BRYAN FUND IS GROWING

Citizens of Oregon Who Believe Nebraskan's Election Is Best for the Country Are Coming Forward With Assistance.

Friends of the policies and principles of William Jennings Bryan are coming forward with financial assistance to his campaign. Already the committee appointed by the suggestion of State Chairman Sweek to assist him and the state central committee in collecting a campaign fund for use in Oregon has been given $490.50, principally by small contributions. A few days ago The Journal acknowledged the receipt of $411.50. Since that time $79 has been added to the list.

All those who are desirous of assisting in the work of raising campaign funds should make checks payable to Jefferson Meyers, chairman of the committee. The communications should be sent to the Bryan and Kern campaign fund, in care of The Journal. All contributions will be acknowledged and all disbursements will be published.

The contributions received during the past few days are as follows:

George Sharp, city	$ 1.00
A. M. Gunderson, Salem	10.00
Paul Martindale, city	2.00
E. W., city	1.00
James Everest, Newberg	1.00
Henry Leslie Tatum, city	5.00
Cash, Newberg	5.00
F. H. Caldwell, Newberg	10.00
C. W. McClain, city	1.00
Rich Durette, Salem	1.00
I. F. Burt, Salem	1.00
W. H. Darby, Salem	2.00
Cash, Marion county	1.00
Cash, city	1.00
Cash, city	1.00
F. V. Holman, city	25.00
R. F. Cox, city	10.00
	$ 79.00
Previously acknowledged	411.50
Total	$490.50

3 FIRES AT BAKER; PENDLETON'S SEVENTH

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Baker City, Or., Oct. 6.—Three fires in three hours kept the fire department of this city on the run from 4:30 o'clock this morning. The first alarm was turned in for the W. G. Ayre residence, the second for the H. W. Estes barn and the third for the old creamery building. All of the fires were extinguished with little loss. The buildings are all unoccupied.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Pendleton, Or., Oct. 6.—This city's seventh fire within a comparatively short time occurred last night, when the barn and barley warehouse belonging to W. S. Byers, the pioneer flour man, were damaged to the extent of $18,000.

The fire originated in the barn and the flames spread almost immediately to the adjoining barley warehouse. For a time the entire mill was threatened. Several head of mules and some machinery were saved, but other machinery, an electric auto, and 8,000 sacks of barley are a total loss. Both buildings were ruined. Very little insurance was carried.

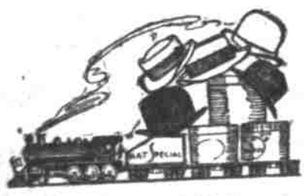
Many are of the opinion that the most of the fires have been of incendiary origin. Byers, himself, believes that some one has attempted to burn him out.

Saratoga Chips (Anti-dyspeptic).

Most dishes requiring deep frying are denied the dyspeptic because they are usually fried in lard, and lard does not "agree." The following recipe will be welcomed by those of poor digestion:

Peel the potatoes and slice thin into cold water. Drain well, and dry in a towel. Fry a few at a time in hot Cottolene. Salt as you take them out, and lay them on coarse brown paper for a short time.

The above recipe can be followed without the least fear of disagreeable after effects. The chips will be crisp and dry—not greasy, as when fried in lard. Cottolene contains no hog fat, but is made of purest vegetable oil; it is recommended by physicians generally.



Our cargo of Fall and Winter Derbies and Soft Hats has arrived.

If you are looking for satisfaction, you've only to look in the mirror with one of our hats on.

Beaver Hats $3.00 —none better at the price; few makes as good. Our hat man will be pleased to show you these splendid hats.

THE LION CLOTHIERS
166-170 Third Street

MAYOR LANE DECLARES FOR DEAL FOR THE CITY

Portland, Or., Oct. 6.—To Whom It May Concern: At present I am one of the paid agents of the people of this city and a part of my duty is to see that its affairs are managed in its interest and its interest only, open and above board with equal justice to all as near as may be and that personal preference or private friendships, should any be left, be laid aside.

The affairs of the people are entitled to just as much consideration and as fair treatment as are those of any one else, and the people are entitled to the facts, and all of the facts which pertain to their affairs and until and unless they are afforded an opportunity to ascertain them, it is going to be considered evidence of bad faith by me.

