BARTON'S FIGHT OVER CHILDREN

Controversy of Long Standing Again Before Divorce Court.

After three years of separation and long distance bickering over their two children, now 10 and 15 years of age, Frank C. Barton and Susie C. Barton are facing each other in Judge Bronaugh's department of the circuit court as seekers for divorce. They are not strangers to the courts, for their troubles over the children resulted in several hearings before the late Judge Fraser.

Barton complains that his wife has not respected the orders of the court allowing him to see the children at proper hours and places. In 1905 he and his wife signed an agreement for separation, leaving the children with the mother. The first time he went to see them there was a row, and he alleges that the minds of the children have been poisoned against him. He thinks his wife taught them to shun him and to fear that they would be kidnaped when they saw him coming.

Barton this morning told of his efforts to see the children by waiting on the street corners for them when they were going home from school. Then his wife taught them to run from him, he said, and instructed the principal of the school not to let the children see their father. He declared that whenever he has been with the children long enough to become well acquainted they like him and are affectionate, but as soon as they go back to their mother they begin to hate him.

Mrs. Barton's story is the reverse of her husband's. She says the burden of rearing the children has always been upon her, and that during the years their father was at home he was not affectionate. He found fault and nagged her, she alleges, and acted as if his wife and children bored him.

Each side alleges that the other is guilty of desertion and they are agreed on one thing only—that a divorce is desirable. Apparently the real battleground is the custody of the children, a question that puzzled Judge Fraser for a long time, and will now have to be dealt with by Judge Bronaugh.

LEAVE A HOUSE FULL OF FINERY

Alleged Shoplifters Flee From Los Angeles, Leaving Booty.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Los Angeles, Oct. 22.—Leaving behind them finery valued at $5,000, Mrs. L. L. Stafford and her daughter, Miss M. E. Stafford, recently arrested for the alleged theft of a purse and held on suspicion of being shoplifters of international reputation, have disappeared.

It was learned today that they had not returned to the pretty bungalow which they occupied previous to their arrest and the police started an investigation. Finery of all descriptions was found in the bungalow, and department store managers identified the goods as having come from their establishments, but were unable to say they had not been purchased by the women.

TWO VICTIMS OF BLIZZARD

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Denver, Oct. 22.—A. E. Williams, who lived 16 miles from Salida, and Warren Blydenburgh, a ranchman, who lived near Saratoga, Wyo., are dead, victims of a blizzard that is devastating the northern section of Colorado and Wyoming.

Williams lost his way in the blizzard some time last night and was frozen to death.

Blydenburgh was on his way to church in a wagon and died of the cold. When the horse stopped at the church door, out of habit, it was found that a dead man's hands held the reins.

The snowfall in the mountains is heavier than on the plains and is accompanied with a high wind.

Fire at Red Bluff.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Red Bluff, Cal., Oct. 22.—Scores of men were thrown out of work by a fire that completely destroyed the Red Bluff machine shop and foundry early today. The fire was discovered at 2 o'clock and owing to the limited fire fighting apparatus at hand little could be done to check the flames. Nothing in the shop or foundry was saved. It is believed the loss exceeds $10,000. The buildings were only partially insured.

We'll leave the "hot talk" to the spellbinders and simply give to you cold facts.

Here are boys' overcoats built for the "strenuous life."

The style and cut please the boy.

The enduring quality is appreciated by the mothers, and the fathers who have had experience with our goods will cast their vote in our favor.

Bring in the boy and let him try on our different styles.

Overcoats, $3 to $7.50.

THE LION CLOTHIERS

166-170 Third Street.

LAND DEFENDANTS TO TAKE THE STAND

Middle of Next Week Will See End of the Trial.

Four and possibly all of the five defendants in the conspiracy case of the government against members of the Pacific Furniture & Lumber company are to take the stand in their own behalf when the prosecution finishes with its witnesses. It will, in all probability, be the middle of next week before the case goes to the jury now hearing the evidence before Judge Wolverton in the United States circuit court.

Mrs. Elizabeth Robey of Iowa, was on the stand this morning and told of her connections with the case and of the agreement she had with Jones and Smith relative to proving up on a timber claim in Curry county. Mrs. Robey said she made the trip to Port Orford, that the company paid her expenses, that she filed on a claim, eventually proved up on it, and that when she went before Jermiah Huntley, at that time a United States commissioner, to complete the final proof, his services were without compensation.

