

TAFT HAS CAMPAIGN SIDE STEP

Plans the Bryan Policies as Regards Funds for Political Purposes but His Motive Is Said to Be Obvious.

Important Feature of His Speech of Acceptance Discussed—Promises of Action—Compensations and Labor From Republicans View.

Hot Springs, Va., July 18.—Judge William H. Taft, has "seen" William J. Bryan's public promise in the corporation campaign contribution game and "gone him one better."

It was announced here tonight that Mr. Taft will not permit the acceptance of any contribution fund from any trust or corporation about which there is the least suggestion of "undestability."

When a week ago, Treasurer Sheldon of the Republican campaign committee left here following a conference with his chief he intimated that corporation contributions would be quite as acceptable to him as any other.

Despite Sheldon's opinion, the candidate gave another demonstration today of the fact that he intends to be his own boss, when after a conference with Sheldon and Hitchcock, both of whom are said to have advised to the contrary, he announced that any money which figures in his election would have to be clean.

Make Denials. Persistent reports that the railroads and other corporations are endeavoring to make deals with him have annoyed Taft. He has issued several statements that not the slightest semblance of a deal had even been promised to him and he branded as a canard the report that M. E. Kellough of the New York Central, his old-time friend and fellow-townsmen, now a visitor here, had been sent to intimate that the railroads would knife the ticket unless the candidate would give a pre-election promise not to restrict in the enforcement of railroad laws.

It developed today that one of the most important features of the speech of acceptance was the law-breaking corporations they may expect no mercy. The speech will also advance several new phases of Taft legislation.

In response to a telegram from Taft, "Trust-Buster" Kellogg will return here Monday to review a part of the speech of acceptance, advocating a closer working agreement between the state and federal governments on the matter of interstate commerce regulation of the trusts.

Scorns Gompers. Taft referred scornfully to Samuel Gompers, threat to deliver the labor vote to Mr. Bryan.

"If Mr. Gompers really made such a statement as he is quoted as making," said Mr. Taft, "he is going to find that the labor vote in America is an honest, self-thinking vote which neither Mr. Gompers nor any other individual can deliver."

The apparent intention of the liquor journals of the country to support Taft on the ground that he opposes prohibition does not worry him. He declares that he has never discussed the ethical side of the question with anyone, and accepts Bryan's view, that it is not an issue of the campaign.

MINE WORKERS TURN AGAINST SAMUEL GOMPERS

Denver, July 18.—Thomas J. Lewis, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, today practically served notice on Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to keep his hands off the mine workers in a political way and not attempt to use the power of his position to bring about a merger of the two organizations. If Gompers contemplated a merger, Lewis said, he would issue a circular letter campaign in behalf of Bryan attempts to include the hundreds of thousands of coal diggers who now look to President Lewis for advice it is certain Gompers will hear from Lewis in terms unmistakable.

The statement issued today by the (Continued on Page Twelve.)

BY AN APPEAL TO CONTRASTS REWARDS OF UNSELFISH LABOR FOR OTHERS WITH FRUITS OF PRIVILEGED SPOILATION--EXHORTS TEACHERS TO THINK, THEN VOTE THEIR BEST THOUGHT

Contrasts Rewards of Unselfish Labor for Others With Fruits of Privileged Spoliation--Exhorts Teachers to Think, Then Vote Their Best Thought

Important Feature of His Speech of Acceptance Discussed—Promises of Action—Compensations and Labor From Republicans View.

By John E. Nevin, Staff Correspondent
Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 18.—"The Democratic party can hardly be expected to bring about the millennium, but it certainly can be depended on to improve some of the conditions under which the American people are today suffering," declared W. J. Bryan in an impassioned speech to 200 students of the normal college at Fremont, who called on him at his home tonight. It was his second speech of the present campaign and although he had declared earlier in the discourse that he would not make a political speech, the friendly manner in which his remarks were received led him to discuss with some degree of freedom some of the leading planks in the platform recently adopted at Denver.

It was after sunset when the party of guests arrived, in special cars. They marched up the hill from the station, all carrying small American flags and wearing badges which read:

"Friends of the People, Nebraska for Bryan and Bryan for the Nation." Awaiting them on the crest of the hill were the members of the Bryan club, his wife and daughter. The guests were introduced to the school by Professor and Mrs. Clemmons and were received with a hand shake in the latest approved "Commoner" style, and a word or two of cheerful greeting.

