

UP TO UNCLE SAM TO DO SOMETHING

United States Rapidly Losing Chinese Trade by Reason of Japanese Invasion and Failure to Live Up to Agreement.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

Washington, Oct. 27.—The United States at this moment faces a crisis in its far eastern relations. Either the traditional American policy of insistence upon the open door and equal opportunity in trade, coupled with respect for the territorial integrity of the Chinese empire, must be abandoned, or the Washington government must protest against Japan's latest seizure in Manchuria. If the department of state shall elect to abandon its Chinese policy, then all the boasted triumphs of American diplomacy will become a laughing stock for the world, especially for the yellow world. If protest is made against Japan's action it must be made in the most delicate of diplomatic fashions, for the slightest blunder would not only cause trouble with Japan, but would place the United States in a most unenviable light with other powers.

Japan's Smooth Game.

As a friendly nation, the United States government has accepted, of course, the numerous declarations of Japan that the Japanese program in Manchuria is altogether in the interests of the open door and the maintenance of equal opportunity. It was for the open door that Japan waged its war against Russia, entirely in accord with the American policy and the Hay agreement. Since the close of that war there has been every indication that the Japanese policy is the reverse of what it professes to be, and that Manchuria is being exploited for Japanese advantage. American trade in Manchuria, principally in cotton piece goods, has been practically destroyed since the Japanese occupation. Yet all the time the American trade depression has been credited to other causes, and the government has been forced to accept the Japanese professions of adherence to the open door policy. There is little doubt but that the state department was convinced that the Japanese were disregarding the Hay agreement. In which the United States is a principal party, and the treaty of Portsmouth, in which the United States has no direct interest except so far as the Washington government is recognized as a champion of Chinese territorial integrity. But there was no positive proof. Every report from private sources in Manchuria tended to show that Japan was not living up to its promises and was immediately and emphatically denied by the Tokyo government. Washington could not refuse to accept the solemn declarations of a power so powerful as Japan, and the statements of private persons. The Japanese diplomatic machinery was active all of the time, and by keeping up a continued, if slight, irritation with the American government it forced Washington to adopt an attitude of conciliation. The friction of that policy was the public interchange of mutual pledges of friendship and confidence between Japan and America. After that performance it became more and more difficult for the United States to question Japanese methods in Manchuria.

Don't Call Nation a Thief.

If, after declaring publicly to the world its entire confidence in the Japanese nation, the American government had protested against Japanese actions in Manchuria in the face of the Tokyo declarations that the first purpose of the open door policy was to maintain the open door, the Japanese might have complained that its motives were impugned. It is a very serious thing for one nation to impugn the motives of another. It frequently means war. But the recent events in Manchuria have somewhat changed the situation. The two treaties forced upon China by the Japanese despite the Chinese protest to the powers and the Chinese appeal to the Hague tribunal, may become the basis of an American protest. By a provision of one of these new treaties it is agreed that the mines on both sides of the Japanese railways in southern Manchuria shall be exploited by Japanese and Chinese capital jointly. So far as is known there is no limit as to how far on each side of these railways this agreement is binding. In other words, the treaty means practically that the Japanese have gained control of all the mineral resources of southern Manchuria.

Can Now Enter Protest.

This constitutes a violation of the doctrine of equal opportunity in that no other nations are permitted to share in the development of Manchurian mines. The Chinese agreement to this treaty.

Avoid Taking Cold

If people would only use ordinary precautions, the toll of disease and death directly traceable to neglected colds would not be nearly so heavy. Learn to breathe properly—don't expose the person needlessly to sudden changes of temperature, dampness and draughts. Get busy with the first sneeze and check a cold before it reaches the lungs. A simple remedy, and one that is highly recommended, is made by mixing two ounces of Glycerine, a half ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whiskey. You can buy these in any good drug store and easily mix them in a large bottle. It is claimed by the Leach Chemical Co. of Cincinnati, who prepare the genuine Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, that a teaspoonful of this mixture four times a day, will break up a cold in 24 hours and cure any cough that is curable.

Mother and Daughter on Stage



Josie and Ethel Intropidi.

In these days of transcontinental runs for the folk of the stage, family ties are little respected by hustling managers and hurry booking agencies, and consequently the appearance of mother and daughter in the same company is rather unique, and stranger still is it that mother and daughter in real life should hold similar relations in the mimic world. Yet such is the case with Mrs. Josie Intropidi and Miss Ethel Intropidi, who are in the support of Edith Foy at the Portland theatre this week.

