

# WOMAN A SUICIDE?

## PALE, WEAK, NERVOUS, WITH- OUT APPETITE—ALL RUN DOWN

Conditions Following the Grip,  
Typhoid Fever, Pneumonia,  
and Other Blood-Poison-  
ing, Prostrating Dis-  
eases.

# Theory That Mrs. Natica Rives-Burden Killed Her- self—Disinherited in Will of Grandfather, August Belmont.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)  
New York, Feb. 22.—Mrs. Natica Rives-Burden, the beautiful young society matron, who was suffocated by gas in the home of her mother-in-law at Fifth avenue and Seventy-second street, was disinherited, it was learned today, by her grandfather, the late August Belmont. The father of Perry August and Oliver H. Perry Belmont inserted the disinheriting clause in his will when Natica Rives, daughter of O. H. P. Belmont by his first wife, now Mrs. George L. Rives, was 3 years old. This clause, declaring that no issue of O. H. P. Belmont's first wife should share in the estate, reads:  
"No issue of my son, Oliver Hazard Perry Belmont, shall share in any part of my property, except such issue as shall be born to him from a wife to be chosen by him at some future date."  
The will was made in 1889, after O. H. P. Belmont's wife, the mother of Natica, obtained her divorce and married Mr. Rives.

# PORTUGAL ALARMED

Reserve Forces Held in Readiness for Instant Service, Though Concealed From Public View—Preparations for Outbreak.  
Lisbon, Feb. 22.—This city tonight resembles an armed camp. Soldiers occupy all public buildings. Strong patrols guard the streets. Reserve forces are held in readiness for instant service, though concealed from public view. Nearly all public squares are guarded. The entire garrison is under arms. In other cities of the country similar preparations have been made to meet outbreaks.  
For several days there have been rumors that the revolutionary outbreaks were planned to organize at the time of the assassination of King Carlos. Military preparations were made and the time for the uprising fixed. Government spies reported in the last few days that plans were laid to start uprisings in several parts of the kingdom at the same time. All details have not been exposed, but enough was discovered to cause the belief that tomorrow is the day for the outbreak.  
At Setúbal serious outbreaks have already occurred. Few details reached here, but it is known that the people are in extremely dangerous mood. A gunboat was sent to Setúbal today. Preparations were made and the government is expected to act at any time.  
In case of a real conflict, how strong the government would prove is problematical. The outcome is extremely uncertain.  
The loyalty of the army is gravely doubted. The soldiers have not been overlooked by the revolutionary leaders and the ranks are honeycombed with dissatisfaction. The military corps for the revolutionaries would probably be followed by wholesale desertions to the popular cause.  
The danger is well appreciated by the boy king's advisers and this is the cause of the military precautions to crush any attempted uprising in its incipency.

# IT WAS ACCIDENT.

Though Coroner Shady and the police repeatedly declared that the young woman's death was entirely an accident, the belief that it may not have been such was still held by the outside world. There were several discrepancies in the stories told by officials, physicians and intimates of the house.  
It was said Friday, after the discovery of the body, that the cause of the accident was an old rubber tube connecting a gas reading lamp with the wall bracket. Because of the age and poor quality of this it had slipped from the pipe at the top of the lamp when Mrs. Burden turned the cock and pushed the lamp away from her bed, it was reasoned.  
It was not an old tube; it was, I thought, brand new," admitted Coroner Shady when questioned today. "It was a rubber tube covered with green insulation and wound at the end by wire. This wire was loose when I found it and the tube was just dangling beyond the mouth of the pipe. My theory is that when Mrs. Burden pushed the lamp away this became somewhat detached and the gas pressure further detached it."  
Arthur Scott Burden, a brother of the dead society leader's husband, declared the suicide theory altogether absurd.

# SAYS AFFINITY IS TRESPASSER

# New York Judge Frowns on Woman's Visit to Home of Soul Mate.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
New York, Feb. 22.—Here's a warning to all affinites: Either keep away from the soul mate (if he happens to be a married man) or fight shy of magistrate Crane. It's all right to come and sit on the bed and see, but it's trespass to go to his home.  
Magistrate Crane laid down this harsh rule this afternoon when Ellen Arbelo, a waitress at the Columbia University club, was haled before him to explain what she had done to Selma Peterson, wife for the fair charmer.  
Peterson was formerly chief of the safe. He left home Wednesday night, leaving this cheerful message for his wife:  
"Dear Auntie—My love for another makes me leave you. I can't lead a false life. Good-bye. God will protect you."  
Magistrate Crane declared he wanted to punish the young woman, but said he did not know what charge would prevail.  
"You might hold her for trespass," suggested Mrs. Peterson. "Make out a complaint. I will hold the lady as a trespasser."  
But Ellen begged so hard and cried so copiously and promised with such gusto never to again trespass on Peterson's love, that the magistrate relented finally. But he made her tell that Peterson had started to Chicago to return "when the trouble had blown over" and join her.  
Mrs. Peterson at once took steps to communicate with him.

