

FRANCE AND GERMANY AGAIN AT SWORDS POINTS EUROPE FEARS GREAT WAR AND STORES GOLD SUPPLY

Minister Clemenceau Takes Significant Precautions—American Bank in Paris Says Reserve Fund Has Been In- creased—Germany and France Cen- ter of Pending Controversy

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)
Paris, Nov. 7.—Never for 20 years has France been nearer to war with Germany than today. What military orders of defense have been given is entirely guesswork, but it is known that Minister Clemenceau has taken all his precautions in the east. More significant is the fact communicated to the Hearst News Service correspondent by the American bank in Paris that within the last few weeks France has increased its gold reserve by a \$100,000,000 in actual metal. Germany, battling in the open market, has secured nearly \$75,000,000 in gold.
Italy has been equally diligent and has added \$50,000,000 to her war fund, while Austria-Hungary has purchased \$20,000,000 in gold. The Russian State bank has augmented its reserve by \$50,000,000. More significant still is the fact that the Bank of France has arranged to buy every ounce of gold that comes from the Cape. The tension is so great that no French statesman will speak freely, but the possibility of a great European war is in the mind of everyone.

LAST OF MIKKELSEN EXPEDITION RETURNS

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Nov. 7.—Clad in the garments of a whaler, his own clothes having long ago been worn out, Ernest Leffingwell, geologist and explorer, came back today from the bleak north in the steam whaler Narwhal as the guest of Captain Leavitt, whom he joined at Point Barrow. Leffingwell was with Einar Mikkelsen on the expedition to the Arctic in the schooner duchesse de Bedford, and is the last man to return from that voyage, the others, even Mikkelsen himself, having returned months ago. Leffingwell remained throughout the whole two years alone in camp on the desolate shores of the Flaxman island except for the companionship of two Esquimaux families, and now comes back with the satisfaction of having made a success of his undertaking, though the original scheme of the expedition was not entirely successful because of shipwreck and other adverse conditions.
Maps Three Rivers.
To Leffingwell's credit, with the geographical societies of the world, will be placed the discovery and mapping of three rivers in the extreme northern part of Alaska, running into the Arctic from the south to the eastward of Point Barrow and not many days' travel apart. These are the Koozrook, draining a territory from the Yukon divide to the Arctic, and about 150 miles in length; the Hula-Hula, of about the same description, to the eastward of the Koozrook, and of the Okpelsak, also somewhat similar to the others, farther to the east and not far from the longitude of Flaxman island. The name Hula-Hula, given by the natives, was borrowed from sailors.
Fossils and furs, pelts of polar bears he has killed on his excursions in the desolate wilderness of ice and wind-swept land, numerous specimens of the mineral deposits of farthest Alaska are brought back by Leffingwell, in addition to a mass of data that will go to swell the memoranda of the Chicago university and furnish material for the articles he intends to write on his expedition.
The explorer took pictures as he

LAMPHERE BUYS TURKEY CHECKS SEVEN PUG-UGLY MEN BOUNCED

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Lafayette, Ind., Nov. 7.—Attorneys for Ray Lamphere tonight decided that they would not put any witnesses on the stand in his defense until the state had definitely connected him with the murders on the Guinness farm. They declare this will be a difficult matter and that the probability is that they will close the case without calling a single witness.
Prosecuting Attorney Smith, however, says it will not be a difficult matter to connect Lamphere with the "murder farm" crimes and that the state has evidence of a surprising nature.
Lamphere himself is confident that he will be acquitted. Today he ordered new clothing and told his relatives that he would eat Thanksgiving dinner with them. It is believed the trial will not last more than two weeks and Lamphere is confident that he will be freed at the end of that time.
The attorneys for the defense Monday morning will move the dismissal of the indictment against Lamphere and have prepared an elaborate argument. It is not believed the motion will be granted, as soon as it has been disposed of the work of selecting a jury will begin. It is expected that the first special venire will soon be used up and another be summoned.
An important witness who may be called is Dr. A. E. Shell of Mount Pleasant, Iowa, who testified that he regarded Lamphere's mental condition.