Highest Work; Lowest Pay. Then Professor Clemmons made an address of welcome, explaining that the party included men and women who were studying to become teachers, all having students of political economy, and, as such, anxious to study at close range one of the leaders of the political thought of the nation.

Bryan caused a laugh at the outset when he declared that "inasmuch as he had been told to believe that he would be a certain announcement" made to him, he could "hardly at this time make a speech."

When he paid tribute to the college represented by his visitors. In his opening remarks he said the American teacher is the best of his kind. He returned for his or her labor than that of any person in any other position, and yet he receives the lowest wages of any of the highest.

Among other things he said:

The Divine Law of Reward. "If you will examine the platform adopted at Denver, you will find that each plank is an appeal to those who desire to see this government a government of the people, by the people and for the people. It is a platform of the highest kind, so far as human wisdom can secure to each individual a reward from society proportionate to the con-

tribution that that person makes to the welfare of society.

"I may say that this is the ideal toward which a government should strive. There is a divine law of reward; it is that everyone shall enjoy in proportion to his merit. Character, energy, industry and intelligence, contribute to the world.

"And one of our complaints against present conditions is that the rewards of society are not equally distributed.

The Fruits of Privilege. "Take, for instance, your occupation, or profession. It is one of the most important that we have. You must have developed character; you must have the qualities that fit you for high citizenship, and then, when you are prepared, you go into the service of your children, of those who are dearer to us than our own lives, and you take these children at a period when their characters are being formed, and upon the impressions that you make upon them we must largely depend for the usefulness of these children in the future.

"Now compare your compensation and your work with the compensation and work of those who have secured privileges and favoritism; compare your work and your reward with those, for instance, who have secured control of some great industry and by means of this control are able to reach their hands into the pockets of practically millions of people, thereby fixing arbitrarily the price of that which they sell and which the people must have, and you are able to gather a reward larger than they earn.

The Shifting of the Burden. "We do not expect that our government will be free from faults when it is handed into the hands of those who call themselves Democrats, to secure a better reward for service, and they believe that this can be done by restoring the government to the nation; they believe it can be done by making it more responsive to the will of the people, and if you will read the platform through you will find that there are several specific reforms that are asked for.

INDICTED ONCE BEFORE

The Federal Grand Jury Brought Charge Against Whitney L. Boise in 1893—Case Hushed Up and Finally Dismissed.

Important Feature of His Speech of Acceptance Discussed—Promises of Action—Compensations and Labor From Republicans View.

Whitney L. Boise, prominent in the business and professional circles of the city and state, member of the Arlington club, president of the United East Side Club, son of one of Oregon's honored pioneers and former chief justice of the supreme court, the late Reuben P. Boise, was yesterday charged with the embezzlement of \$6,277.59 from the Hawthorne estate. He was arrested yesterday afternoon in his office in the Chamber of Commerce building and was released under bonds of \$10,000. The complaints against Boise were sworn to by his sister-in-law, Mrs. Catherine Collins, one of the heirs of the Dr. Hawthorne estate.

Five complaints were filed against Boise alleging the embezzlement of different sums as follows: April 8, 1893, \$1,000; March 14, 1893, \$1,702.84; February 14, 1897, \$1,625.50; March 28, 1897, \$1,532.75; July 14, 1897, \$446.50.

Whitney L. Boise, Arrested Yesterday for Embezzlement From Hawthorne Estate.

The Oakland chamber of commerce has secured a famous engineering expert to prepare plans for the improvement of its waterfront, recognizing the great importance of making the harbor attractive for foreign shipping. He has submitted four plans providing for reclaiming the tide flats, constructing bulkheads, concrete docks and a 10,000-foot concrete wall.

"If such improvements are of importance to Oakland, they are worthy of the consideration of Portland. This city now finds itself crowded so far as its shipping facilities are concerned, and it is a prominent member of the Arlington club, is the president of the United East Side club and has been prominent in the political activities of the past.

Another Artful Graft Dodger in a Bombshell.

