

TO ASCERTAIN HEALTH OF COUNTRY

Joint Committee on Conservation Proposes to Take Inventories of Natural Resources of Every State and Territory of the Country.

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Inventories of the natural resources of every state and territory are proposed in a plan just announced by the joint committee on conservation in this city. The joint committee is national headquarters for the conservation movement, and has offices in the Wyatt building. All of the 48 big national organizations now working with the joint committee are to be asked to help, each in its own special field.

The plan contemplates the practical application by the states and national organizations of the conservation principles declared by the great national organizations in their notable conference at the White House a year ago. Letters explaining the plan have been sent out to the chairmen of the official conservation commissions which the governors of 48 states have appointed, and letters to the national organizations will follow. The list of conservation commissions is constantly growing, and the plan is expected soon to be in operation in practically every state. Some of the national organizations cooperating with the joint committee are the National Board of Trade, the National Association of Manufacturers, the American Federation of Labor, the National Council of Commerce, the big lumber organizations, and others representing all the great national resources of the country.

Plan Proposed by Governors.

The plan for cooperation by the state and national organizations was proposed by the governors and the representatives of national organizations themselves. Details have been worked out by the joint committee on conservation, which they established at their second conference in this city last December. Meeting with the governors in that conference were state conservation commissions, representatives of national organizations, and the national conservation commission. Both President Roosevelt and President-elect Taft took part.

The joint committee has been at work on this plan since March, when it took the work of the National Conservation Commission, which was prohibited from continuing its work under the government by the Tamm amendment to the sundry civil act. On account of the varied natural resources, much difficulty was met in devising a plan which would serve every state equally well. The result was a general plan applying to the whole country rather than to any one state or section or any one class of resources. The joint committee suggests early meetings of the state conservation commissions to take up, first the most pressing conservation problems in the respective states. For instance, in Louisiana it is the terrific state of nature which has made the conservation commission already trying to stop. In Oregon, a pressing question has been water power, which is also a leading issue just now in Michigan and Wisconsin. In many states it is the forest question. The question of conservation of the nation's natural resources is in a great many states, and it is becoming more and more of a general issue.

Will Classify Resources.

In suggesting inventories of state resources, the plan calls for definite statements as to "what we have, where it is, what we use and waste, and what we need to do." The joint committee suggests to the state commissions that the natural resources be classified so far as practicable under the following heads: (1) water resources, (2) forest resources, (3) land resources, and (4) mineral resources and considered in relation to the public health. The statement of conditions as to state resources are to comprise not only natural and mineral resources, but also production, distribution, rate of production, cost and profit of operation, transportation and the estimated duration of supply of those resources, but also local relations with regard to them, with the text of relevant laws.

The state commissions are called upon not only for a statement of local conditions to cover current industrial and economic relations, but also for specific

CATARRH MICROBES

A Dead Microbe Is the Best Microbe
—Hymel Kills Them All

Hymel (pronounced High-o-mee) is a killer of catarrh germs, because when you breathe it in, its antiseptic and germicide properties reach every nook and crevice of the mucous membrane, from the mouth and nose deep into the lungs.

Hymel brings the Australian forests of pine and eucalyptus to your home. It is made of the active principles extracted from these trees.

No one who lives in or near these forests suffers from catarrh. No one who breathes in Hymel, the real forest air of Australia, will have catarrh for long after the treatment starts.

If you want to cure catarrh, croup, bronchitis, coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, or relieve consumption, try Hymel, the common sense cure, the cure that reaches the spot.

A complete Hymel outfit, including a hard rubber inhaler, costs only \$1.00, and extra bottles of Hymel, if afterwards needed, cost but 50 cents. Guaranteed to cure, or money back. Sold by leading druggists everywhere. Sold and guaranteed in Portland by Woodard, Clark & Co.

MI-ONA Cures Indigestion

It relieves stomach misery, sour stomach, belching, and cures all stomach disease or money back. Large box of tablets 50 cents. Druggists in all towns.

