

PROHIBITION, FROM A CANDIDATE'S VIEWPOINT

The following interview with Mr. Watkins on the subject "When Will the Prohibition Party Elect a President of the United States?" has been secured exclusively for The Journal:



Asa A. Watkins, Prohibition Candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

Asa, Ohio, July 21.—I am asked the question, "When Will the Prohibition Party Elect a President of the United States?" From one viewpoint this is a comparatively easy question, but from another, it is, of course, beyond the wisdom of man to solve. Founding our answer upon the principles of the case and not upon unknown facts of the future, I would say, first, that the Prohibition party will succeed at the national election when a majority of the people of our nation learn to give political questions their proper importance and to cease exalting financial, local and secondary interests above the interests which form the basis of all government. The prohibition of the liquor traffic is by far the greatest political question of the present century. It is the greatest in the money involved. The most conservative estimate of the expenditure for liquor has placed it for years at not less than \$1,000,000,000.

Add to this the cost of prosecutions for crime, the loss of power of production by the drunkenness of laborers, waste of property through accident, explosions, collisions and incendiary fires, traceable directly to this evil, and the financial loss to our nation is almost incalculable. When the American people recognize the important financial part of this question, they will certainly be true to their own financial interests, and search out the best method of throttling this great evil and stop this great waste.

Adopt Method.
They will adopt for this purpose, the method which has been used with success in the settlement of all other questions. Every question that has been settled for over a century in American politics has been settled largely, if not entirely, by the party method. This is true of the tariff question, money question, the question of centralization of government, and a question of minor questions that have appeared from time to time, and we believe will be the ultimate settlement of this, the only question now before the American people. The liquor question is the greatest question in this connection with other questions. In its power to complicate questions and hinder their solution. The question of immigration which has been so widely discussed in the past, is not a disturbing element in dry territory. It only becomes such through the influence of liquor. Therefore, when the American people recognize that solving their liquor problem is the saloon problem, they will have one more reason for accomplishing its overthrow.

Misgovernment.
The question of misgovernment of cities will also be recognized as one of the questions which will be extremely difficult, if not impossible, of solution without the solution of the liquor question. The ward boss can only deal with voters as he has been prepared to his hand, and the saloon which furnishes corrupt voters is the saloon. If the cities of our land had no liquor problem, they would have no misgovernment on a colossal scale such as now exists. The American people will also recognize in the near future that the most serious obstacle to the harmonious relation between capital and labor is the saloon. Even where strikes have occurred liquor has prevented a successful termination of the strike for the laboring man, by inciting a few at least of the laboring men to violence and unwise methods, and by this means they lost the sympathy and support of the general public, and the strike became a failure.

It has already been recognized by the people of one large section of our land that the greatest and most pressing political question, the race problem, is impossible of solution so long as a multitude of negroes are corrupted by the saloon. When the American people are thoroughly aroused to all these problems and to the share which liquor has in the difficulty of their solution, they will certainly seek in an intensely earnest way for the best and most permanent solution of the great question.

Prohibition's Side.
In the second place, the American people will place the Prohibition party in power whenever they recognize that entire national prohibition enforced by its real friends, rather than by its pretended or lukewarm friends or even its avowed enemies, is a successful method of dealing with the liquor traffic and the only method that can be successful. It is often stated that prohibition does not prohibit. It could be said with equal force that laws against larceny will not be enforced if thieves are entrusted with its enforcement. The principle of prohibition has never been thoroughly and sincerely tried anywhere by the American people. Even where states or communities have, as we stated, voted dry, the national government has stood in the way of the enforcement of their laws by a system of internal revenue

PORT MEASURE IS DRAFTED FRENCH WOMEN DEMAND RIGHTS

Astoria Chamber of Commerce Completes Labors on Harbor Bill.
(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Astoria, Or., Aug. 1.—The committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce some months ago to prepare a proposed initiative measure creating the Port of Astoria, has completed its labors and drafted a proposed bill, to be the subject of discussion at a special meeting of the chamber to be held on next Monday evening. After being approved by the Chamber of Commerce the bill will be submitted to the voters at the city election next December.