San Francisco, July 18.—Attorney Henry Ach, counsel for Abe Ruef, exploded a bombshell in the camp of the prosecution today when he filed affidavits and other documents charging William J. Burns, chief detective for the prosecution, and his subordinates, R. C. Chandler and J. V. Lawlor, with tampering with the jury panel of Judge Lawlor's court.

The action taken by Ach is based on the story published in a local daily last week. The article told of the attempt on the part of Lawlor and some unknown men to get signatures to a petition to the attorney general of this state to set aside the various cases against Ruef, Calhoun and Ford on the ground that no conviction could be obtained and because the municipal treasury had been depleted by reason of useless trials.

San Francisco, July 18.—English will be the commercial language of Japan within a few years. If the prediction made today by E. A. Phillips, English instructor of the Japanese training ship Taisei Maru, which is in this port, comes true, Phillips says the English language is rapidly being adopted in Japan and is now included in the course of all the principal universities and secondary schools there.

HARRIMAN GRIP ON THE WATERFRONT MUST BE BROKEN—OFFICIALS ARE IN A POSITION TO GIVE TO THE PEOPLE HARBOR MASTER SPEIER'S VIEWS.

Harriman Grip on the Waterfront Must Be Broken—Officials Are in a Position to Give to the People Harbor Master Speier's Views.

Important Feature of His Speech of Acceptance Discussed—Promises of Action—Compensations and Labor From Republicans View.

That this is the time for Portland to make a strike for public docks and to declare itself independent of the iron rule of Harriman is the prevailing opinion among shippers and those interested in independent ship companies. Harriman owns nearly every dock in Portland. The city has \$500,000 for public docks. And the port is now scarcely able to handle the shipping that is coming to the harbor.

Harbor Master Speier will recommend to the council that the west channel, between Swan island and the mainland, which was formerly the main channel of the Willamette, be reopened, that the shallow places in the channel be dredged out so as to give a uniform depth of water and that the sand and gravel dredged from the river and cut away from Swan island be turned into Guild's lake and the swampy land between the lake and the river. This made land would give an unrivaled site for the municipal docks, while the ship's basin made by dredging out the channel and a portion at least of Swan island, would be large enough to attract an enormous amount of shipping to this port.

"Portland has it within her power to do what Oakland, Cal., is doing," said Captain Speier yesterday. "Oakland for years was bound hand and foot by the railroads, so far as her waterfront was concerned. They owned every dock and every foot of waterfront and there seemed to be no way of getting out of their clutches. For years favored them however, and the city was smart enough to squat on the made and that was formed in front of the railroad docks. Then they began to secure possession of the docks through their own proceedings and they are now in a position to build what public docks they please and rent the remainder of the waterfront property to the railroads or other private corporations.

Oakland's Plans. "The Oakland chamber of commerce has secured a famous engineering expert to prepare plans for the improvement of its waterfront, recognizing the great importance of making the harbor attractive for foreign shipping. He has submitted four plans providing for reclaiming the tide flats, constructing bulkheads, concrete docks and a 10,000-foot concrete wall.

"If such improvements are of importance to Oakland, they are worthy of the consideration of Portland. This city now finds itself crowded so far as its shipping facilities are concerned, and it is a prominent member of the Arlington club, is the president of the United East Side club and has been prominent in the political activities of the past.

\$200,000 VALUE OF MANN'S ESTATE

Will Provided for Many Bequests to Charitable Institutions.

Two hundred thousand dollars is the estimated value of the estate left by the late John Peter Mann, who met a tragic death on May 28 by scalding to death in the bathtub, having been stricken and rendered helpless after he had turned on the hot water faucet.

All of the property passes to Mrs. Anna Mann, the widow, under the will of the deceased, which was admitted to probate yesterday in the county court by Judge Webster. The will is a long document and is peculiar in its provisions, providing what should be done with the property if the widow failed to survive him. Liberal bequests to charitable institutions of Portland were provided, aggregating over \$50,000, but all of these provisions are now of no effect.

Had Mrs. Mann passed away before her husband the children's home would have received \$10,000, the old ladies' home \$10,000, the Patton home \$5,000, the boys and girls aid society \$5,000, the Good Samaritan hospital \$5,000, St. Vincent's hospital \$5,000, the Portland Homeopathic Dispensary \$5,000, the Women's union \$5,000, the Y. W. C. A. \$5,000, the M. C. A. \$5,000 and the First Presbyterian church \$1,000.