Fine Pianos For Rent

Eilers Piano House now has forty more fine pianos to rent; some used, mostly new ones. Terms very reasonable. Rent applied towards purchase. 253 Washington st., or phone Exchange 23, or A-2356.

KRAKAUER BROS.

Highest possible grade.

The Wiles-BAllen Co.

304 OAK ST., COR. FIFTH.

DECEITFUL TRIAL WITNESS IN FEDERAL COURT Says Spud Represents Form of Buckle.

Witness in Federal Court Says Spud Represents Form of Buckle.

A withered fragment of an Irish potato, cut into the form of a harness buckle, became a witness this morning in the case of the government against C. A. Patterson, who is charged with perjury.

Mrs. Mary Knox has preserved the bit of potato, which Patterson declares he carved into the form of the one-piece buckle which he afterward tried to patent. The model was made in 1904 and Mrs. Knox declared she had dried it and kept it ever since.

But in contradiction to this testimony, came Judge J. J. Whitney of Linn county, intruding by Prosecutors Wyatt and Evans for the government, who declared that Patterson during a conversation several years ago, declared he was going to beat his associates, Van Eman and Larson, out of their share in the profits accruing from the patent, securing the title for himself.

The story of the patent buckle amplified by the testimony of yesterday, was that L. B. Larson invented a one-piece buckle intended for use on leather harness and particularly on the traces of a horse-drawn carriage. The government charges that subsequently Patterson perjured himself by making an affidavit to the effect that he was the inventor of the improvement.

Numerous witnesses were examined by the government for the purpose of showing that Patterson's only interest in the buckle was from the standpoint of a promoter. E. A. Van Eman, the principal prosecuting witness, is connected with the Pacific Biscuit company. Patterson is a jeweler. All are residents of Portland.

GEORGE SPRING ADmits ROBBERY

Was One of Pair of Thugs Who Hid in House of F. Lazarus.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Vallejo, Cal., June 2.—George Spring, charged with a brutal assault upon F. Lazarus and his wife of Sausalito, today confessed his guilt to Sheriff Taylor. The confession revealed a plot to rob the couple, which Spring, alleged, was outlined by Vallejo, an acquaintance of Mrs. Lazarus's sister, Mrs. Wharton. According to the story told by Spring, the men secured \$90 in coin and a gold watch.

Tarpy, who is in jail here, denied Spring's accusation and protested his innocence.

Spring said today that he met Tarpy in a Fillmore street resort in San Francisco and that Tarpy told him he had a job for him in Sausalito. Saturday evening, he alleged, the two men went to the Lazarus home and hid beneath the bed occupied by the couple. Lazarus and his wife entered the room and were preparing to retire when they were attacked.

With a heavy blackjack, one of the thugs beat Lazarus into insensibility, ripping his scalp nearly off his head. Mrs. Lazarus fainted. The men then gagged in a quarrel with Edmunds over a question of room rent, and in the course of the quarrel is alleged to have shot his pistol and struck the old man on the head knocking him insensible. He disappeared at once, but when Ruhl's injuries were thought to be serious, he reappeared in Portland. Seven days later, January 6, Ruhl became much worse, and was hurried to the hospital, where he died.

Then a search was started for the missing negro, but all efforts to locate him failed for the time being. The country was flooded with circulars describing him, but until his apprehension at Redding, he was believed to be on the loose. Yesterday Chief of Police Grizmacher received a telegram that the man had been secured at Redding, and he was described as a negro, about 35 years of age, with a fair complexion and a mustache. He is said to have shown traces of syphilis. It is probable from interviews here today that the matter will be dropped.

R. P. Archer, an aged real estate dealer, husband of Mrs. Archer, and executor of her estate, ridiculed the charge that she died of poison and referred his questioners to Dr. M. Rooney, Archer, whose body, exhumed at Oquida, is said to have shown traces of strychnine. It is probable from interviews here today that the matter will be dropped.

Will Interchange Information.