BANK PRESIDENT 8 OR 10 YEARS

(United Press Leased Wire.)
La Junta, Colo., Nov. 7.—John E. Godding, president of the defunct bank of Rocky Ford, was today sentenced to not less than eight nor more than ten years in the state penitentiary, for receiving deposits after he knew the institution was insolvent. The bank failed last spring for half a million dollars. At his recent trial it was proved that he practically stole a quarter of a million dollars which he used in his enterprises.

TAFT'S DIGITS ITCH FOR THE SCALP OF AMBASSADOR WHITE

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 7.—Taft's inauguration may mark the departure from the diplomatic corps of Henry White, ambassador to France. It is reported in London and on the continent that Taft once told a friend that if ever he were president he would dispense with White's services as a diplomat.
It is reported that White, years ago, snubbed Taft when the latter was visiting London with his wife. Among Taft's calls was one to the American embassy, where he met White, then first secretary. White never returned that call and it is reported that Taft felt the slight keenly and often referred to it.
Now he may be human enough to want to see how White would look out of a job. White, however, possesses a powerful pull through Senators Lodge and Dewey and the Vanderbilt family.

DER KAISER'S BACON SAID BY YANKEES

(United Press Leased Wire.)
New York, Nov. 7.—In the cause of peace and amity the Century Magazine company has resigned to the pressure brought to bear by the German embassy and the state department and has granted the author of its heralded "Evening with the German Emperor," permission to withdraw the article, containing Kaiser William's aggravating discussion of world politics.
In establishing this precedent in the history of American magazine publication, the Century company has recalled a loss of many thousands of dollars, since the entire December edition of the magazine had been taken up by the article, and the publisher was ready for binding when the decision to withdraw the article was reached.
In its brief announcement the Century company states that it withdrew the article at the request of Bayard Hale, the author, an American newspaper man on the staff of a New York paper. Mr. Hale's reason for the request is given as "recent circumstances" that compelled him to take the action. Beyond this neither the publishers nor Mr. Hale would speak today.
Germans Wanted to Buy Edition.
From its Berlin correspondent the United Press learned today that the Century company's published announcement of the article as a feature of the December number had sent a thrill of alarm through Germany and aroused the press of that country to an urgent protest against permitting more of the Kaiser's disturbing views to be made public.
Several of the papers suggested a national subscription for the purchase of the entire edition of the magazine. The embassy at Washington had been advised to suppress the article if possible.
Investigation here soon brought to light the fact that the Century's wide-spread advertisement in the German empire was a tender issue with the heads of the publishing company. At the outset they would neither affirm nor deny their report, but they would draw or to permit the withdrawal of the article, but later they were induced to make a public statement.
It was then learned that, starting with the emperor and Chancellor Von Bulow, the objection to the publication of the article had been taken up by the German embassy at Washington.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

"Patronize Home Industry, is the watchword of the Manufacturers' association," said A. H. Devers of Clossword & Devers. "They have used it ever since their organization, and occasionally people will say, 'Oh, give us a rest, that's a chestnut; give us something new,' but there is nothing new to offer. If the public, generally, is interested in building up the community in which they live they must buy goods manufactured at home. This does not mean that one should buy inferior goods just because they are manufactured in the community in which one resides, but everything else being equal, give the home manufactured goods the preference. Some people will say, 'What is the outside world going to do if we buy only goods manufactured at home?' In reply, the home manufacturer can honestly say that there are many, many things not manufactured here which must come from the outside, and also that the outsider can take care of his own interests, and if the Oregon people will help their home manufacturer and do it consistently and thoroughly, the improvement in every line of business in Oregon would be simply marvelous. Thousands of people acknowledge that it's a good plan, but then forget it, and don't follow it up. To those who do believe in it, we would say, think of the matter at home, and in your business. Get all of those about you to remember it, and in a few years you will be surprised to see many a small manufacturer whose goods you used, blossoming into a big concern and employing lots of help, and perhaps directly, but certainly indirectly, helping you."

