GUARD STATE WEALTH--NORRIS

Montana's Executive Urges Conservation of Natural Resources in His Biennial Message to the Eleventh Legislative Assembly.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Helena, Mont., Jan. 6.—Governor Edwin L. Norris yesterday read his biennial message, his auditors being the eleventh legislative assembly of the state. It is a pretentious document, consisting of more than 11,000 words. It deals at length with various questions. The following epitome has been prepared:

After announcing that a special message on other matters of importance will follow in the near future, the governor states it to be the policy of his administration to confine itself exclusively to constitutional and statutory limitations; to administer fairly and justly the laws of the state as the legislature has enacted and the courts interpreted and not to enact the role of the reformer, "who is usually spasmodic in initiative and listless in performance."

The message calls attention to the exceptionally prosperous condition of the state in mining, ranching, farming and other industries, and next devotes a chapter to the enforcement of the laws, and an appeal is made to all citizens to abide by the provisions of the statutes and to assist the officers in every way possible. It deplores the frequency of homicides and homicidal assaults and inveighs against the carrying of concealed weapons.

Need of Increased Levy.

After stating that there had been utilized $241,000 of the general funds in redeeming state educational institution bonds declared invalid, the message states that during the fiscal year there will be serious financial difficulties because of the operation of the constitution in regulating the tax levy. When the assessed valuation of the state shall reach $300,000,000, the constitution provides that the levy shall be cut from 2½ to 1½ mills. This year—1908—the state received $630,000, but in 1910, if the assessment is increased as anticipated, the amount will be only $450,000. Hence, the greatest prudence is urged in the making of appropriations. An amendment providing for an increased levy was defeated at the last election, but its resubmission is urged.

In order to meet the demand upon the bounty fund—there now being a deficiency of $35,000 with estimated demands for two years of $200,000 and a revenue of only $68,000 therefor under present laws—he recommends the submission of a constitutional amendment authorizing a special tax on livestock to pay bounties and protect the industry.

The governor urges the enactment of a direct primary of general application providing for the nomination of party candidates for all elective offices, including United States senators. He favors the so called Oregon system for senators. He also urges a strict corrupt practice act for election procedure, including "publicity of receipts and expenditures."

He recommends earnest consideration of measures for the betterment of public highways, and likewise urges a law for the guarantee of bank deposits. He declares in favor of surety bonds for all officials, state and county, and that they should be paid by state and county respectively.

Would Repurchase Timber.

The message deals at length with the Flathead county timber sales, wherein for $698,604, approximately 51,000 acres were sold to three lumber firms. It developed at the hearing that the purchasers were willing to retransfer the lands to the state, and the governor urges that this be done if there is a legal method for so doing. He praises the Alaskan-Yukon-Pacific exposition, but declares against an appropriation for economic reasons. An employer's liability act is urged for state employes. Recommendations are made for better ventilation and sanitation of mines, both quartz and coal, and especially better protection for the lives of coal miners.

The message declares that however wise the step might be, it is now financially impossible to unite the various state educational institutions. He does urge, however, the abolition of all local managing boards, giving their charge to the state board of education, and their financial management to the state board of examiners. He would turn the reform school over to the state prison board.

A chapter is devoted to the state prison and it is set forth that the system of state control is proving satisfactory in every respect. It is also urged that a system of education be instituted at the reform school so that discharged persons may earn an honest livelihood. The governor applauds the work of the agricultural college and farmers' institutes. The governor recommends the creation of a public service commission for the regulation of charges made by public service corporations, the railroad commission being given this increased scope.

A 25 year limit for private ownership of public utility franchises is set forth. He would further extend the power of the railroad commission to regulate telegraph rates, authority to require carriers to furnish cars without discrimination; to make a physical valuation of railroads; to require the inspection of tracks and the enactment of a law abolishing free railroad transportation except to actual employes.

Conservation Is Urged.

The conservation of the natural resources of the state is urged, while in general the forest reserve policy of the national government is applauded. Objection is made to certain features of administration, however. The message calls attention to Montana's great heritage in water and lands, and the governor recommends a slight change for their use.

He would have a law passed declaring the supremacy of the state over the government as respects streams of the state. The message declares that if a correct system of conservation is observed the state timber lands will prove a perpetual source of income. He would stop the cutting of young and unripe timber and urges the insurance of the state's holdings. The value of the timber in conserving the water supplies cannot be overestimated, and the water shed should not be denuded of timber. He urges new laws for the disposition of state lands, so as to conform with the enabling act.