The fullest practicable information as to organization and methods of work are to be interchanged among the states and the results of the state inventories are, in the words of the joint committee, to be published freely for the information of the country and the guidance of "industrial progress."

In its proposed outline the joint committee has taken up the five general divisions of resources in the most minute detail. But in its letter accompanying the outline, it suggests that the detail outline "is designed merely to offer suggestions, largely in answer to inquiries received by the committee. The joint committee expects the commissions first to take up these resources which are most important in the respective states."

"It is of the utmost importance," says the joint committee in its letter to state commissions, "that no state should fail to do its part in the work of cooperation laid out by the governors and representatives of national organizations at the first conference in Washington last December. Your commission, by its continued cooperation in the plan which the joint committee, in conformity with the resolution creating it, has prepared, will supply an indispensable part in a national work of the most vital concern to the whole country."

J. N. Teal, chairman of the Oregon Conservation commission, stated today that the Oregon commission, appointed a year and a half ago by Governor Chamberlain, had been working along the lines suggested by the joint committee on conservation and has done considerable work looking toward the conservation of Oregon's resources. At the last legislative session the temporary commission secured the passage of the present water code regulating the use of water for power and irrigation purposes. That legislative session also created a state conservation commission and Governor Benson reappointed the members of the old commission as the members of the new one.

The principal matter for consideration by the Oregon commission at present is forestry and economical timbering. This is being taken up by it at present. The members of the Oregon commission are: J. N. Teal, President F. C. Young, Eugene C. B. Watson, Ashland; J. N. Hart, Baker City; J. C. Stevens, Portland; Frank J. Miller, Albany; and J. R. Wilson, Portland.

PRISON AND FINE FOR MISUSE OF MAIL

Kansas City, June 2.—For misuse of the United States mails in connection with an Arizona mining venture, S. H. Snider and R. H. May were sentenced today to serve a year each in prison and pay a fine of \$100. Frank H. Horn also found guilty, will receive a similar sentence when his health permits him to appear in court.

The main doors in a leading New York hotel are operated by an electric motor, controlled by a push button in the hands of a doorman.

BANNER MONTH FOR DETECTIVES Clear Up More Cases Than During Any Corresponding Time in Past.

Clear Up More Cases Than During Any Corresponding Time in Past.

"This has been the banner month in the history of the detective department, as never before has there been as great a percentage of cases cleared up as in May, 1909." This is the summing up of Captain Baty of the detective department in his report to Chief of Police Grizmacher.

The report shows that the percentage of "O. K." slips, or slips given to the detectives to work out and returned cleared, runs over 90 per cent for the month, many of them being in closing lost property and so on. No big cases have been left uncleared and a large number of the cases not cleared are of such a nature that it will be impossible to do so, such as where a man loses some money or spends it and then reports that he has been robbed. Out of 88 laundry cases reported during the month 75 were cleared up. Of 28 bad checks returned by the banks 27 were cleared up, six cases of highway robbery were solved, all of them traced to John Mills and Tony Patrick, now under indictment. Two burglaries were cleared up. Two cases of pocket men at work were reported and one was arrested. The same man is suspected of both crimes.

In closing his report Captain Baty speaks of the several complaints made against officers of the department, first against Officer Reed, charged with striking a man without cause, now under indictment. Officer Hyde was sued for \$10,000 for roughly handling a man whom he arrested. Detective Coleman and Price are sued for \$2000 each for false arrest by a man named Holman. Captain Baty says in his report: "As far as I am able to learn all officers were justified in doing just what they did in these cases."

Chief Grizmacher's report shows 974 arrests for the month of May, 60 more than in April. Of these the greater number were for drunkenness, 413 being the total. Forty-one arrests were made for gambling and 31 for larceny. Thirty children were picked up on the streets and all returned to their parents. There were 427 patrol wagon calls and 12 calls for the Red Cross ambulance. Of the number arrested 29 were women.

CLAUD EDMUNDS TO STAND TRIAL

Negro Murderer Will Be Brought Here From Redding.