Mrs. Robey said that the question of commissioner's fees was not mentioned. The government introduced evidence previously to show that Huntley was in the conspiracy and that he had written letters complaining because he hadn't been paid certain amounts of money.

Mrs. Robey said that she knew nothing about timber lands and that the agreement to buy her claim was made before she had filed on one. The money for proving up on the land was paid by the company, Mrs. Robey said.

Afterward she turned her deed over to Jones, indicted and who is dead, for $200 in cash, a note for $100 and seven shares of stock in the company. Mrs. Robey said the note had never been paid. She still has the seven shares of stock.

A lot of additional evidence in the form of letters is being introduced by counsel for the government this afternoon.

The government will in all probability rest its case some time Saturday. The defense will require possibly but a day or two to present its side of the case.

O. A. C.'S TRACK TEAM TO CHICAGO

Athletes Will Be Sent to Middle Western Conference Meet If Classy.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Oct. 22.—At a meeting of the track and basketball men last night, plans for the year were discussed. Professor Angell, the director of athletics, explained the system of training carried on in the middle west and also the rules governing crosscountry running.

It is the intention to develop a strong crosscountry team this winter and if possible arrange a dual meet with the University of Oregon.

Professor Angell stated that the Pacific northwest is the only section of the United States in which the A. A. U. basketball rules are in vogue, and he will work for the adoption of the intercollegiate rules by the colleges of the northwest.

The track and crosscountry teams will start training at once and if the varsity team gives promise of sufficient strength it will be sent to the Chicago conference meet next spring.

From the interest displayed at last night's meeting it is evident that O. A. C. will have strong basketball and track teams this year. There is a wealth of material at the institution and the facilities for physical education are excellent.

The athletic association is run on a better basis this year than formerly and a greater interest is manifested in the work of that department, on the part of the faculty.

Among the old stars who will compete for O. A. C. this year are: Wolff, Hall, Chapman, Davolt, Scott, Jamison, Lounsberry, Brodie, Stiver and Farnsworth. Several star high school men are sure of places on the team.

The manager will endeavor to arrange a broader schedule for the track team this year if possible.

BETTORS ARE AFTER OPTIMISTS' COIN

Betting men of Portland are looking for the Taft enthusiast who believes the Taft plurality in Oregon will be 19,000 or more. They have not found him.

A few days ago it was published that a conservative estimate gathered by the Oregonian proved that Oregon will give Taft a plurality of 19,220 votes. The next morning Secretary McArthur, working head of the state central committee, added his opinion to the Oregonian estimate and said that 20,000 would not surprise him any.

Since that time men who like to win money on elections have been scrambling for an opportunity to bet that the estimates of the Oregonian and the secretary of the state central committee are off. They have put their money up but it is still there. In one cigar store in the city several hundred dollars have been left to bet at even money that Taft will not get 19,000 votes over the other candidates. The money is still there. It is the same in all quarters where the Bryan money is in evidence. Nobody wants to take a chance. The conservative estimate put out and the slogan of "20,000 for Taft" does not seem to appeal strongly to the men who like to bet their money.

ROYAL PUMPKIN PIES

Two for Two Bits—The Kind You Liked So Well Before.

The Royal Bakery & Confectionery, Inc., is making the same kind of delicious, old-fashioned pumpkin pies this year that it made last. You remember them—best of milk, eggs, pumpkin, sugar, spices—all the good things that our grandmothers put in—and the chef knows his business right down to the crust. Order in advance for Halloween. Either Morrison or Washington street branch.

Master Frederick Shattuck Whiteside, Age Nine Years, Who Captured a Second Prize at the Horse Show.

MANY LARGE TAXPAYERS ATTACK ASSESSMENTS

Twenty-three additional complaints regarding assessments were received by the county board of equalization this morning, making a total of 197 since the sessions began. Most of the complaints involve small assessments on furniture or other personal property, with occasional errors and double assessments.

Robert H. Strong this morning asked for a reduction in the personal property assessment of the H. W. Corbett estate from $95,000 to $54,433. He makes a statement of the assets of the estate on March 1. At that date, he says, there was $547.42 in cash on hand, $2,491.75 in outstanding accounts and $51,366.88 in bills recivable.