I will say further that if I am to be held responsible for the conduct of the affairs as the executive head of the city, I claim the right to investigate any charge of neglect or graft in any department under me, and must do so as a matter of justice to others as well as to myself.

Blocks Must Be Removed.

My only desire or aim has been to see the business of the city placed upon an equal footing with that of those who deal with it, and I frankly confess to an impatience with anyone who evinces a disposition in any way to interfere with or place a block or drag upon my plans in these respects.

The city's property and the people's money seem by many to be considered a sort of a "free lunch," to deny access to which as such is looked upon as an evidence of bad manners and a churlish disposition.

Gracious concessions of the city's rights and its property, and a highly genteel and distinguished consideration shown persons who owe obligations to the city, and self-effacing resignation and a polite and complete allowance of claims made against the city, mark the type of many respected representatives of the people's affairs.

I ask no odds in favor of the city, or for or against any man. All I do ask or expect, or have asked or expected, is that the city be not made to give odds to others in its dealings with them, and if I succeed in securing that much I will be doing quite well.

Thorns in the Path.

The pursuit of a course which attempts to exact of all men a fair deal in their relations with the business of the people is beset with thorns, and is no highway to the affections of many quite influential and active citizens, and I find myself parting company with a large number of pleasant friends and associates, and am no doubt to part with many more, but the people's property or the city's rights will not be bartered in exchange for social amenities by me.

In the long run the enforcement of equal rights for the city in its business dealings is the only method which will keep it out of serious difficulties, but whether it does or not, it is the only one I intend to pursue, and right down the line to the end I am going.

The easier course to have pursued would have been to let things slide as best they might along the line of least resistance, and quite likely it would have resulted in my having been considered temperamentally a possibility by many persons of fine discernment, and discriminating taste in such matters, who now think otherwise.

Chooses the Rocky Road.

I have, however, chosen the leaner and more rocky route as being the one which I preferred to travel, and my choice in this respect has brought me much experience and afforded me considerable food for thought and quite likely will result in my being pretty generally marooned for a long time to come by some very nice people.

If agreements are not to be kept by one person, no just reason exists for enforcing them upon another. Unlimited and indefinite extensions of time in which to complete the city's work evolved to fit the convenience or make profit for the contractor, in my opinion are wrong, and opens the door for fraud to enter. Loose methods in these respects will end in the business affairs of the city frittering themselves away to no good purpose and the city cannot afford to adopt them, and all the good friends whom I might make would not compensate it for its loss in the event that it did so.

Rights of Small Contractor.

The rights of the small contractor are as valid as are those of his larger and frequently more delinquent brother, and should receive equal consideration, and it is a part of my duty to see that he gets them.

Full penalties assessed to the limit against the prompt and efficient though unwary stranger caught napping, and at the same time complete absolution carrying with it favors amounting to thousands of dollars justly forfeited to the city under the law, granted to another, who, banking upon his ability to do so, has made deals in which he has bargained to break his agreement with the city, are not fair, and do not conform with the ideas which I hold concerning the adjustment of such dealings and when it is within my power to put a stop to further proceedings of that nature I shall do so.

I am but doing as a public official in these matters what I would expect and insist on others doing if they occupied the same position as I do. I am but insisting upon what the people must insist upon and see that they get it if they are to govern themselves and their government is to continue to exist.

I am but repeating here what I have frequently written and publicly stated before, and I had hoped that it would not be necessary for me to again have to do so, but it seems that it is, and for this reason I do it. I am not, nor do I pretend to be better or wiser than my neighbor, and in many respects I am quite willing to concede that I am his inferior, yet my obligation has been assumed and I am earnestly trying to fulfill it, and no man can relieve me of the responsibility in the event of my failure. I realize that I may not perhaps accomplish much of anything of importance, however hard I may try, yet I shall persist in trying just the same; of this be assured. Respectfully, HARRY LANE, Mayor.

SHOW OREGON FRUIT AT WASHINGTON HIS PLAN

Oregon apples, Oregon potatoes, Oregon pears and products of any and all kinds, distributed thoughtfully by a representative of Oregon in Washington, D. C., during the sessions of congress would do more to advertise the state than any other form of publicity work in the belief of United States Senator Bourne.

To show that he is sincere in his belief and willing to back his opinion the senator says he is willing to pay the rent for headquarters for an Oregon exhibit in Washington if the commercial bodies and general public of the state will provide the man to manage it and furnish the material for the advertising.

