

# COPYRIGHT ADORN THE CITY IN AMERICA

### Many Societies Represent Business, Citizenship, Humanitarianism and Aestheticism as Opposed to Graft and Exploitation.

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

Copyright, 1908, by Frederic J. Haskin. Omaha, Neb., Sept. 29.—Today's meeting of the League of American Municipalities in this city begins a series of meetings of societies and individuals interested in the building of better cities through a comparative study of methods. The American Society of Municipal Improvement will meet at Atlantic City the latter part of next month, and the American League will meet at Pittsburg the middle of November. To these will come hundreds of municipal affairs, representing all parties and creeds. All will be actuated by the desire to improve the American municipality, largely small, materially, morally, financially and aesthetically.

There was a time, within the memory of most of us, when the cities were left to run themselves, or to be run by the political bosses. In recent years the good citizenship of the country has become aroused to the importance of looking after its own interests. One result of this awakening has been the formation of civic improvement organizations. The American municipality is an infant compared with the great cities in other lands which have led the world in civilization, government, art and industry. But even as some of our cities are already overtaking foreign ones in size and population, they will before long surpass them in beauty, sanitation and useful improvements.

#### Spread of the Commission Idea.

In the municipal government long strides have been taken during the past decade. One of the principal features of the improvement of cities in this respect is the spread of the commission idea. This idea is not new, it is really an amplification of the old New England town meeting. In it the legislative and executive powers are vested in the same men. Perhaps the most conspicuous examples of government by commission are found in Galveston, Texas, and Des Moines, Iowa. Washington being a federal city, it cannot be compared. The Galveston commission was organized to meet the emergency caused by the great flood there eight years ago. Under five commissioners elected by general vote every two years, order and prosperity have returned to the city and improvements costing many millions of dollars have been carried on.

The Des Moines plan, inaugurated last April, is a more popular form of government. Authority is lodged in a mayor and four councilmen nominated at non-partisan primaries and elected by the people by popular vote. "Recall" faithful officials from office, protest against proposed ordinances and approve all franchises. This has resulted in a uniform system of municipal accounts, and police and fire departments run on the merit principle.

Following the Des Moines plan, and Dallas, Fort Worth, Houston, El Paso and Austin are following the commission plan. In Kansas City and Leavenworth, other Kansas cities, and some southern and western cities have adopted the commission plan. The idea has also taken root in New England. A commission of five, selected for five years, is the merit principle in government. Brookline, Mass., the wealthiest city in the United States, has recently adopted a similar plan.

#### The "City Beautiful" Idea.

Once it could be said of most American cities that like "Poppy," they "grew." But such has been the growth of the civic spirit in recent years that where, in 1901, there were only four American cities with well-defined ground plans of architectural beauty, 44 now aspire to develop along lines of beauty, instead of along lines of least resistance and utility. Major L'Enfant, the friend of President Washington, planned the national capital, a century ago. He also planned Buffalo. Detroit's plan was copied after that of Washington. Now Chicago, San Francisco, Providence, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Hartford, St. Louis and Springfield are joining the ranks of "cities beautiful."

Cleveland, Ohio, is a leader in the procession. Her group plan, now well towards completion, with monumental federal and municipal public buildings, railroad station, etc., is costing between \$20,000,000 and \$30,000,000. Atlantic City is embarking on a \$10,000,000 plan which will make it the most beautiful pleasure resort in the world. In Chicago a feature of the Columbian exposition is to be restored, a system of lagoons and boulevards constructed along the blue line of the lake front. The Chicago river improved by monumental docks and bridges, and an outer parkway opened. St. Louis has a plan which includes a great plaza surrounded

ed by fine buildings, a water gateway to the city, and the placing of the railroads underground.

#### New York to Be Remodeled.

Mayor McClellan's special commission has planned a remodeling of New York by the construction of a marginal street around the harborfront, and other improvements. New York was the first city to have a city consulting architect to give to anyone asking it, advice about the character of buildings to be put up. Boston, with the highest per capita expenditure on parks and similar improvements, is planning to build a series of islands in the Charles river basin on which to erect imposing public structures. Even Little Rock, Ark., has a plan which is based upon obtaining a mountain view from each important highway.

