

# KING AND CROWN PRINCE OF PORTUGAL ASSASSINATED

## QUEEN AMELIA TRIES TO SHIELD HER SON

**Police Guards Open Fire on Regicides Killing Three—City of Lisbon Is in State of Anarchy—Uprising Scheduled for Thursday Takes Place**

Lisbon, Feb. 1.—King Carlos and the crown prince have been assassinated. Three of the regicides who participated in the deed were themselves instantly killed by the soldiers guarding the royal carriage, while one who was placed under arrest committed suicide in prison.

It is charged that one of the murderers was a Spaniard named Cordova. The names of the others are unknown. The royal family were returning from Villa Vicosa, where they had been sojourning. The carriage had arrived at the corner of the Brado de Comercio and Rudo arsenal, when the assassination took place. The assassins suddenly sprang toward the carriage and leveling carbines which they had concealed upon them, fired, mortally wounding the king and crown prince and slightly wounding the king's second son, Prince Manuel.

The king and the crown prince, upon whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times and they lived only long enough to be carried to the Marine arsenal nearby, where they expired.

Almost at the first shot the king fell back on the cushions, and at the same moment the crown prince was seen to half rise and then sink back on the seat. Queen Amelia attempted to shield her son but failed and had a narrow escape.

The bodies of the king and crown prince were removed from the marine arsenal in two closed carriages to the royal palace, the Paço das Necesidades, the late residence of the king, escorted by municipal guards. Examination of the wounds of the king, who was already dead when he reached the arsenal, showed that three bullets had found their mark. One bullet was in the nape of the neck, a second lodged in the shoulder and a third, which was the fatal wound, severed the carotid artery. The crown prince, who was still breathing, but who died almost immediately after admission to the arsenal, had suffered three wounds in the head and chest. Two bullets had struck Prince Manuel, one upon the lower jaw and the other in the armpit.

Queen Maria Pia, the mother of King Carlos; the Duke of Oporto his brother; a number of ministers and court officials hastened to the arsenal when the news spread of the attack upon the royal family. The tragedy occurred about 5:30 in the afternoon, but the panic which instantly followed had gripped the city in all its activities, prostrated the lines of communication and it was not for some hours that the news of the assassina-

tion was permitted to be sent broadcast.

The cold-blooded murder has sent a thrill of horror throughout the country, even among those who have been working politically for the establishment eventually of a republic, and sorrow is expressed on every side at the dreadful end of the king and the crown prince.

**Populace Excited.**

The news of the assassination swept through the city like wild fire through dry grass, and tonight half the populace is panic stricken, not knowing where the next bullet may fall.

Lisbon tonight wears an air of utter desolation, because he was overcome by the attendant horrors and bloodshed.

Mobs are in control of the streets. All authority is set at defiance. That which every one has been expecting for months and which the government vainly tried to prevent by repressive measures, has come to pass. The last of these repressive measures was promulgated by the government today. It went further than any of its predecessors.

(Continued on Page Twelve.)

## LANGDON SMITH PENS GRAPHIC STORY OF THAW'S COMMITMENT TO ASYLUM



MEMBERS OF THAW JURY COMING FROM COURT. PHOTO BY HEARST SERVICE PHOTOGRAPHER.

## FIERCE BLIZZARD SWEEPS CHICAGO

**Women Are Blown Into the Streets and Injured by Terrible Gale.**

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Chicago, Feb. 1.—The most disastrous blizzard of the year has been passing over Chicago and vicinity for 24 hours. Snow and sleet have been at the worst severities and below zero temperature is predicted by Sunday morning. The extreme cold is expected to last 24 hours longer. All day and up to midnight a gale has been blowing eastward across Lake Michigan. Sky-scrapers piercing the aerial winds have drawn them down into the canyons peopled with human beings and they have frozen Chicago with frigid blasts. Women passing high buildings have been blown into the street and hurt.

Daniel Lambert of Evanston was killed by a Chicago & Northwestern train while at work on the tracks during the snow storm. Michael Lipka was killed by a Chicago belt line switch engine, because he was overcome by the storm and could not see the approaching engine.