Railroads Would Help.

Senator Bourne has discussed his plan with William McMurray, general passenger agent of the Harriman lines in Oregon, and Mr. McMurray agrees that the plan is a good one. He has said that he would take the question up and see what could be done towards putting it into operation.

During the time that Senator Bourne has been in Washington he has caused to be sent to him a quantity of Oregon apples and pears. These he has distributed among friends in Washington and so wonder smitten with the products were these friends that in many instances they kept the apples and pears until they had shriveled, retaining them as ornaments and exhibits instead of eating them. Since his first gifts he has been besought on every hand for small samples and this year has ordered a still larger supply to renew the excitement.

Oregon Headquarters.

It was from this happening that the senator has evolved his plan and the plan is about like this. The senator believes that should a room or rooms be provided in Washington, finished in Oregon wood and furnished with Oregon furniture, it would serve as a great advertisement in itself for it could be used as a sort of headquarters for Oregon people in Washington, where friends from all countries could be brought to see what Oregon could produce.

Following this plan still further, the senator would have a competent man in charge of these headquarters. This man should be under the employment of the commercial bodies of the state. To him could be sent prize-winning apples, pears and other fruit and produce to be placed on exhibition there after having won their prizes in Oregon. When these products had reached their highest state of perfection they could be sent as presents to those quarters selected by the man in charge.

Apple to Whet Interest.

In the city of Washington during the sessions of congress are representative men from all countries of the world. These men could be riveted to the state and what it produces not alone by the gifts but by the literaure which could be sent accompanying it. Senator Bourne believes that a man who is given a Hood River apple along with a pamphlet telling of the wonders of Oregon would be much more apt to read the pamphlet after having eaten the apple than if he had been given no apple to whet his interest. From that beginning he would be led to visit the headquarters where he could see the Oregon wood and furniture, view the Oregon scenery shown there, listen to the wonders of Oregon as explained by the man in charge and go away a convert to the Oregon country, and a friend.

Senator Bourne is enthusiastic over his plan and will urge it further before his departure for Washington this fall.

APPOINTIVE OFFICERS MUST NOT CONTRIBUTE

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Salem, Or., Oct. 6.—Under the corrupt practices act passed by the people of this state last June and which went into effect July 1, all officials in Oregon holding office by virtue of appointment, who have contributed to either of the national campaign funds are liable to prosecution and prison sentence. The terms of the statute will include many officials at Salem and other cities in Oregon.

The particular section of the law which covers the point follows:

"Section 20. No holder of a public position or office other than an office filled by the voters, shall pay or contribute to aid or promote the nomination or election of any other person to public office. No person shall invite, demand or accept payment or contribution from such holder of a public position or office for campaign purposes.

"Section 51. Whoever violates any provision of this act, the punishment for which is not specially provided by law, shall on conviction thereof be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or by a fine of not more than $5,000, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Though he has not yet been consulted, it is expected that Attorney L. H. McMahon of Salem will bring proceedings at once in the Marion county courts for the prosecution of the scores of appointive officials who have violated the law.

CAKES WERE ON FLOOR, BUT IN BAKING PANS

William Pfaff, proprietor of the Butternut bakery, in answer to the charge filed against him by the city market inspector that he set fresh baked bread on the floor after its removal from the ovens, makes a statement to The Journal in which he denies the charge. Mr. Pfaff explains that at the time the market inspector visited his place the bakers had been working for seven hours and were busy with the Friday baking, the heaviest of the week. The bread is always placed on tables, says Mr. Pfaff, and was at this time. The tables were filled and for lack of other place a number of cakes had been taken from the ovens in pans, as they were baked, and set upon the floor. The cakes did not come in contact with the floor in any way, Mr. Pfaff explains, and he denies that there was any bread on the floor at the time of the market inspector's visit, or at any other time.

FOR OLD PEOPLE

After reaching the age of forty the human system gradually declines in virility and strength and becomes less able each year to combat the ills that naturally beset mankind. It is then the accumulated poisons in the blood make themselves manifest by rheumatic and other aches and pains in the joints, muscles and back.

People should heed these warning twinges and supply to the blood an acid solvent and stimulating tonic.

A prescription which has worked wonders for persons of declining physical vigor follows:

"One ounce Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla; one ounce Toris Compound; half pint of high grade whiskey. This to be mixed and used in tablespoonful doses before each meal and at bedtime. The bottle to be well shaken each time."