#### Some Colossal Water Plans.

All city officials are watching the development of the new water systems of New York and Los Angeles. New York's system will afford 600,000,000 gallons per day through the character of buildings to be put up. Boston, with the highest per capita expenditure on parks and similar improvements, is planning to build a series of islands in the Charles river basin on which to erect imposing public structures. Even Little Rock, Ark., has a plan which is based upon obtaining a mountain view from each important highway.

#### The Los Angeles Project.

The Los Angeles project is not so ambitious, yet is big enough to eclipse the aqueduct system of ancient Rome. Owens river, 250 miles from Los Angeles, is to be diverted through a line of aqueducts and canals, under mountains and across valleys, at a cost of \$25,000,000.

#### The Pure Water Problem.

The purification of water supply is occupying the attention of American cities. Philadelphia is working on a filtration plant which will be the largest in the country, if not in the world. Washington boasts of the second largest filtration system, one which removes 99.9 per cent of harmful germs and prevents the possibility of a typhoid epidemic. The problem of the waste of water has been solved in Washington. By scientific methods, leaks have been stopped so that, though the city increases 8,000 in population annually, the reduction in water waste last year was 5,000,000 gallons per day. This scheme costs \$20,000 but the investment earns 75 to 80 per cent. High pressure water systems have been installed in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo and Providence, as a protection against fire in the congested districts.

#### Paving and Sewers.

Street pavements are being improved constantly. In many localities asphalt is regarded as most satisfactory. In the northeast, bituminous paving—a mixture of tar and stone—and cement are favored. Cement as a street pavement is used in New York on account of its comparative noiselessness. Macadam and gravel are used in California. Since then this practice has spread over the country to many municipal highways.

Before long, it is predicted, municipal sewage, instead of being dumped into the waterways by the billion gallons to pollute the city water supply, will be spread upon the land as a fertilizing agent, after being rendered harmless by chemical treatment. This plan is being operated in Toronto, Canada. A similar plan is being talked of for Baltimore, where the first municipal sewerage system is now being constructed. New Orleans is spending several millions on a new system.

#### Municipal Lighting; Garbage.

The municipal lighting problem has practically been solved, one of the latest agents being the "flaming arc" light of 2,000 candle power and upwards. Los Angeles, Denver and other cities are turning their attention to making street lighting ornamental as well as useful. Detroit is one of the cities having towers up to 400 feet high bearing powerful electric lights. Besides electricity, municipalities are lighted by gas, acetylene and benzene.

The disposal of street sweepings, garbage and other refuse is becoming an art. Cleveland has a model municipal garbage reduction plant. In many cities contracts are let and the garbage is rendered and tons of valuable oils put on the market. Street sweepings are burned, ashes and other refuse picked over and material worth many thousands of dollars saved. The rest is used to fill in waste places or is burned or dumped into the sea.

New York has recently established a bureau of municipal research and municipal finances. Data and statistics are

# HUGE SUNFLOWER BIG AS A WASHTUB EXCHANGE HELPS NEEDY WOMEN

At the annual meeting of the Woman's Exchange committee at the Portland Women's union Monday afternoon, Mrs. Martin Winch, the secretary, read a report showing the status of the work. Reports were heard also from the finance, household, membership and purchasing committees. Miss Henrietta E. Felling, the chairman of the Woman's Exchange committee, gave a short paper about the objects and needs of the work. She spoke of an eastern woman who asked "What do the women do with all the money they make?"

Miss Felling said that it is not the object of the exchange to make money for those who have it in charge, but to give employment to many women who have not the money-making ability if they mind getting into business. She who are obliged to earn money for themselves and their dependent ones. The purpose of the exchange is to sell their fancy work or their cookery for them at a 10 per cent commission.

Miss Felling spoke of the relation of the work to the general welfare of the Portland Women's union of which the exchange is a branch. She stated that the whole amount of money taken in and paid out amounted to \$10,915. Of this the largest amount paid a consignee in fancy work was \$258, including the staff of helpers at the exchange and the consignors some 180 women were benefited by the work of the exchange during the year. Water was given October 12 to which the public is invited, at the rooms of the exchange.

Miss Henrietta E. Felling was re-appointed chairman for the ensuing year; Mrs. Martin Winch, secretary, and Mrs. W. C. Alvord, treasurer.

