

OLD BRIDGE IS TO SHAKY FOR USE

County Commissioners Hear East Side Delegation and Decide Officially That the Madison Street Structure Is No Longer to Be Used.

County Commissioners Lightner and Barnes officially announced this morning that the Madison street bridge would not be reopened. This is the first formal announcement by the commissioners in connection with the opening of the bridge.

A committee representing seven east side clubs called on the county commissioners at 10:30 o'clock this morning and stated that the people affected were absolutely unanimous in the opinion that the bridge should be kept closed. W. L. Boise was the spokesman of the committee and stated that he had made a thorough investigation of the question and was sure that everyone concerned was strongly in favor of the structure being kept closed to streetcar and vehicle traffic.

"We are willing to do without the old bridge in order to get a new one," said Mr. Boise. The committee pointed out that if any repairs were made on the bridge at this time it would mean only delay in getting a new one. The city has already appropriated money for the construction of a bridge and there is no reason why it should not be built at once. Repairs might go on indefinitely, as with a steel and iron structure such as the Madison street span, it could be butressed up from time to time for another 50 years. The committee dwelt upon the fact that if the bridge were opened the lives of thousands of people would be endangered.

Haste was strongly advocated by all of the commissioners in the construction of the new bridge and the commissioners were asked to do all in their power to expedite matters in that direction. It was shown that if the bridge was left closed, three or four months could be saved in the building of the new structure. There would be no traffic to interfere with the construction work and the old bridge could be used to advantage in the erection of piers and abutments.

After listening to arguments of the push clubs the commissioners said that they would officially announce that the bridge would not be reopened. They said that they did not think the county would be justified in expending \$1000 or \$1500 for the repair of the bridge. That they had received expert advice that it would cost at least that amount to make the bridge safe, and they felt sure that the people did not want the bridge open, anyway.

L. E. Rice, L. W. Carling, O. N. F. L. Barber, Ben. R. Leland, W. L. Boise and Mr. Wood were the representatives who composed the committee.

GOT NO PLACE TO PUT NORMAL

Question of Site Makes Solution of Ove-Normal Plan a Poser.

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—The question of a centrally located normal school has been determined upon by the vote of the majority of the joint ways and means committees of the house and senate. This means that these committees will report the abolition of the three existing normal schools at Monmouth, Weston and Ashland, the granting of no money to these institutions for their maintenance, the sale of the property for the use of the new school and the location and construction of one state normal school, which will be given the sole support of the state.

The Abraham bill, providing for five schools, was killed in the senate. On the house committee there have been two stumbling stones in the way of the one school plan, Eaton and McCue. Eaton is a graduate of Monmouth and has during past seasons made heroic fights for that "mother of normals."

Man of Umatilla also stood in the way because of the Weston normal in his county. However, eastern Oregon is slated for some heavy appropriations and he stands between two fires.

Not long ago the ways and means committees held a meeting at which Eaton and McCue were not present, and decided in favor of the one normal plan.

A Sixteen School.
This vote is not the end of the struggle. The champions of the different schools are demanding a hearing and perhaps will get it during the coming week.

There is a great sentiment for the one school plan among members of the houses. There is little doubt the plan would carry with a good margin today if it could be settled where to put the school after it was provided for. Monmouth is not generally favored, nor Ashland nor Weston. Neither is Portland being considered, because of its metropolitan surroundings, the distractions of a big city, the rush and hurry and the high cost of living all combine to make such a location undesirable. Far outside the Marion county delegation would stand for Salem. Eugene could not get it, for not even the Lane delegation would stand in favor of it. So the location is up in the air. The result may be a school of nothing, or it may be three schools, just as at present. The only thing certain is that it will be one big fight, either way.

VAN WAGERMAN GIVEN UP FOR MURDERED

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Chicago, Feb. 6.—After a fruitless search for Daniel Van Wagerman, 65 years old a wealthy mineowner of Los Angeles, the police announce today the belief that he has been murdered. He had a large sum of money and had been last seen several days ago with C. F. Floyd, a friend, and a business trip, and suddenly dropped out of sight.