Although this is a very simple remedy, it will be found exceptionally effective, the good results becoming apparent after the first few doses. The ingredients can be gotten from any well stocked drug store and easily mixed at home.

FLEES, HURLING CHECKS AWAY

Charles Gill Captured After Sensational Dash Up City Street.

A man who gives his name as Charles Gill is being held at the police station while the detective department looks up his record and endeavors to discover whether his raw attempt to work off a phoney check on Mrs. M. E. Becker, wife of the proprietor of La Palais Royal, 375 Washington street, marks him an amateur at the forgery game, as the unpolished nature of his attempt would seem to indicate, or as an old offender.

Gill, accompanied by a well-dressed woman, entered Le Palais Royal at 3:30 yesterday afternoon and asked for a cheap skirt for the woman. They picked out one valued at $5, and the man offered a check drawn for $20.50 in payment, stating that he had no cash.

Woman's Finery Suspicious.

His companion, however, was so expensively dressed that Mrs. Baker, to whom the saleswoman had referred the matter, became suspicious at their wanting so cheap a skirt. The check was made payable to Charles Gill, signed by William Schneider, and drawn on the Canadian Bank of Commerce of this city. Mrs. Becker telephoned to the bank regarding the check and learned that no one by the name of Schneider had an account there. Wishing to make certain that she was not making a disagreeable mistake, she had Mr. Baker go over to the bank to make further inquiries.

Gill became suspicious at the delay and demanded of Mrs. Becker that she give him back the check. She refused and he attempted to snatch it. Mrs. Becker retreated behind the counter and Gill followed and seized her arm to take the check from her by force. Mrs. Becker called for help and at this juncture Gill ran. Mrs. Becker followed him, calling for the police, and was joined by a number of people in the street who chased Gill north to Park street.

Gill threw a handful of checks into the street as he ran. He fled to a rooming house on Park street near Stark, where he was blockaded until Patrolman Nelson arrived and took him into custody. The woman who was his companion disappeared during the chase and has not yet been found, although the police are looking for her. Gill was well supplied with checks calling for various amounts, from $10 to $30.

Although Gill did not succeed in passing the check on Mrs. Becker, he is liable under the law to severe penalties, there being a statute covering the crime.

ADDRESS YAMHILL MEN FOR BRYAN

Congressman George Fred Williams of Massachusetts will speak tomorrow night at McMinnville in the interest of the candidacy of Bryan and Kern. Great interest has been aroused by the visit of Mr. Williams among the people of McMinnville and Yamhill county, and it is expected that the rally addressed by him will be a large and enthusiastic one.

The meeting will be presided over by Judge William Galloway, who will make a short address in introducing the noted orator from the Atlantic coast.

ONCE LOVED MADLY BUT NOT SO NOW

Declaring that she once worshipped the ground her husband walked on and tried to poison herself when he left her, Mrs. Eva Puckett appeared before Judge Webster in the county court today to prosecute him for non-support. She said she does not love him longer and would never live with him again.

After hearing her long story, which was in many respects only feebly denied by her husband, Tilly O. Puckett, Judge Webster sentenced him to one year on the rockpile, with the alternative of paying his wife $25 per month. Before he can get out of jail to begin earning this money, however, he must put up a bond for $300, which he may not be able to secure.

Mrs. Puckett said her husband left her several times. Once he came home with a dagger and was about to kill her and then himself when he heard a sound overhead and was frightened out. At one time she took two ounces of iodine when he left her and spent several weeks in the hospital as a result. She admitted that she has two divorced husbands and said that both had failed to support her.

CLEARING HOUSE ANNUAL REPORT

New York, Oct. 6.—The New York clearing house report for the year ending September 30, made public this afternoon, shows:

Local transactions, $77,040,604,180, as against $99,129,347,346 the preceding year.

Exchanges, $73,630,971,913, as against $95,315,421,238 the preceding year.

Balances, $3,404,632,971, as against $3,813,926,108.

At the annual meeting today William H. Porter was elected president of the Clearing House association, and Samuel Wolverton was elected secretary. Porter is president of the Chemical National bank, and Wolverton is president of the Gallatine bank.

Hole Burned in Roof.

A fire broke out in the house at 561 Columbia street, occupied by Jerry Covach, at 11 o'clock this morning, burning a hole in the roof. It was caused by a defective flue. The damage amounted to less than $100.

