

WEST PAYS HIGH WAGES

Government Statistics Show That Horace Greeley Was Right When He Gave His Famous Advice to the Young Men.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Washington, May 7.—When Horace Greeley said "Go west, young man," he probably did not have at his disposal the statistics to prove the soundness of his advice. The frontier west has disappeared, and a new west has been created. It would appear that it holds out greater inducements to the wage earner of today than any other section of the United States.

The western man or woman who is employed in a manufacturing establishment receives a much greater compensation than his fellow workmen elsewhere, according to a statement issued today by the census bureau. The average per week throughout the west is \$13.65, as against \$10.62 in the central north states, \$10.31 in the north Atlantic, \$8.32 in the south central and \$7.51 in the south Atlantic.

Ten dollars is the average weekly wage throughout the country. Some trades average double this amount—diamond cutters earn \$21.65 per week—and, on the other hand, the ignorant, illiterate workers in the turpentine industry, those who gather the crude gum, receive only an average of \$6.23 a week. Workers in the cottonseed oil and cotton industry receive on an average only \$4.64 a week.

Both of these last two classes are largely employed in the south, and their poor compensation emphasizes the fact that the southern workman receives less than his brother craftsman anywhere else in the country. The census bureau explains the low average in a measure by directing attention to the comparatively recent development of the factory system and the large proportion of women and children and negroes employed.

Women Earn Less.
In all statistics which the bureau has compiled, including 123,702 establishments and 3,297,819 wage earners, it is shown that women earn far less than men.

In the cotton mills female operatives make \$6.03 a week, in shoe factories they earn \$7.80. As evidence of the extent to which women earn their own livelihood, out of the 3,000,000 odd employees, 58,859, or 17.8 per cent, were of the gentler sex. However, women drew only 11 per cent of the total wage list, or \$3,935,481, as against \$29,140,287 earned by the men.

Statistics of child labor are startling. Out of the total of employees 90,167, or 2.7 per cent, were children, receiving \$812,024 per week. Thus the average child worker received only \$3.46 a week as contrasted with the man's average earnings of \$11.16 and the woman's of \$6.17. In cotton mills children earn only \$3.21 per week, on an average; in tobacco factories the earnings were still lower, the average being only \$3 a week while in pickle factories the average was only \$1.84 a week.

West Pays More.
In connection with the cotton industry, the census office makes an in-

teresting comparison of the earnings in the north and those in the south. By confining the comparison to establishments engaged in the manufacture of print cloths, it eliminates to a considerable extent the differences between the character of the industry in the two sections and thus presents a fair basis to measure differences in earnings.

This comparison shows that the average earnings of men were in New England \$8.52 in the south \$5.14. For women the average was in New England \$7.22, in the south \$3.77, while for children the average in New England was \$4.45 and in the south \$2.75.

One of the most striking conclusions inferred from the census report on this subject is that the figures indicate that the difference in average earnings between large and small establishments are slight. In those employing less than 10 wage earners, the average wage was less than \$9.82, while those employing 500 wage earners or more, it was \$10.24.

CANDIDATES NAMED BY VARSITY STUDENTS

Offices of President and Secretary Will Be Hotly Contested For.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
University of Oregon, Eugene, May 7.—A student body meeting took place this morning and the candidates for the offices of president and secretary were nominated for student offices for 1909. The election will occur next Wednesday at the assembly hall and spirited contests are anticipated for the offices of president and secretary of the student body and places on the executive committee.

The other offices will be filled without opposition unless new candidates appear before the election. Both Bond and Townsend, the candidates for the presidency, are prominent in university affairs, both being members of the debating teams of the past two years. The offices and candidates are as follows:

Student Body.
President—Jesse H. Bond, Florence; Thomas R. Townsend, Roseburg.
Vice-President—J. Le Roy Wood, Nome, Alaska.
Secretary—Nieta Harding, Oregon City; Frances Nelson, Albany.
Members Athletic Council (three)—Paul W. Reid, Portland; Fred C. Moulton, Modesto, California; Walter E. McIntyre, Ashland; William H. Wood, Astoria; Ralph M. Dodson, Baker City.
Members at Large, Executive Committee (two)—Charles Mac C. Snow, Portland; Ormond R. Bean, Salem; Harvard C. Moore, Portland.
Oregon Weekly Staff.
Editor-in-Chief—Earl Kilpatrick, La Grande.
Associate Editors—Harriet Lane, Portland.
Business Manager—Dean T. Goodman, Pendleton.
Assistant Business Manager—Fritz Dean, Grants Pass.
Oregon Monthly Staff.
Editor-in-Chief—Ruth Hansen, Portland.
Associate Editors—Nieta Bartlett, Eugene; Jennie Lilly, Portland; Alfred Powers, Parkplace; Gerald Eastham, Oswego.
Business Manager—William M. Calk, Portland.
Assistant Business Manager—Cecl J. Espy, Oysterville, Washington.

