PUTS KRIBS ON THE GRILL

Attorney Malarkey Denounces Timber Dealer as Wholesale Criminal—Outline of the Defense in the J. H. Booth Case.

J. T. Bridges, formerly receiver of the land office at Roseburg, went on the stand this afternoon after Attorney Malarkey for the defense had finished his opening statement.

Contending that Frederick A. Kribs had paid James Henry Booth $800, not for advance information but as a commission for his having acted as agent in securing an option for Kribs on land owned by the Oregon Land & Livestock company in which R. A. Booth was interested and for which Kribs thought he had a purchaser, and scouting the idea that Kribs had to buy advance information from the local land office, Dan J. Malarkey today outlined the defense in the Booth bribery case.

Grilling Kribs as a wholesale criminal who had purchased immunity and protection from Heney and Burns by his tales borne to the detectives of the government, denouncing him as a man who had given the "required dope" to Burns for use in the desired indictment of Mitchell and the attempted besmirching of Fulton the attorney for the defense took slaps at Heney and Burns and their investigations which caused Judge Becker, for the government, to sit up and make diligent notes in his little black book for future reference during the trial.

The Booth case was opened this morning with the statements by District Attorney McCourt and Mr. Malarkey, the first of whom outlined the case of the government and the second the contentions of the defense.

History of Land Cases.

In his opening statement Mr. McCourt went into the history of the land transactions of the state, explaining to the jury the operation of the state land board and the government land offices in the sale of state land base for use in taking lands in lieu. He outlined his case and charged that Booth had been paid $800 by Kribs for advance information relating to lands which he had bought from state base, which base selections had been canceled afterwards by the government.

In his address Mr. Malarkey went in detail into the customs of the land department in its relation to state school lands. He began his address by saying that Booth had been indicted in 1905 and has since been ever ready to have his trial. He said he relied upon the pledges of the jury not to look with suspicion upon the defendant because he had been indicted, but to wait till they had heard the case in its entirety.

Kribs came in early for the first installment of his roast when Malarkey called attention to the fact that he was the sole witness upon whose testimony the indictment had been returned. The attorney designated him as a man of many crimes, one, who, if the story he told were true, was a self-confessed bribe giver, and as guilty as the defendant, and who in any case was known to have bought his immunity and his protection by the evidence which he sold to the government.

"We will show before we get through with him," said Mr. Malarkey, "that Kribs was a man of many crimes in violation of the land laws; that after the detectives of the government had got after him and he was given to understand by Heney and Burns that if he could give testimony that would land Mitchell and get Fulton, he gave them the dope in exchange for his immunity and protection from punishment and for the immunity of others."

Then Malarkey turned directly to the charge against the defendant. He contended that it would be shown by the defense that Kribs had employed Frank Alley, a Roseburg land lawyer, to watch his lands and that Alley, working in league with lawyers in Washington who secured information through leaks in the general land office, had given him his information before it was known to the Roseburg officials.

Turning to the question of $800 paid James Booth by Kribs, Mr. Malarkey contended that it had been paid as a commission to Booth for his intercession with R. A. Booth in a land deal. He explained that Kribs was trying to handle the land business of the Booth-Kelly company and of the Oregon Land & Livestock company, in which R. A. Booth was interested. He argued that Kribs believed he had found a purchaser for a tract of land held by the Livestock company, and had promised James Booth $1,000 if he would persuade R. A. Booth to give him (Kribs) a 30 day option on the tract. The $800 check was in payment of this pledge, Malarkey contended, and not for advancing information from the land office, as, the attorney stated, would be shown by correspondents in the possession of the defense.

The attorney paid a high tribute to the Booth-Kelly company, contending that less than 5 per cent of its land was secured from the government.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Malarkey's address the government opened its case by the introduction of evidence.

JUDGE BOTTLES UP HORSERADISH

Court Issues Injunction Restraining Railroad From Grating Vegetable.

To avert a threatened war in a horseradish patch near Beaverton, on the line of the Oregon Electric Railway company, Circuit Judge Bronaugh this morning granted an injunction to prevent employes of the road from menacing the opposing forces or attacking the horseradish patch with spades, mattocks and other tools.

