MILLER TO PUNISH MEN

Assistant Superintendent of Western Union Says Men Would Not Be Given Old Positions Even If They Did Surrender.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

San Francisco, July 6.—Assistant General Superintendent Miller of the Western Union Telegraph company stated today that even if the strike of the operators ended tomorrow in a complete surrender of the men, he would refuse to reinstate all of them to their former positions.

"There are some operators," he declared, "who have been particularly active in the present trouble and who left nothing undone to inflame the others against the company. These will not be taken back under any circumstances."

Makes Final Visit.

W. W. Allen, the Oakland attorney, paid Miller a final visit today in order to determine whether the assistant superintendent was unalterably determined not to consent to an arbitration of the differences at issue. The emissary of the telegraphers' union was informed that no arbitration was possible and that no meeting, even for the purpose of submitting grievances, would be entertained save it was attended by the operators as "individuals."

Allen declared that he would submit the ultimatum to the union at a meeting for formal disposition. It is positively announced that there will be a conference along the lines suggested by Miller.

Decide Cases Singly.

"We are quite willing to take back the majority of the operators," Mr. Miller said. "They may come here alone or in a body and apply for their old positions. Each request will, if they come, be passed upon singly. No questions will be asked of any of the men whether they still belong to the union or not. They will be received entirely in the manner as were applicants before the walkout."

In the meanwhile the striking men are making a holiday of their enforced idleness. All the members of the organization participated in an outing today. An additional $2,000 will be received from International Treasurer Russell Friday and a similar amount will be diverted each week for the support of the strikers until the fight is either won or lost.

GLASS GOES ON TRIAL MONDAY

General Manager of Pacific Telephone Company Is Next Defendant.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

San Francisco, July 6.—Louis Glass, general manager of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph companies, indicated as a briber of supervisors, goes on trial Monday morning before Judge Lawlor on the indictment which charges that he bribed supervisor Boxton. Wm. Eugene Schmitz, a convict in the county jail, and Abe Ruef, confessed briber, also in custoday awaiting sentence, Glass is number three in the round-up before the bar of justice.

Glass' part in the bribery is alleged to be that he drew the check upon which Theodore V. Halsey drew the money used to bribe the municipal officials, and that his knowledge of the criminal use to be made of the money was shown by his ordering the original check returned to him so that he might destroy it.

The forces of the prosecution are confident of a conviction in this case, and it was hinted about District Attorney Langdon's office that much more evidence than that on which the indictment was based will be presented to the grand jury.

BANDIT BECOMING AN INTERNATIONAL BORE

Powers Are Said to Be Considering An Abatement of the Nuisance.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

London, July 6.—Rasuli is becoming an international nuisance. He is now demanding that he be appointed commandant of the police force created under the Algeciras convention which is under the jurisdiction of the powers, jointly and his kidnaping of Sir Harry MacLean is said to have been principally to that end.

The other conditions imposed by Rasuli are conditions precedent to the release of the unlucky and hoodwinked Caid Habe and have to do with the domestic affairs of the sultan; but the command of the gendarmie concerns all the powers signatory to the pact following the Moroccean conference.

Germany recently has indicated that the Sultan of Morocco cannot count on Berlin to support him in a truculent opposition of Europe in Africa. This is thought here to forecast a more reasonable policy on the part of Germany in the conduct of affairs in northwest Africa, in line with the agreement made in Algreciras.

Rasuli, it is said, is conceited enough to think he can force the acceptance of his stipulations on terms that would secure an international guarantee. However, the powers are said to be considering an early abatement of the nuisance.

Belgium is a land of low wages. In Ghent the minimum pay an hour for printers, roofers, glaziers, painters and boilermakers is 7 cents—70 cents for 10 hours—and of blacksmiths, locksmiths, carpenters, masons, plumbers and electricians 80 cents.

WOMAN BETRAYS MAN SHE RUINED

Laura Carter Says Chester Is Easiest Mark She Ever Encountered.

DESERTED WIFE MAY DIE FROM THE SHOCK

Defaulting Teller of Windsor Trust Company Confesses to Theft and Is Cast Into Prison With His Companion.

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

New York, July 6.—Chester B. Runyan, the paying teller who stole $96,315 from the Windsor Trust company, was held for the grand jury today in bonds of $15,000, after he had made a complete confession. Laura B. Carter, the woman for whom he stole and deserted his wife, also went to the Tombs in default of $10,000 bail. She is held on a charge of receiving stolen goods.