Some of the opponents of legislation by the people are letting up on abusing the editorial mind in even darkest Oregon that what the people will say will go.

SIX PRISONERS FROM MALHEUR

Court Cleans Up Large Number of Criminal Cases at Recent Term.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Ontario, Or., May 7.—Circuit court for Malheur county adjourned yesterday. Sheriff Odell left with the six prisoners who were sentenced at this term for Salem yesterday, accompanied by four guards.

The following criminal cases were disposed of at this term:

* Loring Gruell, charged with the larceny of 21 colts, continued for the term and the defendant admitted to bail.

* Sam Yarber, charged with criminal assault, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by Judge Davis.

* Louis Jones, larceny of a cow, jury returned a verdict of guilty and defendant sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

* Fred Wheatly, larceny of three head of sealings, defendant pleaded guilty and sentenced to four years. Wheatly is the man who escaped from a train at Payette last fall while being brought from Pendleton to this county for trial.

* Henry Shaw, larceny of horse and saddle, pleaded guilty and sentenced to one year in the pen.

* Rubie Gray and Henry Reed, larceny of five colts, pleaded guilty and each sentenced to one year.

PRETTY WOMAN IS CHARGED WITH THEFT

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, May 7.—A pretty young woman, who the police say is Irene Duff of Boise, Idaho, is in the custody of the police today on a charge made by Arthur Lister of Newton, Iowa, that she robbed him of \$120 in Golden Gate park Tuesday afternoon.

The girl was wandering about the lobby of the St. Francis hotel when her movements attracted the attention of Detective William Troll. After he had engaged her in conversation Lister, who is a guest of the hotel, rushed up to the couple and announced that Miss Duff had picked his pockets in the park. No formal charge will be made against the woman at present. The police are investigating her record. She is very stylishly dressed.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEES DEMAND PROTECTION

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Olympia, Wash., May 7.—Spokane Lodge No. 407, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, has forwarded a letter to the railroad commission commending it for its earnest efforts and achievements in enforcing the laws regarding roadbeds, safety appliances, etc. In its letter the lodge says in part:

"The B. of R. T. does not desire to see any individual or corporation persecuted, but it does demand the enactment and enforcement of just laws. The time has come when public service corporations must be regulated by law, and especially the railroads, in order to diminish the appalling destruction and maiming of humanity. Nearly all the laws which the railroad organizations have advocated, and will advocate, concern the great public as well as themselves and it is time for the public to show more interest and become better acquainted with railroad conditions."

JAPAN'S DIPLOMATIC GAME

BY FREDERIC J. HASKIN.
(Copyright, 1908, by Frederic J. Haskin.)
Tokio, April 6.—Japan is playing a diplomatic game with a definite purpose in view—to become the leader of Asia, to dominate the richest and most populous continent on the globe, and to become a world power in fact as well as in the courteous acknowledgments of diplomatists. The Japanese nation is still under control of the same men who brought it out from the yellow monochrome of Asiatic heathenism and made it one of the first-class nations. This fact must not be lost sight of, for it means that men wise enough and able enough to accomplish that great feat in 40 years are too wise and too able to be wasting their energy in a purposeless pursuit.

The two wars fought by Japan in the last 14 years had the same ultimate object in view—the securing of a foothold on the mainland of Asia. If Japan is cabined, cribbed and confined within the narrow limits of its island home it will never be a great power. The Japanese know that. But if, like England, it can make that island home a basis from which it can control large portions of the outside world, then it can hope to become in the Pacific what England is in the Atlantic.

As a result of the war with China, Japan wrested from the Chinese the predominant influence in Korea, and seized an important piece of Chinese territory, the Liao Tung peninsula. The powers forced Japan to retrocede this tract of time went on, and Russian influence in Korea became menacing. Russia obtained a lease on Port Arthur, on the same peninsula which Japan had once held, and Russian aggression threatened China. Again Japan went to war, ostensibly to free Korea, to maintain the "open door" in Manchuria and to save China from the Russians.