He would reclassify all state lands, with a limit of 160 acres to anyone save in dry farming districts, where it would be 320. Unappropriated water he would use in reclaiming state lands. The governor would enlarge the class of securities for investment of state funds. He also advises the advertisement of the state's resources with a view to attracting settlers. Industrial education is urged as is the assessment of all property at its actual value. He urges a graduated tax upon income, closing with a financial statement of his department.

The reason that the driving wheels of the swiftest locomotives are made large is that they revolve so rapidly that if made smaller the piston would have to move faster than the steam could escape from the cylinders.

If Coffee and Biliousness

Interfere with business

Quit the Business

If you feel "hurt about it"

One time a man thought it all over and finally decided that he would rather have his head clear and his mind keen for business than to "enjoy" the "dumps" half the time.

So he quit the Coffee, even the "one cup a day."

The biliousness quit itself.

So did a certain sick feeling about the heart when he hurried for a car.

Being fond of a good hot drink for breakfast, he took on POSTUM, the liquid food coffee. It came to his table with the color of the strongest French drip coffee, and a little rich cream turned it to a rich golden brown. The flavor was distinct, but had the soft, pleasing "tang" of mild high grade Java.

So the change was easy.

In a few days he told himself how much fun it is to be well—brisk, snappy and keen—"the greatest fun on earth." Of course, "There's a reason."

Coffee (with many folks) congests the liver, producing biliousness by keeping in, instead of throwing off, the wastes of the body. They turn to poisons, and the whole body is more or less affected. When the cause (coffee) is withdrawn, Nature slowly tries to right the wrong. It helps, to drink Postum, for it contains in liquid form certain parts of wheat which Nature uses to rebuild broken down nerve centers.

These are truths to those who know dietetics. Every man can ignore the theories and yet convince himself by personal test. That's the surest way to find out why

"There's a Reason" for

POSTUM

Made at the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Michigan, U. S. A.

WALLA WALLA IS SURE OF ROAD

Indications Point to Immediate Construction of North Coast.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Walla Walla, Wash., Jan. 6.—That the North Coast railroad is to be built through Walla Walla and that this city is to be on the main line, is no longer an uncertainty. Charles Rogers, an engineer in the employ of the North Coast, or the Chicago & Northwestern, arrived in the city yesterday with his crew of eight men and made arrangements to stay here until the middle of April.

The crew broke camp at Pendleton on Sunday, where they had been working, and came to this city yesterday. The fact that they have been working at Umatilla county's seat explodes the theory that the North Coast would tunnel through the Blue mountains east of here, and lends color to the theory that a pass is to be sought to the south, the road running up the Grand Ronde.

The North Coast has been active in buying rights of way lately and the opinion prevails that the road is to be built at once.

COLD WORLD FOR SCHMITZ PEOPLE

Taylor Wipes Slate About Clean of the Grafting Mayor's Creatures.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

San Francisco, Jan. 6.—The almost total elimination of all former Mayor Schmitz adherents was effected yesterday afternoon by Mayor Edward R. Taylor.

John D. McGilvray Jr. is seated on the board of works to succeed Thomas F. Eagan.

George A. Newhall, formerly a Mayor Phelan police commissioner, becomes fire commissioner to succeed H. M. Wreden.

Henry U. Brandenstein, a former supervisor under Phelan, follows, as park commissioner, W. H. Metson, a member of the firm that defended Mayor Schmitz during the graft trials.

Fred G. Sanborn succeeds Hugo Keil, the police commissioner who recently figured prominently in connection with the disappearance of Chief of Police Biggy.

George Uhl and Charles Gildea replace Thomas McGuire and A. W. Voorsanger, both Schmitz appointees, on the election board.

James W. Mullen follows John P. McLaughlin on the board of health.

For publicly riding with Schmitz recently, School Director Thomas F. Boyle was ousted and Thomas E. Hayden succeeds him.

Mrs. Mary Kincaid succeeds Director Aaron Altmann, brother-in-law of Abraham Ruef.

