

WITH THE OREGON SOLO PROTESTANTS WERE GIVEN COPIES

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Jan. 20.—Ormsby McHarg, the mysterious man who came out of the east to tell Oregon how it should elect a United States senator, has left a trail of souvenirs in his wake. That it was he, assisted by Ralph E. Williams and Brother Clyde Fulton, who prepared the typewritten "protest" sent to the desks in the senate and house yesterday, by statement members is undoubted and cannot be doubted.

Manifold Copies.
An examination of these protests shows that they were struck off in manifold copies, and a blank space left at the end, where the protesting legislator filled in the name of Fulton or Calkins, as the case might be. They are all alike, all conceived by the same mind in a last desperate hope that they may be made the basis of action by the United States senate in refusing to seat George E. Chamberlain, the choice of the people of Oregon.

McHarg's Statement.
New light on McHarg has come in a statement by a member of the senate, who says McHarg said to him that he was representing the incoming administration at Washington. At the same time, says this senator, the "special ambassador" disclaimed any authority to represent Roosevelt.

As a reward for desertion of the people's choice McHarg held out the promise of a federal job. But he failed to show his credentials, and if he had a letter from National Chairman Hitchcock he did not show it to the senator. He merely claimed that he could make good the promise of federal patronage from the staff administration if the pledge to the people were broken.

Copy of Protest.
Following is a copy of the protest entered on the records by seven statement members yesterday:

"In casting my vote for George E. Chamberlain for United States senator I do so under protest, and for the following reasons:

"First—I regard the methods used by Democrats registering in large numbers as Republicans throughout the state for the purpose of enhancing the chances for his becoming the people's choice at

EVERY MOTHER
Is or should be worried when the little ones have a cough or cold. It may lead to croup or pneumonia—then to something more serious. Ballard's Horehound Syrup will cure the trouble at once and prevent any complication. Sold by Skidmore Drug Co.



Anty Drudge Tells How to Prevent Washday Smells.

Jones—"Holy smoke! Is some one burning glue in the kitchen?"

Mrs. Jones—"No, Theodore. It's washday you know, and what you smell is the suds-steam from the wash-boiler."

Anty Drudge—"Why don't you use Fels-Naptha and do away with the washboiler? Then there will be no steam to permeate the whole house every washday."

The Different Kind of Soap. That, in a nutshell, is Fels-Naptha.

Different—because Fels-Naptha is more than a soap—it is a different way of washing.

Different—because Fels-Naptha gets the wash ready for the line in about half the time of any other soap.

Different—because Fels-Naptha itself does the work of loosening the dirt from the fabric, which every other soap leaves to you to do with the washboard.

Different—because with Fels-Naptha there's no backache: no need for long bending over the tub, as with other soaps.

Different—because Fels-Naptha saves the clothes: (1) from weakening of the fibre by heat; (2) from the wear of hard rubbing.

Different—because Fels-Naptha actually does in cool or lukewarm water what the best other soaps will not do even in scalding hot water.

Follow directions on the red and green wrapper, summer or winter.

CO-WITNESSES COURT INCREASE

Multnomah Men Hear Arguments—One Judge May Be Added.

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Jan. 20.—All the members of the Multnomah delegation assembled last night to hear argument on the proposed increase of the circuit court bench from four to six in Multnomah county. Two former senators, Dan J. Malarkey and Henry E. McGinn, were the leading champions pro and con, and carried on an amusing dialogue, which at times became so heated that Senator Coffey, who presided, rapped them to order.

McGinn repeated in substance the argument made before the Multnomah Bar association last week, making Judge Cleveland the chief object of attack. He said Judge Cleveland devised a system of juggling away the time of the court, and that it was impossible to fix responsibility. He read advertisements of an Idaho Gold Mining company headed by Judge Cleveland, that appeared in the Portland newspapers last summer and asserted that a judge on the bench should not allow his name to be exploited in a business way.

McGinn Proposes Remedy.
McGinn also declared Judge Cleveland was receiving \$1000 per year as a lecturer in the state. He said if Judge Burnett were made presiding judge he would clean up the Multnomah docket in 30 days.

Replying to figures showing the rapid increase in number of cases in the last few years, he said figures could be juggled to suit any purpose.

Malarkey Answers McGinn.
Malarkey declared McGinn was animated by animosity against Judge Cleveland in opposing the increase. He said his arguments were supported by three other members of the association committee, Alexander Bernstein, Frank S. Grant and T. J. Gleason.

McGinn showed the number of cases filed had grown from 748 in 1901 to 2039 in 1908, and said court business required more help to handle it, just as any other business might. He pointed out that this increase was likely to continue, and that unless the present legislature acted there could be no relief until 1911. Multnomah paid 22 per cent of the state tax, but had only 4 per cent of the total number of circuit judges, who are paid by the state.

As to Judge Cleveland, Malarkey said the proper place for McGinn to make an attack was on the stump, in 1910. He defended the present method of transacting court business and said he did not believe McGinn's plan would expedite business. If the congestion were only temporary the expedient of calling in outside judges would help, but he did not believe a proper remedy growing more aggravated every year.

Malarkey denied that the judges were idling away their time and that a large number of cases that required long research by the court after they were tried.

As to law school lectures, he said, justices of the United States supreme court did not think it beneath their dignity to lecture in law schools.