John Henry owns a 20-acre tract that the electric line has planned to cut in two, diagonally. He has leased the land to E. F. Bennett, and it was in the name of the latter that the injunction was secured. Bennett is out of the state at present, and his general in the field is A. J. Derbyshire, who is protecting the interests of the absent Bennett.

Derbyshire says that the land is of the kind known as "beaver dam" land, very fertile and worth from $500 to $1,000 per acre. The yearly profits from horseradish, he says, are from $600 to $700 per year in net returns, and this profit is threatened by the action of the railway in assembling on the edge of the patch a force of 25 men, armed with spades and mattocks, who are under orders to dig a 60-foot right-of-way through the tract. Derbyshire has about 18 men under his command to defend the horseradish, and he says that a conflict between the rival clans is likely to take place unless the court interferes.

Judge Bronaugh granted an injunction after a bond of $1,000 had been filed to protect the defendant from possible loss. The railway people are required to come into court tomorrow to show cause why the injunction should not be continued.

MAIL ARRIVES BUT TOWNSEND DELAYS

Lost—A special assistant to the attorney general of the United States. Weighs about 175 pounds, is of medium build, smooth shaven, fair complexion and is rather good looking. For reward apply to Uncle Sam, Portland.

Nearly one month ago Burdett D. Townsend, special assistant to Attorney-General Bonaparte, left Washington, D. C., on his way to Portland to start legal proceedings against the Oregon & California railroad for failure to comply with the land grant requirements.

Mr. Townsend was heard from later in Fargo, N. D. Then he started west again, and was delayed by the floods in Montana. This was more than two weeks ago.

Mail for Mr. Townsend arrives by every train. There is a pile of it in the office of the United States district attorney for Oregon that occupies an entire table. Every few days books and statistics and other matter arrives by freight. This has been going on for weeks. And telegrams are received for the special assistant every now and then.

But still no Townsend.

So the government is considering the proposition of offering a reward for information as to his whereabouts.

There is no truth in the report that Mr. Townsend has been kidnaped by men in the employ of the Oregon & California.

HEARING ON HEMBREE CASE SET FOR JULY 9

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Dallas, Or., June 25.—On motion of District Attorney McNary yesterday afternoon, further hearing of arguments in the matter of a new trial for A. J. Hembree, recently convicted of murder in the first degree, was continued to July 9 to give the district attorney opportunity to meet the questions raised by Judge Pipes for the defense. Judge Pipes, in his argument for a new trial raises three questions:

First, that Clackamas county should have been selected by Judge Galloway for the trial of the case, that being the nearest county to Tillamook, the county from which the change of venue was asked; second, that the defendant had been given no opportunity to enter a plea to the indictment in Tillamook county; third, that the verdict of the jury was not according to the evidence given in the trial of the case.

OLYMPIA, WASH., HAS A $25,000 BLAZE

Olympia, Wash., June 25.—The plant of the E. W. Steinhart Lumber company at Bucoda in this county, known as the "porch column factory," was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The loss is between $25,000 and $30,000 with small insurance. About 40 men were employed. The plant of the Mutual Lumber company, near by, was saved with difficulty.

Don't ship the boy on his vacation till you've filled his kit with plenty of these wash suits.

Samples will be sent if you can't come to us.

The fine Chambray, the tough Galateas, the practical Madras—all at Our Enlargement Sale Reductions

$4.00 Suits now...$2.75
$3.00 Suits now...$1.95
$2.00 Suits now...$1.45
$1.00 Suits now... 75c

THE LION CLOTHIERS
166-170 THIRD ST.

DOG BARKS TILL FAMILY WAKENS AND RUSHES FROM BURNING HOUSE

A keen scented dog who barked until the seven persons in the house at 430 Hoyt street were awakened, undoubtedly saved them from still narrower escapes from the flames.

The fire occurred at 1:30 this morning. The residence is occupied by the family of Charles O. Foster of Brown & Foster, livery stable proprietors.