Other conditional bequests were \$10,000 to each of three sisters living in New England states, Kate Simmons, Sarah J. Bartlett and Mary Simpson, \$1,000 to Charles McFadden, a San Diego man, who had lived with the Mann family when a boy, and \$100 to each of the servants who had been in the Mann employ for as long as one year before his death.

Had Mr. Mann not been survived by his wife, his trust estate would have been created with J. Frank Watson and Rachel L. Kay as trustees. The estate would have gone principally to Henry Lewis Mann when he became 40 years of age, with liberal bequests to other relatives. It was approved that age, and an allowance of \$25 per month to Margaret Hale. These minute and lengthy directions are now only of interest to show how Mann wanted his property to be distributed if his wife failed to survive him. As it is, everything is Mrs. Mann's, and she may dispose of it as she pleases.

Mrs. Mann is made executrix under the will without bond. The document was executed in October, 1901, just before Mr. and Mrs. Mann started for a tour of Europe. It was witnessed by William H. Chapin and Judge J. B. Cleland, and the former yesterday gave the testimony necessary to probate the will, Judge Cleland being out of the city.

OLD TITLE GUARANTEE ABSORBED

New Company Known as Security, Title and Trust Consolidation of Defunct Bank and Security Abstract and Trust.

Important Feature of His Speech of Acceptance Discussed—Promises of Action—Compensations and Labor From Republicans View.

A new title and abstract company has been organized with strong backing and a paid up capital of \$250,000 to succeed to the plant and business of the old Title Guarantee & Trust company and the Security Abstract & Trust company. The new company will be known as the Security Title & Trust company. It will occupy quarters in the northwest corner of the Chamber of Commerce building, now occupied by the Security Abstract & Trust company.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday afternoon, and the company will begin business immediately upon completion of extensive remodeling of the latter company's offices in the Chamber of Commerce building. The incorporators are: William M. Ladd, Earl C. Bronaugh, John F. Daly, W. E. Thomas, R. S. Howard Jr., P. P. Dabney and J. L. Hartman. Final organization and election of officers has not yet taken place.

The purpose of the corporation is to acquire abstract plants, to prepare abstract books, to examine public records, to prepare statements of any matter of record, including abstracts and certificates of title, to issue all kinds of contracts and reports affecting titles to real estate, to act as a general and special abstract company's business. Continued records and equipment comprise probably the largest establishment of the kind on the Pacific coast.

The business of the old Title Guarantee & Trust company when confined to an abstract business occupied the west rooms on the ground floor of the Chamber of Commerce building, and now goes back to the same location. The plant was one of the most extensive in the west and has been kept intact and in operation under the receivership. The new company is enlarging its vault and safe floor space in the Chamber of Commerce building, where the abstracting plants will be consolidated. Attorney General of the old plant of the Title Guarantee & Trust company is regarded as the best solution of the question of liquidation of that company's business. Continued under the old name and auspices it would have been handicapped. The plant was originally a very large concern, in a sale, and its business will be very important to the new corporation.

BONAPARTE MIXING PAPER TRUST A DOSE

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 18.—Attorney General Bonaparte is here today in conference with President Roosevelt regarding the prosecution of the paper trust.

After his conference with President Roosevelt, Attorney General Bonaparte, in answer to questions said: "The only trust I know anything about is the vicious reporter trust of Oyster Bay."

UNCLE SAM DEMANDS PROTECTION AT TABRIZ

Washington, July 18.—The state department today made a demand on the Persian foreign office to take up the demands of the United States government for the protection of American missionaries and their property at Tabriz.

NEGRO CONVICTS AT LARGE AFTER MURDER OF TWO OFFICIALS

Houston, Texas, July 18.—As the result of a preconcerted uprising on two state penal farms in south Texas, two men are known to be dead and six desperate negro criminals are at large, armed with guns and ready to slay at sight any of the men who are trampling them with bloodhounds.

Farmers of the surrounding country have turned out and a man hunt is in progress.