The H. T. Hudson Arms company objects to an assessment of $12,200 for merchandise and stock in trade on the ground that the stock was damaged by fire in July and that the remaining stock is worth only $4,000. This is like the claim made by J. M. Toomey of the Barr hotel, but as the assessment is made for property in possession on March 1 they are likely to be disappointed.

Mrs. P. M. Dekum has made complaint regarding an assessment of $95,000 on the east half of lot 1, block 49, saying that this is not in proportion to neighboring property. The figure that she thinks would be just is not named.

The John Halsey Jones Company in the same manner complains that a valuation of $25,000 on 38 acres in section 33, township 1, range 2, is too high in comparison with other property.

The Abbott-Church company has asked for a reduction from $5,500 to $450 on merchandise and denies the ownership of money, notes or accounts, for which Assessor Sigler had tacked on $3,000 more.

The Pentsch Compressing company also objects to the taxation of money and accounts, saying that it merely does a transfer business here. Its accounts were assessed for $3,000. An assessment of $5,000 on machinery for this company brought no complaint.

The Oliver Chilled Plow company says that its money and accounts should not be placed at more than $1,000. This is $24,000 less than the assessor figured. The company also wants its merchandise assessment reduced from $300,000 to $13,049.

M. L. Kline, wholesale plumber, says he has been harder hit than others in the same line of business. His stock and fixtures are on the books for $97,000. He says the Crane company is assessed only $80,000 for goods worth three times as much, and the Gauld company only $75,000 for stock twice as large as his. He asks that the figures be sliced to $35,000 in his case. His money and accounts are assessed for $30,000.

The Pacific Railway Advertising company wants an assessment of $20,000 for merchandise stricken from the records.

C. Ainsinger thinks that the valuation of property he owns in Albina should be cut from $16,900 to $12,500, the price he paid for it.

Fred Perry asks that the valuation of machinery in a gasoline launch he owns be cut from $3,000 to $1,000. Many complaints have been received as to the valuation of launches.

J. Allen Harrison has admitted ownership of the hull of the steamer Astorian, which had been assessed to U. B. Scott for $15,000, but he says the machinery has been removed and the hull lies rotten and valueless at the foot of Columbia street.

Angeline Berry complains of an assessment of $200 an acre for 40 acres of land in section 19, township 1, range 2. She says adjoining property is assessed for $50 an acre less.

BICYCLE USED BY GARDEN HOSE THIEF IS STOLEN FROM HIS SON

Some strange fate seems to hang over the bicycle that Strong, the garden-hose thief, used in traveling about North Portland to pick up articles of value left out of doors. When Strong was found by a policeman in the act of carrying away garden hose from a house on Nineteenth street, he declared it belonged to a contractor and that he had been sent for it. He took the officer to the contractor's house, three blocks away, slipped around to the rear of the house, jumped over the fence and made his escape. The bicycle was left behind on the sidewalk.

Strong never appeared again. His wife told the detectives she would aid them to find her missing husband, who had apparently been possessed of a mania for early-morning depredations. The bicycle was a cushion-frame, spring-fork, chainless Pierce machine, an unusual wheel. Mrs. Strong proved that her husband had bought it in Chicago, and after it had been held several days by the police it was turned over to her.

The same bicycle was stolen from in front of a Washington street store yesterday. Strong's son Ralph had been riding it.

WHERE T. R. CAN FIND ANSWER

Labor Day Speech Against Knox Letter—Bryan to Reply Later.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Point Pleasant, W. Va., Oct. 22.—In reference to President Roosevelt's letter to Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, in which the president said Bryan had not made known his views on the labor question, the Commoner today declared that if the president desired the information all he had to do was to read Bryan's Labor day speech at Chicago.

Bryan will reply at length to the Roosevelt letter later. He declined to make any further comment, however, at this time.

Bryan delivered 20 addresses today and yesterday in West Virginia and will start tomorrow for New York. He will stop in New Jersey on the way.

In his speeches today Bryan appealed to the farmers and the labor vote. He reiterated the arguments in previous addresses on similar subjects and protested vigorously against the alleged attempts to coerce voters.