CITIES PROTEST COUNTY DIVISION

Resolutions Are Passed in Douglas Against Cottage Grove Plan.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Roseburg, Or., Jan. 6.—Strong and determined opposition has developed in this county to the proposal of creating a new county out of the northern portion of Douglas county and the southern portion of Lane, with Cottage Grove as the capital. Last evening, at Drain, the commercial club of that city passed a resolution protesting against such a division. A similar resolution was passed at Yoncalla, and the citizens of Oakland and vicinity are preparing to remonstrate.

According to the Cottage Grove plan, the proposed county would begin at about the present line between Lane and Douglas counties, on the township line between townships 7 and 8 west, thence east to a point about one mile east of Creswell, Lane county; thence south 4 miles; thence east 3 miles; south 3 miles; east 6 miles; south 3 miles; east 6 miles and south 6 miles, thence east to the county line between Lane and Crook counties, crossing the southern extremity of Waldo lake; thence south along the boundary line of Klamath county to a point north of the sixth standard parallel; thence west and north along the North Fork of the Umpqua river to the Willamette meridian; thence west, skirting the Calapooia mountains to a point about 7 miles northwest of Oakland, Douglas county; thence north to the township line between the towns of Drain and Leona, being almost on the county line; thence west 21 miles to a point 3 miles northwest of Elkton, Douglas county; thence north to the place of beginning.

A delegation from Cottage Grove has been in this part of the county during the last few days attempting to create favorable sentiment in favor of the proposed county.

County Judge Wonacott of Douglas has signified his intention of fighting the proposed division. Two years ago Judge Wonacott was instrumental in defeating a similar movement. He believed then, as he does now, that it is for the best interests of every portion of the county that it should remain intact.

It is the opinion in Roseburg and in the northern part of the county that the proposed change in the county would necessitate extra taxation without any corresponding benefit. It is said upon reliable authority that the majority of legislators from Lane county are also opposed to the division, and with the delegation from Douglas county standing solidly against it, it would appear that the citizens of Cottage Grove will be compelled to invoke the referendum in order to carve out a new county.

ATTORNEY SCHUTT IS SHUT UP WITH FINE

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Pasco, Wash., Jan. 6.—Because he failed to appear at the appointed time in the superior court of Franklin county, Prosecuting Attorney W. D. Schutt, after a severe grilling by Superior Judge W. W. Zent, was fined $5 and costs. Added to this fine was $3, representing the contempt fine imposed upon Mr. Shutt by Judge W. T. Warner under similar circumstances two years ago.

"The court is tired of your insolence," said Judge Zent after imposing the fine, "and this is not the first time that you have ignored the authority of the court. As retiring judge I think it proper that I make an example of you. I shall place you in charge of the sheriff until your fine is paid."

The fine was paid at once.

COLONEL TERNEY, SURGEON GENERAL

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, Jan. 6.—President Roosevelt today nominated Colonel George H. Terney of San Francisco to be surgeon general of the army.

MORE REVENUE; LESS BOOZE

Chief Among Folk's Recommendations — Many Legislatures Meet.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 6.—The Missouri legislature met and organized today for what promises to be one of the most interesting sessions of recent years. The contest over the lieutenant governorship and the threatened attempt to defeat the reelection of United States Senator William J. Stone are matters that will attract widespread attention to the proceedings of the lawmakers during the early days of the session.

Recommendations to increase the revenues of the state and for the better regulation of the liquor traffic form the leading features of Governor Folk's message to the legislature. The governor advocates ward local option for cities of a certain class and the adoption of an amendment to the present local option law, providing for a county unit rule.

Other matters touched upon in the governor's message included a child labor law, a recommendation that the members of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners be appointed by the governor instead of elected by the people, and several changes in the election laws, among them a recommendation for the adoption of the Massachusetts ballot.

SENATORIAL FIGHT IN NUTMEG STATE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 6.—George L. Lilley, former member of congress, who was elected governor of Connecticut last November, and the others chosen to the several state offices at that time were inaugurated today with the usual ceremonies.

Coincident with the inauguration of the new state officers the Connecticut legislature meets in regular biennial session. The legislature has before it the election of a United States senator to succeed Frank B. Brandegee, who was chosen in 1905 to fill out the unexpired term of the late Senator Orville H. Platt. Senator Brandegee is a candidate to succeed himself. Opposed to Senator Brandegee is Representative Ebenezer J. Hill, who has represented the Fourth district in congress for the past fourteen years. The boom of Representative Hill has been vigorously pushed during the past week or two and his political lieutenants declare they are well pleased with the outlook. It appears to be the general opinion in well informed political circles, however, that Senator Brandegee will be reelected.

