

Contracting Company Will Turn Over Management of Big System to New Company, Now Being Organized, About April 1-Officers Being Selected.

new company is being organized in land to take over the Home Tele-te company. The plant will be d over by the contracting company Portland to take over the Home Teleturned over by the contracting company to the new Portland company April 1. H. H. Stowe, vice-president and general manager of the Omaha company, who

built the Portland plant, is here to at-

F. F. Graves, president of the Omaha

Iome Telephone company, was in Port-

One of Country's Best.

construction money tled up in the demand

PERHAPS THAT PRETTY WAX

yesterday, to give assistance in matters regarding the transfer. He

tend to the formalities,

hand

Establishes Becord.

The record made by Mr. Stowe in construction of the Omaha plant beats all telephone construction records in t.e alstory of the business. He began con-struction April 24, 1907, and on Decem-ber 2 began service with the exchange. Today he has 5,000 instruments working and 122 miles of underground lines. Omaha is now the targest underground district in the world. It is the best tel-ophone plant in existence." Mr. Stowe said the Omaha plant, in which hundreds of Portland stockhold-ers are interested, has 9,000 orders ahead for instruments, and after April 1 these will be put in at the rate of about 1,600 per month. "In February there was a bad sleet storm in Omaha. This is the test of a telephone plant. It was not necessary to send out a man or make a single

"It is thought desirable to have the Portland Home Telephone company op-crated by a company composed of Port-land men. The officers and directors are now being selected. A large num-ber of Portland business men and cap-italists are interested as stockholders, and it will not be a difficult matter to get an able and harmonious directory. telephone plant. It was not necessary to send out a man or make a single repair to the Omain plant on account of the storm. No poles are used except-ing where the wires come out of the ground and are run into buildings. The plant is as near perfect as a telephone plant can be made at the present time. Big Business at Omaha. One of Country's Best. "The Portland plant is one of the best in the country, and will be turned and to the operating company without a dollar of floating debt. The first service was commenced by this plant a year ago, with about 2,000 subscribers. The plant now has about 7,500 instru-ments working, and has fully 7,000 or-ders ahead for Home Telephone instru-ments to be blaced in business houses. offices and residences. The company is filling these orders at the rate of 500 instaliations per month. But as fast as telephones are put in new orders are

"The Home Telephone building at Omaha is a little palace, with marble wainscoting, the floors, concrete con-struction and absolutely fireproof. The company's business there has reached its present large proportions before the city has been solicited. Its long distelephones are put in new orders are tance business will be enormous, as it added to the list, so that there seems to be small likelihood that the com-pany will be able to catch up with the braska and western Iowa, having 236,-business that is offered.

pany will be able to catch up with the business that is offered. "The Fortland plant was built under difficulties, against strikes and all kinds of opposition. But a great record was made by Mr. Stowe, and the plant is of first class construction. "The Omaha plant has had no labor troubles, but it has been up against brought about by the suspension last brought about by the suspension last bank, with upward of \$400,000 tele-brone construction money tied up in the demand.

should happen to want the head of a

armory appropriation bill. It passed the legislature at the last session, and was referred to the referendum. Fol-lowing this is an argument against the measure submitted by the grange, as is also an argument against the compul-

also an argument against the compul-sory pass bill. The appearance of the armory appropriation measure on the official bailot will be as follows: Referendum Ordered by Petition of the People-An act to appropriate \$25,-000 annually for four years, to be used in purchasing grounds and building ar-mories for the use of the Oregon Na-tional Guard, the money to be expended under the supervision of the state mili-tary board at any time during the four years, the board not being required to use each appropriation the year it is appropriated. The Oregon National Guard is required to pay to the state treaburer such rental, for the use of said armories, as may be fixed by the state military board.-Vote yes or no. 313-No.