Mrs. Foster was forced to climb out upon the second story porch to make her escape. With the flames creeping nearer and yet nearer to her she finally leaped to the ground below. The fall injured her severely, and she was at once carried to the home of a neighbor, where it was found, however, that no bones were broken.

The children of the family were helped to a place of safety, and though several of the family were also forced to jump from the high porch to the ground below, no one but Mrs. Foster was injured.

Prompt work by the firemen of engine company 3 and truck 3 minimized the damage to the house.

How the fire started is not known, the first intimation of the presence of the destroyer being the vigorous and continued barking of the family dog.

Comfort for the Fat in Hot Weather

Don't simply shed all your clothing. That is not the secret. It isn't your textile coverings that make life so wretched for you, my stout friends, but the fleshly covering—the fat.

You can be comfortable, though fat, in the hot weather, by reducing the fat with a teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime of the following: ½ ounce Marmola, ½ ounce Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic and 3½ ounces Sirup Simplex. This is a harmless home mixture that any druggist will put up for a small sum, but it succeeds marvelously. Try it and in a little while you should be losing a half to a pound of fat a day. You will soon catch up with "comfort at that rate no matter how hot it gets. Alluring, isn't it? And when you realize that this inexpensive same method takes the fat off and gives you a trim, slim figure without causing wrinkles or interfering with one's diet it becomes more than alluring—it's fascinating. Fat folks say so.

UNCLE SAM IS M. E. RILEY'S BANK

He Presents Money Orders Aggregating $25,000 at Pendleton Office.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Pendleton, Or., June 25.—Undoubtedly the largest sum of money ever issued through a northwest postoffice, if not through any postoffice in the world to any one individual will soon be paid to Michael E. Riley through the Pendleton postoffice aided by local banks. The amount is $25,000.

Riley is a contractor formerly of Tacoma, later of Spokane and now of Pendleton. He came here a few months ago to locate, but has been ill at his home on Willowa street most of the time since his arrival. Evidently he has wholesome distrust of banks which was born before the recent panic, for in May, 1907, he purchased fr safekeeping 250 money orders of the denomination of $100 each, paying a fee of 30 cents each or a total of $75 for the entire $25,000.

Like all money orders they were only good for one year but Riley was not aware of this fact and when he presented them at the local postoffice recently, to have them cashed, he was told they would have to be renewed before he could get his money. Acting on instructions of Postmaster Brown he made application through the Pendleton office for a renewal. These applications, 25 in number and calling for $100 each, have just reached the postoffice department at Washington.

The department will issue Riley the amount of these orders in drafts which will be cashed at local banks. The task of issuing the applications for renewals for 250 orders was one of huge magnitude. As each one had to be personally inspected and compared with advices from Tacoma, the office which issued them, the greater part of the day was consumed in the work.

PREMIUM PLACED ON NOISY STREET SELLERS

No more will Portlanders be pestered with the monotonous piercing whistle of the peanut wagon as it passes about the city at all hours of the day and night because of the ordinance passed by the city council yesterday amending an ordinance regulating hawkers, peddlers and other businesses. The measure provides that any person who maintains or allows anybody in his employ to maintain a steam whistle, steam calliope or any other instrument on his wagon, truck or vehicle for the purpose of attracting trade, will lose his license.

The ordinance also raises license of hawkers who go about in wagons drawn by animals from $50 to $100 a quarter if they cry their wares. If they do not cry out they are compelled to pay but $15 a quarter. Hawkers on foot and not crying out their wares are licensed at $10 a quarter. Hawkers selling flowers are not allowed to stand on any street more than five minutes nor in the same block more than 10 minutes in every two hours.

Candy peddlers with a basket or tray will have to pay a quarterly license of $7.50, while those with a push cart will have to pay $150. Those with wagons drawn by animals are required to pay $120.

Peddlers of ice cream, popcorn, peanuts and similar articles are subject to a quarterly license of $7.50 if they carry their wares in a basket or on a tray and go about on foot. With push carts the same persons are required to pay $100 a quarter and can secure no license for less than $100. This measure is taken to keep the city from being flooded with peddlers during carnival and fair times who flock into the city for a few days and rob the people by short changing them and selling inferior products.