At 2 o'clock Friday evening 10 negro convicts on the Clement farm, in Brazoria, rose as one man, overpowered the guard, James Elliot, and beat him to death with a hoe. Before reinforcements could master the situation, Will Westphal, Austin-St. Louis, Will Lewis

MISS ETHEL R. SWEET EIGHTEEN KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

President's Daughter Entertains 50 Young Persons at Funny Dress Ball.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 18.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt tonight entertained 50 young persons at a fancy dress party in celebration of their daughter's eighteenth birthday. Miss Ethel R. Sweet, preparations for the event made this almost a gala day in town. The young guests filled automobiles and invaded the shops in town in search of novelties to complete their costumes. Each arriving train brought more guests, who were given many greetings by the first comers.

Miss Ethel superintended all the decorations and arrangements herself. She pressed her father into service late in the afternoon and the president joined the festive party in stringing Japanese lanterns from tree to tree and around the veranda.

It is said that the young lady will make her debut this winter in Washington.

Portland Pastor at Pendleton. Pendleton, Or., July 18.—Rev. William H. Foukes, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Portland, will be in the city over Sunday, and will preach at the Presbyterian church here morning and evening.

She said Mrs. Pezza sent \$100 to Italy to pay her fare to New York. At that city the girl met two men, said to have been sent by Mrs. Pezza, who was taken in bondage to some place unknown to her, where the men assaulted her and beat her. When the girl was found in a raid, she was a prisoner in a locked room.

Footie remained Joseph Ochner for the alleged importation of Lillian Schoolcraft, a young German girl for immoral purposes. Ochner is said to have represented himself as a single man, and induced the young girl to accompany him to America. When they arrived here and Miss Schoolcraft learned she was married, she alleges, he kept her a prisoner for more than a year.

STOP FOR A TRAIN, BUT STRUCK BY ANOTHER

Stop for a Train, but Struck by Another.

Columbia City, Ind., July 18.—Six persons were instantly killed when an automobile in which they were riding from Wayne to Lake Wawasee was struck by a passenger train a mile southwest of Columbia City late this afternoon.

The dead are: CHARLES S. KING, MRS. CHARLES S. KING, JOSEPHINE KING, aged 22, CATHERINE KING, aged 14, FAMA KING, aged 14, EARL TIMMINS, about 12. All were from Wayne.

King and his family and the Bradshaw girl, a friend of his daughter, were on their way to Wawasee to spend Sunday. They left Fort Wayne shortly after noon and upon reaching the railroad crossing where the accident occurred, found it blocked by a freight train.

The automobile was stopped until the track was clear and immediately afterward the chauffeur started the car across the tracks.

The roar of the departing freight train drowned the sound of an approaching passenger train on the opposite track at high speed. When the automobile was in the middle of the track the passenger train struck it squarely and with terrific force.

The people in the automobile were hurled in all directions and one of them was carried on the roof of the train for a quarter of a mile before the train was brought to a stop. All six were instantly killed.

The bodies were brought to this city and relatives in Wayne were notified. All the victims were pronounced dead in Wayne. The Kings were social leaders. The bodies were horribly mangled, every bone in the bodies of the two children being broken.

TONGS DOOM PROSECUTOR

District Attorney Wachorst of Sacramento Marked for Assassination.

Sacramento, Cal., July 18.—Because he succeeded in causing the conviction of Mar Gin Sule on a charge of murder, District Attorney Eugene S. Wachorst has had a price set on his head by certain Chinese societies of this city and has been warned to be on his guard when in the vicinity of Chinatown.

Mar Gin Sule, a well known high-binder, murdered Lee Tom, a Chinatown man. A jury last night decided that Mar Sule was guilty of murder in the first degree, and that he should be hanged, some Bing tongmen and other thugs, who threaten to assassinate Attorney Wachorst, must die for the verdict.

LOSES FOOTING; FALLS AGAINST WIRE; DEAD

San Francisco, July 18.—Roy Himman was instantly killed today by coming in contact with a wire carrying 2,200 volts of electricity. Himman was employed by the San Francisco Gas & Electric company. He was doing some repair work in a manhole when his foot caught and fell against the wire.

NEGRO CONVICTS AT LARGE AFTER MURDER OF TWO OFFICIALS

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