While the measure as prepared provides for a great many things, the great majority of which will probably never be used, its real object is to create a body which can deal directly with the government in urging the improvement of the harbor and the channel from Astoria to the sea and prevent, if possible, the national government from disposing of the harbor as drawn consists of 19 sections and its more salient features are as follows:

Section 3 provides that the city shall have power to acquire a site and erect a drydock of sufficient size to accommodate vessels 400 feet in length.

Section 7 provides that for the purpose of constructing a drydock, maintaining and operating dredges, etc., the city shall have power to issue 5 per cent bonds to an amount not exceeding \$500,000.

Section 8 authorizes the levying of an annual tax to pay principal and interest on bonds.

Section 10 provides for the levy of a tax not exceeding one half of 1 per cent for the payment of general expenses.

Section 12 provides that when necessary the city can anticipate its tax levies and borrow money on interest-bearing warrants or bonds.

Section 13 provides that all work not done by the regular city employees shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder.

Section 14 provides for the creation of a port commission of Astoria consisting of nine members, whose names have not been selected.

Section 15 provides that in order to be eligible for membership on the commission a man must have paid to the city within one year a tax or not less than \$25.

Ask a Policeman.
From the Waltham Free Press-Tribune.
The Boston Globe tells of a dog shot in Lynn that was "chased by a policeman, supposedly mad." But what right has a policeman to get mad, anyhow?

have earned the franchise by virtue of their general progress and political education during recent years. In 1859 the doors of the universities were thrown open to women. Twelve years later they were given access to all the public offices including the law courts. In 1901 the right to vote at municipal elections was conceded and it is because this right has been well exercised that the full right of suffrage is being asked for.

The city of Paris has decided to tear down the annex of the Hotel Europe, the oldest hospital in the city but the wiser citizens are afraid to tackle the job because eminent medical authorities say that if the building is torn down in the ordinary way millions of bacilli capable of killing off the whole population of the city would be liberated.

The safest way would evidently be to burn down the building, as the walls, ceiling and other parts of the hospital are contaminated with microbes representing every illness and disease known to mankind. A fire, however, would be attended with grave danger, because it would be impossible to insure a fire building completely without the fire spreading to the surrounding buildings. Some authorities, however, have been appointed to find a way out of this unique dilemma.

Two years exile in Portuguese East Africa has not quelled the spirit which caused the arrest of two Portuguese warships in mutiny and it is thought no fault of their own that they return to their native country alive.

The mutineers were included in the amnesty proclaimed at the accession of King Manuel and the government sent the steamship Portugal to bring them home. Shortly after leaving Lisbon a disturbing dispute broke out and led to a general fight in which knives and pistols were used and a large number of men were wounded.

The captain and officers of the Portugal descended among the fighting men and drove them below decks with their revolvers, but not until one man was dead and several others mortally wounded. As they were being court-martialed and probably be sent back into exile.

Old Barber Chairs.
The dealer in barbers' furniture when he refits an old shop and puts in the new, modern pedestal revolving barber chairs in place of the old style chairs that stood on legs, will take the old chairs at a price in exchange, says the New York Sun. And what becomes of the old-fashioned chairs thus taken? If this barber didn't want them, who will? But there is a sale for them, there is for anything and everything second-hand.

Some of them may be sold in the city, but not many. The barber who opened a new shop here, in whatever part of the town the shop might be, would be likely to buy the modern pedestal chairs which he could do even if he didn't have the cash in hand, for he can buy a shop outfit and pay for it in installments. So, not many of the second-hand barber chairs are sold in the city, the bulk of them going back somewhere.

Some are sold for use in small summer resort places, where the patronage is limited and a city outfit is not expected. And some of the old-fashioned second-hand chairs go to the country barber shops.