Peddlers of plants, holly and holly wreaths will pay a fee of $100 a quarter.

Peddlers are classified as follows in teh new ordinance: First-class, peddlers with two animals, $100 a quarter, or $12 a week; second class, peddlers with two animals, $75 a quarter, or $8 a week; third class, peddlers with one horse, $50 a quarter, or $6 a week; fourth class, peddlers on foot, $35 a quarter, $15 a month, or $5 a week. Peddlers of the fourth class are allowed to go from house to house, but are not allowed to sell on the streets, parks or other public places.

Hawkers are required to display a sign bearing the word "hawkers" on both sides of their wagons, baskets or trays.

Read closing out sale ad of the "Annex" in today's paper. It will save you money—make your dollars go twice as far as usual.

JURY SECURED FOR BARNES' SECOND TRIAL

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Walla Walla, Wash., June 25.—The jury in the second Barnes trial was secured at noon today. The twelve are: A. O. Rowley, P. J. Nelson, O. N. Shelton, Anson Patterson, E. S. Green, J. F. Davis, John Edwards, G. H. Whitman, Ben Pilcher. All are farmers except W. B. Buffum, a flour miller, E. S. Hennessay, an undertaker, and G. J. Biersner, a teamster.

The defense this morning again introduced a plea of former acquittal and former jeopardy. The evidence being heard this afternoon is much the same as in the former trial.

CAPTAIN CONWAY NEAR DEATH'S DOOR

Captain George C. Conway, superintendent of the O. R. & N. waterlines, remains in a critical condition at his apartments in the Breslin, and hope of his recovery has been abandoned. He has been unconscious for the past 24 hours, and the doctors in attendance fear he might pass away any moment.

Injured on Railroad.

George Das and John Andrews were brought in on the O. R. & N. train from Huntington today, both suffering from injuries received on the railroad, and sent to St. Vincent's hospital. Das got his leg broken on the O. R. & N. near Huntington and Andrews had a foot crushed at Huntington by a freight train.

COUNCIL TURNS A SOMERSAULT

The Ordinance Prohibiting Women Visiting Saloons Will Die Natural Death.

After one of the most complete flops ever indulged in by the city council the members yesterday voted to send the ordinance prohibiting women from entering saloons to the committee on police and health, where it is expected to die. The vote stood seven to six and if the vote had been taken on the passage of the ordinance it is said that not even six votes could have been secured to pass the measure.

Councilman Belding stepped down from making the motion to refer the ordinance in favor of Councilman Kellaher, who came to the fore and sent it to Councilman Concannon's committee, where he promises to keep it.

Those who voted to send the measure to its death were Councilmen Annand, Baker Belding, Concannon, Cottel, Dunning and Kellaher.

Those who voted against referring the measure and who wanted to take final action yesterday were Councilmen Bennett, Cellars, Driscoll, Menefee, Rushlight and Wills.

Both Sides Shown.

Assisting Councilmen Kellaher and Belding in the obsequies was Councilman Baker, who stated that he had heard that the liquor interests were favoring the measure for the purpose of closing the hotels and dining-rooms. The ordinance states clearly that none of its provisions shall apply to any "open and public restaurant, dining-room, drug store or grocery store."

Quite the reverse to Baker's contention was that of Driscoll, who introduced the measure. Driscoll stated that the liquor men were opposing the ordinance, which statement has had general credence around the city hall for several weeks.

Councilman Kellaher defended his stand in refusing to vote for the ordinance by declaring that he had not had time to examine it, although the measure was originally introduced February 13, and a copy was furnished to each councilman. The measure contains but several hundred words and requires about two minutes to read it.

City Attorney Kavanaugh stated that he had passed upon the ordinance and that it would keep women out of saloons if it were passed and properly enforced. He said that he had spent much time in looking up authorities and studying court decisions bearing upon the ordinance, and that in his opinion it would stand the test of the courts.

Minds Have Changed.