#### Martin is Given New Lawyers

City Attorney Kavanaugh, who has been attorney for Edward H. Martin since his capture on the charge of murdering Nathan Wolff, has resigned his place with the Martin case, and Judge Gantenbein yesterday appointed, John A. Jervis and George F. Four as attorneys. Kavanaugh gave as his reason that he had no time to devote to the case. Martin was brought into court this afternoon and said that he had no means of hiring counsel and asked the court to appoint attorneys to conduct his defense. Jervis and Four were the men selected by Presiding Judge Gantenbein. The case is set for October 5.

#### Engaging the services of a corps of experts throughout the country. One of the things they have not yet worked out is a uniform system of municipal accounts showing, besides receipts and expenditures, the sources of revenue, amounts invested in permanent improvements, and cost of government. At a Louisville convention of municipal accountants this month a census office expert submitted a uniform balance sheet which many hope will be adopted.

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## CAPITAL PUNISHMENT A CAMPAIGN ISSUE

Boston, Mass., Sept. 30.—Everything is in readiness for the Democratic state convention which will assemble in this city tomorrow for the nomination of candidates for governor and Lieutenant-governor. All indications point to the selection of State Senator James H. Vahey of Watertown, as the candidate for governor. No other name is mentioned for first place on the ticket.

With the nomination of Vahey for governor the Democrats will make the proposed abolition of the death penalty in Massachusetts one of the chief issues of their campaign. During the years that Vahey has been in the state senate, following the sensational trial, conviction and execution of Charles L. Tucker, whose counsel he was, he has had in the legislature a bill to wipe out the death penalty. He has always been convinced of Tucker's innocence of the murder of Mabel Page and holds that the present form of punishment is likely to work horrible injustice. It is an issue that will command some attention, coming upon the heels of the motion picture fight for Tucker and the big fight year after year to change the death penalty to imprisonment for life.

#### Chinese Polygamist Gives Up His Fight

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Francisco, Sept. 30.—Despite the fact that he announced yesterday that he would fight the deportation proceedings against him at Washington, Henry T. Bosman, the Chinese millionaire whose adviser, Langst, has been charged that he would go back to China without fighting the case further.

The condition of his health, he says, makes it impossible for him to proceed for him, the end not warranting the trouble.

Bosman claims to be an English subject and says he could easily land if he appealed to Washington, but he will go to the countries for the medical treatment he sought in the United States.

## RICKEY SAYS BANK SHOULD PAY OUT

(United Press Leased Wire.) Berkeley, Cal., Sept. 30.—T. B. Rickey, owner of the bank and a cattleman and banker, is to live at Berkeley. He is here today superintending the reconstruction of a fine residence he has recently purchased in the Piedmont hills, and says he will make Berkeley his home.

Rickey said he was perfectly willing to face the litigation now pending against him in Nevada on account of the failure of the State bank. "If the bank is proved to have handled it will pay dollar for dollar," said Rickey. "If it is not I am willing to reimburse the depositors for their losses in proportion to the stock I hold."

(United Press Leased Wire.) Goldfield, Nev., Sept. 30.—Attorneys for T. B. Rickey, former president of the defunct Bank & Trust company, which failed recently, are preparing to go to trial with the case against the client, who is charged with embezzlement. Judge Langst of the district court has brushed aside all the technicalities and ordered that the case go to trial. All the objections raised to the readings and papers in the case by Rickey's attorneys have been overruled and the district attorney announces that he will advance the case on the calendar.

Hundreds of people lost practically all their money when the bank failed. The trial of Rickey has been made a political issue, the opponent of the present district attorney declaring that the district attorney has not done his duty in the Rickey case.



# Ghirardelli's Cocoa

is a food drink for young and old that pleases the palate—strengthens the body—builds up the nerves—quickens the mind. It instills qualities in young and old which produce perfect contentment and perfect health and allows one to give

# A Smile All the While

Ghirardelli's Cocoa is a standard combination of the cocoa bean. It is made with painstaking care and after 50 years of manufacture stands to-day a perfect product.

30 cups of a delicious drink 25c

COOPER S.F.



# THE FIGHT IS WON

The combine acknowledges we have them beat, and are trying to meet our prices, but never while we know it.