Four of the men who figured in the trial of Charles W. Morse, the former ice king, for fraud in connection with the National Bank of North America. At the top at the left is Isaac Guggenheim, one of the multi-millionaire copper men. To the right is John F. Carroll, former Tammany leader, who was associated with Mr. Morse in the ice deal. The picture is from a snapshot of the two men as they were leaving the courthouse in New York. Below to the left is a snapshot of John W. Gates, who told of a dinner given in his Waldorf Astoria apartments at which he learned that he had been trapped by Morse in the ice deal.



HILL MAKES 13 BODIES; 13 FREE TRADE TALK CRUSHED SKULLS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Taft, Mont., Nov. 7.—The bodies of three unknown men were found near here Wednesday not far from the mouth of the tunnel by Henry Klusman in advanced stages of decomposition. They were buried where they lay by the men who found them. Apparently all three had been murdered.
Examination showed that all their skulls were crushed and the clothing showed the pockets had all been turned inside out. It is believed here that they were murdered and that their death is but one small chapter in the tale of tragedies of this section. It is declared here that an organization of murderers has been following the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul construction gangs, and that graders who had a sufficient amount of money were in constant danger of assassination here.
Between Taft and Grand Forks, Idaho.

JUDGE STEPHEN A. LOWELL'S OPEN LETTER TO OREGONIAN

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Pendleton, Or., Nov. 7.—Although the United States senate is one ambition in life for Judge Stephen A. Lowell of this city, Judge Lowell declines to be elected through broken pledges or disregarded laws in the following stirring letter to the Oregonian of Portland:
"Pendleton, Or., Nov. 6, 1908.
"To the Editor: I notice in your issue of this morning in an article discussing the senatorship, mention of my name as among several Republicans who may possibly receive consideration at the coming session of the legislature. I do not know that the matter requires any attention, but I desire to go on record while the light is young and to say that while it is the ambition of my life to represent Oregon in the federal senate, I do not care to reach that high station over a pathway of broken pledges or disregarded laws and I want neither silence nor word nor act of mine to influence any member of the legislative assembly to violate his conscience or his word.
"I opposed Statement No. 1 in the primary campaign with such vigor and intelligence as I could command, believing it unwise, impolitic and foreign to the form of government under which we live, but it is now the law of the state, made such by the majority vote of the people, and every law should be obeyed.
"I speak only for myself, and do not assume to be the conscience of the party or the mentor of the legislature.
"Respectfully,
"S. A. LOWELL"



MORSE MAY BE FREED ON BAIL

(United Press Leased Wire.)
New York, Nov. 7.—Charles W. Morse, the deposed ice king, who faces 15 years' imprisonment in the federal prison at Atlanta, may be released on \$250,000 bail Monday, pending his application to a higher court.
His attorneys will ask the United States circuit court of appeals to admit the prisoner to bail, and although it is believed the government will fight the motion, there is a general impression that bail will be allowed. Morse's bond to emotion and restlessness day in his cell at the Tombs was broken this afternoon by a visit from his wife, who remained an hour.
The long interview between the broken magnate and his wife was conducted under the eyes of a watchful prison-keeper. Several times Morse gave way to emotion and sat with his head buried in his hands, while his wife iseared against the bars and wept.
When Mrs. Morse left the Tombs her cheeks were wet with tears, but the jeering knot of men and boys beside her motor car had no pity, and she drove away with cries of "Ice," "Hummer" and "Dodge" ringing in her ears.
New York, Nov. 7.—Miss Jennie Morse, elder sister of the former ice trust head and one time multi-millionaire, today rushed from Maine to the city of New York to make her own bond and identify a bonding company has been found and plans have been arranged to free Morse from the Tombs on Monday.
Tonight counsel for the convicted bank officer had prepared all the necessary papers to produce before the court in connection with their argument on the order granted on Friday by Judge Lombard, to show cause why Morse should not be admitted to bail.
The only thing they fear is that the

ANOTHER EASTERN BANK IN TROUBLE

(United Press Leased Wire.)
New Kensington, Pa., Nov. 7.—National Bank Examiner John B. Cunningham this afternoon closed the First National bank of New Kensington by order of the comptroller of the currency. Insolvency is alleged and it is expected that a receiver will be appointed.

