

TWO KILLED IN CAVE ON SOUTHERN PACIFIC

LA FOLLE THE CANNON'S EAR WOULD SPIKE CANNON

Insurgent Leader in Senate Says West Will Be in Line for Spoiling of Uncle Joe's Hopes of Reelection to the Speakership.

"There is no such thing as representative government for the different congressional districts in the United States and never will be so long as Cannonism is tolerated. I am trying to make Cannonism the issue in every state where it can be made so," emphatically declared Senator Robert La Follette, leader of the redoubtable insurgent contingent of the United States senate in an interview this afternoon. The dynamic senator passed through Portland today on a lecture tour of the country during which he has carried on a relentless attack against the great business interests which are dominating both the national senate and the house through their puppet leaders, Aldrich and Cannon.

Against System.

"This fight is not so much against Cannon and Aldrich as against the system which they represent," continued the senator, "and I do not want to refer to the personal character of either gentleman. While I am dissecting my campaign against Cannonism on this trip through the country, what I say about the gag system in the house applies also to the senate. The same principle underlies both."

"The liberation of the house of representatives from the stranglehold of the system typified by Cannon is absolutely necessary if the people of these United States are to have a voice in the government. The one man rule must go."

"In order to put the national congress on the basis intended for it by the men who drafted the constitution we must overthrow the present rules. In order to amend the rules of the house, the people must be enlightened as to their blighting effect. That is the purpose of my trip."

One for Cannon.

"In my own state there are 10 representatives and only one of these stood for Cannon in the recent rebellion when the fight for the new rules was defeated by the standpatters only after they had sought aid from the Democratic party. Twenty-nine Republicans had refused to vote for the adoption of the rule clothing Cannon with the appointive power. In this crisis the word was passed to the lobby, and then the powerful corporate interests called on their aides in the Democratic party. Twenty-three responded and Cannon was upheld."

"Representative Fitzgerald of New York was called to the telephone when the issue was in doubt, and he was told that the business interests of New York demanded his support. He fell in line. Senator Smith of New York was also called to the phone and ordered to vote 'right.' Sulzer refused to be coerced. He told the Tammany boss at the other end of the line to go to h—l."

"I find that the sentiment on the Pacific coast is against Cannonism, and against the system and I expect the contest for representative government will draw its staunchest support from this section of the country."

How do you account for the attitude of the Oregon delegation? the senator was asked.

"Well, I have not been able to ascertain how they voted, but if they supported Cannon..."

(Continued on Page Two.)

GAMBLERS WAR ON EACH OTHER

Chicago Police Believe the Bomb Throwing Result of Factional Fight.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—The police admit they are unable to find any trace of the men who yesterday exploded two bombs in the downtown district in buildings occupied by gambling clubs. The first bomb was exploded in the building at 205 State street and the second, 16 minutes later, near the corner of La Salle and Madison streets. The Empire club is located in the State street building and the Worth Jockey club has offices and rooms in the building near the corner of La Salle and Madison streets.

The police believe the bombs were thrown by one faction of gamblers that is fighting another. For two years the bombs have been exploded intermittently in the vicinity of gambling houses and racing bookmakers' establishments in Chicago.

Thirty-three bombs have been exploded in the downtown district of Chicago in the past two years.

CANNON'S EAR CLOSE TO GROUND

Now Favors "Ample Appropriations for Deep-Waterways"—Pinchot Outlines Development Plan; Defends Forest Service.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
New Orleans, La., Nov. 1.—Delegates to the waterways convention are rushing through the work in an effort to make up for the time lost Saturday due to the lateness of President Taft's arrival. Today's session will be occupied with the report of the resolution's committee. The resolutions, if accepted, will advance a definite plan for deepening the Mississippi channel and will also include a definite estimate as to the cost.

Besides the speeches of Secretary Dickinson and Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot the one big hit of today was the statement of Speaker Joseph Cannon, who, after explaining that he had been called away by a mandatory telegram, stated that he was in favor of ample appropriations for deep waterways.

When the statement was read Cannon was heartily applauded.

Pinchot Defends Forest Service.

Forester Gifford Pinchot in an address advocated systematic development of a grand waterways scheme under the supervision of a national commission, and defended the forest service against those who charge ineffectiveness in administration. He also urged organized resistance to the power grabber. In part he said:

"Every river is a unit from its source to its mouth. If it is to be given its highest usefulness to all the people it must be developed with that idea clearly in mind. To develop a river for navigation alone, or power alone, or irrigation alone, is often like using a sheep for mutton, or a steer for beef, and throwing away the leather and the wool."

Development Plan Outlined.

