

CARTER DE HAVEN AND FLORA PARKER

LANDS SETTLED

Interior Department Urges Homesteaders to Stand by Government and Government Will Stand by Them—Garfield's Report.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907, there were disposed of 29,997,568.55 acres, an increase of 1,566,379.11 acres over the preceding year.

Total cash receipts from the disposal of lands during the last fiscal year were \$9,547,273.51. Receipts from other sources were \$2,065,904.49, making a total of \$11,613,178, or an increase of \$2.2 per cent over the receipts of the preceding year.

Fifty-seven additional national forests, embracing 42,828,647 acres, were created during the last fiscal year.

Of the lands temporarily withdrawn under the forestry act, 2,302,294 acres have been restored to entry during the last year.

There were surveyed during the year 7,158,910 acres. In Oregon 215,975. Recommendations as to the closing of the surveys-general offices for Florida, Minnesota and North Dakota, made in the last annual report, are renewed, and it is suggested that the offices in South Dakota and Louisiana be examined with a view to their discontinuance.

The general question of the system of surveys under the surveys-general department is not satisfactory. It is both expensive and subject to very great delays. It is believed that a very great saving, both in efficiency and expenditure, would be made if the secretary were given authority to have the surveys made under the direct control of the commissioner of the general land office, to whom authority would be contract or by the force of the geological survey.

Laws have been enacted for the disposal of the following Indian lands: Goshute reservation, Washington, 1,000,000 acres; Flathead reservation, Montana, 1,000,000; Yakima reservation, Washington, 1,145,000 acres; Blackfoot reservation, Montana, 500,000 acres; Lower Brule reservation, South Dakota, 55,000 acres; Coeur d'Alene reservation, Idaho, 310,000 acres; Rosebud reservation, South Dakota, 83,000 acres; Lemhi reservation, Idaho, 64,000 acres. Steps are now being taken preliminary to the opening of these lands next year.

In this connection I desire to call attention to the difficulties that the officers of the land office encounter in the conduct of their business. The registers and receivers, and special agents have been instructed that it is their duty quite as much to aid the homesteaders as to detect and punish the dishonest entryman. Fortunately, the most honest entries are honestly made, but in many instances, through carelessness or ignorance, mistakes are made which may defeat an entry. It is thus necessary that the utmost care be exercised by the local officers that the commissioner of the general land office and the secretary must rely for the obtaining of the best results in the office is done. It is the duty of the special agents to aid the local officers in all of these cases, and unless they are properly instructed as to the number of men needed, it is inevitable that there will be serious delays in the settled districts.

The force of special agents now employed has been distributed as far as possible in accordance with the needs of the settled districts. These agents are not detectives and are not so used, although it may be at times necessary for them in the examination of cases where fraud has been committed and a criminal statute violated. To use the means necessary to discover the cause of the criminal, the agent has shown lack of judgment. In so large a service, with such a multitude of cases, it is inevitable that the general charge, that the special agents of the land office have exercised their powers and performed their duty, is wholly unwarranted. It almost invariably happens that the man who is charged with the crime, or who has acquired or attempted to acquire public land dishonestly, accuses the special agent of using unfair means or of having exercised his power unjustly. There have been recovered through suits against trespassers 2203,552.85. One hundred and thirty-six cases of unlawful inclosures, involving 842,720 acres, have been reported. In 34 of the cases, involving 256,918 acres, the inclosures have been removed. In the other cases the removal is being removed or action is pending in the courts to compel removal.

Whenever facts warrant, I confer with persons who are accused of using holding land illegally, and if possible and proper effect a settlement or obtain return of the lands to the government without litigation.

It is gratifying to notice that there is a growing tendency toward the enforcement of the land laws. Until quite recently, evasion of the public land laws was not uncommon, and in many localities, due both to public sentiment and to the indifference on the part of the federal officers, many thousands of acres were being conveyed to law. As long as there was an overabundance of public land available for agriculture, lumbering, water and fuel, the public land states have been regarded either the misappropriation or misuse of the public domain, but the rapidly increasing population in the public land states has changed this condition.

The great majority of the citizens of the west now recognize that the resources of land, timber, water, fuel and forage are not inexhaustible, and that the waste or misuse of those resources must be stopped. The growth of this belief has created the public opinion which now demands the enforcement of the land laws, the prevention of waste, and the recovery of lands which are now illegally inclosed.