THERE is no better way to prove the curative powers of the Bitters than to try a bottle the next time your Stomach, Liver and Bowels are weak and unable to do their work.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

will prove to you very quickly that it is the only medicine you need. It is of great benefit in cases of Heartburn, Belching, Indigestion and Insomnia.

Excessive Drinking

Orrine Destroys the Craving for Drink Cure Effected or Money Refunded.

Excessive or continued use of alcoholic beverages always results in a diseased condition of the nervous system.

The drinking man is often heard to say, "I can stop of my own free will and when I wish," but the poor fellow is now devoid of the power to act at the proper time and in the right way—it's too late, the craving has secured a firm hold and because of the diseased nervous system he has not the ability for sustained effort. The result we all know.

Drunkenness is no longer considered a crime; eminent scientists and physicians have agreed that it is a disease and must be treated as such.

The home treatment that has been used for a number of years, and is highly successful, is Orrine. It is sold under a positive guarantee that if it does not effect a cure your money will be refunded.

Orrine is in two forms. When desiring to give secretly, purchase Orrine No. 1, and if the patient will voluntarily take the treatment, Orrine No. 2 should be given. The guarantee is the same in either case. Orrine costs but $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain sealed wrapper on receipt of price. Write for free booklet on "Drunkenness," mailed in sealed envelope by The Orrine company, Washington, D. C. Sold in this city by Woodward-Clarke & Co., distributors.

WIPES LATHER OFF HIS FACE

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Perry, Iowa, Oct. 6.—Rather than disappoint a crowd at Valley Junction which had assembled to hear him, W. J. Bryan hastily postponed his shaving today and, wiping the lather from his face, addrgssed several thousand people. His speech was loudly applauded. Bryan reached Valley Junction at 7 o'clock in the morning and was scheduled to make 20 speeches before nightfall. Today marks the beginning of his tour of the state.

Bryan's attitude toward the pensioning of veterans having been aspersed, he gave out late last evening a statement in which he denies that he ever made a speech or wrote an editorial against the granting of pensions to soldiers, as has been alleged. On the contrary, he declares that all of his platforms have indorsed pensions and that he favors a liberal pension policy.

The Nebraska state central committee has announced that Bryan will deliver 70 speeches in Nebraska. He will speak in nearly all the principal cities, October 13, 14 and 15.

In a speech at Havelock, Neb., last night Bryan denounced Speaker Cannon as an enemy to legislation favorable to labor and said that so long as he was in the speaker's chair nothing in the way of reform could be secured. Even if Mr. Taft were elected and favored labor legislation, which he said the Republican candidate did not, the speaker and Mr. Taft would be in complete agreement. The Democratic party, he insisted, was pledged to legislation for which labor had been pleading.

BROUGHT GIRL TO MAKE TROUBLE

Pure spite work, according to Judge Van Zante, led to the arrest last week of J. Wind, a saloon keeper whose place is at East Third and Burnside streets. Wind was charged with having allowed a minor girl in his saloon.

The testimony this morning developed the fact that the man who made the complaint to Officer Sherwood, who made the arrest, himself called the girl, Jenave Wallings, into the saloon on some pretext, and then turned around and made a complaint against Wind, charging him with allowing a girl under 18 in the saloon.

The girl was arrested on a city charge, when it was found that she was over 18 years and therefore could not be held on that complaint. Neither could she be held on a state charge and so she was let go.

Wind was arrested and his case came up for trial this morning. It developed then that the girl had not remained in the saloon more than one or two minutes and that she had only come in then because the spiteful complainant had called her in on some pretext. The information against Wind was therefore dismissed on motion of the district attorney and he was discharged. Judge Van Zante said that if he had known the circumstances in time he would have held the complaining witness to answer for his action.

INSPECTOR FINDS INFECTIOUS CASES

Medical School Inspector Gellert found 18 cases of infectious disease in two schools inspected today. Most of the cases were of itch and similar diseases that are not considered very dangerous.

GIANTS ARE NOW ONE GAME AWAY

Three Runs in Seventh Clinch Second Game for New York.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Detroit won the pennant in the American league today, defeating Chicago 7 to 0.