Of the amount of stolen goods still missing, Runyan says he lost $10,000 in speculation, gave the woman $15,000 and spent $750 furnishing a flat for her, and that either she or someone else stole $10,000 from him yesterday. The woman boasted that her share of the loot is safely hidden away.

Wife May Die.

Mrs. Runyan, the deserted wife, may die of grief and the shock.

With brazen indifference to the purport of her words, Laura Carter, the woman of the tenderloin who betrayed Runyan to the police, admitted that she had her share of the money he took from the bank.

"Runyan gave me the money," she informed the detectives. "I have put it in a bank where I have a private account, and it will stay there.

"Why, if I had wanted to take it, I could have had all the money Runyan brought to our flat," the woman added in a tone of bravado.

"He was about the easiest mark I ever saw in my life, and it was almost a shame to take the money from him.

Made Coin Fly.

"And say, I certainly did make the coin fly while the flying was good. I bought everything in sight and the sucker stood for it. I just played him for all he was worth. I'm not a crook. If I had been the police would have never found a dollar of that bankroll.

"I'm sorry for Runyan's wife. It's a shame to think that she must be an innocent sufferer for a scab like him. His was the scurviest trick I ever heard of. For several days I had been wondering whether to go to the police first or go and tell that poor woman all about her worthless husband."

PLAGUE ALMOST AT DOORS OF ASTORIA

But Infected Ship Was Wrecked and Rescued Crew Carried Back to Frisco.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Astoria, Or., July 6.—Dr. Holt, federal quarantine officer of this port, told today how close this port recently came to being under suspicion of being infected with the bubonic plague. Some time ago the tug Wizard left San Francisco for Coos bay with a vessel in tow and before leaving one of her crew was sent to the hospital suffering with some unknown disease that in a couple of days developed into the first case of bubonic plague that had been in that city in three years. The quarantine officials there notified the quarantine officer at Coos Bay by wire to place the Wizard in quarantine immediately upon her arrival there and notify Dr. Holt in Astoria, as Coos Bay is in his district. The intention was to send the Wizard to the Columbia river quarantine station and there have it fumigated and the crew kept there for the usual period and during this the Columbia would have been a suspected port. Before reaching Coos Bay the Wizard was wrecked and her crew picked up by a passing vessel and nine days later they were landed back in 'Frisco. As all were well and there was nothing to fumigate they were permitted to go without being quarantined.

ELLIS IS IN LINE FOR RE-ELECTION

Congressman W. R. Ellis is at the Imperial hotel and last night announced that he would be a candidate for reelection next year. Furthermore, Judge Ellis announced that he expects to be reelected. He accompanied Senator Fulton on the latter's visit to southeastern Oregon several weeks ago when both found their political fences in good condition and capable of withstanding another campaign. Judge Ellis said he found the citizens in the sections visited more interested in the development of the country than in politics. Unusually prosperous conditions left them little time to engage in political discussions, said Judge Ellis, who leaves tonight for his home in Pendleton.

MULTNOMAH MEMBERS ENJOY LOW JINKS

Between 300 and 400 members of Multnomah club will leave on the steamer Beaver at the foot of Couch street at 9 o'clock this morning to enjoy the annual jinks. This time it is a low jinks.

The party will be carried down the Columbia and up Lewis river where the day will be spent in outdoor sports, feasting on a bountiful supply of refreshments and enjoying a fun-producing program. The members will return to the city this evening.

WAREHOUSE FIRES RAGE AT ASTORIA

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Astoria, Or., July 6.—Fire broke out in Warren's cold storage warehouse on the waterfront at midnight. It is now under control, but the place is entirely gutted. Lindenberger's cold storage establishment suffered considerable damage by water. The total loss is $15,000 to $20,000, with insurance at this time unknown.

