

OUR OWN LIFE

FOUR GUILTY IN SECOND DEGREE

Verdict of Jury Means Life Sentence for Jack La Rose, "Gaspie Thug," Charged With Beating to Death Hyman Neuman.

Guilty of murder in the second degree is the verdict of the 12 men who tried Jack La Rose for the murder of Hyman Neuman. This means that La Rose will be sentenced to serve the remainder of his life at hard labor in the state penitentiary at Salem. Judge Morrow will pass sentence in the circuit court next Tuesday morning.

The attorneys for La Rose were much disappointed by the verdict, and announced that they would move for a new trial, and carry the case to the state supreme court on appeal if their motion should be denied.

That La Rose would consider himself lucky in escaping the hangman's noose was the opinion of some of the jurors, expressed after the verdict had been returned. Seven members of the jury voted to convict him of murder in the first degree, and not one believed him innocent. All the discussion in the jury room hinged on the degree La Rose himself appeared pleased with the verdict. When Clerk Buchtel read the words that fixed the brand of Cain upon him, he smiled broadly. His face was a little red, but he was not fazed by the verdict. He was led from the room back to his cell he remarked to his keepers, "That will be none."

After the jury had been discharged by Judge Morrow the members took a trip through the corridors. They had expressed a desire to do this during the trial, but were not permitted to go until all was over. They saw La Rose in the corridor and consoled with him. He wished them luck and manifested no feeling of resentment, though admitting that the sentence will be much more severe than he had expected.

In another corridor the jurors stopped to converse for a few minutes with Edward H. Martin, convicted of manslaughter for the killing of Nathan Brown. Several of the jurors expressed hope that Martin would get a new trial.

All for a Conviction.

On the first ballot in the La Rose case, after the jury had retired at 10 o'clock Friday morning, 12 jurors voted for conviction, but they were divided as to the degree of guilt. Morrow, however, decided that La Rose should hang, but the others would not agree. Through the remainder of the day and far into the night the testimony was examined and discussed. Disputed points were threshed out, and the printed testimony was referred to whenever a question arose. The evidence came up. Finally two other jurors were over to the first degree idea, Jurors John Barton, J. M. Burroughs and E. Smith still hold out.

Just before noon yesterday signs of an agreement began to appear. It became clear that a first degree verdict could not be reached, and it also became evident that the minority jurors would vote for second degree. The jury took their seats to consent to a lesser degree.

So many ballots were taken that the jurors lost count. It took 23 hours, three hours longer than the jury in the Martin case, the verdict in each case being reached at almost the same hour of the day.

It was 3:05 o'clock in the afternoon when the jurors filed into court and took their seats in the jury box. The defendant had been brought in a few minutes earlier, greeting his attorneys with a smile and shaking hands with Lester W. Humphreys and Jay H. Upton, the lawyers who had made such a hard fight for La Rose. By his side, while John F. Logan, special prosecutor, represented the state. In response to a question by Judge Morrow, the jury answered in unison that they had agreed on a verdict.

Before receiving the verdict Judge Morrow asked whether the verdict was the voluntary and satisfactory judgment of each one of them, and again the jury answered in unison that they had agreed on a verdict.

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Rudolf Spreckels, the fearless San Francisco millionaire, who has won praise all over the country for his steadfast battle for honesty.

PRESIDENT AT SON'S SCHOOL

He Cheers Quentin's Class-mates and Boosts the Athletic Game.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)
Washington, Nov. 14.—"If there is anything I believe in it is sports. It is a fine thing to be a crack on all teams. Forty years hence you will feel proud of it. Play fair and try to win. Do your best. Scorn to be guilty of foul or unscrupulous playing. Play hard and get all you can out of it. When you are in business do the same thing." Through driving rain and sleet to the Episcopal high school at Alexandria, where their son Quentin is spending his first year, to attend the 33rd annual athletic day exercises and overlook the campus, the president announced his hearty approval of all athletics and in vigorous speech called upon his young, enthusiastic and cheering audience to go in and do his best to win.

It is a great pleasure to be here today," the president prefaced his remarks. "I am so glad to be here because my boy is here. In looking through your gymnasium I saw the name of John Greenway. He is a graduate of your school and I am proud to say he was one of the best men in my regiment."

A hurdle race began as the president concluded. He left the steps of Blackford hall and walked to the finish line.