It is believed that a general movement will be started to force the police and health committee to consider the measure at its next meeting and recommend it for passage as it is now drafted. That an attempt will be made to reword the ordinance so as to lose its effect will be made if the committee is forced to action is already rumored and an effort will be made to have the measure passed in its entirety.

Nearly every councilman was present part or all the time at the meetings of the liquor license committee last winter when hearings were held over the licenses of various saloonkeepers. They were practically unanimous at that time that all the trouble which was exposed at the hearings was due to the presence of women in saloons. It was because of this general sentiment among the councilmen at that time that the ordinance was drafted. The action of the members who voted yesterday to refer the ordinance to the police and health committee indicates that they have had a change of mind.

MISSIONARY UNION ELECTS OFFICERS

At the union meeting yesterday of the Woman's Home Missionary union and the Oregon branch of the woman's board of the Pacific at the First Congregational church, reports were heard from the various branches of the work and from the visiting delegates. Officers of the Oregon branch of the woman's board of the Pacific were elected as follows:

President, Mrs. Walter Hoge; vice-president, Mrs. Luther B. Dyott; treasurer, Mrs. A. L. Cake; home secretary, Mrs. E. S. Bollinger; foreign secretary, Mrs. B. D. Sigler; secretary of the young people's work, Mrs. W. D. Palmer; assistant secretary young people's work, Miss Bessie Luckey; secretary of literature, Mrs. G. M. Parker; auditor, Mrs. D. D. Clarke.

A committee on resolutions framed resolutions which were passed on the retirement from the presidency of Mrs. D. B. Grey, who has been president of the society for many years.

The Woman's Home Missionary union elected the following officers: Honorary president, Mrs. E. M. Warren; past president, Mrs. Frederick Eggert; general vice-presidents, Mrs. Luther B. Dyott and Mrs. C. F. Clapp of Forest Grove; president, Mrs. E. W. Luckey; vice-president, Mrs. H. N. Smith of Courtney station; recording secretary, Mrs. E. A. Sessions; corresponding secretary, Miss Mercy S. Clarke; secretary of literature, Mrs. M. E. Tobey; secretary young people's work, Mrs. W. D. Palmer; assistant secretary young people's work, Miss Louise Brusi; treasurer, Mrs. C. A. Mann; auditor, Mrs. A. L. Cake.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION CONVENES AT EUGENE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Eugene, Or., June 25.—Oregon school teachers are taking Eugene by storm today and practically every accommodation in the city will be taxed to provide places for them. The occasion is the eighth annual convention of the State School association, which will be in session during the remainder of the week at the state university. The program arranged carries out practical points of instruction in every field in which teachers are interested. History, industrial education and the apportionment of school funds are the three chief topics slated for discussion. At the initial session this morning the prominent speakers included Elwood P. Cubberly of Stanford university and Edward Hyatt, superintendent of public instruction of California. President R. F. Robinson of Portland occupied the chair.

LUNATIC'S ESTATE IS COVETED BY STATE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Olympia, Wash., June 25.—The state of Washington, through its tax commission, will attempt to acquire for the school fund, a $10,000 estate in Okanogan county belonging to an escaped lunatic. Frank C. Heddorf, who owned the property, consisting of a valuable homestead and considerable personal property, was committed to the Western Washington Hospital for the Insane in 1895. In 1900 he escaped, still demented, and no trace of him has ever been discovered. The courts will be asked to declare him legally dead and appoint an administrator. If no heirs appear it will revert to the permanent school fund.

Luncheon to Monte Gwinn.

Monte B. Gwinn, president of the Pendleton Savings bank, is a Portland visitor, and was entertained today at the Commercial club. He was formerly prominent in irrigation campaigns, and was chairman of the executive committee of the National Irrigation congress when it held its annual meeting at Boise. He has since made Oregon his home, and located permanently at Pendleton.

WALTON FOUND GUILTY AGAIN

Will Withhold Sentence Till Motion for New Trial Is Passed On.