Oregon Life

The Policyholders' Company
Is Best for Oregonians

PASTOR AIDS THE NEW MIND CURE

(Continued from Page One.)

principles, many schools of "mental suggestion," "mental science" and "psychology" have been started by showy impostors and many credulous ones have been deceived.

It is due to such quackery that there has been in many cases a denunciation from skeptics who recognized the harm that was wrought and confounded the Emmanuel movement, with its dignified and sane therapeutics, with these so-called mental suggestion treatments which played upon the unwary.

Dr. Morrison's new methods of applied Christianity will be watched with



Rev. A. A. Morrison, D. D., who inaugurates Emmanuel movement in Portland.

the greatest interest by ministers, physicians and students. This recognition is to inaugurate the movement will be given each Sunday evening at Trinity church, corner Nineteenth and Everett streets. The church will be open for lectures for several months, perhaps into the summer and the healing methods will be put into practice as soon as there is demand for them.

The lectures with which Dr. Morrison is to inaugurate the movement will be given each Sunday evening at Trinity church, corner Nineteenth and Everett streets. The church will be open for lectures for several months, perhaps into the summer and the healing methods will be put into practice as soon as there is demand for them.

NEW BILLS IN THE LOWER HOUSE

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)

Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—New bills were introduced and read first time in the house yesterday afternoon:

H. B. 299 (Davis of Multnomah, request of Aldrich)—For an act to regulate accident insurance.

H. B. 300 (Couch of Multnomah)—For an act prohibiting false advertisement.

H. B. No. 301 (Brady of Multnomah)—For an act prohibiting dumping of debris into Umpqua river and Cow creek in Douglas.

H. B. No. 302 (Committee on banking)—For an act providing clerical assistance for state bank examiners.

H. B. No. 303 (Marion county delegation)—For an act fixing salary of assessor of Marion county.

H. B. No. 304 (Brady of Multnomah)—For an act amending local option law.

H. B. No. 305 (Brooke of Multnomah and Harney)—For an act amending irrigation laws.

H. B. No. 306 (Dimmick of Clackamas, by request)—For an act appropriating money for Clackamas county fair.

H. B. No. 307 (Mann of Umatilla)—For an act amending section 2466 of the code which relates to sale of estrays.

H. B. No. 308 (Smith of Josephine)—For an act amending section 2809 of the code which relates to elections.

H. B. No. 309 (Special auditing committee)—For an act creating the office of public examiner.

H. B. No. 310 (Dimmick of Clackamas, request of railroad commission)—For an act relating to the local option law.

H. B. No. 311 (Brittain of Crook, Grant, Klamath and Lake)—For an act providing for deputy prosecuting attorney in the second district.

H. B. No. 312 (Mahoney of Multnomah)—For an act relating to sheep.

H. B. No. 313 (Mahoney of Morrow and Umatilla)—For an act requiring railroad right of way to be mowed each year.

H. B. No. 314 (McKinney of Baker)—For an act providing for the protection of trout.

H. B. No. 315 (Buchanan of Douglas and Jackson)—For an act amending section 6070 of the code.

H. B. No. 317 (Richardson of Union)—For an act providing for reforestation.

BALLOT ORDER TO BE SETTLED BY LOT

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)

Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—Candidates for office will take their chances for position on the ballot if the amendment to the primary law, proposed by Smith of Josephine, becomes law. Representative Smith does not take kindly to that provision which requires the names of candidates to be placed on the ballots in alphabetical order. His name is too far down the list for that.

The bill provides that all the candidates for offices shall assemble at the office of the county clerk, if they are candidates for county offices, or at the office of secretary of state if for state offices, at such time as these officers shall designate, and there shall determine where their names shall be on the ballot by drawing lots. Their names are to be placed on the ballot in the order in which they are drawn. In case candidates do not put in an appearance the clerk or secretary of state shall proceed with the drawing and make up the ballot as if the candidate were there.

The bill has been called forth by the argument that the men whose names are near the top of the alphabet column always stands a better chance for nomination or election.