312-Yes. 313-No. The text of the bill as it passed the Jegislature was an follows: Text of Bill. To provide for armorics for the Ore-gon National Guard, to appropriate moneys therefor and to regulate the dis-bursement thereof.

gon National Guard, to appropriate moneys therefor and to regulate the disbursement thereof.
Be it enacted by the people of the State of Oregon:
Section 1—That the sum of \$100,000 is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of purchasing ground and constructing armories thereon in the several cities and towns in the state of Oregon, for the use of the Oregon National Guard, the same to be a continuing appropriation of \$25,000 annually for the ensuing four years; and the use any particular year, and may be expended at any period within the four ensuing years. Sec. 2-That the purchasing of suit

able locations and construction of such armories shall be upon the recommenda-tions and under the supervision of the state military board of the state of Oregon, which shall adopt such regula-tions for the maintenance and control of said armories as may be deemed necessary by it. Sec. 3—That said armories shall be

Sec. 3—That said armonies shall be constructed in such cities or towns not already provided with armonies, where one or more companies of the Oregon National Guard, fully organized under the laws of the state of Oregon, may be located, and where, in the judgment of the state military board, it will be most convenient to the companies and where convenient to the companies, and where FACE IS A MODEL OF YOUR OWN most necessary. Sec. 4-That the said armories shall

be safe, suitable and of sufficient size for the drilling of a company or battal-lon, according to where the same may be located; provided, that if two or more companies are organized in one town or city, said companies shall each have the use of said armory. Sec. 5-That each company of the in-

blonde malden, with a complexion to suit your taste, no matter how fas-tidious, you can have it for the asking. Or, if you want a man's head with a moustache, whiskers or smooth shaven and rosy cheeks, you can have him, too. fantry and naval division. each troop of cavalry and battery of artillery, and each cavalry and battery of artillery, and each fully organized band or corps estab-lished by authority of the military board, using said armories, shall pay to the state treasurer of the state of Ore-son, each quarter, out of its annual al-lowance such sum as rental for the use thereof as the military board shall from time to time fix and establish. Passed the house February 12, 1907. Frank Davy, speaker of the house. Passed the senate February 19, 1907. E W. Haines, president of the senate. The arguments of the granges are as These heads will cost you but \$12 So if you have any use for them saw is modeled after some person. The syebrows, the hair, the eyes, the lips, the ears; in fact, everything, is made to resemble the original as much as possible. W T Pice of Lenging Michigan who

W. L. Rice of Lansing, Michigan, who travels about the country selling wax figures, is at the Hotel Perkins. Mr. Rice has been in the business many years and naturally is an expert in the wax figure business. The head of a woman and the head of a man, in wax figures, of course, are estimated at the same price. But a body of either sex costs just twice as much as a head. The face of each wax figure is mod-eled from some person generally hired by the manufacturer. Others work in the factory regularly and about all they do is to pose for wax figures, which are and what not in the stores about the country. The arguments of the granges are as The Granges' Arguments,

Argument, negative. Submitted by T. Buxton, B. G. Leedy and S. C.

The seventh in the list of 19 proposed Spence, executive committee of the Ore-initiative and referendum measures to come before the people in June is the structure approximation on the official ballot as follows:

as follows: "Referendum ordered by petition of the people: For an act requiring rail-roads and other common carriers to grant free transportation to state offi-cers and county judges and sheriffs, ds a condition precedent to acquiring land for corporate purposes by exercise of eminent domain, and to prohibit the payment of mileage for such transpor-tation."

tation." "An act to appropriate \$25,000 an-nually for four years, to be used in purchasing grounds and building armories for the use of the Oregon National guard, the money to be ex-panded under the supervision of the state military board at any time during the four years, the board not being re-quired to use each appropriation the year it is appropriated. The Oregon National guard is required to pay to the state treasurer such rental for the use of said armories as may be fixed by the state military board." Arguments Against Two Acts.

Arguments Against Two Acts.

"The executive committee of the Ore-gon state grange offers the following argument in support of the referendum on the above measures, 310, 311, 312 and \$13.

and \$13. "Why the free pass became an issue. The primary reason for the agitation of the free pass question was the gen-erous manner in which railway com-panies furnished free transportation to public officials with the expectation, no doubt, of receiving some favors in return. Members of the legislature were especially favored with free passes, and they could and did furnish their friends with passes also.

with passes also. Corporations are not generally sup-posed to give something for nothing; therefore the growth of a sentiment in favor of removing the influence of the free pass. So strong did this sentiment become that at the election in June, 1906, the voters of the state gave an initiative antipass law an overwhelming majority. But this measure was con-sidered inoperative on account of the omission of the enacting clause. omission of the enacting clause.