Final score:

	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	7	2
Boston	1	6	2

By innings:

New York	0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0—4
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Batteries—New York, Wiltse and Bresnahan; Boston, Ferguson and Bowerman.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

New York, Oct. 6.—The victory of the Giants today in taking the second game from Boston has set the fans wild. They are confident that New York will repeat the performance tomorrow and then win the play-off from the Cubs and capture the pennant. Baseball frenzy has never run so high here in the history of the game.

If it should rain tomorrow or weather conditions make it impossible to play, the game would be lost to the Giants and there is little doubt that the weather man would be mobbed.

Even if the Giants lose tomorrow and then beat the Cubs in the play-off, the triple tie between Chicago, New York and Pittsburg will result and there are fans who love the sport well enough to hope that the great nine-game series between the three teams will have to be played.

American League.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The batteries in today's American league game were: Chicago, White, Walsh and Sullivan. Detroit, Donovan and Thomas. Score by innings:

Detroit	4 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—7
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Washington, Oct. 6.—Final score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	3	7	2
Philadelphia	2	7	1

W.C.T.U. OFFICERS GET TOGETHER

The Twenty-fifth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union opened this morning with the general officers' meeting. This afternoon a business session will be held and this evening there will be a program of addresses at Taylor street Methodist church which has been attractively dressed for the occasion. The program will be followed by a reception at the home of Mrs. O. P. M. Jamison, 582 Main street.

Delegates are arriving from all parts of the state in larger numbers than ever before and indications are for a stirring and effective convention.

The officers in session this morning were: President, Mrs. Henrietta Brown of Albany; vice-president-at-large, Mrs. Ida Barkley; corresponding secretary, Mrs. A. W. Unruh, Arleta; recording secretary, Mrs. Ida Marsters, Roseburg; assistant recording secretary, Miss Frances E. Gottshall; treasurer, Mrs. Hessie J. Shane; secretary of Y. W. C. T. U., Mrs. Cora Henkle, Grants Pass; secretary L. T. L., Mrs. Jane M. Donaldson.

SWEETS SPOILS SOAR TO $40,000 MARK

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Walla Walla, Wash., Oct. 6.—The amount of E. B. Sweet's defalcations will reach $40,000, according to information from the sheriff's office today. Twelve thousand of this is made up of insurance which was never turned in to the company. Eight thousand is by false checks on the Prescott State bank, never recorded. It is said he stole all the undivided profits of the bank.

Wife Charges Assault.

John Rueddy, an east side resident, was arrested by Constable Lou Wagner this morning, charged with assault and battery on his wife, who swore to the complaint. Rueddy's wife says that he gave her a severe thrashing. He was committed to jail and will be arraigned in the justice court tomorrow.

LAWYERS TOSS WORDS OVER SUNDAY CLOSING

Heavy batteries of legal lore were turned loose in the circuit court this morning when the Sunday-closing injunction case was called for argument before Presiding Judge Gantenbein. When the court adjourned for the noon recess the attorneys were in the midst of the battle, with their ammunition still piled up around them in the shape of "authorities." This afternoon the pounding and expounding were continued.

District Attorney Cameron opened the argument, putting stress on the declaration that the state or its agent cannot be made a defendant in any proceeding without its consent. He asserted that this basic principle is violated in trying to restrain the district attorney from enforcing a statute. He quoted a decision from Judge Wolverton in the United States court to the point that the Oregon Sunday law cannot be considered class or special legislation.

Cameron's Sleeve Heavy.

Cameron made only a short argument, but intimated that he is holding a large number of authorities in reserve. The attorneys for the retailers wanted a list of the cases on which he relies, but the district attorney would not give them, and Judge Gantenbein announced that the other side will be permitted to answer any new authorities that Cameron produces later on.

The district attorney likewise refused to widen the scope of the argument to include the demurrers to the indictments filed by the attorneys for the retailers. He said he would not consent to have the criminal cases entangled with the argument on his own demurrer to the injunction which restrains him from clamping down the lid.

W. C. Bristol made the first address for the retailers, speaking with great vigor and declaring at the outset that Cameron had made a mistake in supposing that he would contend that the state can be sued without its consent. He declared that in enjoining the district attorney the state is not being sued.

Bristol then read the essential parts of the complaint on which the injunction was granted. He drew attention to the fact that the lines of trade for which he appears are all orderly and conducive to the welfare and enjoyment of the public. He asserted that the tradesmen he represents make three times as much on Sunday as they do on other days of the week, and this money nearly all comes from people who have to work the other six days. Taking away this Sunday trade, he argued, is a transgression of property rights.

