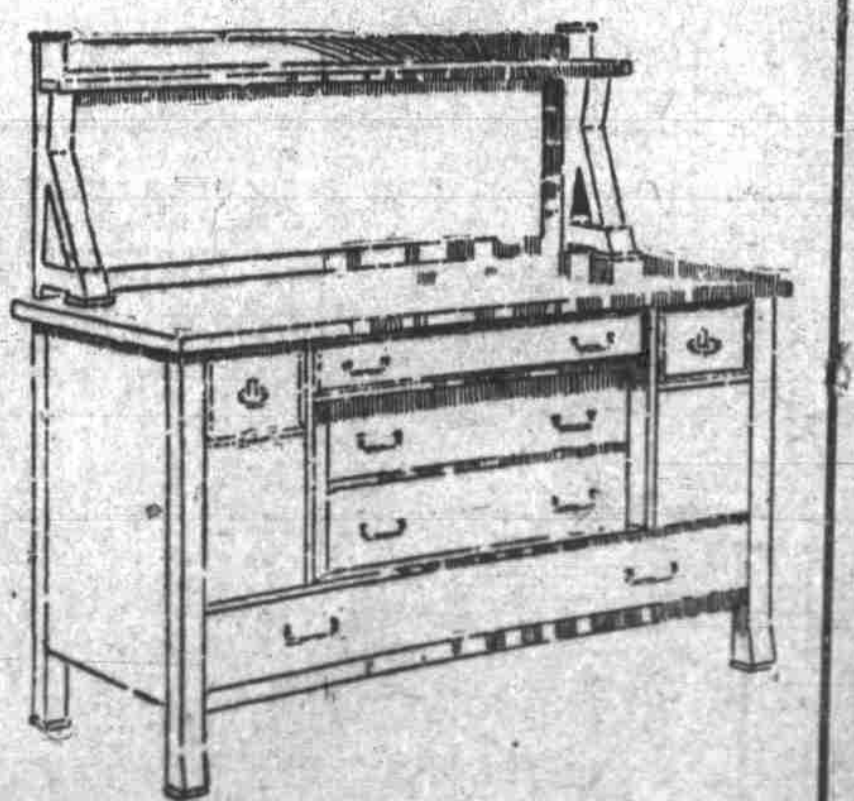
Show Your Taste and Cultivation, Do Not Spend All of Your Days in an Out-of-Date Dining Room



Be up to date, there is no excuse for not doing so, especially when we offer such opportunities to discard your old furniture and replace it with new, up-to-date pieces at a very small cost.

You do not have to have all cash, either

Pay a little each week or a little each month



- ### Suggestions as to How to Arrange the Thanksgiving Table
- CENTERPIECE**—Large basket, filled with fruits of the season, wreathed with autumn leaves and decorated with oats, the handle bearing a large bow of red satin ribbon.
 - AT COVERS**—Small similar baskets, filled the same way, and decorated similarly; place cards tied to joined handles with red ribbon.
 - SOUVENIRS**—Imitation pumpkins, as candy boxes.
 - CANDLESTICKS**—Red candles, in cut glass candlesticks with autumn leaves as shades, and autumn leaves decorating a narrow ruffle at edge of tablecloth.

HENRY JENNING & SONS

SECOND AND MORRISON "HOME OF GOOD FURNITURE"