Howard Jennings, 49 years old, was rendered unconscious and so badly hurt that he is not expected to live.

## Oregon Sunday Journal Correspondent Especially Detailed on Famous Case Draws Picture of Proceedings in Court and of What Happened After Jury Returned Verdict of Not Guilty

BY LANGDON SMITH.

New York, Feb. 1.—After deliberating 25 hours, the jury having under consideration the case of Harry Thaw for the killing of Stanford White, brought in a verdict of "Not guilty" shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon. The verdict was arrived at on the ground that Thaw was insane at the time the deed was committed.

Although practically cleared of the charge of murder, Thaw is not yet a free man. On the recommendation of Justice Dowling he was taken to the insane asylum at Matteawan as a dangerous person, and one whose malady is likely to recur at any moment.

Here Harry Thaw slept tonight, surrounded by the insane and here he will remain until pronounced permanently sane by the proper authorities or until released by a writ of habeas corpus.

And so, after all, in fulfillment of a thousand prophecies, the gold of Harry Thaw will eventually pave his way to freedom.

When the heavy doors at Matteawan clanged upon him, a ghost of Stanford White was laid, and unto all eternity the dead will rest. But Harry Thaw will come among us again with his swagger and his strut, his millions and his mania. Steps are now being taken to that end.

Had he been a poor man, he would have been shocked to death, buried and forgotten a year ago. What a strange commentary upon justice!

The Thaw family are not at all pleased with the action of Justice Dowling. Harry Thaw was especially bitter. He thought that in view of the verdict of the jury, he should have been released. Mrs. William Thaw was also displeased. There were several conferences, in which Messrs. Littleton, O'Reilly, Peabody, Josiah Thaw, Harry Thaw and his wife took part. Thaw protested loudly. He did not seem to realize his luck in escaping the chair. Once more he was insolent and egotistical. Mr. Littleton announced to Justice Dowling that no writ of habeas corpus would be applied for at this time, and Thaw would obey the order of the court.

**Goes to Depot in Auto.**

So that it happened that Thaw took the 4:30 o'clock train for Matteawan, accompanied by Daniel O'Reilly and Deputy Sheriff Spellman and Bell. Thaw rode to the Grand Central depot in his wife's automobile. On Monday another conference will be held, at which all of the Thaw relatives will be present.

(Continued on Page Two.)

## CLARK TO PEACH ON HARRIMAN

**Former Senator Will Tell All About Railway Deals on Witness Stand.**

(United Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, Feb. 1.—One of the most sensational and spectacular features of the government's suit to dissolve the Harriman system, begun at Salt Lake today, promises to be the beginning of a bitter argument between Harriman and former Senator William A. Clark of Montana.

The copper magnate is antagonizing the railroad king. Both are millionaires. They have renewed the warfare waged for years, and which was only abated when Senator Clark, after bloodshed and great financial losses, was dragged into turning over to Harriman the line having been built by him through which he expected to escape the extortions exacted by the Southern Pacific. Although Clark is named as one of the defendants in the federal complaint along with Harriman, Stillman, Schiff, Rogers and the Union Pacific in the transaction of conspiracy charged, it is understood upon excellent authority that Clark has agreed to tell on the witness stand the story of all dealings with Harriman and the latter's associates will be governed thereby. It is believed Clark's narrative will be the most remarkable of its kind in the history of the country; that the greatest exposure ever made of financial methods will be made.

It is pointed out that the Interstate Commerce commission never permitted Harriman to testify regarding the San Pedro matter.

## TWO THUGS HOLD UP FIVE MEN

**August Schaeffer, Laborer, Fatally Wounded on Resisting Highwayman With Whom He Put Up Brave Struggle.**

**Squad of Police From Portland and Detail From Oregon City Scouring Country Near Crystal Springs Farm for Robbers.**

Two highwaymen held up five men, shot one of their victims and robbed the others at 7:30 last night at Crystal Springs farm, just beyond the southern limits of the city on the east side of the river.

The man who was shot was seriously and probably fatally, wounded. The highwaymen escaped, running south along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad tracks. A squad of 12 policemen and detectives are scouring the country in the vicinity of the farm, and the peace officers of every town and hamlet between this city and Oregon City have been notified of the crime and are on the lookout for the desperate thugs.