It seems not unlikely that the final outcome of the matter will be that the Multnomah delegation will unite on a bill for a new judge. Some of the legislators are apparently not convinced that two judges are needed, but will be willing to vote for one.

No action was taken last night, it being after 11 o'clock when the lawyers finished their arguments.

**OLD SOLDIERS
ATTACK ELDER**
Want Commandant of Home Abolished and Board to Govern Instead.

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Jan. 20.—Old soldiers are on the warpath and want the scalp of W. W. Elder, commandant of the Oregon soldiers' home. In order to lift the official hair of the present manager of the home they have introduced a bill in the house providing for a board of control. Campbell of Clatsop has introduced the bill, which provides that the legislature shall elect B. F. Pike, C. A. Williams and E. E. Pike as the three members of this board of control. Pike is to hold office until the first Monday in March, 1911, Williams until the first Monday in March, 1912, and Hills until the first Monday in March, 1913.

It is further provided that the legislature shall on the fourth Monday in January of each session meet in joint assembly and elect one member of this board of control, who shall hold office for six years.

At present the commandant of the soldiers' home is appointed by the governor and this officer is in charge of the management of the home. It is said that a large number of the old soldiers are back of the bill introduced yesterday and will work for its passage.

The soldiers' home was created by the legislature of 1893 and under the first law the institution was in the hands of a board of trustees appointed by the governor. This law was amended in 1895 and again in 1901 it was further amended in that the board was abolished and the governor empowered to appoint one man, the commandant, to assume charge of the affairs of the institution.

The change was made because of continual strife among the members of the board, who disagreed over the appointment of the commandant and other officers and were in continual turmoil. It was thought by the legislature of 1901 that it would be better to centralize the authority and make the governor responsible for the conduct of the place.

Elder, the present commandant, is a Democrat, and it is thought politics enters largely into the proposed change, especially since B. F. Pike, a former member of the legislature and one of the promoters of the measure, is a bitter partisan.

**INAUGURAL AT
WILLAMETTE TODAY**
(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Jan. 20.—Bishop Charles W. Smith of Portland delivered an address at the First Methodist church last night in connection with the inaugural ceremony of President Fletcher Homan of Willamette university. Dean Kimball of the College of Theology presided at last night's meeting.

The alumni association also held an entertainment yesterday and extended their greetings to the new president. Today the inaugural proper of the new president will take place, beginning with chapel service at the university. Bishop Edwin Hughes will deliver the charges and Dr. Homan will respond. Bishop Smith will preside at the inaugural ceremony today.

CRIME TO BE PEOPLE'S CHOICE

Two Legislators Would Imprison Men Who Promise to Consult Constituency.

(By Journal Leased Salem Wire.)
Salem, Or., Jan. 20.—It should be a crime for any member of the legislature to promise the people who elect him that he will listen to their wishes or direction in any matter, according to the opinions of Representatives Sean and Brooks. These gentlemen introduced a bill in the house today making it a misdemeanor for any candidate for office to subscribe to Statement No. 1. It is not mentioned specifically in the bill that this is its purpose, but it is patent and plain.

When the bill was read the first time, Jones of Douglas asked that the rules be suspended and the bill read a second time so that it could be passed to second reading and discussed. It was ruled by the chair, however, that the bill should be given the same consideration shown other bills and it was sent to second reading without further comment. The body of the bill is as follows:

No Pledges.
"It shall be unlawful for any candidate for office to take or make any promise or pledge in writing to the people of the state of Oregon or of the district, county, city, town or precinct from which he shall be a candidate for election to office or to any person or persons the carrying out of which shall be contrary to or in violation of the provisions of the constitution of the United States or of the state of Oregon, or which shall be in violation of the oath of office to support the constitution of the United States or of the state of Oregon, which said officer is required to take upon assuming the duties of office, or which shall be an agreement, promise or pledge not to perform any duty imposed by the constitution of the United States or of the state of Oregon upon such officer. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than six months nor more than one year, or by fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Forfeit Office.
"Any person convicted under the provisions of this act shall forfeit the office, if elected, to which he shall have been elected, and shall be ineligible to the time of making any such pledge, promise or agreement."

GOV. CHAMBERLAIN
(Continued from Page One.)

reclamation of our semi-arid regions will all be matters which will have my heartiest support. If I agree with Democrats and Republicans alike, who feel that there should be a revision of the tariff laws of the country. This is not, in my opinion, a political but an economic and revenue question, and in respect to the revision thereof, I propose to so treat it, and the welfare of the people of my state, as dictated by the tariff, will be with me the first consideration.

Principle Above Party.
"It would be improper for me at this time to make an extended address. I simply repeat to you what I have said before in my public addresses, that, though a Democrat and adhering to fundamental principles, I place principle above party, and my country and my state above all else, and party ties will rest lightly on my shoulders. I assure you, wherever any question arises, as to what is best for the people whose servant I am."

Miss Jordan Engaged.
(United Press Leased Wire.)
Pacific Grove, Cal., Jan. 20.—The engagement of Miss Edith Jordan, daughter of David Starr Jordan, president of Stanford University, to Edward Berwick Jr., of Carmel Valley, Monterey county, was made public today. Miss Jordan announced her betrothal at a dinner in Los Angeles given yesterday in her honor.

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Soap Holder for Bath Tub, reg. 75c—special.....59c
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Tooth Brush Holder, reg. 90c—special.....69c
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