After being a fugitive from justice for nearly a year and a half with a charge of murder hanging over his head, Claud Edmunds, a negro, who on December 30, 1907, shot and killed over the head with a revolver inflicting fatal injuries, was arrested yesterday morning in Redding, Cal. Detective Sheriff left for Redding today to bring the negro back to Portland.

The crime of which Edmunds is accused occurred December 30, 1907, when he was the proprietor of a negro lodging house at 122 North Seventh street, near the corner of Fifth and became engaged in a quarrel with Edmunds over a question of room rent, and in the course of the quarrel is alleged to have shot his pistol and struck the old man on the head knocking him insensible. He disappeared at once, but when Ruhl's injuries were thought to be serious, he reappeared in Portland. Seven days later, January 6, Ruhl became much worse, and was hurried to the hospital, where he died.

Then a search was started for the missing negro, but all efforts to locate him failed for the time being. The country was flooded with circulars describing him, but until his apprehension at Redding, he was believed to be on the loose. Yesterday Chief of Police Grizmacher received a telegram that the man had been secured at Redding, and he was described as a negro, about 35 years of age, with a fair complexion and a mustache. He is said to have shown traces of syphilis. It is probable from interviews here today that the matter will be dropped.

ARCHER CASE FAILS TO STIR LOS ANGELES

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Los Angeles, June 2.—Unless the police of Oquida, Ill., take action against any person they suspect of complicity in the death of Mrs. Josephine C. Archer, whose body, exhumed at Oquida, is said to have shown traces of strychnine, it is probable from interviews here today that the matter will be dropped.

R. P. Archer, an aged real estate dealer, husband of Mrs. Archer, and executor of her estate, ridiculed the charge that she died of poison and referred his questioners to Dr. M. Rooney, Archer, whose body, exhumed at Oquida, is said to have shown traces of strychnine. It is probable from interviews here today that the matter will be dropped.

The underlings used in their embalming preparations.

The local police have received no word from Oquida, and will take no action until requested to do so.

A REBELLION Food Demanded.

The human body will stand a lot of abuse but sometime it will surely rebel and demand the proper food in place of the pasty, starchy, meaty stuffs on which it has been made sick.

Then is the time to feed Grape-Nuts, the most scientific and perfect food in the world.

A lady of Washington says: "Three years ago I was very ill with catarrh of the stomach and was given up to die by one doctor I laid in bed four months and my stomach was so weak that I could not eat anything but Grape-Nuts. I am now strong and in better health than for a great many years and am gradually growing still stouter. I rely on Grape-Nuts for most of the nourishment I get. The results have certainly been wonderful in my case and I prove that no stomach is so weak it will not digest Grape-Nuts."

"My baby got so fat from feeding on Grape-Nuts I was afraid I would have to stop giving the food to him, but I guess it is a healthy fat for his health is just perfect."

Look in page for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville." There's a reason.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

EVENING POST OF FRISCO SOLD

Los Angeles Interests That Acquired the Evening Globe Purchase Newspaper Established Years Ago by Henry George.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

San Francisco, June 2.—The Globe this afternoon announces the purchase by its owners of the Evening Post, an afternoon paper established about 25 years ago by Henry George. Recently it has been published by Thomas Garrett, formerly city editor of the Examiner.

S. Fred Hogue, president of the Ocean Publishing company, publisher of the Globe, will succeed Garrett as president of the Evening Post Publishing company. The Post was published today under the new management.

The two papers will be published with the same general policies as those of the Globe. No announcement was made as to when they will be consolidated. The details of the consolidation have not been worked out as yet.

S. Fred Hogue came to San Francisco from Los Angeles to assume charge of the Globe when the Ocean Publishing company purchased the paper from the Calkins syndicate, by which the Globe was established last summer.

The Evening Post, prior to its purchase by Thomas Garrett, was under the management of Hugh Hume, editor of the Spectator of this city. The Bulletin and Post were the leading evening newspapers of San Francisco for years, and in the days before the San Francisco fire many strenuous feats of journalism were undertaken by each of them in the hot race of competition. The old home of the Post at Kearney and Bush streets, as well as that of the Bulletin, Bush above Kearney, were destroyed in the fire of 1906. Mr. Garrett then reduced the size of the Post and devoted most of its columns to city printing, the publication being the official city newspaper.