The wounded man is August Schaeffer, a laborer, employed at the Crystal Springs farm. At the time the hold-up occurred he and four companions, Edward Spencer, Tony Skanderup, Simon Rumbo and Fred Roetta, were on their way from the farmhouse to the terminus of the streetcar line, it being their intention to spend the evening in the city.

A lane about a quarter of a mile in length leads from the farmhouse to the county road. This lane is bisected by the railroad tracks about half way between the house and the road. A small bridge spans the lane at this point and it was from under the bridge that the robbers sprang as their intended victims approached. Both of the thugs were armed with revolvers, which they presented, together with the command that the workmen hold up their hands and keep quiet on pain of instant death.

**One Man Escapes.**

All of the men complied with the command except Rumbo, who ran slightly ahead of the others and had thus passed the robbers before the order to halt was given. Rumbo took to his heels, running down the lane to the county road, where he sought refuge in the house of Horace Mann.

Without paying any further attention to the flying Rumbo, the robbers proceeded in an expeditious manner with the work in hand so far as the other men were concerned. While one of the highwaymen stood guard with leveled revolver, the other proceeded to search the victims. From Spencer he took \$5. The other men were searched, while one of the robbers grasped the hand of Schaeffer to fight for the retention of his personal property. As the robber approached, Schaeffer grasped the hand that held the revolver, and a furious struggle began there in the dark and narrow lane.

The highwayman who was on guard advanced threateningly and yelled to the other three men to keep their hands up or he would shoot them where they stood. He then stepped forward, and placing his gun close to the body of Schaeffer as the two struggling men reeled toward him, pulled the trigger. Schaeffer sank back with a groan and relinquished his hold on the robber with whom he was struggling.

As soon as the shot put an end to the fight, both robbers took to their heels, running up the railroad tracks toward

(Continued on Page Two.)

## TAKE LAND FROM HARRIMAN

**Government Nearly Ready to Commence Suit Against Railroad Magnate to Force Him to Disgorge Valuable Oregon Timber—Held Under Grants.**

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Washington, Feb. 1.—Another sensational move is about to be made by the administration in its battle against the predatory corporations. Final preparations are being made for the institution of suits against the Southern Pacific railroad for the forfeiture of its immense land grants in Oregon, involving property estimated at all in value from \$30,000,000 to \$60,000,000 in value and comprising some of the finest timber land in the state.

Several months ago the department of justice began gathering evidence for this litigation and special representatives were sent to Oregon for the purpose of searching the records and procuring descriptions of all lands sold by the railroad company since the original grant. With this preliminary information in hand, the department is now ready to begin suit.

The resolutions adopted yesterday by the senate, calling upon the department of justice to commence proceedings against the Southern Pacific, indicated the action already decided upon.

Thousands of people in western Oregon are waiting with the deepest interest to learn the nature of the proceedings which the government proposes to bring against the Southern Pacific railroad on account of its failure to observe the conditions of its land grants in this state. If the suit should be in the nature of a sweeping demand for a refund of the entire grant, it would unsettle the title to thousands of acres bought in good faith by genuine settlers, who have put substantial improvements upon the land. If on the other hand the suit should be in the nature of a demand for specific performance of the conditions under which the railroad received the grant, a horde of speculators stand ready to jump in and file claims on the railroad lands, expectant to acquire at \$2.50 an acre land worth from 10 to 20 times that amount.

The lands in this state granted to the Oregon & California railroad (in other words to the Southern Pacific) comprised more than 4,000,000 acres. The railroad received every alternate acre from Portland to the California state line, though much of the land was afterwards exchanged for rich timber tracts under the lieg land act and special statutes. It was stipulated in the grant that the railroad should sell to all actual settlers in tracts of not more than 60 acres at a maximum price of \$2.50 an acre.

Up to about 1899 the railroad complied substantially with the provisions of the grant, selling only quarter sections to actual settlers and at the rate of \$2.50 an acre. But about that time

(Continued on Page Two.)