In his speeches in Ohio yesterday, Bryan dwelt on his view that the case of the Republican party was desperate. The special effort in Ohio, he argued, was due to a sense that defeat stared the Republican candidate in the face in Indiana, New York and Illinois. Bryan was especially aggressive when stopping in Republican strongholds. Demonstrations by laboring men were pronounced and were a source of intense gratification to Mr. Bryan.

CHARLES PITNEY HAS A LYNCHING COMING

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Monroe, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Fifty farmers, armed with rifles, are reported to have surrounded Charles Pitney near here this afternoon and if he is captured there is no doubt that he will be lynched. Sarah Smith, a 12-year-old girl, is dying from the effects of an attack which she says Pitney made. The child crawled to her home on her knees and told her story to her parents just before she lapsed into unconsciousness. The father gathered the posse and set out in pursuit of Pitney.

MICHIGAN'S STRAW VOTE FOR TAFT

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Chicago, Oct. 22.—A straw vote in Michigan, conducted by the Chicago Record-Herald, the results of which are published today, leads that paper to predict that Taft will carry Michigan by a plurality of from 50,000 to 100,000 votes.

TAFT DISCOVERS CALAMITY SIGN

Conditional Orders, He Says, If Such Are Placed, Show Bryan Feared.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Cincinnati, Oct. 22.—William H. Taft, who left here at 7 o'clock this morning after a day of rest, spoke to a large crowd at Lawrenceburg and showed that his throat was improving rapidly. He will spend three days in Indiana, making a great number of speeches and putting in his final blows in the battle for the ever doubtful Hoosier state.

He will start east Saturday night to spend the last week of the campaign in New York. On Monday he will go into Connecticut, where he will make one speech.

Dr. J. J. Richardson of Washington, the throat specialist, is with the candidate and said today that he is well pleased with the condition of his patient.

Aurora, Ill., Oct. 22.—Judge Taft declared here today that if it was being reported that business men were giving orders to be filled in case he was elected and not to be filled in case Bryan was victorious, it was "only another indication that the election of Bryan will not restore confidence." He spoke to a big crowd here and was well received. At Milan, Ind., the candidate addressed a gathering of farmers, pointing to their prosperity and declaring that Republican success would be to their advantage.

SUNDAY LAW CASES DISMISSED BY COURT

Presiding Judge Gantenbein this morning cleared away the Sunday closing prosecutions begun several weeks ago by District Attorney Cameron at the time the "Id" was threatened and a number of dealers in cigars, candies, drugs and other articles were arrested. Only five cases were taken before the grand jury and in these five demurrers were sustained by Judge Gantenbein without argument.

The district attorney was not in court this morning when the cases were called, but the other side was there. Judge Gantenbein declared that no argument was necessary, as the decision would follow his recent ruling in the injunction cases as a matter of course. Accordingly the clerk was ordered to enter the sustaining order on the demurrer in the case of C. D. Lister and four others indicted by the grand jury.

Woodmen of the World.

A whist and dance will be given by the W. O. W. of the city of Portland, Friday night, October 23, in W. O. W. temple, 128 Eleventh street, top floor, under the auspices of Wahfoot camp No. 53.

R. R. C. LAW TO SUPREME COURT

Railroad Companies Will Bring Up Many Points of Attack.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Olympia, Wash., Oct. 22.—The constitutionality of the railway commission law will be argued thoroughly for the first time in the supreme court on November 18. The railroad companies that had objected to hearings by the commission on the ground of unconstitutionality of the law refused to go into that question when the state appealed from two decisions against the commission. In one case where the commission ordered that certain towns be given terminal rates and in another fixing joint rates on potatoes, oats, hay and barley, the lower court decided that the orders were unreasonable. The state appealed and the attorney-general, anticipating an attack on the constitutionality of the law, went into the question exhaustively. But the companies in their answering briefs declined to discuss that phase of the case and relied solely on the merits of the controversy. The terminal case and the potato case have been submitted, but it is believed the supreme court will not pass on the constitutionality of the law in those actions.

In the joint rate wheat case and in the track connection case, the railroads are the appellants, and in these they are assailing the constitutionality of the act in detail. In the track connection case the commission ordered physical connections between the O. R. & N. Northern Pacific and Spokane & Inland railroads at eight junction points.

One argument as to the unconstitutionality of the law is that the penalties for failure to obey the track connection orders are confiscatory. It is estimated that the maximum penalties will aggregate about $3,000,000 against the three roads before the case is decided by the supreme court.