Cheers Two Winners.

"Bully for you boys," he shouted, enthusiastically as the panting, red-faced youngsters crossed the line. The president remained to see two events from the automobile winners.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt arrived at the high school at 11:35 o'clock in their big automobile. Accompanied by Dr. Blackford, President Roosevelt in the drizzling rain walked around to where the sports were in progress. He was warmly greeted by Mrs. Blackford and Miss May Jett, of the high school, viewed the events from the automobile.

When the president appeared three lusty cheers were given for him and also three cheers were given for Mrs. Roosevelt, principal of the school. They were shown through the various buildings by Dr. Blackford and the president appeared greatly pleased with what he saw, especially the gymnasium.

Afterwards President and Mrs. Roosevelt met their son Quentin. Accompanied by Dr. Blackford, President Roosevelt in the drizzling rain walked around to where the sports were in progress. He was warmly greeted by Mrs. Blackford and Miss May Jett, of the high school, viewed the events from the automobile.

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A South African Dinner.

President Roosevelt tonight gave a south African dinner at the White House. Although Secretary Loeb would not announce the guests, it is certain that two of them were Surgeon-Major Edgar A. Mearns of Fort Totten, Long Island, and Percy Medaris of Philadelphia.

Medaris has a home in South Africa. (Continued on Page Eight.)

By Some Mysterious Means Obtains Possession of Revolver and Blows Out His Brains

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—At 9:30 tonight Haas, the man who shot Francis J. Heney, committed suicide in the county jail. Lying in bed, he pulled the covers over him, placed a derringer to his head and fired, killing himself instantly. It is not known at this time how he came into possession of the weapon.

MEMORIAL TO TRAGIC END OF AYER IS NOT VICTIMS OF A TRAGIC STORY SEEKING TOGA

(Special Dispatch to the Journal.)
San Francisco, Nov. 14.—How Haas got possession of the revolver with which he killed himself is a mystery. As soon as it was learned that he had committed suicide Chief of Police Biggy and Sheriff Dolan rushed to the county jail and immediately began a searching inquiry. No one was allowed to come or go from the institution and Sheriff Dolan said that he would have every man in his employ placed under the ban until the alleged carelessness on the part of the guards was explained.

While the great mass meeting of the citizens League of Justice was being held the news of the suicide reached the crowd and for awhile it looked like there would be trouble. A strong force of police was at hand and they held the rabid ones in check.

The speakers urged that the people be calm and that things would right themselves soon. The former convict who attempted to assassinate Francis J. Heney, committed suicide tonight in his cell in the county jail by shooting himself through the head with a small derringer.

Close Watched.
Since Haas was taken into custody Friday afternoon, immediately after the sensational attempt to murder Francis J. Heney in Judge Lawlor's courtroom, he had been closely watched by four detectives. When taken to the county jail on Friday afternoon he was searched by the police authorities and all his belongings were taken from him.

It was noticed when Haas retired Friday night that he did not take off his shoes. He was too nervous to sleep and he would lie down for a few moments, but he would pace up and down his cell.

It was 8:30 o'clock tonight when the prisoner signified to his guards that he wished to retire. He had just been interviewed by Chief of Police Biggy and Captain of Detectives James Keefe. Two of the detectives remained with Haas in the cell and two stood outside the door. The prisoner dressed himself in his upper garments and then lay down and covered himself completely with the blankets.

They Knew in the Temple.

Ten minutes later the guards were startled by a muffled report that came from the bed. They threw back the blankets to find the prisoner lying on his back. A derringer grasped in his right hand and a tiny hole marked by a small red spot showing in his right temple.

The man's right trouser leg was rolled up. The gaiter top of his right shoe bulged out against the flesh. This was the mark showing where the pistol had rested. The pistol was of the type that can be carried in the waist pocket. Haas was visited in the county jail this afternoon by his wife, who had an hour's talk with him. It was thought that she had smuggled the revolver in to him, but subsequent investigation disproved this theory.

The prisoner had been interviewed during the day by District Attorney Langdon and Detective Burns. He had been offered the services of an attorney, and had replied that he had no funds and

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Abe Ruef; Enough Said.

JUDGE'S STORY OF THE SHOOTING

Heney Called for His Wife and Sent Message of Affection.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Nov. 14.—"Tell my wife that I love her better than anything else in the world."