The spirit of the once vigorous and influential newspaper was broken with the passing of "old" San Francisco. The clever man who from the time of Henry George shaped its destiny sought new fields. But the Post is born again, for the personnel of the Globe staff contains the name of more than one man who helped make the Post of "old" San Francisco famous.

TROOPS READY FOR RIOT CALL

(Continued from Page One.)

man who dares attempt to go to work, according to advices received here by J. H. Queal, president of the McCloud Lumber company.

Information concerning the situation at the lumber camp is meager, but President Queal said to the United Press today that he understood there had been no acts of violence. He denied that the strikers had seized a railroad train, but admitted that they had effectively tied up the operations of the company.

The strikers number about 600 men. They were getting \$1.75 and \$2 a day and struck for an increase of 25 cents a day. This demand was refused by the company on the ground that the wage scale was the same as that of other companies in that part of the state.

CELEBRATES 91ST BIRTHDAY AUGUST 13 OF THIS YEAR

PUT BLAME ON PRINTER

(Continued from Page One.)

because the ballots have been printed and are now in the vault of the city auditor waiting for distribution on Monday morning. Owing to this fact it is uncertain whether Mr. Chambers would be able to secure any redress. He is investigating the problem, however, and if possible will attempt to have the fault remedied.

It is recalled that at last place on the list of candidates is usually worth a large number of votes, and the substitution of the names of Devlin and Lombard, the nominees of the Baker and full particulars apply at 142 Third street.

Richardson & Co.'s \$20 suits for \$13.50. Let us show you Salem Woolen Mills Co., Seventh and Stark.

Journal want ads in a word.

HARRIMAN SAID

On the eve of his departure for Europe, E. H. Harriman made the following statement, which applies to you and every man who is paying rent in Portland:

"The business of the country is on a very substantial basis.

"The time is ripe for a warning as to the proper employment of idle money.

"We should be careful that this money be not devoted to the development of fake projects, but on the contrary, used in the upbuilding of real undertakings resting upon solid foundations."

Can you imagine any "real undertaking resting upon a more solid foundation" than that of buying a home for your family?

Can you imagine any better employment for the \$25 a month or so you now pay out in rent?

Can you not just as easily pay us that \$25 a month to apply upon the ownership of a home?

Come to our office and talk it over.

We have beautiful lots for as little as \$150 and up, and sell on any kind of terms, or will build your house and take our pay in rent until paid for.

We allow ample extension of time for payments in case of sickness or lack of employment.

OFFICE OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 9 TO 6 — 418

CORBETT BUILDING, FIFTH AND MORRISON

GREGORY INVESTMENT CO.

CONTAINS NO HARMFUL DRUGS

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption. YELLOW PACKAGE FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Lipman-Wolfe & Co.

VICTOR TALKING MACHINES, \$1 DOWN, \$1 A WEEK

Merchandise of Merit Only

Specially Priced Suits and Waists

Specially Priced Summer Silks

Specially Priced New Cotton Fabrics

Specially Priced Summer Millinery

Specially Priced Leatherware, Drugs

Specially Priced Housefurnishings

Specially Priced Undermuslins

Specially Priced Embroideries, Laces

Specially Priced Neckwear

Specially Priced Summer Underwear

Specially Priced Summer Dress Goods

Articles Specially Priced in every department in the Store. Comparisons in prices will force you to trade here

A New Train de Luxe

The new Soo-Spokane-Portland train de luxe is the swell train running between Portland and the east. This train takes you through scenery of surpassing beauty and grandeur for rail and full particulars apply at 142 Third street.

Richardson & Co.'s \$20 suits for \$13.50. Let us show you Salem Woolen Mills Co., Seventh and Stark.

Journal want ads in a word.