The speaker said that if the statute prevented any kind of business on Sunday they would not complain. He called attention to the changes in business life that have taken place since the law referring to the closing of "stores, shops and groceries" was passed. If the law is strictly construed, he said there would be nearly 60 classes of business not mentioned that would have to close.

Considers Idaho Law Model.

Bristol held up the Idaho law as an example of a model Sunday statute and derided the Oregon enactment in comparison. He laid stress on the contention that the Oregon law allows discrimination to be made as to the persons or classes that may be prosecuted under it, besides being indefinite and discriminative in those it attempts to restrict.

This afternoon John F. Logan and James Gleason will continue the argument for the retailers in support of a permanent injunction. District Attorney Cameron will speak again, and Deputy District Attorney Fitzgerald is watching the fray, ready to plunge in if needed. At the close of the argument Judge Gantenbein will need several days to consider the long lists of cases that will be cited for him to ponder over.

WILLIAMS AT GRANTS PASS

The Distinguished Massachusetts Jurist Talks to Capacity House at Josephine's Metropolis—Guaranteed Deposit Plank.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Grants Pass, Or., Oct. 6.—Judge Williams of Massachusetts addressed a large audience at the opera house yesterday afternoon, presenting the issues of the campaign from the Democratic standpoint. Mr. Williams held the immense crowd that filled the opera house for two and a half hours. Voters of all parties, who heard him, pronounced it one of the soundest, ablest and fairest campaign speeches heard in Grants Pass for many years.

Judge Williams arrived on the noon train from the south, and was met at the depot by reception committees from both the Bryan and Kern club and the commercial club. The address at the opera house began at 2 o'clock. He was introduced by Dennis H. Stovall, chairman of the Democratic central committee.

Judge Williams made a strong impression with his forcible and plain presentation of the guaranteed bank deposit plank of the Democratic platform. He showed how simple the system is and how easily it can be put in operation.

"Under existing conditions," he said, "our banks dispose of $400,000 credit on each $100,000 deposit. Thus, instead of receiving six per cent, they receive as high as 24 and even 50 per cent. This accounts for the rapidity with which a bank can fail when a demand is made for deposits.

"The guaranteed bank system is just as simple as fire insurance and will bring the same security and protection against money loss as fire insurance affords for fire loss. Of course the bankers don't want it. They say it would be bad for the banks, which is true enough when a certain class of wildcat institutions is considered."

Taft and Bryan Compared.

Mr. Williams dwelt at length on the injunction plank and told of his work as chairman of the committee that drafted this plank of the platform at the Denver convention. He closed with a review of the records of Taft and Bryan, and proved the statement of President Roosevelt, that Taft is a "man of great achievements," to be untrue. He showed how Taft has been merely an "errand runner and chore boy" of the administration.

"Some men sneeringly remark that Bryan has been defeated twice. Yes, that is true. But let me tell you that Mr. Taft will never be nominated the third time after two defeats. I see a number of women in the audience. Let me ask you, who are mothers of boys, if you have ever read one word from the utterances of Mr. Taft that you can quote as an inspiration to your sons. No, you cannot. But every speech, every utterance of Mr. Bryan is an appeal for better things, better living, better citizenship, better government. Ask any school boy who is the first citizen of the land and see how quickly he will reply Bryan.

"The text book of oratory and elocution used in our Boston schools is largely composed of the speeches of Bryan. He has proved himself not only the great orator and the great statesman, but the great commoner—the leader of the people.'"

Bishop Tierney Dead.

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 6.—Bishop Michael Tierney died yesterday afternoon at the diocesan house.

HOUSE WORK

Thousands of American women in our homes are daily sacrificing their lives to duty.

In order to keep the home neat and pretty, the children well dressed and tidy, women overdo. A female weakness or displacement is often brought on and they suffer in silence, drifting along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have help to overcome the pains and aches which daily make life a burden.

It is to these faithful women that

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

comes as a boon and a blessing, as it did to Mrs. F. Ellsworth, of Mayville, N. Y., and to Mrs. W. P. Boyd, of Beaver Falls, Pa., who say:

"I was not able to do my own work, owing to the female trouble from which I suffered. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me wonderfully, and I am so well that I can do as big a day's work as I ever did. I wish every sick woman would try it.

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.