# CORVALLIS CAPITAL FLOWING TO CANNERY

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)  
Corvallis, Feb. 22.—At a largely attended and very enthusiastic meeting of the subscribers to the new cannery for Corvallis the following committees were appointed: Executive, P. Avery, W. W. Ingle, W. F. Hamilton; in incorporation, constitution and by-laws, E. H. Bryson, S. L. Kline, C. Reed, Richard Kiger, Clyde Beach.  
A committee was appointed and instructed to purchase for a site the old electric light plant location on River street.  
The subscribers who have taken 5000 shares in the new enterprise are: Anderson, Avery, John Ingle, Walter Taylor, W. F. Hamilton, Martin Butler, Richard Kiger and C. Reed.  
The only 5000 share was taken by J. M. Nolan. The 5200 subscribers are: Clyde Beach, E. E. Caldwell, T. B. Baker, Fred Fischer and George Linderman.  
Shares of \$100 were issued to the following well-known citizens: V. P. Moseley, F. L. Miller, A. P. Johnson, W. C. Metcalf, E. B. Horning, R. L. Glass, Frank Wyatt, O. L. Davis, G. W. Cooper, John Watts, J. H. Dixon, J. T. Virgil Walters, C. A. Bohannon, W. H. Averill, C. E. Dinges, Charles Ziesler, J. J. Cole & Son, W. H. Dixon, J. T. Wilbanks, G. A. Bayne, J. Lind, Central Planing mill, McFadden & Bryson, A. W. Watkins, A. W. Fischer, Lee Henkle, W. P. Groves, S. A. Griggs, Robert Wylie, Mrs. Perce Linderman, Paul Anderson, Mrs. E. J. Phillips, Anderson, Corroder, Gibson, Myers, Iva Bodine, S. L. Kline and G. F. Rice. The plant will be built and equipped by a Chicago company.  
Servant girls of Boone, Iowa, have organized a union and in future will refuse to work as domestics for less than \$1 a day.

# Hearst Independence League Policies Outlined at Chi- cago Session—Many Re- forms Will Be Advocated by Organization.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Chicago, Feb. 22.—The Independence league held the first session of its national convention and adopted a declaration of principles embodying the program of its founder, William Randolph Hearst.  
The league advocates direct nominations to abolish clique-controlled party convention rule. Bossism must be eliminated. The league favors the referendum, recall and government ownership of the telegraph, the purchase and operation of which it recommends as an immediate measure. Overcapitalization of corporations and dishonest banks are denounced as the source of panics. A flexible currency, issued by the government, is approved. The league indorses organizations among craftsmen and farmers that will tend to bring about an equitable distribution of wealth in better wages and prices. Government protection of working people, an eight-hour day and revision of the tariff are advocated. Other recommendations include a subsidy and interstate control of commerce and transportation, national incorporation laws, government savings banks, inspection of railroads and ship subsidy and regulation of arid lands and the deepening of waterways. The league deprecates the corrupt use of money in elections.

# GERMAN SOLID FINANCES

Baron Speck von Sternberg Denies Stories of Weakness of His Country.  
(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Tampa, Fla., Feb. 22.—Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassador at Washington, in a speech tonight at the chamber of commerce dinner, warmly denied persistent stories "by leading organs of western Europe" that Germany's financial system is not based upon solid foundations. At the cornerstone laying of the German club here tomorrow the baron will take occasion to dwell upon the close bond of friendship existing between the Fatherland and the United States. Baron von Sternberg is enroute to Cuba.  
The German economic system, declared the baron, ranks among the most efficient in the world, agriculturally, as well as industrially.  
"Until the sixteenth year of the nineteenth century, Germany was an even later, Germany's economical condition was regarded as poor," admitted the ambassador. "Today the world knows better the economic condition of a country which, despite increased cost of living, is able at the present time to support 40,000,000 people on the same territory, that is, 21,000,000 more than in 1816—and to dispose of an annual increase of almost a million souls without being deranged—cannot be said to be poor; on the contrary, it must be affluent, and furthermore, its prosperity must be based upon an increasing basis that it amply affords the opportunity for development. Recent statistics estimate the national economic wealth of Germany at \$29,000,000,000 and the national income at more than \$7,000,000,000. Annually nearly 1,000,000,000 are capitalized. From 1897 to 1906 German securities valued at \$6,250,000,000—\$1,556,000,000 of these for banking and industrial purposes and \$4,700,000,000 for securities, together with \$11,600,000,000, were admitted to the German exchanges—that is, on an average at least \$1,200,000,000 dollars annually, which amply allows for fluctuations in value—an annual average of \$28,000,000—000—a pretty large sum, eh? The tonnage owned by Germany are estimated at \$9,500,000,000, of which, in round figures, \$3,800,000,000 are represented by foreign paper.  
In every direction, barring a few exceptions, progress is perceptible, and in staples Germany has advanced to the very front of producing countries. In cotton textiles, for example, almost two and one half times as much as raw material in value is imported and almost four and one half times as many manufactured goods are exported as in 1872."