"A progressive plan for the development of our waterways is essential. Pending the completion of that plan, work should proceed at once on some of the greater projects which we have already in mind. First and foremost of these by unanimous consent is the improvement of the Mississippi river."

Forest Service's "Illegal" Acts.

"The forest service has had ample legal authority for everything it has done. Not once since it was created has any charge of illegality, despite the most searching investigation and the bitterest attack, ever led to reversal or reproof by either house of congress by any congressional committee. Since the creation of the forest service the expenditure of more than \$11,000,000 has passed successfully the scrutiny of the treasury of the United States. Most significant of all, not once has the forest service been defeated as to any vital legal principle underlying its work in any court or administrative tribunal of last resort. Thus those who make the law and those who interpret it seem to agree that our work has been legal."

Courts Sustain the Service.

"Fortunately for the forest service, the point of view which it worked out for itself under the pressure of its responsibilities was found to be that of the supreme court. Every exercise of the powers granted to the secretary of agriculture by statute has been in accordance with the principles laid down by Chief Justice Marshall 30 years ago in the case of McCulloch vs. Maryland (4 Wheat, 471), when he said as to powers delegated by the federal constitution to congress:

"Let the end be legitimate, let it be within the scope of the constitution, and all means which are appropriate, which are plainly adapted to that end, which are not prohibited, and which consist of the ordinary means, are constitutional."

(Continued on Page Six.)

WAR VETERAN IS KICKED TO DEATH

For Trivial Reasons Colored Crap Shooter Brutally Kills Aged Man.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 1.—A negro is searching for Sam Swops, a posse who knocked down and kicked to death Arthur Smith, a white, Civil War veteran. If the negro is apprehended he will undoubtedly be roughly handled. Smith accidentally kicked the dice in a street game of craps in which Swops was participating. Despite the apology of the white man, the negro knocked him down, kicked him to death and escaped to the woods.

GEBHARDT AND THE 'PLAIN CLOTHES MEN'



Frederick Gebhardt, alias Otto Mueller, the self-confessed murderer of Anna Luther, whose body thrown into the bushes at Brentwood Moor, near Islip, L. I., in April, 1908, was not discovered until a year elapsed. According to his own story, he met the girl in 1907 and married her a year later and took her to Germany on a honeymoon, despite the fact that he was then married to a woman in Astoria, L. I. Returning in April, 1908, he took her to see friends in Newark, while he called on his wife in Astoria. Finding she had a baby, he decided to get rid of his second wife. A fanatic love of looking at real estate took him to Islip, where he tried to get money from her. When she raised her head for a kiss he fired twice into her head. According to the police he had robbed several girls under promise of marriage. The picture above, received from New York today, shows prisoner on way to court in charge of two plain clothes men.

GIVES HER LIFE FOR CHILDREN

Bellingham Fire Brings Death to Four—Widow's Heroic Deed.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Bellingham, Wash., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Josie Kraemer, a widow, lies in a local hospital with a broken back, but her two babies are safe. For the mother gave her life to rescue them from an early morning fire that destroyed three frame lodging houses. The body of Frank Gorman has been taken from the smoking ruins and firemen are searching for the body of Billy Dawson, his roommate. Mrs. Kate Gussin was perhaps fatally injured when she jumped from a second story window to the pavement.

The origin of the blaze is unknown, but it is thought to have been started in the room occupied by Gorman and Dawson. The buildings burned are a row of two and three story frame structures on Elk street, and they were in a space of flames in a few minutes after the first blaze was noticed. The fire department with difficulty saved adjoining property. The loss is about \$30,000, partly covered by insurance.

UNIVERSITIES BITTER FIGHT IN MAY TABOO FOOTBALL

Heny Receives Encouragement from Judge Lindsey of Denver, Colo.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Nov. 1.—There is no "let" before the storm in the campaign here—the hottest and in some ways the most vicious the city has experienced in many years.

"Fight right up to the last minute." This is the order that has gone out from the managers and San Francisco has seldom been so thoroughly aroused by a political contest.

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ALL EYES ON NEW YORK ELECTION

National Issues Touched at Every Point in the Fight to Oust Tammany—Cities Where Graft Issue Is Sharply Drawn.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
New York, Nov. 1.—The overshadowing feature among all the state and city elections that will be held tomorrow will be the contest in this city, involving as it does issues that are truly national in scope. Secondary only in importance and public interest to the New York contest are those that will be settled at Philadelphia and San Francisco. The district attorneyships in these cities are the fight centers, the graft issue being paramount with concrete cases already defined and pending.

The majority election in New York, a triangular battle between Judge Gaynor, Democrat; Hearst, Independent; and Otto Bannard, Republican, will bring out a heavy vote. The managers of all three claim victory.