BELMONT SAYS ROCKEFELLER IS ABLE TO CARE FOR SELF

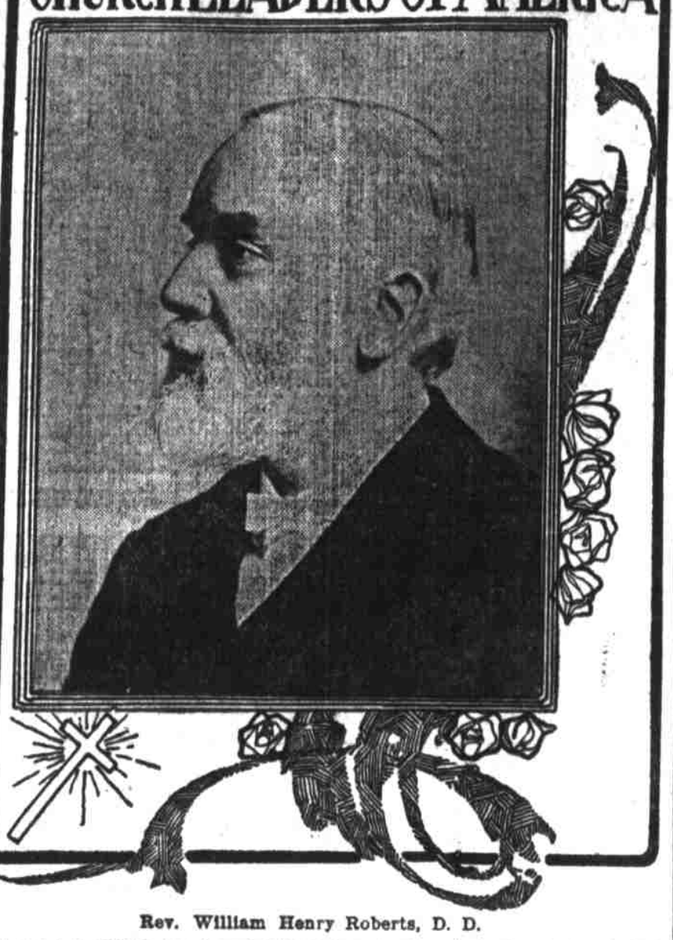
(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

New York, July 6.—August Belmont returned from Europe on the Cunarder Campania after an absence of several weeks abroad. His son, Morgan Belmont, was on the pier to meet the banker.

When asked if he had returned to help John D. Rockefeller in his present troubles, Mr. Belmont smiled and replied:

"I don't see how I can be of any assistance to Mr. Rockefeller. I guess he will be able to take care of himself."

CHURCH LEADERS OF AMERICA



Rev. William Henry Roberts, D. D.

It did not require the formal action of the Presbyterian general assembly to stamp the Rev. Dr. William H. Roberts as the leading Presbyterian of the present time. But when the assembly elected Dr. Roberts its moderator, at the meeting just held in Columbus, Ohio, it bestowed on him the highest honor in its gift, making him officially the head of the Presbyterian church, north, a place which many are willing to concede he has filled, unofficially, for a number of years past.

For over 20 years Dr. Roberts has been "stated clerk" of the Presbyterian general assembly. As such he has had charge of all the records of the denomination, legislative and statistical, and has been the right-hand man of every moderator of the general assembly for over a decade. It has been said that the commissioners who gather annually at the general assembly, representing Presbyterian churches all over the country, have frequently shown the disposition to follow the stated clerk's leadership in legislation. If this is true, it is but an evidence of the personal force of the man, and even his enemies—for all great men have enemies—admit that he has always held the progress and prosperity of the Presbyterian church as his guiding purpose.

Would Unite All Branches.

It is this very purpose which has earned for Dr. Roberts the ill-will of some leaders in American Presbyterianism who are not affiliated with the modern church. He was the guiding spirit in the union of the Cumberland and the Northern Presbyterian churches, and he unhesitatingly expresses his conviction that all Presbyterians of America should be united in one great denomination, instead of being divided, as they now are, into 12 bodies. Because of its overwhelming size, such union would mean that all the smaller bodies would be swallowed by the northern one, just as the Cumberland church has been, and some leaders in these smaller bodies strenuously object to what they term the "Robert's policy."

Religious bodies are so closely affiliated in these days that a man can scarcely attain leadership in one without making an impression upon the others. In this regard Dr. Roberts is especially noteworthy. For it was He who presided over the federation conference, held in New York in 1905, when the representatives of nearly 30 Protestant denominations met in council and decided upon a permanent, official federation organization. The first meeting of this permanent body is scheduled for December, 1908, and there is already talk of making Dr. Roberts its first president.

Is Welshman by Birth.