The difficulty the department encounters in the enforcement of laws is that in some instances the laws themselves are not applicable to existing conditions. This difficulty arises especially in connection with the laws affecting coal lands, timber and stone lands, and use of the public range.

Coal Lands. It is estimated that approximately 70,000,000 acres in the western states are underlain with coal. The coal varies in quantity from the low form of lignite to the highest form of cooking coal. Between July 26, 1904, and December 13, 1907, by executive order, 65,983,800 acres of land were withdrawn from entry for the purpose of determining whether or not they were underlain with merchantable coal. The reasons for this action were that it was found that serious frauds were being perpetrated in the acquisition of coal lands. Under the existing coal land law comparatively few entries were made, but the lands had been acquired illegally under other forms of entry. Unfortunately, a very large percentage of the land so acquired could not be recovered because of the statute of limitations; but wherever possible actions for recovery have been, and will be, brought.

Protection of Public Lands. There has been no abatement in the efforts of the department to prevent the illegal entry or misuse of public lands. There have been collected for timber trespasses without suit \$48,917.53 and there have been recovered through suits against trespassers 2203,552.85. One hundred and thirty-six cases of unlawful inclosures, involving 842,720 acres, have been reported. In 34 of the cases, involving 256,918 acres, the inclosures have been removed. In the other cases the removal is being removed or action is pending in the courts to compel removal.

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Two exceptionally clever people with the musical play, "George Washington Jr.," at Hellig tonight.

BIG SMELTER ORDER PLACED WITH WILLAMETTE WORKS

Down on the Rogue river in the Galice mining district a few men have been drilling and blasting for the past eight years, uncovering the largest body of copper-bearing ore known in the Pacific northwest. Work has been quietly done and the result is shown by the placing of a contract Saturday by the Alameda mine, a local corporation, with the Willamette Iron and Steel company, for a 100-ton smelter to cost \$40,000.

Bids were called for recently from manufacturers of smelters and the local industry was surprised to find that the best proposition was submitted by the Willamette people, who begin construction of the plant next week.

The plant will consist of a standard water-jacketed furnace 36 by 72 by 84 occupying a building at the mouth of the mine 80 by 110, which will house the engine, boilers and ore crusher with a charging floor of 200 square feet. The company owns its own saw mill and is cutting thousands of feet of lumber for the building, ore bins, etc.

It is expected that the plant will be in active operation by the last of April and another dividend-paying property added to the already growing list of southern Oregon. Josephine county will then be the possessor of the only two copper smelters in the state.

The present installation on the Alameda will be followed by further series as fast as conditions warrant giving employment to a large force, which will add considerably to the increasing payroll of the county. Considerable of the capital in the Alameda mine comes from Iowa, which should be doubly interesting at the present time, considering the recent difficulties, and speaks well for the Alameda property and its management.

The occupants of the cottage were awakened by Mrs. Greenleaf, when she awoke and found the floor on fire. While Mrs. Greenleaf hurried outside with the two babies, one six weeks and the other 20 months old, Mr. Greenleaf turned a stream of water from a garden hose on the fire. He was forced to flee for his life and leave his home to the mercy of the flames.

Mr. Greenleaf was for three years at the head of the manual training department of the city schools.

Employment for 600 Men. (United Press Leased Wire.) New Castle, Pa., Feb. 3.—The local plant of the American Tin Can company began operations today. The plant gives employment to nearly 600 men, and this number will be increased later.

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The Wrong Way.

Many Physicians Try to Cure Dyspepsia by Having Their Patients Starve Out the Disease.

This Method May Ruin the Stomach. To become a physician one must study medical literature for a long time and attend several years at a medical college, dissect at least one human body, pass an examination, and at least receive his diploma, which entitles him to the M. D. degree.

Yet all this does not necessarily make a doctor. We have known many graduates, with their sheepskins, who could not apply the knowledge they had acquired to relieving and curing a patient of dyspepsia.