A novel feature of the O. R. & N. brief is a quotation from a political speech delivered by William Jennings Bryan in Chicago last September, in which Mr. Bryan condemns the concentrating of judicial, legislative and executive functions in the same hands. It is contended that the railway commission law of this state does this.

Other points of attack are that the legislature cannot confer rate-making powers upon another body; that the joint rate orders are an interference with interstate commerce; that the maximum rate laws on 1893 and 1897 are not repealed and conflict with the attempted jurisdiction of the commission, and that the railroads are not given equal justice in the courts by being denied the privilege of introducing testimony not adduced at the commission on hearings and by not having the power to subpoena witnesses for the latter.

A decision is not expected before January.

MORMON VOTE MIGHT DECIDE

Wyoming Authority Locates Balance of Power in a New Place.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Denver, Col., Oct. 22.—A canvass of the probable electoral vote for president by John E. Osborn, former governor of Wyoming, and at present in charge of the branch headquarters of the national Democratic committee here, developed the interesting political feature that the Mormon vote of Idaho, Utah and Wyoming might determine the election.

The electoral votes of Utah, Idaho and Wyoming are absolutely in the keeping of the Mormon hierarchy, according to Osborn. Should it be made to appear to Joseph Smith and other Mormon rulers reasonably certain that Bryan would win, the Mormon church could be depended upon to throw the weight of its influence to him.

Osborn declares that these votes were thrown to McKinley over night to defeat Bryan, by an agreement between the Mormon church and Mark Hanna.

"The Mormon church gives its vote to the party showing winning qualities," is Osborn's assertion. Giving the Republican party the states conceded to it, together with New York and Wisconsin, the Republicans would total five short of the majority, according to the figures here.

Giving the Democratic candidate the conceded Democratic states and others in the Republican column, the total would fall eight short of a majority. In either of these events, the Mormon vote may decide the issue, it is pointed out.

DEMANDS PLAIN TALK OF BRYAN

Roosevelt Claims Commoner Is Not on Record as to Gomper's Program.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, Oct. 22.—Seizing the opportunity afforded by the speech of ex-Attorney General Knox at Philadelphia Tuesday in which Knox took issue with Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, regarding the attitude of labor in the presidential campaign, President Roosevelt last night made public his views on Gompers and the questions he has raised. The vehicle chosen was a letter to Senator Knox.

In his letter the president charges Gompers with advocating measures positively iniquitous and calls on Bryan to state definitely whether or not he is, as Gompers claims, thoroughly committed to the enactment of Gompers' proposals into laws. At the conclusion he states, in the effort to show the Gompers remedies impracticable as well as "ruinous," that, even were they enacted, the supreme court would unanimously declare them unconstitutional, "unless, indeed, Mr. Bryan were able to pack this court with men appointed for the special purpose of declaring this law constitutional."

Gompers' Immorality.

The president argues the immorality of the Gompers program on the ground, as he alleges, that the proposed legislation, if upheld by the courts, would virtually leave all property rights at the mercy of the blacklist and the boycott, inasmuch as "after forbidding any federal judge to issue a restraining order for an injunction in any labor dispute, except to prevent irreparable injury to property or property rights, it specifically provides that 'No right * * * to carry on business of any particular kind or at any particular place, or at all, shall be construed, held, considered or treated as property or as constituting a property right,' and, second

"It provides that nothing agreed upon or done by two or more parties in connection with a labor dispute shall constitute a conspiracy or other criminal offense, or be prosecuted as such unless the thing agreed upon would be unlawful if done by a single individual."

Puts Question to Bryan.

On this point Roosevelt queries Mr. Bryan as follows:

"Does Mr. Bryan believe with Mr. Gompers that he and that part of the labor movement that agrees with him has the right morally and should be given the right legally to paralyze or destroy with impunity the business of an innocent third party, against whom he or they have no direct grievance, simply because this third person refuses to join with them aggressively in a labor controversy with the real merits of which he may be utterly unacquainted, because he refuses to class as his enemy any and every other employer whom they point out as their enemy, because he refuses, merely upon their peremptory order, to excommunicate some other employer by ceasing all business relations with him?"