Mother and daughter have stuck together year after year, and the craft of the stage learned by Mrs. Intropidi has been handed down by her to Miss Ethel, a dainty slip of a girl, yet with

repertoire parts from over 80 comic operas stored away in her clever little head. The last time the Intropidis appeared here was in 1906 with the "Rogers Brothers in Ireland," but prior to this western trip they played with Francis Wilson, Jerome Sykes, in "The Billionaire," Richard Carle, in "The Storke," and last season they played with Lulu Glaser. Mrs. Intropidi has had an interesting career. Only 44 years old, she has played in the original companies of all the famous Gilbert and Sullivan operas, and when but a tiny child, her mother brought her on the stage in a scene from a famous grand opera of the day, in which Adeline Patti was appearing her first success.

DRY FARM TAKES EXHIBIT PRIZES

Irrigated Sections in Crook County Lose Out on Produce at Fair.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Madras, Or., Oct. 28.—Madras county was awarded the lion's share of the prizes for the agricultural exhibit at the Crook county fair, which closed last Saturday. Tillman Renter, a dry farmer of this section, was awarded first prize for wheat, corn, potatoes, carrots and beans, besides being awarded first prize for the best specimen of alfalfa over the irrigated sections. Mr. Renter was awarded first prize for the best specimen of alfalfa over the irrigated sections.

The Culver district, tributary to Madras, was awarded the prize for the best specimen of alfalfa over the irrigated sections. The Crook county fair, which closed last Saturday, was a great success. The prize for the best specimen of alfalfa over the irrigated sections was awarded to Mr. Renter.

AUTOMATIC SAFETY ON CANAL IS SUCCESS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

North Yakima, Wash., Oct. 28.—Testing out the automatic safety device on the wasteway at the headgates of the main irrigation canal and finding it to be in working order, Consulting Engineer D. C. Henny, who is here on a tour of investigation, Engineer E. G. Hopson, supervisor of the Pacific division and Engineers Swigart and Conway of the local officials returned to North Yakima today. They are all pleased with the working order and believe that the engineering feature in connection with the automatic device is one of the most interesting in the reclamation service. The automatic devices connected with an electric current, are so arranged as to automatically open the wasteways and ring an electric bell at the watchmen's stations should the water in the canal be too high or too low. In case the canal is damaged by a stone rolling down the mountain side, or if for any reason the system is not in working order the alarm is sounded so that the water may be shut off at the headgates and the necessary alterations made.

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Secretary of Interior Issues Statement Upon His Return to Washington in Which He Urges Work of Reclamation.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Upon his return to Washington, Secretary of the Interior Ballinger came around with a comprehensive statement reviewing certain work of his department and citing those policies with which he is in perfect accord.

Openly advocating the continuation of the reclamation work as fast as possible even to the extent of issuing bonds against the reclamation funds in order that additional money may be available, Secretary Ballinger proceeds "without fear of contradiction" to deny again the statements circulated that since he has undertaken his cabinet duties, water power sites on the public domain, theretofore withdrawn, have been secured by private parties and continues by repeating that he has energetically made every effort, by temporary withdrawals, to segregate existing power sites on the public domain in order to enable the congress to legislate for their more prudent disposition.

Mans on Pinchot Affair.

The cabinet officer refused, however, to discuss his differences with Gifford Pinchot, the government forester, in any measure, and any who expected that the sturdy row engendered between the two officers of the federal government at Spokane last summer would be repeated were disappointed.

Secretary Ballinger has spent much time of late in inspecting certain parts of the public domain in the west and his statement, issued in the third person, deals largely with this feature of his jurisdiction.

Agrees With President Taft.

"Every measure is to be adopted on the ground that it will be useful to the whole country," continues the statement in regard to the undertaking of irrigation work. It is a declared policy of President Taft with which Secretary Ballinger agrees to carry on irrigation work only where probable feasibility warrants the expenditure of the funds and then "independent of local or political considerations."

As regards the Imperial valley in California, which takes its irrigable waters from the Colorado river, Mr. Ballinger believes those interested in the Imperial valley, in order to obtain a permanent water supply, ultimately will have to take their waters from the Laguna dam. He says the department stands ready to do whatever it can to facilitate the establishment of a permanent supply for the people of this valley.

Scores Indian Schools.

The condition of some of the Indian schools inspected was described by the secretary as a "disgrace to the nation." He declared some of them were nothing but mere rat-traps, foul with age and unsanitary.

Talks on Teeth

BY THE REX DENTAL CO.

WHY DON'T YOU WEAR ALVEOLAR TEETH?

Hardly a day passes that we do not receive one or more letters from patients who are congratulating themselves and us on their new ALVEOLAR TEETH. A lady recently wrote in and told us that her teeth were so natural looking and beautiful that they had rejuvenated her face and friends and those who did not know her so well were completely mystified at the wonderful change in her looks. This was the burden of her note of thanksgiving. Letters of this kind are very gratifying, and they come with much frequency.