## INDEPENDENT CLOTHIERS

227 Morrison St., Bet. First and Second

Lower still we pound the prices, until it seems as though we have no regard for the worth of Clothing, Furnishings, Waists, Skirts, Cloaks, etc. Our prices for this week will cause the combine to have chills. Come and see how we fight the combine.

### A FEW EXTRA SPECIALS

- Ladies' Cloaks and Skirts**
  - We are showing all the latest models in every shade and trimming. Ladies, this is a feast for you. Fight the combine.
  - \$3.85 buys Silk Petticoats sold by the combine at \$7.50.
  - \$5.85 buys Dress Skirts, Volles, etc., worth \$10.
  - \$4.25 for Ladies' Long Coats, new weaves and styles; the combine sells these for \$10.
- Men's Furnishings**
  - \$5 for black or tan Sox, worth 10c.
  - \$2.45 for Work Shirts, worth to 75c.
  - \$3.50 for sterilized heavy Underwear, worth 75c.
  - \$2.00 for fine wool Cooper ribbed Underwear, worth \$1.50.
  - \$2.00 for President style Suspenders, worth 50c.
  - 10c for black and gray wool Sox, worth 20c.
  - 65c for fine Sweaters, worth \$1.25.
  - 35c for men's Handkerchiefs, worth 10c.
- Men's Pants**
  - Pants for the laborer, the clerk or the gentleman.
  - \$1.45 for Corduroy and other Pants, worth to \$2.50.
  - \$2.25 buys finest tailored Pants, worth to \$5.00.
  - 79c buys men's Work Pants, worth to \$1.75.
- Ladies' Waists**
  - 79c buys fine lawn and embroidered waists, worth to \$1.75.
  - \$1.45 buys best lawn and embroidered Waists, worth to \$4.00.
  - Also, large line fine net and silk Waists; also cashmeres, at fighting-the-combine prices.
  - 11c for ladies' Hermsdorf Hose, worth to 25c.

This list contains but a sample of the way we sell goods, in fighting the high-priced clothing combine. Our stocks contain no cheap, trashy goods, but the best there is. You could hunt the world over and find no better. This sale is for you. **HALLOWEEN** ON.

# INDEPENDENT CLOTHIERS 227 Morris on Bet. 1st and 2d

**TABLE ROCK**

IT'S ALIVE

SPARKING REFRESHING HEALTHFUL

FORMERLY MOFFETT'S SPRINGS

MINERAL WATER

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**WHITE SEAL**

—OR—

**TABLE WATERS**

By its spice and sparkle, as in its wonderful curative properties, TABLE ROCK has become recognized as the leading quality mineral water.

Recommended and for Sale by Woodard, Clark & Co  
This Sparking Water is the Favorite Table Drink  
At Leading Hotels, Restaurants and Drink Parlors.  
Bottled at the Springs by Table Rock Mineral Water Co., Table Rock, Wash.  
Portland Agency, 605 Chamber of Commerce.

You can get a large cake of



**Boni Ami**

The Finest Cleaner Made

at your grocers, if you did not receive a sample cake, or have used up the one left at your home. It's worth trying.

**Companies Incorporated.**  
(Holds Bureau of the Journal.)  
Sales of the Journal of Incorporation have been filed in the office of the secretary of state as follows:

- Fruit Growers Trust & Title company. The principal office Medford, capital stock \$100,000. Officers: Richard H. Parsons, president; Howard J. Albert, secretary.
- Moses, John A. Torney and Worrall Wilson.  
Standard Orchard company, principal office Medford, capital stock \$10,000. Officers: A. W. Stone, II, T. De Witt and A. A. Jayne.
- French Estates, principal office The Dalles, capital stock \$1,500. Officers: J. H. French, V. H. French and Paul M. French.

**Loyal Legion Meeting.**  
(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)  
Burlington, Vt., Sept. 28.—The commander-in-chief of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the membership of which is composed of officers who served on the Union side in the civil war and their oldest male line descendants, began its annual meeting here today. The attendance includes many soldiers of national fame. For the entertainment of the visitors the Vermont commandery has arranged for a banquet, a trip to Fort Ethan Allen and other interesting features.

Every day a specialty at the Grange fair, at Graham, October 8 to 10.