The birthplace of William Henry Roberts was Holyhead, Wales; the year of his birth 1844. His father brought the family to America when Roberts was a young boy, settling at Utica, New York. After graduation from the College of the City of New York he entered the service of the United States as a statistician in the treasury department, afterward becoming assistant librarian in the library of congress. He decided to study for the ministry and went to Princeton seminary. After serving in one pastorate he returned to the seminary as its librarian, remaining for nine years, until, in 1888, he was made a professor in Lane seminary, Cincinnati. In the meantime he had become stated clerk of the Presbyterian general assembly and since 1893 he has devoted all his time to the work of that office. Dr. Roberts makes his home in Philadelphia.

FRENCH WOMEN TEDDY'S FOE

Strike Against Motherhood Has Been Declared in Normandy and Brittany

(Journal Special Service.)

Paris, July 6.—In Normandy and Brittany publicity is just being given for the first time to one of the strangest agitations in the history of France. It is an appeal to the women of the nation to "strike" against motherhood.

The agitation has been three years in breaking out. A half dozen women started a league in the little town of Roubaix, in northern France, and year by year it has grown until now the membership runs into the thousands and the league is strong enough to make its pronouncements public.

The propaganda is centered in the towns of Lille, Tourcoing and Mouscronx. The walls of these towns and the villages and hamlets near by are covered with flaring sheets proclaiming a general strike against increasing the population and begging women to refrain from motherhood.

Bands of women, apostles of the movement, are also traveling through the country holding meetings for male and female audiences and distributing pamphlets and leaflets.

The latter have extraordinary wording. They are directed to the working class, as the league asserts that the aristocracy are practically all members of its organization and that the noblewomen and wealthy of France are already pledged to suppress maternity.

The placards and leaflets urge the working classes, if they are bound to have children to limit the number, since to bring into the world large families is only the work of fools and idiots and illiterate people.

The champion of large families, Senator Piot, has started an opposition league and has issued some Rooseveltian addresses. He is not receiving much support. The names signed to the manifestoes of the Anti-Maternity league are local ones and not known to fame outside their immediate locality.

THREE CAPTAINS ARE MADE REAR ADMIRALS

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

Washington, July 6.—Owing to the retirement today of Rear Admirals Reiter, Brownson and Sands, the navy department announced that Captains H. C. Leuts, now commandant of the Washington navy yard; U. Z. Zebrue, secretary of the lighthouse board and A. R. Couden, commander of the battleship Louisiana, have been appointed rear admirals.

The third annual state convention of postoffice clerks, held at Sacramento, adopted resolutions recommending the passage of the $1,200-a-year bill for clerks and an eight-hour day. The convention also indorsed the pension bill for superannuated.

The national convention of Amalgamated Window Glass Workers of America will be held next week in Detroit.

IRISH CITIES ARE UNHEALTHY

Spinal Meningitis Believed to Be Caused by Sanitary Conditions at Belfast.

(Journal Special Service.)

Dublin, July 6.—One of the questions which is pressing hardest for settlement by the popularly elected bodies in Ireland, now that the parliamentary agitation must temporarily take a second place, is the health of Irish cities and towns. This is a matter with which Irishmen can deal themselves without any help or permission from England. The local councils and other governing authorities are entirely in the hands of Irishmen, and the local government acts under which they are constituted give them full power to deal with all matters of public health. The only opposition to be feared is that which will come from the owners of unsanitary buildings.

The attention of the country has been focused on the wretched condition of most of the Irish cities by the epidemic of cerebro-spinal meningitis, or "spotted fever," as it is called in this country, which has been raging all winter in Belfast and is still carrying off a dozen or more persons every week. The total death roll so far is over 400, and there have been twice as many cases.

This is in Belfast, the richest city in Ireland, and one which boasts that it is the home of "loyalty" and good government, but Dublin is no better. The infant mortality there is higher than in any of the cities of England, and the medical men of the capital are constantly agitating against the unsanitary houses of the poor. Cork, Waterford, Limerick, Derry and the other large cities and towns are just as bad.

PORTLAND LARCENER ESCAPES FROM PEN

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Salem, Or., July 6.—A trusty convict, William Williams, serving a three-year term for larceny committed at Portland, escaped from the penitentiary this evening. He was employed as a painter on a new building near the prison and ran away about 6 o'clock. He is a man of heavy build, about 30 years old, light complexion, smooth shaven, and has a badly-swollen neck as a result of some disease. He had served one year of his term.

AMERICAN FLEET IS WORRYING ALL EUROPE

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

Vienna, July 6.—At the headquarters here of the Austro-Hungarian navy, of which Vice Admiral Count Monte Cucolli is the head, the opinion was expressed today that there can be no doubt that the sending of the big United States battleship fleet to the Pacific is in reality a serious question. The proposed understanding is regarded as one of the utmost importance and to naval experts it means that it cannot be counted within the limits of naval maneuvers, as very nearly the whole American fleet will be engaged.