The president reiterates former statements that Taft is the laborer's true friend and that in the present campaign his utterances have been definite, as against Bryan's alleged evasions regarding the Gompers program.

SEARCH FOR FORTUNE AND A MURDERER

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Los Angeles, Oct. 22.—Believing that Irvin W. Thompson, who disappeared from Searchlight, August 12, 1906, was murdered, John Howe, deputy sheriff of Lincoln county, Nevada, has returned home to renew his search for the miner's body, the discovery of which will place a fortune in the hands of relatives at Superior, Wis., and may lead to the arrest of men he suspects of committing the crime.

Shortly after Thompson's arrival at Searchlight, nearly three years ago, he made a rich strike in the "horse wash." He staked his claims and returned to Searchlight, where he spent one day, then started on his return journey to the place where his partner, Huntington, was encamped. He disappeared somewhere between Searchlight and Huntington's camp and no trace of him has been found since.

ABRUZZI'S POLAR SHIP FOR HONEYMOON

(United Press Leased Wire.)

London, Oct. 22.—Dispatches from Rome say the Stella Polare, the ship on which the Duke of Abruzzi made his famous Arctic expedition, is undergoing extensive renovation and it is hinted among those employed on her that she bears the appearance of a honeymoon craft.

On the Stella Polare the duke and his expedition sailed July 12, 1899, for the north pole, and returned December 5, 1900. The vessel was wedged in the Arctic ice for 11 months. Members of the party with dogs and sleds attained April 24, 1900, a latitude of 86 degrees, 33 minutes, on the sixty-fifth meridian of longitude, or 239 statute miles from the north pole, making a record as the farthest north reached by man.

FOUR GIRLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Read What They Say.

Miss Lillian Rose, 350 East 84th Street, New York, writes: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcame irregularities, periodic suffering, and nervous headaches, after everything else had failed to help me, and I feel it a duty to let others know of it."

Katharine Craig, 2355 Lafayette St., Denver, Col., writes: "Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am well, after suffering for months from nervous prostration."

Miss Marie Stoltzman, of Laurel, Ia., writes: "I was in a run-down condition and suffered from suppression indigestion, and poor circulation. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and strong."

Miss Ellen M. Olson, of 417 N. East St., Kewanee, Ill., says: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me of backache, side ache, and established my periods, after the best local doctors had failed to help me."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

MAKES REPORT ON PLAYHOUSE

At the regular monthly meeting of the Boys' and Girls' Aid society Tuesday afternoon, Judge George H. Williams presided. The principal matter for discussion was the report of the committee on the playhouse for boys which the society hopes to build and equip with apparatus. Mention was made of the approach of Thanksgiving day and the hope of a liberal contribution for these wards of the society. Superintendent Gardner reported that two agents had been sent out recently to visit the children who have been placed in homes. An epidemic of whooping cough has prevented the society from receiving children from outside counties of the state, but this is now passed and children are again being received.

The formal resignation of John Teuscher Jr. as visiting agent of the society was read. Mr. Teuscher has been appointed chief probation officer of the juvenile court.

Current bills for the month of September, amounting to $734.87, were ordered paid. Those present at the meeting were Judge Williams, Judge Wolverton, F. E. Beach, William Gardner, Mrs. A. G. Barker, Mrs. C. R. Templeton, Mrs. Levi White, Mrs. H. H. Northup and Mrs. J. A. Sladen.

TRANSFER OF HUGE RANCH IN NEVADA

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Ogden, Utah, Oct. 22.—A deal was closed here today by which a million dollars in cold cash will be paid for the biggest ranch in the inter-mountain region. The purchasers are David Eccles, M. S. Browning, Joseph Snowcroft and Adam Patterson, Ogden capitalists. They obtained title to the famous Sparks-Harrell ranch in Nevada, which covers hundreds of square miles. The new owners will put 100,000 sheep and 50,000 cattle on the mammoth range immediately.

Rogue River in Sunset.

Sunset, for November, contains an elaborately illustrated article on the Rogue river valley, entitled "In Medford's Garden," by A. J. Wells, and descriptive of the wealth of the apple and pear orchards of that district.

By using

Bon Ami

The Finest Cleaner Made

Enough wear and tear on the things cleaned will be saved to pay for the cake many times.
Bon Ami used for all cleaning is practising the strictest economy.