They were floored by their first attempt to cure such a patient. They were sure to blame for this, for all the knowledge they acquired from medical works was wholly experimental. They were told to try the following:

- Aromatic ammonia. Bicarbonate of soda. Carbonate of Potass. Blue Mass. Camphor Water. Catechu. Charcoal. Creosote. Hot Water. Lime Water. Magnesia. Mineral Waters. Nitric Acid. Nitro-Muriatic Acid. Nuxvomica. Oil of Amber. Oil of Cajuput. Rhubarb. Senna. Spirits of Lavender. Starvation. Strichnia. Sulphur. Sulphite of Lime. Tincture Cardamom. Turpentine. Tincture Ginger. Tincture of Iron. Tonics. Vegetable Bitters.

In the list hot water is the only remedy that will not do more harm than good, and its use is still an unaltered problem.

If the professor who coaches the graduate would hand him a package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and tell him that it was a specific for dyspepsia, indigestion, all stomach ailments, and should be his mainstay in such cases, that one grain of their active principle would digest 2,000 grains of food in the stomach, and that aided by this remedy the stomach would soon regain its normal condition, he would do the student more good than sending him forth with a lot of uncertain knowledge about the cure of these diseased conditions.

The young doctor would gain a reputation by curing his first case of dyspepsia. The patient cured would sound his praises far and near, and so thousands upon thousands who praise Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Instead of experimenting with the mess of medicine in the above list, and doing his patients more harm than good, he would always be gaining reputation by always curing his patient.

When he met any indication of a diseased organ, he should discover what hundreds of other doctors have, that the whole trouble started with imperfect digestion and assimilation, then take out of his pocket medicine case a few of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and tell the patient how to use them.

The result would be considered by the patient almost miraculous, and success after success would be achieved by him. Many blood diseases, skin eruptions and heart troubles yield readily to Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they cure the incubating cause—dyspepsia. If the stomach is wrong, you are wrong all over.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold everywhere at druggists—50 cents per package. Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package, free. Address: F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Question of Seat of Diocese Engages Church—Great Plans Made. (Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Aberdeen, Wash., Feb. 3.—The North Aberdeen shingle mill will open today and it is the intention of the owners to keep it running steadily. The Aberdeen lumber and shingle mill will also today start up its sawmill, shingle mill and logging camp. The sawmill may run short of lumber for a time, but the company will furnish work for a large number of men in all its departments.

The Deming shingle mill resumed operations last Monday. The Anderson & Middleton mill, which has had a large crew of men at work for a number of weeks making improvements and repairs, expects to be ready to open for regular work in about two weeks. The O. K. Logging company will also reopen its logging camps in the upper reaches of the river today and will give employment to 85 men, who will all be the old employees if Manager Shields can find them. The Durawoo mill, which is doubling its capacity, will be ready to begin cutting about March 1, or as soon as all the machinery is placed.

PROHIBITIONISTS MAKE READY FOR CAMPAIGN. (United Press Leased Wire.) Chicago, Ill., Feb. 3.—A particularly active campaign is to be carried on this year by the prohibition party, according to an announcement of plans made by the party officials. It is intended to raise a fund of at least \$100,000 for the fight, of which nearly \$20,000 already has been subscribed.

Speakers will be sent into every state of the Union to make formal addresses and stump speeches in support of the prohibition. The campaign will be carried "into the enemy's country" in every locality.

A keen campaign is to be inaugurated in the south. Headquarters already have been established at Dallas, Texas, and preparations are being made by the local committees to force the battle into all southern territory. In Texas a fight is also to be made to submit to the voters in 1909 a constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale of liquor in the state. It is feared that a prohibition statute might be declared unconstitutional under the present constitution, so the fight will be made for an amendment to the document.

In Memory of Healing Martyr. (United Press Leased Wire.) New York, Feb. 3.—In nearly every Catholic church of the city today there has been handed through many centuries commemorating the miracles in healing throat diseases, wrought by St. Blasius, or Blaise, bishop and martyr. St. Blasius was bishop of Sebaste, a city of Cappadocia, in Lesser Asia, and during his retirement in the hills not far from the city he attained such a degree of sanctity that he was enabled to cure ailments of the throat merely by the laying on of his hands. His successful ministry in the year 316 in the reign of Diocletian, and at the instance of Agricolaus, the governor.