This was the whispered message that Francis J. Heney gave to Judge William P. Lawlor as he lay on the floor of the courtroom yesterday after being shot down by Morris Haas.

Judge Lawlor this afternoon made his first statement of his part in the dramatic scene in his courtroom.

The judge was in his private office when the shot was fired, and his negro waiter, becoming insane with excitement, refused to allow him to go down the door. After struggling with the negro the jurist finally passed him and entered the courtroom. He knelt down beside the wounded prosecutor.

Heney opened his eyes and recognized Lawlor in a voice almost inaudible he said:

"Judge, they've got me at last." "I don't think it's that bad," replied the judge.

"Yes it is," whispered Heney. "I am gone, judge. Send for my wife. Tell her I love her better than anything else in the world."

Then Lawlor turned to Dr. Frank, who was standing by, and the doctor said:

"Yes, he's badly hurt." Heney made another vigorous effort to speak, and the judge, leaning over, heard him say:

"Send for my wife." The next moment the wounded man had temporarily lost the power of speech and was practically unconscious.

Messages of Sympathy.

The Lane hospital has been the center of attraction all day, and the entrance has been constantly thronged by members of the legislature who were formally Heney's assistants in the land fraud cases, wired a message of sympathy.

The American Magazine of New York wired:

"Rejoice that you are going to get well and keep up the fight. Our hearts are with you."

A cable message from J. Conrad of London, who was formerly in the real estate business here, said:

"I am shocked and indignant at such a dastardly crime, instigated and undoubtedly purchased by unconvicted criminals and their sympathizers. Earnest hopes for your recovery."

John M. Glenn of Chicago, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, wired:

"The Illinois Manufacturers' association deplores the cowardly attack upon your yesterday and earnestly hopes for your speedy recovery. You have our admiration of your courage and perseverance."

More Mass Meetings.

Among others from whom messages have been received in addition to those from President Roosevelt, are: Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman Republican national committee; C. A. Severance of St. Paul, labor union leader; Federal Judge A. S. Humphreys of Honolulu; Tracey C. Becker and Thomas S. Neumann of Portland, Or., and Colin Cameron of Phoenix, Ariz.

Two additional mass meetings were announced today. Both will be held tomorrow afternoon. One will be at the Grace Methodist church and will be addressed by five ministers and other speakers. The other, to be held in Calvary Presbyterian church, will be addressed by three speakers.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 14.—A sensational charge of child murder was divulged this afternoon in the trial of James Taylor, accused by his wife of attempting to take her life. She said Taylor took their baby at birth, some years ago, and placed it within a pillow and crushed its skull, burning the body in a stove. A charge of murder will be laid against Taylor.

LABOR PLAYS TO RIGHT ABUSES

Executive Council in Session at Denver and Considers Matters of Import to Federation—Reaffirms Political Policy.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)
Denver, Nov. 14.—The American Federation of Labor will reaffirm its political policy. No particular details will be gone into, but the leaders state that there will be no backward step taken. As there will be another convention before any practical use can be made of the policy, no attempt will be made clearly to define the methods to be pursued.

This was agreed on today by the committee President Gompers' report. The committee report will be written tomorrow by Andrew Purshoff of San Francisco and be presented to the convention Tuesday or Wednesday.

One thing is thoroughly established, however, that every effort will be made to address the masses of the people to a realization of what labor is asking.

Affect All the People.

The abuses suffered by labor affect all the people, and when the latter realize this they are expected to join hands with labor and elect those who will vote for the state legislature.

It is doubtful if the federation will ever again endorse one of the old parties.

The leaders believe it is possible for the farmers and organized labor to get together. The executive council held for months a series of conferences with a number of propositions concerning the recent political campaign. H. J. Stemburg, president of the Hod Carriers' and Building Trades International union sprang a number of letters he had received from members of the executive council. They were received by him after the convention in Stemburg had written President Bryan. Each of the executive council members had written President Bryan. Each of the executive council members had written President Bryan.

The resolution on the resolution is expected to foretell whether certain members of the executive council will be re-elected.

80,000 Members Added.

The Operative Plasterers' association will be granted a charter. This adds 80,000 members to the American Federation. John Deane, organizer, James Cook, New York; James O'Connor, Boston, and Joseph N. Twyford, Chicago, were the charter members.