Notaries Commissioned.
Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—Notarial commissions have been issued to H. F. Campbell, C. A. Reed, W. M. Gregory, D. Hart, Portland; G. C. Caldwell, Corvallis; O. A. Kelley, Riverport; L. L. Perdue, Perdue; C. Lowrey and W. L. Vawter, Gresham; J. J. Davis, Union; W. E. Reed and G. W. Stapleton, Portland; John S. Richle, Scotts Mills; Orval Douglas, Arion; H. Woodard, Julius Alder and D. M. Donaghue, Portland; W. O. Galoway, Banks; Clyde A. Payne, Ashland; E. L. Payne, Gates, and Gertrude Miller, Marshfield.

THE RIGHT ON SELLING BILL

Ten Votes in Sympathy for Proportional Representation Develop on Test.

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)

Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—Ten votes in sympathy with proportional representation in the legislature were developed on the final test of strength on the Selling bill in the senate yesterday. Besides these, one friend of the bill was paired and another senator friendly to the principle, voted for indefinite postponement because the provisions were not just to his liking.

The debate that preceded the postponement, which carried by a vote of 16 to 10, was one of the liveliest of the session and the lobby was crowded. Selling and Hedges explained the bill in some detail, declaring it the best system that could be devised, giving each party its just share in legislation. Beach and Hart led the opposition in defense of the present system of election. Beach appealed for "the policy of the fathers." Hart asserted the proportional principle was fundamentally wrong. He worked up considerable energy over the alleged unconstitutionality of the proposal, because, he said, it was contrary to a republican form of government. He used the same argument that is being used in the effort to break down the initiative and referendum.

One Man Good as Another.
Selling sent a few pertinent mental truths. He made no extended argument, saying he did not wish to consume time on a bill that he knew would be defeated. He knew he could not change any votes, he said, but he wanted to put it before the legislature and before the people the fairest method of holding elections.

"It will not suit the machine politicians," he said. "That is the reason it will be defeated here. If it were now the law, the laboring people and the patrons of husbandry might be represented on the floor and speak by their own representatives instead of having to beg a few moments of our time in the lobby."

"And why not? Everyone else is as good as you or I, Mr. President, and has just as much right to be heard here. Under this system no voice would be wasted. When one candidate receives enough votes to elect him, the remainder are transferred to the next highest man, for the same office on the same ticket."

Albee, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, which reported the bill unfavorably, explained that the report was not so much due to his hostility as to his opinion that it was so radical a change without further inspection.

Barrett, another member of the committee, said he thought the bill should have closer study. He was inclined to think it too cumbersome and he also objected because it reduced the representation of the county he represents in the legislature.

Bailey said he liked the bill, particularly because it gave Multnomah county its proportionate share of representation, something it did not now get. He was much in favor of election according to population.

Selling Says All Not Lost.
Several efforts were made to cut off debate by moving the question, but the majority of the senators enjoyed the fun and voted down those motions until everyone who wanted to speak had been heard.

Norton expressed himself in favor of the principle but objected because no provision was made for the removal of the voter to express his second choice.

Abraham wanted the bill made a special order for next session, but this was voted down, 18 to 10.

In closing the debate Selling said that the bill would be lost now, more would be heard of it for the people would take it up.

"And in my judgment the people will reject it," was the final rejoinder of Hart.

The Vote on Postponement.
The vote on indefinite postponement was as follows:
Ayes—Abraham, Barrett, Beach, Bingham, Chase, Coffey, Hart, Johnson, Merryman, Miller and Lane.
Nayes—Norton, Nottingham, Parrish, Smith and Marion. Wood, President Bowerman—16.

Noes—Albee, Bailey, Caldwell, Hedges, Kellaher, Miller of Linn, Oliver, Selling, Sinnott, Smith of Umatilla—10.

Mull, favoring the bill, was paired with Kay, who was voted out. Cole and Schofield were absent and unpaired. Sinnott and Oliver announced they voted against the bill, but were not counted without desiring to be counted in favor of it, but because they wanted time to examine it further.

BILLS PASSED IN HOUSE YESTERDAY

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)

Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—The following bills passed the house yesterday:
H. B. 185 (McArthur)—For an act requiring officers of state board and commissions to attend meetings.