ESPERANTO USED TO CONCEAL DEN

Women Gamblers Form Club and Pretend to Study Universal Language.

(Journal Special Service.)

Paris, July 6.—Studying Esperanto is not a thrilling occupation. So reflected the police of Paris and accordingly became suspicious of a few score women who spent many and late hours on the third floor of a handsome building on the Boulevard Clichy.

Apparently these women were students of Esperanto. They were members of a club ostensibly for the learning of the universal language. This club had the high-sounding name of "The Republican Association of the Metropolis and the Colonies." The principal was Madame Mathilde Beaujon. Its prospectus stated that it was formed in order to gather together people for the study of Esperanto and to further the use of this language in Paris, the colonies and the whole world. There were many rules, the strictest of which was that neither religion nor politics were to be discussed on the club premises.

The police for several weeks noticed that a large number of fashionably-dressed women visited the club and that they kept long hours. When some dozen or so well-known members of the demimonde were seen entering and leaving, the police suspected that the learning of Esperanto was scarcely their object.

So a few evenings ago a half dozen detectives quietly forced their way into the club and were not over surprised at what they discovered. In a very large and handsome apartment were scattered baccarat tables around which crowds of women were gathered. All were gambling furiously. Not one of the women was under 40 years of age. Three or four old men were also present. There were found in another room some roulette tables presided over by women at which a few score of old women were also playing. Madame Beaujon and some assistants were distributing cake and tea, sandwiches and wine gratis.

This Esperanto "school" is now no more. The police took charge and Madame Mathilde is now passing two months in jail after paying a fine of $100.

SCHOONER RUN DOWN BY BIG OCEAN LINER

(Hearst News by Longest Leased Wire.)

San Francisco, July 6.—The steamer Coaster, which arrived in port late this evening, brought news of a collision between the Pacific Coast Steamship company's chartered steamship Sonoma and the three-masted schooner Advent, off Cape Mendocino, at 2 o'clock in the morning of July 6.

The sailing vessel was run down by the big liner and the bowsprit, foremast and mainmast of the vessel were carried away. The Sonoma is towing the schooner and will probably take her to Eureka, which is the nearest port.

The coaster reported that when off Cape Mendocino on her voyage to this port she heard the distress signals of the Sonoma, and when she bore down on the vessel in response to the signals, the dismasted schooner Advent was sighted.

Captain Cousins of the Sonoma reported that the vessel had been run down. A hawser was secured from the Coaster and the big steamship took the windjammer in tow.

The crew of the Advent, with the exception of the captain, were taken off by the steamer. The skipper of the schooner decided to stay with the vessel and the first officer of the Sonoma was ordered to remain with him.

London's Water Supply.

It has been calculated that if a cistern covering 850 acres and 345 feet high could be constructed and the water supply of London for one year turned into it the warships of all the world's navies could ride at anchor there. The figures are given by Tit-Bits, which adds:

"If we now dig a canal 100 feet wide across Europe, from the extreme north to the south, and empty our cistern into it, we shall find that the water in our canal, which is 2,400 miles long, will rise to a uniform height of 10 feet. Every drop of it is consumed by the inhabitants of Greater London within a year; while each man, woman and child living today throughout the world could draw 50 gallons from it without exhausting its contents.

"The mains through which these hundreds of millions of tons of water flow for the use of London are almost long enough to stretch a quarter of the way around the earth at the equator, while it would take a locomotive, traveling at the rate of 60 miles an hour, more than four days and nights to race from one end of them to the other."

The 10-hour labor law affecting the cotton mills of South Carolina went into partial effect July 1. On January 1 next the regular schedule of 60 hours a week will be put into force.

Logging Firm Changes Name.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Astoria, Or., July 6.—Supplementary articles of incorporation of the Frye-Ryan Logging company were filed in the county clerk's office today. The papers show the company's name is changed to the Peterson-Frye Logging company, with O. I. Peterson, John Frye and Annette Peterson as stockholders.

One hundred and forty laborers employed by the government on the construction of fortifications at Cushing, Cow and Diamond islands, Maine, struck recently for increased wages.

Out of 21 bills in the Oregon legislature framed in the interest of labor, 12 passed both houses.