## APARTMENT HOUSE BURNS; 4 FAMILIES LOSE THEIR HOMES

Four families were made homeless by the fire which gutted the apartment house at 4935 to 4735 Jefferson street, near the corner of Fourteenth, at 8:30 last evening. The interior of the building and all the furnishings were destroyed, entailing a loss of about \$6,000.

It is supposed that an overheated furnace was the cause of the fire. The flat building was of frame construction and burned quickly, it being necessary for those in the house to flee for their lives without stopping to save many of their valuables or more clothing than they had on their backs. They were taken in and cared for by neighbors and friends until they can find new homes.

The building belonged to the Reed estate, of which Martin Winch, in the Abington block, is the agent. Mr. Winch said that he could not exactly estimate his loss, but was pretty sure that it was covered by insurance. The exterior of the building did not seem to be greatly damaged, but the interior was entirely ruined. Miss Leah C. Nelson, a teacher in the Chapman school, was one of those who apartments were burned out by the fire and George E. Story, traveling agent for D. N. & E. Walter & Co., was also completely burned out.

The house furnishings and clothing of the tenants will be in most cases a total loss, as but little insurance was carried on them.

## TOWN PAYS FOR PAPER RAILROAD

**Girard, Kansas, Putting Up Coin for Road Projected 25 Years Ago.**

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Girard, Kan., Feb. 1.—Twenty-six years ago Girard voted \$25,000 in bonds to secure the Nebraska, Iowa, Topeka & Memphis railroad. The line was to have been built from the Nebraska boundary southeast to the Mississippi river.

The railroad has never been built. Girard is still making payments on these bonds.

The city officials are in a quandary. They can't make the payments, they can't forfeit the bonds and they can't build the railroad.

## CHESTERFIELD MUST STAND SANITY TEST

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Walla Walla, Wash., Feb. 1.—Jack Chesterfield, the King county convict who gained notoriety by attempting to blow up the Seattle jail a year ago, is today at the sales of the penitentiary today on an insanity charge in the county jail. Chesterfield will be examined Monday, on recommendation of Governor Mead.

## LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF THREE YEARS

April 23, 1905—Harry K. Thaw and Evelyn Nesbit were married in Pittsburgh.

June 25, 1906—Harry Thaw killed Stanford White.

Jan. 23, 1907—First trial began before Justice Fitzgerald.

Feb. 2, 1907—Jury completed.

Feb. 7, 1907—Evelyn Thaw tells jury of wrongs by White.

March 26, 1907—Lunacy commission appointed.

April 14, 1907—Harry Thaw declared sane.

April 12, 1907—Jury disagreed, after being out 48 hours.

Jan. 6, 1908—Second trial began.

Jan. 10, 1908—Jury completed.

Jan. 17, 1908—Evelyn Thaw again tells her pitiful story.

Jan. 31, 1908—Jury retired.

Feb. 1, 1908—Thaw acquitted, sent to Matteawan asylum.

## THREE FOOTPADS HOLD UP ONE MAN

**Victim Had No Money and Was Injured Only by the Fright.**

Three men stepped out of a shadowy spot on the Macadam road at 10 o'clock last night and stuck three revolvers into the face of A. Howd, who lives at 1064 Macadam road. Howd had no money on his person and offered no resistance to the highwaymen, who, after searching him, allowed him to go unharmed. He reported the holdup to the police, but was too frightened to be able to give a very detailed description of the men.

They wore no masks, but had their soft hats pulled well down over their eyes. Officer Newell, who made an investigation of the robbery, was able to discover nothing of the whereabouts of the footpads. The holdup took place a short distance from Howd's home.

## NURSE GIRLS BOYCOTT A WEALTHY MAN

(Special Dispatch to Journal.)

New York, Feb. 1.—Several weeks ago Ferdinand Cook, a wealthy New Yorker, complained to the police because nurse girls with baby buggies, blocked the sidewalk in front of his home.

A policeman was stationed in front of Mr. Cook's house to compel the nurse girls to walk on a single file.

For having caused this change of the Nurse Maids' union has blacklisted Isabella Maria, the infant daughter of Mr. Cook. In other words, no nurse will work for him. Meanwhile Mr. Cook has taken the question into the courts and is attending his own child.