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# NEW INCORPORATIONS.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)  
Salem, Or., Feb. 22.—Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the secretary of state as follows: Pacific Correspondence school, principal office, Portland, Oregon; capital stock, \$7,500; incorporators, G. W. Betts, W. W. Wagoner and K. P. Barber.  
The Goodweaver company, principal office, Portland, Oregon; capital stock, \$50,000; incorporators, Henry Bruck, Pauline Bruck and A. F. Fiegel.  
Christian Church of Marcola; principal office, Marcola, Lane county.

# Never eat a heavy meal when very tired.

The stomach with its nerves of digestion that govern the outpour of the digestive juices is unable to react during a condition of exhaustion. A short rest, then a dish of crisp, savory Grape-Nuts and cream will be promptly absorbed and in a short time the vital powers will be restored. Then the stomach will be in condition to digest with comfort, other desirable foods which the natural appetite may call for. There are many sides to the value of Grape-Nuts. Try it out for yourself and you'll soon realize "There's a Reason."

# High Temperature for Lace Dressing.

(From the Indianapolis News.)  
Lace dressing has been considered a necessarily unhealthful occupation on account of the intense heat required to be maintained in the room. In some cases the temperature exceeds 100 degrees Fahrenheit and much moisture is evaporated from the wet fabric. The evidence brought forth at a recent investigation in England, however, shows it to be an exceedingly healthful pursuit.  
New workers are often temporarily upset at the beginning by the high temperature, but no cases could be found where health had broken down. On the contrary, some ailments—colds, for instance—were found less prevalent among lace dressers than among the workers in other branches of the industry. "Timekeepers' books showed few absences from illness."  
No special tendency toward lung diseases could be found, notwithstanding that most of the workers lived in poor and unsanitary localities and led the regular lives. Many lace dressers now enjoy vigorous old age after doing this work from childhood.  
L. Q. C. Lamar, a grandson of L. Q. C. Lamar, who was a member of the United States supreme court, is a candidate for the Texas legislature.

# THE REASON WHY

**YOUR BEDROOM SHOULD BE COMFORTABLE**  
Eight hours out of twenty-four are spent in this room. Some people try to make themselves believe any place is good enough to sleep in. Just keep these people in mind for a time. You will notice a worried look on their faces, later their health fails. A good bed is absolutely essential to health, whether you are a worker or a person of leisure. Besides, your sleeping room should be pleasing to the eye, suggesting reposeful nights.  
**THIS WEEK SPECIAL MATTRESS DISPLAY—THIRD FLOOR**

**ONE-THIRD YOUR LIFE IS SPENT IN BED**

**ALARM CLOCKS 81c**

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**PRINCESSES**

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**BLANKETS**

**LIGHT WEIGHTS REASONABLE PRICES**

**MATTRESSES FROM THE MAKER**

We maintain a workshop, not that we can make them cheaper than we can buy them, but because the mattresses which we can buy do not generally give satisfaction—they are too cheaply made. We have a large mattress machine and will be pleased to show it in operation. You can have your mattress made to order here, according to your own ideas. This will insure the very best results. Prices from..... \$1.50 to \$4.00

Don't lie awake worrying for fear you will oversleep. We have the agency for an excellent Alarm Clock which we sell under a guarantee. Take one home for 30 days, if not satisfactory we will refund your money—price..... \$1.50

Made of beautiful grained oak, swelled front top drawer, with heavy brass trimmings. The mirror is heavy French plate 17 1/2 inches—good cabinet work. \$20.00 value for..... \$15.75

Odorless chicken feathers, no quills; 75c value for, each..... 54c  
Our special mixed feathers, fancy ticking, 18x26, 3 lbs. each; regular value \$1.00. This week..... 79c  
Our standard goose pillow, fancy tick, 31x27, 3 1/2 lbs.; regular \$1.75. This week..... \$1.35

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# LILLEY'S FEET ARE REAL COLD