The Chicago Union Fishermen's International union and deputies for the Chicago International union. President Tracy announced that after the convention he would not permit the Chicago Union Fishermen's International union and deputies for the Chicago International union. President Tracy announced that after the convention he would not permit the Chicago Union Fishermen's International union and deputies for the Chicago International union.

The resolution presented by the San Francisco representative favored a law barring Japanese, Koreans and other Asiatic labor was amended to read: "The American Federation of Labor will not charter from 3,500 longshoremen on the Pacific coast who were formerly members of the International Association of Longshoremen and Transport Workers, the men now asking for a charter secured."

They took the part of the seaman, whom the transport workers were trying to get into their organization. Now they ask for a charter because the transport workers have disobeyed the order of the American Federation of Labor to change their name back to the International Longshoremen's association. It is said the application will be refused.

Grievances Are Heard.

The adjustment committee heard a number of grievances between unions. The seaman's grievance for the revocation of the charter of the United Brewery Workers. The woodworkers and carpenters are at war over jurisdiction. The latter claiming control of all woodworkers. Richard Braunschweig and Dennis Mulcahy represented the woodworkers before the committee. No decision has been made in either case.

There are four candidates for fraternal delegates to Great Britain: G. E. Larson, Cement Workers' Union; C. O. Turner, Tugmen; J. M. Stemburg, Building Laborers; and John Fry, editor of the "United Journeymen."

The miners' delegates held a caucus yesterday and voted unanimously to support the American Federation of Labor. They have 2,550 votes. Resolutions presented by President Tobin of the Teamsters were adopted. The resolutions called for the organization of teamsters and order all state and central labor bodies to expel all teamsters from their organizations. In the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. This will affect a number of Chicago unions. The federation was asked to contribute to the funds being raised for Frank Foster of Boston. He is a member of the San Francisco union, and one of the oldest labor leaders in the country. He has been ill for a year.

President Gompers was unable to preside at today's meeting owing to illness.

COBB COMPANY SELLS BIG TRACT

Roseburg, Or., Nov. 14.—The Cobb Real Estate company of this city today sold its timber holdings on the Longmoss river to John Perry of New York City for \$250,000. The tract covers 10,000 acres and consists of 100,000 cubic feet of timber.

Oregon Money for Oregonians

"The campaign now being waged by The Journal in the interest of 'Oregon-made goods' is a most important step in the right direction, as it is satisfying a long-felt want," said General Charles F. Beebe, manager of the Adiantum company and the Oregon Lime & Plaster company. "The local manufacturers have never received the proper degree of support and cooperation from the dealers and consumers in this section. Where all things are equal, price, quality, delivery, etc., our local factories should be given the preference. It is only by developing our factories and creating a demand for raw material that we can hope to keep pace in the progress of the Pacific coast. There is a great army of people in this state who, when buying, do not stop to think whether they are buying 'home-made goods' or goods manufactured elsewhere. Here is where the manufacturer must step in and educate them by labeling and advertising his goods in such a way that when a buyer is selecting his article the first thing which will enter his mind is the question, 'Were these goods made in Oregon?' When you get the people educated to that point Oregon goods will be consumed at home, and Oregon money will remain with Oregonians."

LIBERALS ARE SUCCESSFUL

Early Returns in Cuba Indicate That the Followers of Gomez Have Won Victory—Election Is Just Like an American One.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Havana, Nov. 14.—This was election day in Cuba and the fine weather brought out a heavy vote. This is the third time the Cubans have been called upon to select a president of the republic and today there has been no disorder. The vote was cast quietly and quickly. There were two tickets in the field, headed by Jose Miguel Gomez and Fred Zayas, and the conservative, headed by General Manriola and Dr. Rafan.

From early returns the indications are that the liberal ticket has been successful. The followers of Gomez are already celebrating their victory.

Great crowds of people are in the streets. Brass bands are numerous, while trolley cars have been present into service for the celebration. The cars are illuminated with vari-colored lights and along the streets setting off fireworks along the route.

Six persons were injured in one car by the explosion of a package of fireworks. When the package opened at 7 o'clock, great crowds were in line, anxious to deposit their ballot.

Both parties used all sorts of vehicles to get voters to the polls. General Magoon made an automobile tour of the city during the afternoon and watched with the orderly manner in which it was being conducted.