"Gentlemen—The work you did for me 10 months ago is very satisfactory. I can use them as I did my own, which in itself is a guarantee of their goodness." "MRS. R. BALDWIN"

In cases where all the teeth are gone we cannot do better than to replace them with perfect fitting plates, something that most dentists can't do. But if two or more teeth are left in either jaw we can restore all the teeth that are missing by the Alveolar Method, and give a patient a set of teeth that are so near to the natural teeth that the work is practically painless, calls for no surgical operation, is not teeth implantation and when done is permanent. The wearer can use the Alveolar Teeth with almost as much satisfaction as if they had grown in his jaws, and is as defensible as any dentist or layman, to tell them from the most beautiful and perfect natural teeth.

Proven the most dreaded disease of the dental profession, commonly known as Riggs' disease, a disease that debilitates a whole man given up as incurable, we claim to cure and guarantee the cure to be permanent. We have hundreds of cases to refer to right here in this city and state. There is seldom a day that we do not discharge one or more patients from our office as cured of this awful disease.

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\$2.45 FOR MEN'S \$3.50 AND \$4.00 DRESS SHOES AND OXFORDS

A great snap for the men folks. This lot consists of hundreds of pairs of Crawford \$4 Shoes, James Means \$4 Shoes, Flinstone \$3.50 Shoes, and other well known makes of Shoes and Oxfords. They come in victrola, calf, skin, tan and black Oxfords and Shoes. Every size and width are here; they all go at the pair \$2.45

\$1.95 For Men's \$2.50 to \$2.75 Union Made Work Shoes

We have hundreds of pairs of men's \$2.50 to \$2.75 all leather Work Shoes, medium and heavy weight, plain or cap toes and popular shapes. Every pair is warranted, all sizes, now \$1.95

\$2.65 PAIR FOR WOMEN'S \$4.00, \$5.00 FINEST DRESS SHOES AND OXFORDS

Made by the best of modern shoe factories, such as Drew, Selby & Co., Portsmouth, Ohio; Julian Kokenge Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Hannah-McCarthy, Rochester, N. Y., and many others; these samples come in patent, victrola, metals and tan in all sizes, now on sale at the pair \$2.65

Child's All-Leather \$1.00 Shoes; a big lot to go at, your choice, 95c

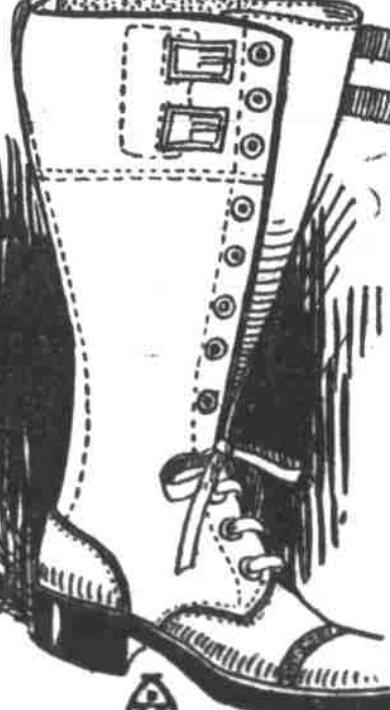
Boys' and Girls' best School Shoes, values to \$2.00; all sizes, up to size 12, \$1.25

Children's \$6.00 to \$7.00 Shoes in tan and black, 99c

Young men's and misses' high grade Dress Shoes, in patent, gun-metal and velvet leathers, all go at \$1.65

Women's \$1.50 Leather Juliettes, rubber soles and rubber heels, 95c Pair

All Sizes



\$1.95 for Choicest Women's Dress Shoes and Oxfords, worth to \$3.50

Every woman in this city should see these Shoes, as they are the best \$3.50 to \$3.50 values. This lot consists of "Red Cross" make, E. P. Reed and C. P. Ford, Rochester—best made—and other well known brands; they all come in the leading styles in Shoes and Oxfords; black, tan and patent and gunmetal; all sizes and widths, all now for \$1.95

\$1.45 a Pair for Women's \$2.50 to \$2.75 All Leather Shoes & Oxfords

Thoroughly reliable and popular styles. Could be worn for miles. Light, medium and heavy soles; real \$2.50 and \$2.75 values everywhere. In samples you can buy them at the pair \$1.45

\$2.95 a Pair for Men's \$5 to \$6 Finest Dress Shoes and Oxfords

Such makes as "J. E. Tiltz" Chicago, Friebrich Fox, Heiler Co., Racine, Wis.; Krippendorff, O'Neil, Cincinnati, and many other fine makes, in all the latest styles, all go in all sizes, pair \$2.95

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Just received 1000 pairs sample high tops for men, women and boys, in black or tan; \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 values. Just the thing for Fall wear. All bunched in one lot, to go at, your choice, per pair

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Child's 66c Rubbers, our price 39c Misses' 66c Rubbers, our price 39c Boys' 75c Rubbers, our price 49c Ladies' 75c Rubbers, our price 49c Men's \$1 Rubbers, our price 69c

Also all kinds of Rubber Boots at Money-Saving Prices.

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