Charles W. Walton has at last been convicted for the second time on the charge of shooting Patrolman Olaus Nelson. The jury returned its verdict shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It had been deliberating more than 23 hours and hope for an agreement had been practically abandoned.

Walton heard the verdict read without a tremor. His attorneys at once asked for five days in which to prepare a motion for new trial, but only three days were granted. Under the law he may be sentenced for not less than one nor more than seven years. When he was convicted in 1904 Judge Cleland handed him five years. He has served over three years, but that does not count on the new conviction, and Judge Cleland may impose such sentence as he thinks should be imposed within the seven-year limit.

Walton's attorneys promise to carry the case once more to the supreme court, basing their hope on the rulings of the trial judge. The attorneys for the accused man made a hard fight. Two juries that heard the testimony within two weeks divided six to six on the question of guilt. The last jury was drawn principally from among the business men of the city.

Walton will not be sentenced until the motion for new trial is passed on. The disposition of the other case in which Walton was convicted, charged with highway robbery, will be up to the new district attorney. He was sentenced to 20 years on this charge.

ST. FRANCIS PUPILS IN PLEASING ROLES

The annual entertainment given by the students of St. Francis academy pleased a large audience at the Empire theatre last night. The play of Miriam was given, with Miss Ethel Craib in the title role. Other leading characters in the drama were Miss Nellie Daly as Orpha, the proud sister of Miriam, Miss Charlotte Delaney as the mother, and J. Urquhart as Ibrahim the Pharisee, her father.

The play was well staged, and went off well. Miss Daly showed particular talent in her impersonation of the haughty Orpha, Miss Craib was a pleasing Miriam, the girl who has her sight restored by Christ, and who becomes his follower, offending her father and incurring his displeasure.

Miss Agnes Heitkemper played the daughter of Pontius Pilate and read her lines easily. The Roman dances given by the 25 girls in their bright costumes were especially beautiful, and the evolutions were gone through with much grace and precision, even the smallest children finding their places and stepping intricate measures without an error.

During the intermissions entertaining numbers were given by pupils, and preceding the play a curtain raiser entitled "A Brown Paper Parcel" was given by Miss Clara Heitkemper and Miss N. MacNamee. Violin and piano numbers were given by Misses M. Schoettle, R. Shea, R. Maske and G. Dufur. The parasol drill and song, and the Little Stars by the tiniest tots brought much applause as did the song of the "Tall-Top Hats," by a number of boys, who carried off the farce very well.

More proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saves woman from surgical operations.

Mrs. S. A. Williams, of Gardiner, Maine, writes:

"I was a great sufferer from female troubles, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health in three months, after my physician declared that an operation was absolutely necessary."

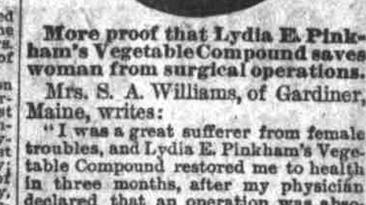
Mrs. Alvina Sperling, of 154 Cleybourne Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I suffered from female troubles, a tumor and much inflammation. Two of the best doctors in Chicago decided that an operation was necessary to save my life. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely cured me without an operation."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.



I advise you as to equipment and investments in mines; 25 years' mining experience; information free.

W. N. RUBLE
Golden, Or.

Offer of a great mine to close an estate

TEA

Do you think it worth while to serve good tea at your table?

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best; we pay him.

DON'T SAY BAR FOR ENTRANCE

Columbia River "Bar" Misnomer That Should Be Relegated.

"A heavy fine should be imposed upon anyone referring in the future to the mouth of the Columbia river as the Columbia river bar," said a prominent steamboat owner and business man this morning. "We have had enough of that derogatory word 'bar,' and it should be dropped without delay. There is no need for it.

"We never read of San Francisco bar, yet a bogback stretches across the entrance to San Francisco. There they have called it the Golden Gate, until it is now known as the Golden Gate throughout the world. If some fellow had begun to call it San Francisco bar and others had persisted in doing the same it would probably have had a different effect on San Francisco's position in the maritime world. The Golden Gate sounds romantic, appealing, the San Francisco bar treacherous and full of danger.