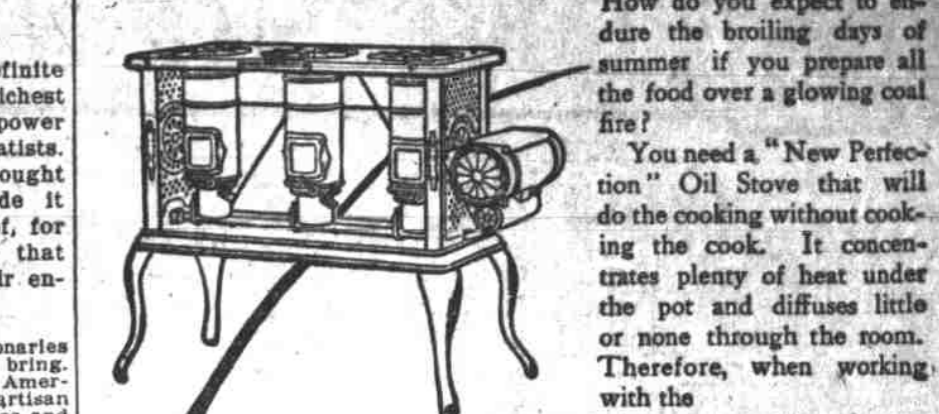
Japs Annexed Korea.
The real result of the war was that Japan practically annexed Korea, that Japan has followed the Russian initiative in Manchuria with more than Russian aggressiveness, and that it is now Japan which threatens the Chinese empire. All of these things, stretching through a period of 16 or 17 years, serve to point out the course Japan is pursuing, always to Japanese domination of Asia.

Japan has not been signally successful in the world of diplomacy. The victories it won on field and sea in the war with Russia were not reflected in the negotiations at Portsmouth. Its success in forming the alliance with England and the subsequent ententes with France and Russia were due in large part to the desire of the European parties to the contrary. That Japan made a fatal error in diplomacy when it raised the question concerning the San Francisco school incident is everywhere admitted, for it was the beginning of the end of America's purely sentimental regard for Japan. Within the last few weeks Japan so bungled the quarrel with China regarding the gun-smuggling ship Tatsu Maru that China was enabled to call the attention of the world to the fact that its stronger neighbor was taking advantage of Chinese weakness to force acceptance of Japanese demands without a hearing.

Whatever advantage Japan has gained in its struggle for supremacy has been the result of the alliance with other nations' aid. But these facts do not prevent the Japanese diplomatists from pushing forward in their own peculiar way. The story of the strangulation of Korean independence by the Japanese has been told to the world. That Japan is determined to use its domination of Korea for its own purposes and as a base for further aggression on the mainland of Asia is clearly indicated by the trend of events.

Protestant Missionaries.
Korea just now is the most fruitful field of endeavor for Protestant missionaries in the world. American mission boards are sending scores of men and women into the country and they are meeting with a measure of success unprecedented in the history of modern missions. The Japanese attitude toward these missions is that of suspicion. At

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



NEW PERFECTION Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire? You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room. Therefore, when working with the

the kitchen actually seems as comfortable as you could wish it to be.

This, in itself, is wonderful, but, more than that, the "New Perfection" Oil Stove does perfectly everything that any stove can do. It is an ideal all-round cook-stove. Made in three sizes, and fully warranted. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.



The Rayo Lamp
a substantial, strongly made and hand-mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