Governors will be elected tomorrow in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Virginia.

General city elections will be held in New York, San Francisco, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Toledo and Buffalo.

TO RIDE IN ON A TIDAL WAVE

(Hearst News Service.)
New York, Nov. 1.—William Randolph Hearst brought his campaign to a close last night with a speech delivered in Madison Square Garden to an audience that jammed the great edifice from floor to roof.

It was estimated that there were 16,000 persons inside the building while at least 40,000 vainly clamored for admittance and crowded the park and streets in the vicinity of the garden.

The meeting was undoubtedly the greatest political demonstration ever witnessed in this city and was hailed on all sides as an indication of an absolute landslide in favor of Hearst.

Tammany Leaders Not Hopeful.

Prominent Tammany men were glum. They admitted, as has been admitted by Tammany, that the county ticket is "hopelessly beaten," and that the nominees for comptroller and president of the board of aldermen were in the same boat. Gaynor and Murphy were criticized severely for the condition of the campaign, and from the bitterness of many of the remarks there was justification for the belief that many hundreds of Tammany men will vote for Hearst in preference to Gaynor, remaining loyal only to the balance of the Tammany ticket.

Gaynor Expresses Confidence.

The Gaynor forces refuse to give out any estimates, but expressed themselves as confident of victory, although there were many signs of dejection among the Tammany leaders.

The Republican estimates as given out last night by Herbert Parsons were: Bannard, 280,000; Gaynor, 190,000; Hearst, 140,000; Bannard's plurality, 70,000. Parsons said he had information that Tammany was planning wholesale frauds, but he was prepared to combat them. He had laid his plans.

(Continued on Page Six.)

GUEST AT FARM MURDERS THREE

Chases Away Host, Kills Wife and Children and Flees.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Gimli, Minn., Nov. 1.—A posse is searching for an unidentified German who is reported to have murdered a woman and two children yesterday on a farm six miles north of this town. According to a report reaching here today, the murders were committed by a German guest at the farm house, who after beating off the farmer and driving him from the house, murdered his host's wife and two small children and escaped to the woods. The names of the victims have not yet been learned.

TUNNEL CAVES ON SHASTA ROUTE

Conductor Richardson and Brakeman Neate Caught Under Sliding Sand—Five Cars Covered—Trainmen May Be Dead.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Dunsmuir, Cal., Nov. 1.—Conductor Ed F. Richardson and brakeman Charles Neate were either crushed or burned to death when tunnel No. 1, a mile south of Coram, on the Southern Pacific railroad, caved in at 2:35 o'clock this morning, burying five cars and the caboose of freight train No. 22, which was composed of 45 cars.

After the cave-in the caboose caught fire from the heating stove and the flames spread to the other cars. It is impossible to tell whether the two victims were killed outright by the cave-in or were burned slowly to death in their subterranean prison after being injured.

Calls for Help.

Men who rushed to the scene thought they heard Neate calling for aid, and from this it is believed he lived for some time after the accident. Both bodies were recovered, but were badly burned, so that it was difficult to tell how seriously they were injured when the rock and earth fell upon the train.

As soon as the accident occurred the engines after having the coupling over to the locomotive at the nearest station for aid.

The accident is attributed to the recent heavy rains, which have soaked the earth until the water has seeped through, combined with the jarring of the heavy freight train as it made its way through the bore.

The tunnel is 450 feet long. The cave-in covered about two hundred feet from the entrance.

Both the dead men lived here. Richardson is survived by a wife and several children.

A force of men is at work trying to clear the tracks, but owing to the condition of the earth and the danger of a further cave-in work is slow. All through traffic is being held up on the Shasta division.

ITALIAN IMMIGRATION MAY BE DIVERTED

Rome, Nov. 1.—Samuel Gompers having told here that the Italians emigrating to the United States suffered a great deal from their inability to find employment in entering the great cities, the affinity existing between the Italian and Spanish languages.

BREATHITT IS FAIRLY QUIET

Troops in Control, Though Feudists May Get Busy Tomorrow.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Lexington, Ky., Nov. 1.—Mourning news from Jackson indicate that the troops sent there Sunday to prevent bloodshed at Tuesday's election have the situation well in hand today. An assembling of armed feudists and mountaineers indicates, however, possible trouble for tomorrow.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 1.—Governor William Wilson of Kentucky is en route to Frankfort in order to be closer to the scene of a disturbance in one of the great cities. On the receipt of word from the Kentucky capital that trouble might occur at tomorrow's election, Governor Wilson, who was in New Orleans to attend the waterways convention, cancelled his arrangements and boarded the first train for the north. It is understood the message that called Wilson home was of the most urgent nature.