TROUBLES OF THE OVER- RICH

Inside Story of How Mrs. Howard Gould Lived in "Panic" Days — \$40,000 Yearly for Horses; Value of Fine Dress.

Dustin Farnum, now playing at the Heilig theatre in "The Squawman," is mentioned in Howard Gould's testimony brought out yesterday in the answer of Gould to Mrs. Katherine Clemmons-Gould's allegations that she received insufficient money for her support from the multi-millionaire. Farnum is alleged to have met Mrs. Gould at Lynchburg. Detectives shadowed the pair.
Mrs. Gould goes into details of the cost of living of the "very rich," and shows that \$70,000 a year is a small sum for a New York society woman to have to scrimp along on.
Mrs. Gould says that an ordinary gown for a "woman of society" costs not less than \$250.
Mrs. Gould says that two automobiles are necessary to comfort, and that it costs \$1,000 a month to maintain these.
New York, Nov. 7.—Howard Gould today filed his amended answer to the complaint of his wife, Katherine Clemmons-Gould, who is asking for final separation and alimony. Mrs. Gould made answer through her counsel, Clarence J. Shearn. This answer is detailed as to overshadow every former feature of the case, setting forth in exact items the expenditures considered absolutely necessary by a New York society woman.
Troubles of the Rich.
Mrs. Gould estimates bare living expenses, outside of traveling or necessary contributions to charity, at more than \$70,000 a year, she declares, that although she had in charge the disbursement of about \$70,000 a year for the last ten years, she is now in debt, her wardrobe here for a hotel bill and her jewels held to secure money for their repair. She suggested that the \$200,000 yearly allowed the Countess de Castellane by the French court is reasonable.
Extra for Stables.
She shows that her household expenses, frequently for years at a time, have exceeded \$1,000 a month outside of all payments for fixed charges of employees and that at the same time the expenses of the barn and stable were about \$40,000 a year extra.
Among the startling statements in her answer appear the following:
"It costs as much to furnish the table for one person as it does for two, and it costs more in proportion for one person to live than it does for two.
"I have been accustomed to horses and do not know why anyone would be unjustly left me.
"I have always paid to keep an automobile longer than one year.
"No dress at Osborns, Licensatins, Wamamams or anywhere else where any woman of means would be apt to purchase, cost under \$250.
"Little Jewelry Bill.
"This jewelry bill (\$57,000) cannot be called extravagant either for the wife

HERCULES ON WATERFRONT

Lifts Stubborn Horse Bodily From Feet Into the Cage.

Tom O'Neill, a longshoreman, proved his herculean strength last night when it came to his lot to assist in loading a string of horses on the steamer Alliance bound for Coos bay. O'Neill aroused the admiration of every one who witnessed the performance and was roundly applauded. But he is no pug, for it is said he tips the scales at 150.
The Alliance was at Couch street dock and every pound of freight had been stowed away in the hold before the horses standing on the wharf were given attention. The horses, used of animals as easy as possible they are placed in a cage and then hoisted from the wharf to such force that the walls resounded. The horses, used about as much astonished as the passengers who stood around on the deck of the steamer. The cage had been closed by O'Neill, who says his strength is as much as any man's. Every effort failed and finally O'Neill became impatient.
"Stand back, there, you fellows, and I'll see if I can't make him budge," said the longshoreman.
Placing his full weight against the animal's chest he raised it bodily from the ground and with a solid, hard push sent the stubborn beast to the further end of the cage with such force that the walls resounded. The horses, used about as much astonished as the passengers who stood around on the deck of the steamer. The cage had been closed by O'Neill, who says his strength is as much as any man's. Every effort failed and finally O'Neill became impatient.
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