H. B. 186 (Brooke)—For an act authorizing the building of an interstate bridge at Ontario.

H. B. 175 (Jones of Douglas)—For an act to amend code relating to fishing for salmon in Umpqua river.

H. B. 19 (Mahoney)—For an act relating to town planning conditions.

H. B. 224 (Brooke)—For an act providing for free inspection of files of records.

H. B. 335 (Miller)—For an act amending chapter 177 of General Laws of 1907, regulating Rogue river fishing.

H. B. 178 (Brady)—A bill for an act to amend section 926 of code relating to jurisdiction of justices' courts.

H. B. 254 (Jones of Clackamas)—For an act to amend section 2833 of code relating to dental board.

H. B. 228 (Mahoney)—For an act to amend section 1 of chapter 89 of General Laws of 1907, increasing salary of district attorney from \$2100 to \$2700 in Willamette and Union counties.

H. B. 337 (Whitney, Sullivan, Sherman delegation)—For an act fixing salaries of certain officers of Wheeler county.

S. B. 4 (Bailey)—For an act to amend section 185 of Bellinger and Cotton's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Oregon.

S. B. 16 (Kellaher)—For an act to provide hotels with fire escapes.

S. B. 12 (Hedges)—For an act relating to lien of judgment.

S. B. 15 (Beach)—For an act to amend section 2, chapter 148, General Laws of 1907, relating to state treasurer.

S. B. 72 (Abraham, by request)—A bill for an act amending section 2439 of code relating to distribution of laws and journals.

H. B. 214 (Mr. Carter)—For an act to provide for prohibition of money for expenses of State Horticultural society.

H. B. 41 (Conyers)—For an act providing for clerical assistance for assessors of Columbia county.

H. B. 207 (McArthur)—For an act to amend section 3213 and amend sections 3254, 5, 6 and 7 of code relating to regents of university.

H. B. 283 (Jones)—For an act to amend sections 2831-2832 of code relating to dental board.

Companies Incorporated.
Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of secretary of state as follows:
Elkhorn Light and Power company; principal office, Baker; capital stock, \$10,000; incorporators, F. A. H. mon, L. Summers and John L. Rand.
The City Land company; principal office, Portland; capital stock, \$12,000; incorporators, G. G. Jones, I. Held and D. W. Ross.
Kaufman, Davidson, Semmet (Inc.); principal office, Portland; capital stock, \$50,000; incorporators, I. L. Patterson, E. S. Emmert and Loring K. Adams.
Herman Knowles & Co.; principal office, DuRoi; capital stock, \$24,000; incorporators, Eli W. Hinnman, P. W. Kuyper and J. B. Brown.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

Organized in New York State 1842. Began Business 1843

The Record of 1908

The fiscal year ending December 31st, was pre-eminently a prosperous one for the policyholders of this Company. In every material respect their interests have been advanced.

Favorable features of the year may be noted as follows:

The assets are now \$539,038,968.13, an increase of \$44,861,947.10.

The total net reserve for outstanding policies and annuities is \$433,137,716.00, an increase of \$13,042,974.00.

The reserve held for payment of deferred dividends and other contingencies (so-called "surplus") is \$85,844,991.20, an increase of \$28,314,221.75.

The premium income for 1908 was \$58,994,653.29, an increase of \$2,355,453.09.

The total income for 1908 was \$84,880,026.81, an increase of \$3,705,552.96.

The new insurance paid for (not including revived) was \$93,926,992.00, an increase of \$45,206,942.00.

The interest and rents received were \$24,300,559.94, an increase of \$1,466,453.91.

On the other hand, the death claims paid during the year were \$21,664,819.77, a decrease of \$1,629,213.04.

Increased Dividends.

There has been appropriated for dividends to be paid in 1909 the sum of \$11,092,282.38.

This sum greatly exceeds the largest amount ever before paid as dividends in a single year by any company. The increase made in the annual dividends of The Mutual Life in recent years, as a result of changes and improvements instituted by the Board of Trustees, is unparalleled.

In Economy of Management the Company Stands Pre-eminent.

The total expense of management (exclusive of taxes) paid in 1908 was \$7,123,180.69.