DIRECT PRIMARY IN SOUTH DAKOTA

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 6.—Members of the South Dakota legislature are arriving in large numbers in readiness for the biennial session of that body. A busy and important session is expected. The reform element will continue in control, but the indications are that there will not be so much radical legislation as developed at the session two years ago.

The state primary law makes the election of a United States senator an almost perfunctory proceeding and one that will attract general attention. The result of the primary last summer assures the election of Coe I. Crawford, whose term as governor has just expired, to succeed Albert B. Kittridge in the United States senate.

As soon as the senatorship is disposed of the lawmakers will proceed to the important business awaiting their consideration and action. Measures for raising revenue and the creation of an effective state immigration bureau are matters that will receive attention. Of even greater interest to the general public are the 2-cent fare and county option bills and the proposed amendments to the new primary law.

NOT MUCH DOING IN MASSACHUSETTS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Boston, Mass., Jan. 6.—The annual session of the Massachusetts legislature met today and was opened with the customary formalities. When both houses had completed their organization adjournment was taken until noon tomorrow when they will reconvene for the inauguration of Governor Eben S. Draper.

The general feeling is that the legislature this winter will be deluged again with petitions and prayers for legislation of all kinds. The sacred right of petition is always generously exercised in Massachusetts and this year will be no exception. There is, however, comparatively little contemplated legislation of importance really in sight. There is no assurance that the proposed merger of the Boston & Maine and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroads will be brought up, although opinions differ in regard to this. From present indications the most important matter to receive attention will be proposed changes relating to the laws for the regulation of the liquor traffic.

Governor Fernald of Maine.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 6.—Bert M. Fernald was inaugurated today as governor of Maine. The oath of office was administered in the presence of both houses of the legislature, members of the supreme court and hundreds of others prominent in the political and business life of the state. A general reception followed the inauguration ceremonies.

North Carolina Legislature.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 6.—The North Carolina general assembly convened today for a 60 day session. Governor Glenn presented his farewell message to the lawmakers, in which he briefly reviewed his four years' administration and made a number of recommendations in regard to the future.

BELL LINES UP FOR COMPLIMENTARY VOTE

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 6.—Ex-Congressman Theodore A. Bell, formerly a candidate for governor of this state and more recently chairman of the national Democratic convention at Denver, will drop into town to be present at the Democratic legislative caucus, when a decision will be reached concerning the complimentary vote for United States senator which will be cast in the name of some favorite son.

Bell's friends insist that he is not anxious for the honor, and they say his presence at the capitol tonight is not to be misconstrued as a sudden whim on his part to wrest any laurels from either Harry Flannery of San Francisco or James D. Phelan, the San Francisco millionaire, both of whom are said to be perfectly willing to be gracefully nominated and as gracefully defeated.

NAT'S RIVAL FACES BAD CHECK CHARGE

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Reno, Nev., Jan. 6.—Harry McMillan, the alleged millionaire miner of Nevada, and recently a spectacular but unsuccessful rival of Nat Goodwin, the well known actor, for the hand of Edna Goodrich, Goodwin's former leading lady, was arrested last night at Tonopah on the charge of passing a worthless check for $5000.

The complainant is James May, known as Nevada's gambling king.

McMillan admits he gave the check, but says he asked May to hold it until he could provide funds in the bank to meet it.

The engagement of McMillan and Edna Goodrich was announced about a year ago, but was afterward broken. Miss Goodrich becoming the wife of Goodwin.

SACRIFICE SALE

BOYS' OVERCOATS and RAINCOATS

Every Garment in the House MARKED DOWN

MOTHERS, It Will Pay You to Investigate

BEN SELLING LEADING CLOTHIER

TRIBUNE MAKES CABINET FORECAST

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Washington, Jan. 6.—The New York Tribune gives what it claims is Taft's final cabinet slate, excepting attorney general. R. A. Ballinger is listed secretary of the interior, the only man from Iowa, where Wilson, who remains secretary of agriculture, resides. Knox, secretary of state; John J. Mitchell of Illinois, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, Chicago, secretary of the treasury; Wright, secretary of war; Hitchcock, postmaster general; Von Meyer, secretary of the navy; Loeb, secretary of commerce and labor.