In the face of the fact that a majority In the face of the fact that a majority of the voters had favored an antipass law, the legislature enacted this com-pulsory pass law, which provides that railway companies shall file a certifi-cate with the secretary of state, grant-ing passes to certain state, district and county officers before said company con arter into a lawsuit to company

can enter into a lawsuit to condemn

can enter into a lawsuit to condemn land, timber, etc. This "condemnation" clause is only a filmsy excuse to legalize the giving of passes, for, while companies that have secured their rights of wav or able to secure them without a lawsuit are not required to give passes, yet they may file certificates and grant passes whether they wish to enter suit or not. So the argument that, under the com-pulsory system, the conditions which gave the railway a motive for giving the pass, are removed, fails flat, for if

the pass are removed, fails flat, for if any of our present roads give passes, they would do so as a special favor to the officials for which they would expect the same return favors as before

No Connection With Position.

Furthermore, the free pass granted o the officers who are placed in the avored class has no connection with to the officers who are placed in the favored class has no connection with their official capacity, for they are given free passes whenever they choose to travel on a railway, anywhere in the state at any time during their incum-bency in office whether they are on official hundress or not

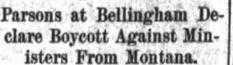
bency in office whether they are on official business or not. Members of the legislature, for ex-ample, might have occasion to use the pass in traveling on official business, at any time during the 40 days of the biennial gession. The remainder of their two years' terms they would travel on their own business or pleas-ure. Is it to be expected that such priv-

travel on their own business or pleas-ure. Is it to be expected that such priv-llege would be without its influence? The people, by their votes, have once indicated that they did not think ro, and we think they will again be dis-posed to vote "No" upon the measure. Section 29, article 4, of the consti-tution of the state in providing for the

Section 29, article 4, of the consti-tution of the state, in providing for the traveling expenses of members of the legislature, says in part: "They shall also receive the sum of \$3 for every 20 miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meet-ing on the most usual route." This cannot be changed except by constitu-tional amendment. Section 4 of the compulsory pass law reads: "No officer herein mentioned who secures free transportation under the provisions of this act shall be entitled to, or collect mileage from the state, district or county for such free travel so ob-tained." It is evident the legislator cannot

It is evident the legislator cannot obey both unless it was intended to make it legal for him to collect the constitutional traveling fee and travel on a pass at the same time.

The Armory Appropriation.



(United Press Leaned Wire.) Bellingham, Wash, liarch 28 .-- Leon-

ard W. Snyder of Billings, Montana, is

any of the churches or high schools of Bellingham. He will be barred from the Y. M. C. A. if he seeks admission for He comes to the

Y. M. C. A. if he seeks admission for an audience. He comes to this city to give lec-tures before boy audiences on "good morals and better citizenship." He is known as the "boys" minister," but be-cause of his advocacy of the liquor in-terests he is incurring the opposition of the ciergy everywhere he goes. The ministers are carrying their boycott on Dr. Snyder from eity to city. Rev. Thomas H. Cornish, pastor of the First Eaptist church of this city, is in receipt of a letter from Rev. A. G. Sawin, pastor of the First Baptist church of Reno, Nevada, urging him to "see to it that Dr. Snyder has place neither in your churches." Cornish lost no time in warning Sec-retary Wright of the Y. M. C. A. Dr. Mathes, principal of the normal schoel, Superintendent Hughes and members of the school board. At the close of his labors last night. Cornish said: "I now feel sure Dr. Snyder is effec-tively barred from opportunity to spread his permicipal of the the schools

"I now feel sure Dr. Suyder is effec-tively barred from epportunity to spread his pernicious doctrine in the schools and churches of this city, at least." "You may state for me that I am not in favor of local option and proaibition, which is now advocated so strongly by the clergy of Reno," says Snyder. "I don't agree with the clergy that the sale of liquor or gambling should be abolished in any city. I believe the liquor traffic has its virtues as well as its vices, and for this reason. If for no other, it should not be prohibited. Christ Himself drank liquor."

FOUR HUSBANDS IN LINE **HELLO, BOYS! SHE SAYS**

All Willing to Testify Against Her,

So She Is Committed to

Jail.

Lancaster, Pa., March 28 .- With a merry "hello, boys!" Agnes Jane Miller, greeted her four husbands who were lined up in Magistrate Doebler's office last night. The husbands were all willing to testify against her, and she was committed to jail for trial at court.