Convention of Brickmakers. Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 3.—Columbus will be the center of interest for the pottery and brick manufacturing industries this week. The annual convention of the National Ceramics society opened today and will be followed later in the week by the annual meetings of the National Association of Manufacturers and of the National Clay Machinery and Manufacturing association. Several hundred or more prominent representatives of the trade are expected to attend from various parts of the country.

The Prohibitionists of New York have decided to hold a state convention this year in Syracuse on the first two days of September.

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SPECIAL SALE



Men's Raincoats and Overcoats

\$12.85

Choice of 300 men's Raincoats and overcoats. All this season's make. Values to \$20 at the above price. This week—Every wanted style and size.

BOY'S OVERCOATS AT SPECIAL PRICES

IN OUR JUVENILE DEPARTMENT

BEN SELLING LEADING CLOTHIER

POOR ARCTOMYS MONAX DID HIS SHADOW SEE

Six more weeks of winter. Wouldn't that make you shiver? Portlanders who went out into the cold, bracing, crisp air yesterday, enjoying the beauties of a fine winter's day, forgot that the mere shivering of the bright sun forecasted six weeks of continued winter weather. But the ground hog didn't. He came out of his hole, walked around in the sunshine, saw his shadow and then, took another look to be sure, and scurried back into his hole. For six weeks he will remain hidden, curled up in a comfortable, warm ball while human beings will continue to carry wood and coal, shake down the furnace and sit around fireplaces to keep warm. Great is the ground hog, but greater even is the fuel trust.

FIRST DELEGATES FOR NATIONAL CONVENTION

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The first of the delegates-at-large to the Republican national convention will be selected on Thursday of this week, when the Republicans of Florida will assemble in state convention at St. Augustine. From now until the middle of May the state conventions will follow one another in rapid succession. The states that have already chosen the time and place for their conventions are as follows: Missouri, St. Louis, February 27; Ohio, Columbus, March 3; Kansas, Topeka, March 4; Nebraska, Omaha, March 11; Oklahoma, Oklahoma City, March 11; Iowa, Des Moines, March 15; Indiana, Indianapolis, April 1; West Virginia, Parkersburg, April 29; Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, April 29; Maine, Portland, April 29.

Hills and Horses

is a bad combination and the resultant strained shoulders and legs must be given careful attention if your faithful beast is to be spared to you. Prompt treatment is necessary and the best suited for the purpose is old reliable Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Made of oils, famous for their penetrating and healing qualities it quickly relieves soreness, soothes the aching parts and removes all stiffness from the joints and limbs.

Send for a FREE copy of our valuable booklet "Points from a Horse Doctor's Diary." Leave your name and address to: Scott's Pharmacy, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Home Decorating... not a difficult matter when you use KOR-E-LAC THE ORIENTAL WOOD FINISH... THE BIG PAINT STORE Fisher, Thorsen & Co. FRONT AND MORRISON STS.

COAL Creek COAL None Better to Be Had at Any Price RANGE OR FURNACE \$7.00 Per Ton NO SOOT NO DIRT Special Price to Suburban Districts F. B. JONES & CO. East 7 181 EAST WATER ST. B-1771

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. TEKOA SALOONMEN ON THE ANXIOUS SEAT. (Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Tekoa, Wash., Feb. 3.—Several saloonmen of this city are nervous over the rumor that the new city council will probably limit the number of saloons to three or four and raise the license to \$1,000 a year. Now they are paying \$200, and there are seven saloons doing business. It is considered certain that in any event one of these places, known as Mac's Place, will not get a license when the present license expires, which will be in about a week. Several affairs have taken place in this saloon, and the new councilmen are disposed to keep out of business any man who will not conduct his house in a lawful and orderly manner. Northwestern Implement Dealers. (United Press Leased Wire.) Grand Forts, N. D., Feb. 3.—Arrangements have been completed for the annual convention of the North Dakota and Northwestern Minnesota Implement Dealers' association, which will begin a three-days' session in this city tomorrow. The convention promises to be the best attended and the most important ever held by the association.

Oregon Life Home Office, Portland A. L. Mills, President L. Samuel, General Manager Clarence S. Samuel, Ass't Manager THE POLICYHOLDERS' COMPANY EVERYTHING THAT IS BEST FOR THE INSURER IS IN THE POLICY

"Headache and habitual coffee drinking are closely related." A clear brain and POSTUM go together. "There's a Reason"