INSURANCE SHAKEUP IN WISCONSIN

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Madison, Wis., Jan. 6.—Deputy State Insurance Commissioner M. W. Wait, who was yesterday asked to resign by Commissioner G. E. Beedle, was today succeeded by H. L. Ekern. Wait filed formal charges with the governor today, alleging irregularities in the management of the state insurance department and asked for an investigation.

Companies Incorporated.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.)

Salem, Or., Jan. 6.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state as follows:

Northwestern Home-Building company; principal office, Portland; capital stock, $15,000; incorporators, Wells H. Hurlbutt, H. G. Beckwith and Fred A. Jacobs.

Liberty Amusement company; principal office, Portland; capital stock, $15,000; incorporators, K. S. Bernard, F. L. Waters and F. S. Bennett.

Employes Loan company; principal office, Portland; capital stock, $3000; incorporators, E. L. McKern, J. H. Callahan and L. A. Milner.

Port Orford Orchard Tracts; principal office, Portland; capital stock, $50,000; incorporators, R. F. Crittenden, D. L. Keyt and R. H. Bowdler.

Factory surplus sale. See page 5.

WELLS FARGO EXPRESS COMPANY FILES ANNUAL REPORT AT SALEM

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.)

Salem, Or., Jan. 6.—According to the annual report of the Wells-Fargo Express company, filed with the railroad commission yesterday that corporation holds the value of its magnificent office structure in Portland, the highest building in the city, at $756,420.28. There are other statistics included in the report which are interesting as they throw light on the concern's immense earnings and business.

Although the company divided among its stockholders during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, $800,000, being 10 per cent dividend on its common stock, the undivided surplus from earnings was $3,380,615.34.

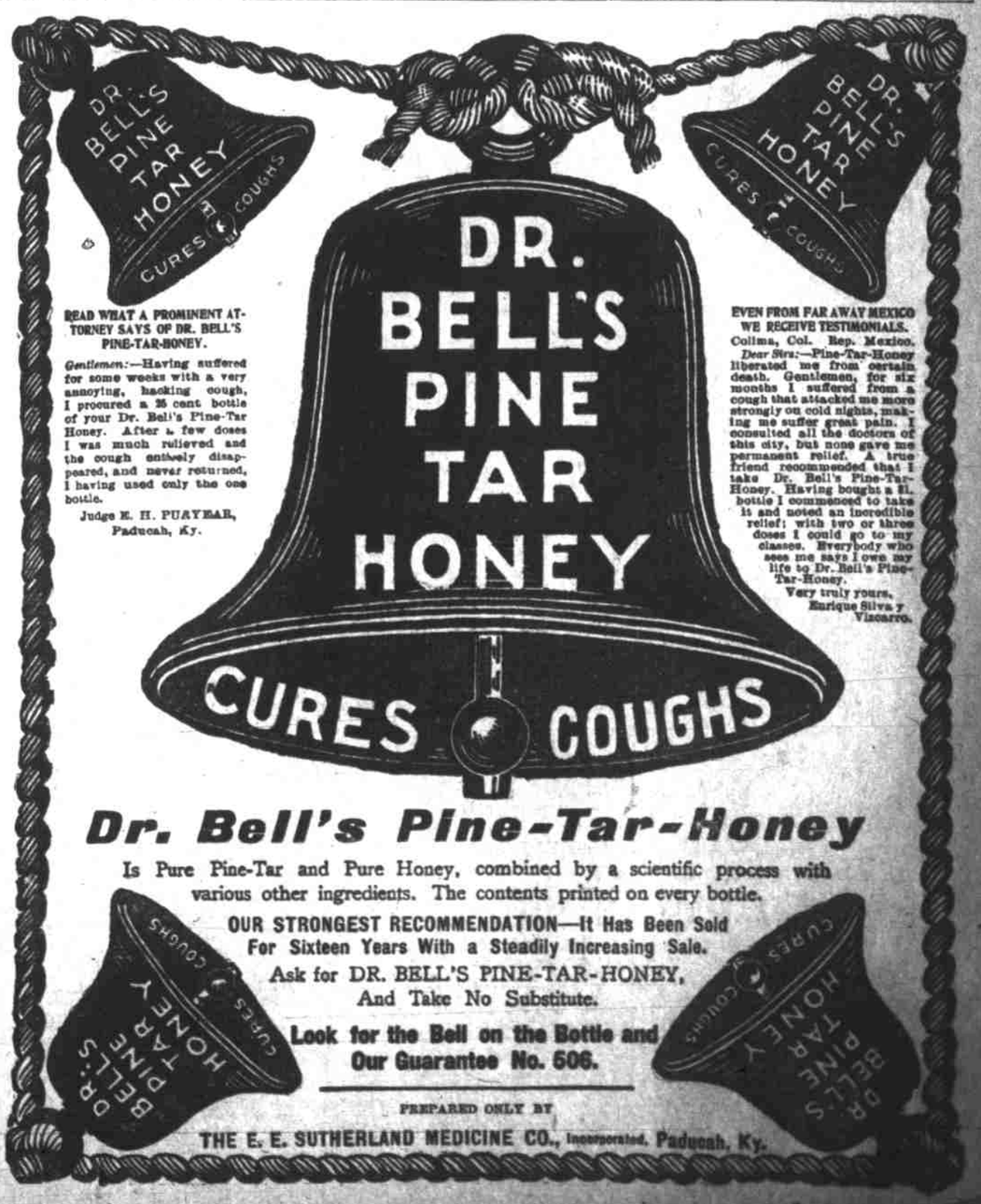
Gross receipts for the year were $24,490,699.06; paid for privileges or franchises on the different railroads and other lines, $11,064,785.78; operating expenses and taxes, $10,310,887.62; net operating revenues, $3,115,025.66; other income, namely, that coming from stocks, etc., $1,138,891.59; gross corporate income, $4,253,917.25; interest paid, $73,301.51; dividends, 10 per cent on common stock, $800,000; undivided surplus for the year, $3,380,615.34.

