

DEFIES JURY MONOPOLY IN TO CLEAR RUEF SALORS IS RUEF DEED

Hiram W. Johnson, Arguing State's Case for Henev, Tells Jurors Acquittal Will Mean an Investigation as to Reason Why.

San Francisco, Dec. 9.—It is the height of the ridiculous for us to be here four months trying this man, who has confessed his guilt; going solemnly through a complicated trial to determine whether this man is guilty, when he has admitted his guilt. Are you prepared, in the face of this confession, to declare this man innocent? You are, by the living God, we will know the reason why!

This was the statement of Hiram W. Johnson, counsel for the people, in his closing argument to the jury today, demanding the conviction of Abraham Ruef.

Johnson told the jury in straight, vigorous language of the attempts at bribery. He minced no words. He made it clear that an acquittal of Ruef would be followed by an investigation and he promised that any man who voted to free Ruef would have to answer and have a clear reason for his action.

Johnson made the address that would have been made by Francis J. Henev if he had not been shot by Morris Haas.

REVIEW OF GRAFT PROSECUTION, WITH CASES INCIDENTAL.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Dec. 9.—When the fate of Abe Ruef is placed in the hands of the jury this evening one of the longest and most sensational trials in the history of American jurisprudence will be near an end.

From the time the first preliminary moves before Judge William P. Lawlor were made by counsel for the people and for the defense, not including the long police court hearing of James L. Gallagher, the prosecution's star witness whose house and property were twice dynamited and whose testimony was taken to prevent the possibility of its loss to the prosecution, 15 weeks and three days have elapsed.

Out of the trial have sprung other issues of no less import to the community and no less dramatic in their phases.

Two of the lawyers of Ruef, Frank J. Murphy and A. S. Newburgh, are jointly indicted under charges of attempting to bribe a prospective juror to vote for acquittal. Murphy at present is on trial under the charge, E. A. Blake, a former contractor, who has testified that he was the agent of Murphy and Newburgh, has been tried and convicted.

An array of witnesses, high officers of the United Railroads of San Francisco and former public officials, including members of the board of supervisors, have appeared for the people.

Following the custom in former graft trials, not a single witness was placed on the stand by the defense.

At a time when public interest in the case was waning, Morris Haas, rejected as a juror because of his prison record and exposed by Special Prosecutor Francis J. Henev, shot and severely wounded Henev as the attorney was seated at the prosecution's table. Haas was taken to the county jail, where he shot and killed himself.

Charges against police officials grew out of the suicide. A public demand was made upon the police commission for the removal of Chief of Police William J. Biggy. A week afterward Biggy was lost overboard from a police launch and has not been heard of since.

Shortly after the shooting of Henev, Alexander Lathan, Ruef's chauffeur, who had been sought by the prosecution since the trolley indictments, was captured in Portland, Or., indicted and placed on the stand.

When Henev was shot, three eminent lawyers, Hiram W. Johnson, Matt I. Sullivan and J. J. Dwyer, volunteered to aid Assistant District Attorney John O'Gara in the prosecution.

This trial of Ruef was on an indictment charging him with offering a bribe to former Supervisor John J. Furey. Nearly 2000 veniremen were examined before the jury was completed. The jurors have been in custody 11 weeks, and extreme precautions have been taken against the possibility of approach by outside influences. Following the attack on Henev, heavy police guards have been thrown about the court.

The transcript will number 2,000,000 words, not including the preliminary hearing and the other records introduced.

If convicted, Ruef will receive a sentence of not less than one year nor more than ten.



To Get Down To Details.

A cake of P. & G. Naphtha Soap is 4 1/2 inches long, 2 1/2 inches high and nearly 2 inches wide.

The color of it is white.

That is one, and only one, of the evidences of its superiority.

P. & G. Naphtha Soap is harder than any other naphtha soap; that is, it will last longer.

It is made of better materials than any other naphtha soap. As a consequence, it will do more work; do it quicker, do it easier, do it better.

P. & G. Naphtha Soap — at all grocers.

Council Sustains the Veto Revoking Employment Agent's License — Boarding House Commissioners Can Now Do Nothing.