"I just got tired of having the same husband hanging around every day," declared Mrs. Henry, the name she got by marrying husband No. 4. "When I wanted a new one I just disappeared, and it is not hard to find another hus-

and it is not hard to find another hus-band if you go about it the right way." Her first matrimonial experience was in May, 1900. John Rutter was the man. Three years later her love was bestowed on William Moor. She soon tired of him, and in February, 1907, she married Isaac D. Leaman. It was not all bliss, and in February husband No. 4 was captured, Amos Henry. Last year, however, she thought divorce from husband No. 1 was advisable, and a divorce was granted in March last. When Policeman Doebler set to work

When Policeman Doebler set to work on the case it was with the prospect of discovering two husbands, and now he is searching for more.

NEW RULE ON TAXING

ion has ruled that the exemption ap plies only where the taxation would interfere with interstate commerce. Property en route from one point in the state

Jews and Chess Champions. From the Jewish Chroniele.

The chess championship has been retained in Jewish hands for the last 42

Where the Silv'ry Colorado, Wends Its Way A "Merry Widow" typical chorus, with dash, humor A new rendition, beautiful-

CYLINDER, 25c and 50c

ly sung, of the forever popu-lar ballad.

Iola

A sweet duet, given with charm and pathos.

These four only indicate the variety and quality of all the new Columbia Records, and of the 3,500 in our regular catalogue. Finest tone, longest life, widest choice. Call

COLUMBIA

DISC AND CYLINDER

RECORDS

Fit any "talking machine" and make it

sound almost as good as the COLUMBIA

Four of This Week's

Most Popular Records

GRAPHOPHONE.

DISC, 60c and \$1

"Women"

Traumerei

A violoncello solo of great

merit and played by a mas-

and great effects.

in and ask for the latest list. Stay and listen as long as you like.



371 Washington Street

NEWS FORECAST WILL DEDICATE TEMPLE SUNDAY OF COMING WEEK

each.

La Grande Baptists Hold a Three Days' Jubilee Over Great Event.

Wax figures in the store windows!

Haven't you often commented on

them, criticised the color of the hair

were made and a lot of other things

Well, every wax figure that you ever

and wondered how in the world they

about them?

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

La Grande, Or., March 28 .- Rev. J. Whitcomb Brougher, pastor of the White Temple in Portland, delivered a lecture, subject "What's Under Your Hat?" at the First Baptist church in this city last night, and will deliver a this city last night, and will deliver a sermon during the noon hour today. Tomorrow he will preach at the church in the forenoon, and will deliver the dedication sermon for the new building sunday evening. Evangeliat Thomas S. Twets of the chapel car "Good Will" will also assist in the various services during ing the two days. His Sunday evening sermon during the young people's hour will be "A Living or a Life." The First Baptist church of La grande was organized at Liberty school-house, near La Grande, the third Satur-day in November, 1873. Elders L. J. Booth and B. H. Lewis were the leaders his time were Mary J. Lewis, George Horse, the National Chinder content in the differe during of maximum during the first pastor. The first building owned by the church in La Grande was put up under the pastoral care of Rev. George T. Ellis. The present edifice, costing about \$5,500, was begun under the leadership of the present pastor, Rev. W. H. Gibson, in September, 1906. IMMIGRANTS HELD TO sermon during 'the noon hour today.

IMMIGRANTS HELD TO LAND OF THEIR BIRTH

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Vancouver, B. C., March 28 .- Another order-in-council has been passed by the Dominion government, providing that all immigrants shall come direct from the land of their birth. All of the Hindus, some 150, who were held in a detention shed here, were released on an order of Chief Justice Hunter. They were lib-erated last night. All other immigrants held under the natal act passed by the British Columbia government have been allowed to go, the court having held the soit invalid. allowed to go, the act invalid.



THIS company is invested in "Purely Oregon" Securities and Helps in the upbuilding of a Greater Oregon. Safe, economical, conservative; everything that is best for the policyholder is in the contract.

Carries & Sentent

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 28 .- Many events of news interest are scheduled for the next seven days. In the foreign field there will be the usual routine of politics in England, Germany and other countries and the parliamentary elec-tions in Portugal, the first to be held

tions in Portugal, the first to be held under the new regime. Nearer home there will be a great deal doing in the way of politics, in-cluding the first of the presidential conventions, that of the People's party and other reform organizations at St. Louis. Indiana Republicans, will meet at. Indianapolis and Arkansas Republi-cans at Little Rock. The New York presidential primaries will be held Tues-day.

