

RUSSIAN PEOPLE THE WONDERFUL WILL WIN FIGHT ARTISTANO

Felix Cohen Tells Horrible Experiences in Siberian Penal Colony.

SUICIDE TO PROTEST AGAINST OPPRESSION

When Hunger Strikes Fail to Remove Tyrannical Governor Fourteen Convicts End Life By Taking Poison.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

London, Aug. 28.—Duma or no duma, the Russian people are bound to win their fight against an irresponsible autocracy for free government. A fall prematurely old man, with whom I have had a long talk, has convinced me of that. Felix Cohen is his name—a name well known and honored in Polish and Russian revolutionary circles. He has suffered as few men have suffered for their convictions. Twenty years he has passed in exile in Siberia. The hardships he has endured have broken down his once powerful constitution. The worst of them were self-inflicted as a protest against tyranny when no other means were available. But the order and enthusiasm which led him to hold his own life so cheap when weighed in the balance against the cause, remains undiminished. In a few days he returns to Warsaw to play his part with tongue and pen in the struggle there raging for freedom. "But you may be arrested and sent to Siberia again," he said. "Perhaps he answered with a shrug of his shoulders. "But I am needed here and I must go. If I put me away others will take my place. I lose my life, but what matters if I do? The cause will live and it is worth the sacrifice. What is left of me is only a wreck, anyhow. I am only a type of many—hundreds—thousands—who are willing to do and endure all that I have done and am doing. That is the type that is bound to win in the struggle now going on in Russia. Tells Life Story.

As Cohen smoked Russian cigarettes he told me the story of his prison experience. It was a story of martyrdom, but he told it without the slightest trace of any consciousness that he had done anything heroic, and pen in his hand he said: "It was in 1884 that I was sentenced to 20 years 'katorga' or penal servitude in Siberian settlement at Kara. It is a place to which both political and criminal prisoners are sent. We politicians were all intelligent men and women—students or authors most of us. Life at Kara was hard, but for the first five years it was endurable while one still had his country to live for.

"But in 1889 there came a change. Masukoff was appointed governor of the Amur district. He was that type of despot who rejoices in opportunities to exercise tyranny. And he was a cruel, brutal man on whom his iron hand fell most heavily. He regarded them as far worse than murderers and murderers. They had dared to agitate for freedom—for the right of the people to govern themselves and that would mean the extinction of Masukoff's rule. "It was upon the women among us he vented his cruellest spite. They were subjected to indescribable ignominy and insults. He had three or four of our wardens maltreated a woman in her cell. Then we declared a hunger strike. The world had heard a deaf ear. These hunger strikes in the last few months, but they are not the novelty some people suppose. They are not pleasant—for the strikers, at least as means of compelling attention they serve.

Fasted Several Days. "After we had fasted several days Masukoff arrived at the prison. He said things were not so bad as we had represented them and invited us to make an agreement. "An inquiry by convicts in a prison may be taken as characteristic of Russia, but naturally in Masukoff's case it was a farce. We were shown a telegram, saying an order had been issued to remove the commander within three months. "Nothing, however, happened, and when the three months were over we declared a second hunger strike. Then we were shown a telegram, saying an order had been issued to remove the commander within three months.

"To make an end to the painful situation a lady student, Mile. Sigida, went to the commander, imploring him to stop the hunger strike. She was shown a telegram, saying an order had been issued to remove the commander within three months. "The hunger strike was not broken. Mile. Sigida would starve herself to death, but she would not let her hunger force food down her throat. On

The A. B. Chase Player Grand Demonstrated by Mr. Longwell, Both in Solo and Accompanying in the Music Hall of the Fine Arts Building, Chicago, Last Week—Comes in for Highest Eulogies.

One of the great "surprises" at the late conventions was the "Artistano." The formal demonstration of the new recital took place on Wednesday morning at the Music Hall, Chicago, as stated in last Saturday's Review, when a musician was given before a distinguished and enthusiastic audience.



G. ARTHUR LONGWELL, Of New York City, who will appear in Artistano recital in this city Tuesday evening, September 12.

C. Arthur Longwell presided at the Artistano, and his interpretation of the various numbers and the effects produced called forth unstinted praise from all who enjoyed the privilege of attending the recital. Frank Hestreet, a talented harpist, assisted in the program in a very effective manner, and was well received.

The "Artistano" itself is a masterpiece of mechanical and artistic construction. So well it is arranged that it takes a second glance to discover that the instrument was not made for the grand when the former is not in position for use, and every line reflects a surprising amount of skill and ingenuity.

The instrument simply looks like a handsomely designed grand piano, nothing more. And when the key is pushed under the key bed when not in use and the pedals are concealed behind the lyre, which is solid instead of open, as ordinarily, it looks like a solid piece of wood.