Here Are Some of the Figures in the Hazel Drew Murder Which is Puzzling the Authorities in the Northern Part of New York State. At the Top is Shown a Picture of Will Taylor's Home Near Teal's Pond, Standing With a Rake on His Shoulder Is Coon Teal, Owner Playing Safe. From the Chicago News. "Are you going to send Graftleigh back to congress?" asked the reporter. "That's what I intend to do," replied the politician. "We realize that it will be safer for us to have him there than at home." From the Pittsburg Post. "Don't sell that man another drink," ordered the boss. "He's all right," argued the barkeep. "He ain't full." "No; but he's beginning to tell what a nice family he comes of."

BIG PRIZES

Clever and Ambitious Students Offered Valuable Scholarships and Cash Awards for Energetic Work During Vacation—Not to Late to Enter

The following valuable scholarships and good cash awards should prompt students to put all their energy into The Journal's third annual scholarship contest. This contest will close in September. No ambitious student should miss this grand opportunity to win a scholarship. All between the ages of 10 and 30 are eligible.

SCHOLARSHIPS

- As far as they are at present listed are herewith submitted. More schools will be added from day to day during the contest as the choice of new contestants is learned.
- ALBANY COLLEGE, ALBANY, OR.**
One year's tuition in any department, except conservatory. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - BAKER CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE, BAKER CITY, OR.**
One year's tuition in shorthand, typewriting, English, bookkeeping and penmanship. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - BERNKE-WALKER BUSINESS COLLEGE, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in combined business and shorthand course. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - CAPITAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, SALEM, OR.**
Ten months' tuition in business or shorthand course. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - DALLAS COLLEGE, DALLAS, OR.**
One year's tuition in any department. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - ELECTRIC BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in combined business and shorthand courses. Value of scholarship, \$100.
 - HILL MILITARY ACADEMY, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in all branches without board. Value of scholarship \$120.
 - HOLMES BUSINESS COLLEGE, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in combined business and shorthand course. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF SCRANTON, PA.**
Complete course in architecture, chemistry and chemical technology, electrical and engineering, steam, electric, mechanical engineering and mining engineering. Value of scholarship \$125.
 - R. MAX MYER SCHOOL OF ART, PORTLAND, OR.**
Six months' evening course. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - WHEATVILLE COLLEGE, WHEATVILLE, OR.**
One year's tuition in any department of the college. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - OREGON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's course in piano department. Value of scholarship \$175.
 - OREGON EXPERT COLLEGE, PORTLAND, OR.**
Combined course in telegraphy and stenography. Value of scholarship \$125.
 - OREGON LAW COLLEGE, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition. Value of scholarship \$150.
 - PACIFIC COLLEGE, HEWESBURG, OR.**
One year's tuition. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - PACIFIC UNIVERSITY, FOREST GROVE, OR.**
One year's tuition in college department. Value of scholarship \$50.
 - PENDELTON ACADEMY, PENDELTON, OR.**
Two years' instruction in classical, scientific or commercial courses. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - PORTLAND ACADEMY, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in any of the four academy classes. Value of scholarship \$120.
 - MRS. WALTER REED, PORTLAND, OR.**
Vocal lessons. Value of scholarship, \$100.
 - ROSE CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE, PORTLAND, OR.**
One year's tuition in combined business and shorthand course. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, THE DALLES, OR.**
One year's tuition in music department. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - WESTERN ACADEMY OF MUSIC AND EDUCATION, PORTLAND, OR.**
Course in elocution, oratory or dramatic art. Value of scholarship \$100.
 - WILLAMETTE UNIVERSITY, SALEM, OR.**
One year's tuition in college department. Value of scholarship \$50.

CASH AWARDS

- In addition to the scholarship awards The Journal will make the following cash awards to help defray expenses of the students who may poll the largest vote:
- Cash with first choice of scholarship.....\$150
 - Cash with second choice of scholarship.....\$125
 - Cash with third choice of scholarship.....\$100
 - Cash with fourth choice of scholarship.....\$75
 - Cash with fifth choice of scholarship.....\$50
 - Cash with sixth choice of scholarship.....\$25
- The above sums in cash will be paid contestants immediately after the close of the contest, in the order of their standing. Cash commissions will be allowed on all new subscribers, in addition to the cash awards, so that a contestant may earn money every day during the contest.

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