LOTS OF SMOKE BUT NO FIRE IN CONGRESS

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, March 28 .- This ses-- years I suffered from initiammation and those delicate troubles usual to my sex, and several times during the last 12 years was unable, for months, to be on my foet, and was in bed the greater part of the time for 18 months before I went to Doctor Fulton. At that time I had come to the conclusion that my kidneys were affected. When I began treatment with the doctor last May I was bloated, had throbbing pains in my head, and at times a severe pain in the region of my heart. I also was exceedingly nervous and my lower limbs seemed heavy and lifeless and very much swollen. After the first few Naturopathic treatments I was less nervous than I had been for years and AT THE END OF FIVE WEEKS WAS A NEW WOMAN'. Now I can do all kinds of work, and lately WALKED FIVE MILES IN ONE DAY! MRS. SARAH HATHAWAT. sion of congress will be a record breaker in respect to the number of bills introduced. It may be a "do nothing" congress so far as getting anything in the way of legislation en-acted is concerned. Every one says it is and that it will continue to be. But representatives and senators are pour-ing in bills for the relief of the coun-try at an amazing rate. Since the six-tieth congress opened last December, up to March 18 there have been no less than 19.642 bills introduced in the house, together with house joint resolu-tions, house reports and house docu-ments to bring the total up to 22,135. Six hundred and mnety-one senate bills have been introduced and joint resolutions, concurrent resolutions, resion of congress will be a record resolutions, concurrent resolutions, re-ports, and documents to bring the total up to 7,216.

STORY.

(Calted Press Leased Wire.) (Calted Press Leased Wire.) ouver, B. C. March 28.-D. J.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Vancouver, B. C., March 28.—D. J. Mackennie of Nelson, British Columbia bridge inspector, was instantly killed this morning on a bridge near Caseade. When it collapsed and Mackenzie was crushed to death. Thomas J. Crowley, a young English-man employed as bridge inspector and foreman for the Britannia Mines Syn-dicats, was drowned inst night in the waters of Howe sound. He was out rowing and his boat capsized.



DR. N. J. FULTON NATUROPATH.

IF STRONG AND MEALTEY

You Don't Need

But if anything ails you, don't taunt the affliction and nourish it with poi-sonous drugs. Not many comprehend that, while there are some necessary remedies for human ailments,

DRUG POISON

Is responsible for the continuance of many linesses that nature, if let alone, would quickly cure. Patent medicines, especially, are the most ruthless de-spollers of human constitutions, and I PLEAD WITH YOU, PROPLE, TO AVOID THEM AS YOU WOULD.

A RATTLER. When I take a patient it is my one aim and ambition to heal that one as speedily as it can be done, and I GIVE NO DEUGS AT ALL.

, READ THIS: Milwaukie, Feb. 27, 1908 .- For 25 years I suffered from inflammation and those delicate troubles usual to my sex

THE ABOVE IS ONE PATIENTS

PROPERTY IN TRANSIT

WANT TO BE YOUNG AGAIN?

D Samuel G. Tracy Declares Electricity Will Restore

Youth to the Aged-as Cartoonist Harris Sees It.

eler

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- MARRIE

ELECTRICIT

TO MAKE OL

PAL R

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Olympia, Wash., March 28 .- The state tax commission has overruled the general custom in this state of exempting from taxation property in transit during | tending is exempt.

neer []

PA JUST AS YOUNG .

(9)

IN THAT

CASE YOU HAD BETTE

ECTRI

AS I USED TO BE

WANT

TOBE

YOUNG

another should be taxed at the point last ruling applies to the large quanti-ties of canned salmon held for distri-bution in Senttle, which the Seattle commercial organizations have been con-

the assessing period. The tax commis-

WOWIL'S

I WENDER ANY PRING

un

GEET BOT DAD FEELING

MADE YOUNG BY ME ELECTRIC SHOCK

LETS PLAY

GAY

years. Steinits held it for 28 years till of destination. Goods in warehouses 1894, and Lasker has been champion he.a for distribution should be taxed in the county in which they are held. This predominance of the Tarish methods in 1894, and Lasker has been champion predominance of the Jewish genius in chess to the fact that its rules are entirely based upon those of self-defense in the struggle of life, and the Jews are adepts in this art.