Mayor Lane's veto of the ordinance revoking the employment agency license of Wischusen & Jones will prevail. This morning a second vote on the ordinance indicated that six of the council had changed front on the question that indirectly is held to have a strong bearing upon the sailor boarding house business of this port.

The councilmen who take a more favorable view of the matter and who apparently believe that an employment agency has the right to find employment for a needy sailor as well as for a railroad worker or a mechanic, are Willis, Wallace, Vaughn, Menefee, Cotte and Cellars. The others, excepting Councilmen Rushlight, who was absent, held firmly in favor of revoking the employment agency's license even after their ordinance had been vetoed by Mayor Lane with his explanation for doing so.

With the ordinance nullified by this morning's action, any employment agency can now proceed to hire out sailors at its will without interference from the council. The only action the only action those believing in a monopoly of the sailor market can now take for the state board of sailor boarding house commissioners to institute proceedings.

But Attorney General A. M. Crawford has already announced that the law of 1902 governing sailor boarding houses in this state does not affect in the least the hiring out of sailors by an employment office operating in compliance with the law.

While Mr. Jones, of Wischusen & Jones, is said to have withdrawn from the field of engaging sailors, Mr. Wischusen will continue the agency, prepared to furnish sailors at the rate of \$10 the man.

CITY MARSHAL IS SUED FOR \$5000

Fred Fogel Charges False Imprisonment in Mount Angel Jail.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Salem, Or., Dec. 9.—Declaring that he was not only falsely imprisoned but was willfully and maliciously detained in the city jail at Mount Angel for 73 hours, Fred Fogel has started suit in the Marion county circuit court for \$5000 damages against Antoni Popping, city marshal of Mount Angel.

It is said that Fogel is wanted in an eastern state for having sent his wife back to Germany and sloping with a servant girl. The immediate cause of his arrest at Mount Angel, however, was for another cause.

Fogel came to Mount Angel alone the latter part of October and began to pay his attentions to Miss Anna Heckerman, who did not welcome his courting. Miss Heckerman's parents ordered Fogel off the place, whereupon he grew indignant, and is alleged to have threatened the life of the girl and her relatives and friends.

Thinking he might do harm to some one, the city marshal locked him up in jail for safekeeping. That was on November 2. Not having any definite charge against Fogel he was released the following day.

Fogel came to Mount Angel from Portland and not much is known of him at Mount Angel. He is said to be a cabinet maker in Portland. The Mount Angel authorities say they know nothing of the charges for which detectives are said to be on their way from New York to arrest Fogel. Requestion papers have not reached the governor's office.

Fogel became acquainted with Miss Heckerman at Portland, where she was employed in a hotel.

E. P. Morcum of Woodburn and George Blinham of Salem are his attorneys in the damage suit.

LABOR WINS CASE IN SUPREME COURT

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 9.—Labor leaders are rejoicing over the decision of the California supreme court in vacating an injunction granted to the J. E. Parkinson Lumber company restraining the building trades council of Santa Clara county from boycotting the lumber firm. The Parkinson company charged that the council had instituted a boycott for the purpose of compelling the company to subject the control of its business to the building trades council. The Santa Clara superior court directed that an injunction issue and on trial of the case found a verdict for the Parkinson company, with a judgment of \$1 against the council and \$204 costs of suit. The decision of the lower court was reversed by the supreme court yesterday and the injunction vacated on the ground of insufficient evidence.

BOXING MATCH AT VANCOUVER TONIGHT

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Vancouver, Wash., Dec. 9.—George A. Grosz, who hails from Omaha, Neb., and James Lambros of Chicago are scheduled to box at the Auditorium theatre this evening. The affair created much interest in sporting circles, especially among the soldiers. A purse of \$200 has been put up. There will be a preliminary go before the main fight, commencing at 8:30 o'clock.

BILL TO PROTECT ALASKA MINERS

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)
Washington, Dec. 9.—Senator Carter today introduced a bill to create the office of mine inspector for Alaska. He says reports are that the slaughter of miners has become so heavy as to need federal regulation.

WANTS DIVORCE AFTER 50 YEARS

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Bernardino, Cal., Dec. 9.—Alleging that after 50 years' devotion to her husband he attempted to rid himself of her by sending her to the insanity

ward of the county hospital, Mrs. Mary Bucher today appeared as plaintiff in a suit for divorce from Joseph Bucher, one of the wealthiest ranchers in this part of the state.