This is but 8.39 per cent of the total income—a lower ratio of expense than any American company doing a general business has heretofore been able to show.

It has sometimes been asserted that the decreasing expenses of various companies in recent years are due merely to a smaller amount of new insurance written. This is not true of The Mutual Life. Although there has been an increase in new paid-for business in 1908 of \$45,206,942.00 over the amount written in 1907, involving an increase of \$432,680.83 in first commissions, the other expenses show reduction aggregating \$738,799.14, making a net reduction in expense of management of \$306,118.31.

Balance Sheet, December 31, 1908

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Real Estate	\$26,196,029.54	Net Policy Reserve	\$433,137,716.00
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	126,120,961.39	Other Liabilities on Policies	5,392,550.52
Loans on Policies	63,048,558.17	Premiums and Interest paid in advance	1,826,692.47
Collateral Loans	2,500,000.00	Dividends payable in 1909	11,092,282.38
Bonds (book value) and Stocks (market value)	309,279,002.09	Miscellaneous Liabilities	1,744,735.56
Cash	3,926,622.04	Held for future dividends and contingencies	85,844,991.20
Interest and Rents, due and accrued	3,850,765.03		
Premiums in course of collection	4,117,029.87		
Admitted Assets	\$539,038,968.13	Total Liabilities	\$539,038,968.13

Alma D. Katz, Manager

420-427 Corbett Building, Portland, Or.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

Home Office, 34 Nassau Street

CANYON CITY TO USE REFERENDUM SUNDAY SCORED BY TURNVERIN

Ordinance Passed by Council Meets With Disapproval of Citizens.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Canyon City, Or., Feb. 6.—The referendum is to be invoked here on an ordinance passed this week by the city council. The action taken by the council has met with popular resentment. The council passed an ordinance providing for a license fee of \$5.00 a day on those who peddle meat within the city limits.

The ordinance was passed by a closed market for the ranchers who depend on Canyon City for their market. Petitions for the referendum have been drawn and will be circulated this week with the view of getting a popular vote on the action of the council.

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Thirteenth District.
(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Feb. 6.—Senators from the First judicial district have introduced a bill to create the Thirteenth district, to be composed of the counties of Klamath and Lake, leaving Jackson and Josephine in the First district. The district at present has two judges, Hanna and Jones, and the bill would divide the two counties west of the Cascades and add the others on the east side of the range. The proposed bill will make the Cascades the dividing line and incidentally prevent the more populous counties on the west from electing both of the judges.

Spokane Organization Refers to Baseball Preacher as "Ignorant Chap."
(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Spokane, Wash., Feb. 6.—"Local opinion and prohibition educate the people to hypocrisy and drunkenness and transform the home into a joint; the people get wines and whiskey from the drug stores and drink by stealth more than they would think of consuming in saloons."

This is part of the resolutions adopted at a regular meeting of the Turnverein of Spokane, of which Paul Jarvis is president. The society also decided to forward a largely signed petition to State Senator Harry Rosenhaupt of Spokane, urging him to vote and use his influence against the adoption of the local option bill.

Resolved, That religious fanaticism has done more harm to mankind than the saloon. Church Christianity and practical Christianity are two different things. Praying never achieved anything. The only true religion is the religion of humanity.

Something Doing

At Third and Yamhill

Next Monday Feb. 8

Terrible Cutting and Slashing

Watch Sunday Journal

WOMAN'S BREAST A DEATH TRAP

ANY LUMP IN WOMAN'S BREAST IS CANCER.

Of all diseases of the human body a lump in a woman's breast is the most frightful. Hon. T. N. Bradford's wife, while dying with cancer, said: "Oh, that some one had only told me the danger of that lump in my breast. There is a book on cancers and tumors which teaches and proves that any lump in woman's breast is cancer. Strictly reliable, no X-Ray or other swindle. He charges nothing, until cured and has been curing cancers over a third of a century without a failure in the early stage. To get this valuable book free describe your case and address. Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Chamley & Co., 608 McAllister St., San Francisco, Cal. The reader may save a life by sending this to some one with cancer."