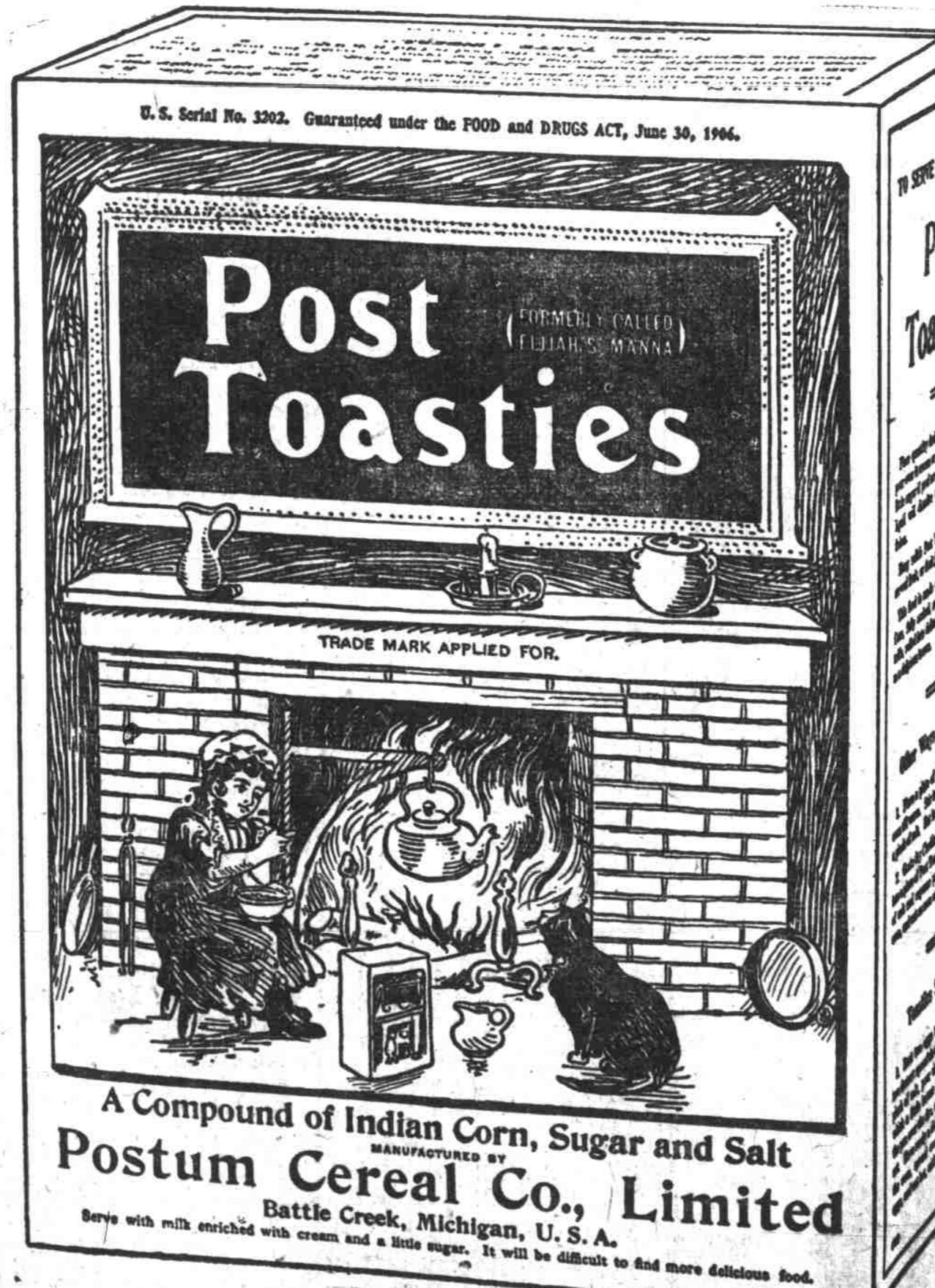
CHICAGOAN ROBBED WHILE SEEING FLEET

(United Press Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, May 7.—J. H. Eaton, a wealthy Chicago manufacturer, is thought to be dying today as the result of an attack made on him by three thugs, who killed their victim, kicked him in the mouth, stole his diamonds worth \$800 and \$365 in money, and left him lying unconscious on a street corner.

Eaton, who had come to San Francisco for a rest and to see the fleet, was walking along Market street on his way to his sleeping apartments late last night when the trio of footpads attacked him at Ninth street. After he had been knocked down and kicked until senseless, the robbers snatched a \$500 diamond from his finger and a \$200 diamond stud from his shirt. They then took all the money in his pockets, \$365, and left Eaton lying on the sidewalk. Eaton was found by a citizen, who notified the police. It is feared that his skull was fractured. His condition is considered serious.

For Breakfast, Lunch or Dessert

The Rose may blossom for England,
The Lily for France unfold,
Ireland honors the Shamrock,
Scotland the Thistle bold.
But the shield of the Great Republic—
The glory of the West—
Shall bear the bloom of The Tasseled Corn;
The Sun's supreme bequest!



The delicious, "toasty" flavour; the crisp, crackling flakes made of White Corn without the touch of human hand, have sent

Post Toasties

'way up in the hearts of the American people.

They are an inspiration to the poet; a delight to the epicure; a breakfast "starter" of appetizing allurements, and altogether the daintiest toasted flakes yet made from Corn!

"The Taste Lingers"