Congressman From Connecticut Has No Authority for Charges.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Washington, Feb. 22.—The scandal in the committee of naval affairs of the house over the rejection of the administration's naval program for more battleships and a voluntary increase of four submarines followed so speedily by the demand of Congressman Lilley, Republican, from Connecticut, for an investigation, threatens to turn the lower branch of congress upside down. It reached the "you're a liar" stage today. Representative Lilley was put in hot water because of published reports that he charged the Electric Boat company of New Jersey with having "fixed" the contract for the submarine. He charged the company with having received a kickback of \$2,500,000, which, in round figures, \$3,800,000,000 are represented by foreign paper.  
In every direction, barring a few exceptions, progress is perceptible, and in staples Germany has advanced to the very front of producing countries. In cotton textiles, for example, almost two and one half times as much as raw material in value is imported and almost four and one half times as many manufactured goods are exported as in 1872."

# NO "JIM CROW" IN WASHINGTON

House Engaged in Hot Debate Over Alabamian's Proposed Measure.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Washington, Feb. 22.—An unsuccessful attempt was made in the house today by Representative Heflin of Alabama and the southern contingent to provide jim crow street cars in the District of Columbia. The effort engendered a debate of such sharpness that it sent the crowded galleries into disorder and brought from the speaker a caution that orators must be careful in the language they used.  
Heflin's amendment to a street railway bill brought from Foster of Vermont a protest against "attempting to array one race against another on Washington's birthday."  
Heflin's retort that Washington would heartily support the amendment if he were in congress today, brought the first demonstration.  
Madden of Illinois denounced the amendment as "un-American" and Campbell of Kansas cried, "Shame on Heflin and his party in the south!"  
His declaration that his children went to school and church with negroes, brought a chorus of yells from the Democratic side.  
Heflin wanted to know if he would marry his daughter to a negro.  
"No, no, no!" shouted Campbell as he leaped across the center aisle and confronted his tormenting interrogator, his face pale with emotion.  
There is a difference between social and political equality, and there are white men that I would not permit my daughter to marry," Campbell shouted.  
Simms of Pennsylvania pleaded that some other day under general debate "the negro question" be threshed out.  
Olcott of New York charged the south with not furnishing equal railroad facilities for negroes and whites.  
Heflin's retort that this was untrue brought admonition of caution from the chair.  
Ansberry (Democrat) of Ohio had spoken for the amendment but failed to vote. A chorus of Republicans yelling his name embarrassed the Ohioan. The amendment was defeated, 104 to 57.

# STRIKING ACTORS' NARROW ESCAPE

Rebellious Nethersole These-pians on Etruria When It Collides With Barge.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)  
New York, Feb. 22.—As a result of a clash of signals the giant Cunard line steamer Etruria, in starting from her Hudson river pier today, crashed into and sank the barge Dubois, nearly killing the captain and crew.  
The barge, literally sliced in two by the bow of the giant liner, sank within a few minutes and Captain Martell and his men would have drowned had not Mrs. Beerbohm Tree's cries of warning moved them to leap instantly for their lives.  
Mrs. Tree, wife of the English actor-manager, was a passenger on the Etruria and she was standing near the bow of the boat just where she could see the peril of the barge's crew.  
Captain Martell and his men leaped from their wrecked boat to the May, a coal lighter, nearby, half dressed and carrying their shoes and hats in their hands. It looked for a few seconds as though some of the passengers would jump overboard and the women seemed to fear that all their friends ashore would be crushed to death. Above all the clamor rose the shouts of the ship's officers. The signal bells rang and the steamer soon straightened out and swung into the river.  
Among those aboard the Etruria during the excitement besides Mrs. Beerbohm Tree, who is returning to London because of the failure of Mrs. Patrick Campbell's New York season, were the

# ENGINEMEN WILL NOT WALK OUT

Grand Consul of Firemen Says Brotherhood Can't Afford to Strike.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)  
San Bernardino, Cal., Feb. 22.—Grand Consul Hugh L. Dickson of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, whom here is in this city, when asked his opinion of the prospects for a strike among the locomotive men, as reported from Oakland, said he was sure the firemen would not strike and thought the engineers would not strike, even if their wages were reduced, as threatened.  
The grand consul argued that at present there are something like 10,000 engine men out of work and they are going home.  
They were Adeline Bourne, Miss Catherine Stewart, George Ingleton, Lan-horn Burton and James Grant. They declared that life with Miss Nethersole had become intolerable. The last straw, they said, was when Miss Nethersole insisted that Miss Stewart, who is much stouter, should wear some of her costumes.  
striking actors and actresses of Olga Nethersole's company, who have cut out 20 weeks of their engagement and are going home.  
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