"Electricity will restore the elasticity and buoyancy of youth. Old age is due primarily to a lack of force in the vital organs. By electric stimulus the system is energized, the blood made to system is energized, the block made to circulate equally, the digestion aided, the waste products eliminated, the re-pair tissues are assisted and the normal working of the bodily functions re-stored."-Dr. Samuel G. Tracy, in N. T. Medical Times.

For more than 30 years I have con-tended that decay in old men is caused by the exhaustion of vitality. Years have nothing to do with it. I can show you men who have been made active

you men who have been made active and vigorous under my rejuvenating treatment at 80, while you have ex-amples all about you of men who are old and decrepit at 80. There's no excuse for your grunting and complaining about pains in your back, stiffness in your shoulders and legs, that "tired feeling," weak back, nervousness, indigestion and failure of vital power. It should not be Nature started you with a constitution that ought to have held you good intil you are 80, and you ought to feel like a boy now. But your have overdone some things and wasted your vitality. You boy now. But you have overdone some things and wasted your vitality. You still have the constitution, but lack the force. That's electricity. Electro-Vigor will restore it. >

Mr. J. W. Lunbeck, 196 Center street, Santa Cruz, California, says:

"I think Electro-Vigor is the mos wonderful remedy on earth, for it cure me of dropsy, catarrh, rheumatism au a weakness which made life miserabi for me. Doctors said I would be dean long ago, but Electro-Vigor has restored me to robust health and strength I am 64 years old and working Te hours a day, and feel as strong as a young horse."

horse." Electro-Vigor is the only successful appliance for infusing electricity into the body. It does this while you sleep the body. It does this while you sleep Its influence is powerful, yet soothil and pleasant to the nerves. It built

up vitality and strength and remov the cause of disease. Electro-Vigor is a practical body by tery, not an electric beit."-Is makes own power and never needs charging.

I Give It Free

Cut out this coupon now, and it to me. I'll send my 100-page trated book, of information, top with price of treats

ent buildings. Amount Does not Cover. Does any one believe that \$100,000 would be sufficient to buy land and erect ten or twelve strong, substantial buildings of a permanent character and of sufficient size for the purpose of a drill hall for companies or battalions? If the amount did not prove to be suf-ficient, what then? Every town with an organization is entiled to an armory, under this law. There would seem to be no other way than for an additional appropriation to be made at the next session of the legislature. Then, again, if some towns find themselves well provided with public funds to expend, what is to prevent other towns from organizing militia companies and demanding the erection of additional armories? Any one familiar with the methods by which such matters are generally car-ried through the legislature by the for-mation of log-rolling combinations may well ask where this species of graft will gtop if once begun. A. T. BUXTON, ~ B. G. LEEDY, C. E. SPENNCE. Executive Committee, Oregon State Grange. (Indorsed.) Filed February 24, 1908.

ent buildings.

Amount Does not Cover.

Grange, (Indorsed.) Filed February 24, 1908. F. W. BENSON, Secretary of State.

The demands of the English potters to be presented to the manufacturers at the joint conference set for March 25 are likely to meet with much oppo-sition as the operators declare it would be impossible to grant the asked for increase of 15 per cent.

oth stitutional traveling ree and travel on a pass at the same time. The Armory Appropriation. The state grange has not called the referendum on the armory appropriation bit in any spirit of opposition to the state militia, but there are a few facts which we desire to bring to the atten-tion of the taxpayer. In the great majority of cases in which the state militia of the country has been called upon for active service, it has been to help in the settlement of disputes between large corporations and their employes. In our state these cor-porations have steadfastly resisted ev-ery attempt to levy tribute upon them for the support of the state government. The Pacific Telephone company has re-fused to pay the small gross-earnings tax levied upon it by the initiative law enaced at the last general election and, backed by other similar corporations, is now bringing suit to overthrow the whole system of direct legislation and puting the state to additional expense to defend that system and enforce the collection of the tax. The face of the state for the state militia, pay their just share for the state indicate at the alreade. The load that it can stand. The load that it can stand. The load that it can stand. The face of the state to the state port of the government whose protec-tion they demand; then, if armories be reporting any additional burden upon the property that is already. The is and the matter would stop at this amount, ft would not be so se-no definit a number of armories are pro-vided for, but they are to be erected porticions of this bill the way may be provisions of this bill the way may be provisions of this bill the orgen Na-mer particular stooder. No limitations were placed upon the cost of the differ-ent buildings. **My Services**