The Wells-Fargo company operates over 65,000 miles of lines in 25 states of the union, in Mexico and on the sea. Forty-two thousand, one hundred and twenty-four miles are steam railroads, 1180 miles are electric roads, 278 miles are steamboat lines and 931 miles are stage lines in the United States; 14,449 are ocean steamship lines; 6,451 are steam railroads in Mexico and 57 miles are steamboat lines in Mexico.

The value of its property in Oregon outside of the 13 story building in Portland is $60,065.52. The company paid taxes in this state amounting to less than $1000. Its total real property and equipment is valued at $2,286,326.16. Business originating in Oregon and destined to points within the state during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, amounted to $218,184.65.

WIDOW OF NOTED MAN SUCCUMBS

Salem, Or., Jan. 6.—News was received yesterday by Governor Chamberlain of the death of Caroline M. Thayer at Worcester, Mass. She was the widow of the Hon. Eli Thayer, through whose efforts Oregon was admitted to the union in 1859, during the troublous times immediately preceding the Civil war, when Thayer was a member of congress from Massachusetts. Caroline Thayer died at Worcester December 9, at the age of 82.



READ WHAT A PROMINENT ATTORNEY SAYS OF DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY.

Gentlemen:—Having suffered for some weeks with a very annoying, hacking cough, I procured a 25 cent bottle of your Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey. After a few doses I was much relieved and the cough entirely disappeared, and never returned, I having used only the one bottle.

Judge E. H. PUAYEAR,
Paducah, Ky.

EVEN FROM FAR AWAY MEXICO WE RECEIVE TESTIMONIALS.

Colima, Col. Rep. Mexico.

Dear Sirs:—Pine-Tar-Honey liberated me from certain death. Gentlemen, for six months I suffered from a cough that attacked me more strongly on cold nights, making me suffer great pain. I consulted all the doctors of this city, but none gave me permanent relief. A true friend recommended that I take Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Having bought a $1. bottle I commenced to take it and noted an incredible relief; with two or three doses I could go to my classes. Everybody who sees me says I owe my life to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.

Very truly yours,
Enrique Silva y Vincarro.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey

Is Pure Pine-Tar and Pure Honey, combined by a scientific process with various other ingredients. The contents printed on every bottle.

OUR STRONGEST RECOMMENDATION—It Has Been Sold For Sixteen Years With a Steadily Increasing Sale.

Ask for DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY, And Take No Substitute.

Look for the Bell on the Bottle and Our Guarantee No. 506.

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THE E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO., Incorporated, Paducah, Ky.