"Everybody should take hold of this matter of suppressing that bar talk. It is as inappropriate as the old appellation 'webfoot,' which for years was thought the only name for the state of Oregon. Now you never hear it mentioned and the idea that one has to be a duck to live here is rapidly vanishing. And it should, because it is a matter of record that Oregon does not have as great a percentage of precipitation as a number of other states in the union.

"A report is issued from North Head at the entrance to the Columbia every morning concerning the condition of the weather and sea, and instead of having it sent out as a 'bar' report, why not give it the proper name? It is just as easy to speak of weather conditions at the mouth of the Columbia as to speak of weather conditions at the Columbia river bar.

"The commercial bodies might take this matter up. If the term 'mouth of Columbia river,' or 'entrance to the Columbia' does not please or fill the bill instead of 'the Columbia river bar,' then start a prize contest and let someone suggest a name more suitable. But anything instead of the bar. That is a hammer we have wielded long enough. Let's drop it. The bar is disappearing. It is going fast."

Auction! Auction!

Friday, 2:30 and 7:30 p. m., Saturday, 2:30 and 7:30 p. m., entire stock of Fashion Cloak and Suit house, consisting of new spring suits, coats, skirts, waists, ladies' bags, umbrellas, wash suits and lingerie dresses, will be offered at auction. Also fixtures, consisting of sewing machine, tables, chairs, desk, etc., at the Fashion Cloak and Suit house, 141 Sixth street, corner Alder, opposite Oregonian building. J. T. Wilson, auctioneer; J. E. Goldstone, trustee.

All the guests at a wedding at Southend-on-the-Sea, England, brought fishing rods, and the bride and bridegroom both members of the Scotland Angling society, passed beneath an arch of fishing rods on leaving the church.

A Vital Point.

The most delicate part of a baby is its bowels. Every ailment that it suffers with attacks the bowels, also endangering in most cases the life of the infant. McGee's Baby Elixir cures diarrhoea, dysentery and all derangements of the stomach or bowels. Sold by Skidmore Drug Co.

F. P. Young.
"The Quality Shop"
341 Wash'n Cor 7th.

Ostrich Boa Sale

COMFORT AND STYLE

Can be enjoyed in wearing one of our Ostrich Boas. Price is within reach of all.

$15 Boa, special...$12.00
$20 Boa, special...$16.00
$25 Boa, special...$19.00
$35 Boa, special...$27.50

KID GLOVES That Have Merit

Short Chamois Gloves, pair $1.25
Special—Short real Kid Gloves; regular $1.75 and $2.25, pr..$1.50, $2.00

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

HAMBURGER'S MILLINERY DEPT.

$2.00 UNTRIMMED SAILOR HATS 50¢

For Friday we ofer a special lot of medium-sized rough braid sailor shapes, black and Alice blue only, very suitable for beach and outing wear, regular $2.00 value .....50¢

Wire Frames for Lingerie Hats .....10¢
Trimmed Hats, values up to $3.00 at $1.00

All Other Millinery Strikingly Reduced

F. M. HAMBURGER

Cor. 5th and Alder. Formerly J. M. Acheson & Co.

FREE EXCURSION

TO

DELAURA BEACH

SUNDAY, JUNE 28th

Everyone that goes on this excursion and buys a lot in Delaura Beach will have their fare refunded. Round trip $3.

Train leaves Union Depot 8 a. m.; arrives at Delaura Beach 12:15; returning leaves Delaura 5:25 p. m.

WE WANT YOU TO SEE DELAURA BEACH

Before you buy beach property. Fill out and bring in detached coupon.

Go to Delaura Sunday and put yourself outside of as many clams as possible.

Delaura Beach Company

ROOM 5 LAFAYETTE BUILDING

Corner Sixth and Washington Sts. Phones—Main 2707, A2707

DELAURA BEACH COMPANY,
Room 5 Lafayette Bldg., Sixth and Washington Sts.
I expect to go to Delaura Beach on your excursion Sunday.

Name.....

Address.....