Mrs. Bucher charged that some time ago her husband swore to a complaint against her on the charge of insanity and had her locked up. She said she was rescued by a faithful old servant, who sought aid from an attorney and had her released.

In her complaint the farmer's wife declares her husband owns property in California worth \$200,000, and farm lands in Nebraska valued at \$30,000. She alleges that he had her committed to the hospital so that he would

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A half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine, two ounces of Glycerine and a half-pint of Whiskey, mixed, will cure any cough that is curable and break a cold in 24 hours. Take a teaspoonful every four hours. Ask your druggist for the genuine Leach's Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, prepared and guaranteed by the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O.

Why There Should Be A Piano in Every Home

Why not secure one for Xmas now—To Gladden the Heart of Every Member of the Family?

The supreme, the all-sufficient reason why there should be a piano in every home is that every home should be a happy home, and, outside the sacred influence of a good mother, nothing contributes so much to the happiness of the home as music, and no instrument excels the piano in music-making witchery, in variety of tone and richness of melody.

Happy homes are the keystone in the arch of our splendid civilization, and happy homes make liberty-loving, patriotic people. The experience of all the ages is that music hallows the home, sanctifies its memories and blesses and beautifies human character. Few bad men go out from homes where music and mother are loved and honored.

A piano in the home is a powerful magnet, drawing the minds and hearts of the family into heavenly harmony and making "Home, Sweet Home, Though Ever So Humble," the dearest spot on earth.

Every consideration, therefore, of parental love, filial devotion, and patriotic pride demands that there should be a piano in every home.

Parents can make no wiser investment—no investment that returns richer dividends in the character and lives of their children.

David's harp alone could soothe the troubled spirit of Israel's King, the Lord's anointed, and in all ages music has soothed sorrowing hearts and purified human affections.

Every true home should have a piano, the perfection of musical instruments, to give added charm to the home circle, to comfort in affliction, to cheer in the hours of gloom, to sweeten every cup of bitterness, and to send forth boys and girls whose lives shall be a blessing to society and a benediction to the world.



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Tells you in detail exactly how the owners of this property spent \$250,000 in making PROSPECT PARK the most desirable residence district of Portland. It is a magnificently illustrated folder showing in detail the vast amount of underground work that was done. This folder is yours for the asking. Call or write at once. Supply limited.

The Streets Restrictions Transportation Environment Prices and Terms

Are all paved with asphalt of the best character and laid with skill. The contour of the street surface is scientifically built, providing the most perfect drainage facility possible. The pavement is run into the gutter, absolutely protecting the pavement and guarding against moisture beneath the street, which means the destruction of asphalt paving. The best street work in Portland without exception.

No home costing less than \$2500 can be built in PROSPECT PARK. Only one may be built upon a 50 foot lot. Only homes will be allowed in the addition. Every home must stand 25 feet back of the property line. This leaves a 6 foot sidewalk, 7 1/2 foot parking and a 28 foot asphalt roadway. This uniformity of landscape effect, together with the guaranty of first class homes, means much.

No part of Portland has a better system of transportation. Either the Alberta or Woodlawn cars, leaving Second and Washington or Fifth and Washington streets every five minutes during the day, and three minutes during rush hours, reaching PROSPECT PARK WITHIN TEN MINUTES. It is a walk of only a block from the car to the property. No transfers and a 5c fare to the finest part of the city.

PROSPECT PARK lies at an elevation of 190 feet above First and Washington streets, thereby commanding a position that overlooks Holladay's addition and a superb view of Mounts Hood, Adams and St. Helens, together with the Cascade range. Being a part—and the best part—of Irvington, this property stands forth as the unquestioned peer of every residence part of Portland.

Lots in PROSPECT PARK may now be purchased at prices ranging from \$1000 up. The terms are modest, permitting any man or woman able to build a \$2500 home exceptionally favorable terms of payment. Considering the class of improvements, its magnificent location, fine transportation and high elevation, PROSPECT PARK is being offered for considerably less than its actual worth.

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