The "Artistano" is altogether a wonderful instrument, and reflects great credit upon its inventors and makers. The Music Trade Review, New York, June 29, 1907.

the seventeenth day, however, she was removed to another prison. "Thus this hunger strike ended, but not without claiming its victims. Maria Kovalevska, sister of the famous author, Vavonoff, could not be informed of the end of the strike, and fasted on for another three days, the consequence of the suffering she grew insane. "A few days later orders arrived from the governor general introducing flogging and other punishments for offenders, and threatening to shoot the convicts if quietness were not restored in the prison.

"We decided, therefore, to send a petition to the ministry of the interior, a copy of that letter to the principal foreign newspapers. But before we could write the petition we heard that Mile. Sigida had already been flogged. "We refused to believe it, but upon inquiry we received the following fatal letter: 'Sigida flogged and already dead. Three male convicts took poison and are dying.'

"This was a terrible shock, and we decided to commit suicide as a protest. Consequently a number of us obtained the drug and old and bad, so we remained alive. We persevered, and next day we were all dead. We fell ill, and two of us died, but the rest recovered after this second attempt.

"There was a government inquiry as to how we had taken the poison, and why we had taken it. "In reply we said that we had tried to commit suicide in order to create a scandal, so that our comrades in freedom would hear of our treatment, and take steps to avenge our deaths upon the government.

The flogging clause was cancelled. We had been victorious at last, but the victory was not a complete one. "The years 1889 and 1890 have been the worst ones, although the suffering has always been more or less acute, and we would never have been able to survive it had not our ideas helped us over many difficulties. "To escape from the prison was then impossible because our comrades were strong, and at that time the Siberian peasants used to hunt and catch us, and on the contrary, they will help us. The last two years of the revolution have brought about such a change.

MONEY CHANGERS Must Know a Lot to Keep Track of European Coins and Counterfeits. From the New York Sun. "I never realized until today," said a man who had just returned from Europe, "what an undertaking it is to be a money changer.

What Western Financiers Say of HOME TELEPHONE BONDS

"At the request of the Home Telephone company of Portland, we beg to say, regarding the bonds which they have issued on their plant in this city, that after a full investigation of same, we have taken \$50,000 in bonds, which shows better than words how we regard them."—J. Frank Watson, President Merchants' National Bank, Portland, Oregon.

"I have followed closely the course of the market on the securities of the Home Telephone company of Southern California, and they have invariably shown a steady increase in value. After careful consideration, we invested in the bonds, underwritten by the National Securities company, of the Home Telephone company building in the Pacific northwest."—M. P. Snyder, President California Savings Bank of Los Angeles.

"I have been familiar with the Independent Telephone movement in this city and vicinity. The services rendered by the Independent Telephone company have been so much superior to what the public has been accustomed to receive that the system and its securities became and have remained deservedly popular. I have handled both the stocks and bonds of the Home Telephone company with great satisfaction and profit."—W. C. Patterson, Vice-President First National Bank of Los Angeles.

"I have invested considerable in both bonds and stocks of the Home Telephone company of this city, Southern California and also of Portland, Oregon, and I think they are certainly a safe and excellent investment."—Herman W. Hellman, President Merchants' National Bank, Los Angeles.

"Our investments in Home Telephone securities have proven remunerative and satisfactory. We consider them among the most promising securities in public utilities."—O. F. Brant, Vice-President Title Insurance & Trust company of Los Angeles.

"This bank has purchased from time to time for clients and for its own account bonds of the different Home Telephone companies of Southern California, and they have, without exception, proven a profitable investment."—W. C. Durgin, Cashier of Central Bank of Los Angeles.

"It gives us pleasure to state that we think very well of the bonds and stocks placed in this market by the various Home Telephone companies. A number of our customers and friends have invested in them to a considerable extent and they all appear to be highly pleased with their investments. The local company is well established and the system is very popular with its subscribers."—W. R. Rogers, Cashier Merchants' National Bank, San Diego, California.

Table titled 'AMONG THE CASH PURCHASERS OF PORTLAND BONDS' listing various individuals and their purchase amounts.

HOME TELEPHONE BONDS

A Few of the Letters Received Yesterday at the Office of L. J. Wilde

Castle Rock, Wash., Aug. 28, '07. Mr. Louis J. Wilde, Portland, Or.—Dear Sir: I hold a certificate for \$1,000 on the Home Telephone & Savings bank No. 1086. I see by the paper of today that you are receiving offers from depositors to take bonds at par and 50 cents in stock bonus. Kindly inform me if this is true, and the offer holds good. I am inclined to accept these terms.

Portland, Or., Aug. 22, 1907. Mr. L. J. Wilde, No. 5 Lafayette Building, Portland, Oregon—Dear Sir: I note what you say in The Journal (Oregon Trust & Savings bank) willing to take Home Telephone bonds for their accounts in said bank. I will state I will be glad to take any of the Home bonds at par with 50 per cent stock bonus for my account in full, which is \$900, and will further pay the interest in cash, whatever it may be.

They lose 10 per cent of their face value until the whole value is used up and they are worth only the paper they are printed on. As one man expressed it you have to know the history of the world to be a money changer. A peculiar part of the business is the receipt of coins back to the countries whence they came. Often during the rush season one firm sends back a million coins while a year is estimated that in the course of a year \$10,000,000 in foreign money is reshipped to Europe, and a million to the rest of the world.

Money changing is a business just like any other. They do not exchange money. They buy it. When you go there with foreign coins they buy them from you at a stated price. When you want to get foreign coins you buy them from them at a certain price just as you buy eggs and cigars.

THE DIGGING CURE. Spadework Advocated as Panacea for All Ills. Stephen Gwynn, M. P., claims to have discovered an infallible recipe for health, says the London Mirror. He calls it fossa-therapeutics, but this is merely his little joke. He only means digging, and he expounds his theory in the current number of the Cornhill Magazine.

Home Telephone Bond applications will be oversubscribed. List goes out today but closes Saturday night. Send all applications in at once to Walter O. Poor, District Manager, 5 Lafayette Bldg. Portland, Oregon.

Notice—Many Names by Request Are Not Published.

LIST GROWS!

We Will Be Pleased to Take Home Bonds.

We, the undersigned, depositors and creditors of the Oregon Trust & Savings bank (closed), will be pleased to accept in full payment for our balances or accounts in that institution Home Telephone bonds of either issue, allowing the bank the regular price of par for bonds with 50 per cent stock bonus. This will give the bank a profit on its purchase and be highly satisfactory to the undersigned as we consider the bonds and stock at this price same as cash to us and a good investment and will allow us to quickly realize on our balances now in the Oregon Trust & Savings bank.

Table listing names and amounts of bond purchases, including Lloyd Smith, Jefferson Myers, B. Truby, etc.

Table listing names and amounts of bond purchases, including Pacific & Eastern R. R., J. Frank Watson, Ernestine Strandberg, etc.

Table listing names and amounts of bond purchases, including Wm. H. Allen Jr., T. C. Co., L. M. Asan, etc.

Table listing names and amounts of bond purchases, including Jno. F. Andrews, American Savings Bank, A. Andrews, etc.

Table listing names and amounts of bond purchases, including Wm. H. Allen Jr., T. C. Co., L. M. Asan, etc.

OMAHA PHONE CONDUITS NEARLY COMPLETED

Heavy Construction Work of Independent Company Will Be Finished in Two Weeks.

Within the next two weeks the heavy conduit work of the Independent Telephone company will be completed and the company will have about 750,000 feet, or 122 miles of conduit ready for the cables. The work of placing the cables in the conduits has already been begun. In installing these conduits, it has been necessary to remove about 500,000 cubic yards of earth.

Of the 3,200 poles that are being set by the company all but fifteen were in place Thursday noon. The company now has 514 men on its payroll on outside construction, and has already expended \$130,000 on labor, aside from the work on its new buildings.

The two buildings will cost about \$75,000 and are just about half completed. The second floor of the main exchange and the first floor of the branch exchange will be ready for the switchboards about September 10. The contract for the installation of the switchboards limits the work to sixty days.

A number of the large downtown buildings have been wired, including the Brandeis block and Bee building. Much of this work is being done nights and Sundays to avoid interference with business. One of the new features that is being introduced is the method of taking the cables to the buildings.

The Independent company will not have a pole in the business district. Instead of the unsightly "can-poles" from which wires are now distributed in each block, the cables go right up the back of the business block in cable rings and the wires are thence distributed.

While the conduit system has been built for 30,000 phones, cables are now being placed for 10,000. A sample switchboard of the automatic system has been placed on exhibition at the company's offices in the Conservative building, and is attracting considerable attention as a great many people seem curious to know what kind of machinery will put any one of 30,000 connections and take it down again, without the intervention of human hand except as the person at the phone may indicate with his finger on a dial.—Omaha World-Herald, August 15.

MEMBERS OF THE UNION TELEPHONE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY OF DENVER, COLORADO

- List of members of the Union Telephone Construction Company of Denver, Colorado, including names and addresses of various individuals.

Advertisement for Lion Clothing Co. featuring 'Make a Home Run This Week' with prices for suits, pants, and shirts.

Advertisement for 'KASH'S KIDNEY AND LIVER BITTERS' with text 'Best Tonic Laxative' and 'FOR WOMEN ONLY'.