

A Little Ad in THE JOURNAL
Brings Results. Costs Only
One Cent a Word.

The Weather—Fair tonight and
Saturday; westerly winds.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1907.—TWENTY PAGES.

Journal Circulation

Yesterday
Was 28,649

ON TRAINS AND NEWS
STANDS, FIVE CENTS

DEVILIN CREATES POLITICAL MACHINE

DEVILIN PAYMASTER FOR ARMY OF WARD HEELERS WORKING BLOCK SYSTEM

Jack Matthews Previous Efforts Not in It. Reed in Charge of Organization Work

Devlin Personally Signs Checks in Payment of Rounders' Work—Reed Guiding Spirit of Campaign—Spirit of Primary Law Openly Violated.

COMMITTEE OF 23 FOR DEVILIN

Reed, Deposed From Prominence in Machine, Directing Efforts of Well Known and Optimistic Citizens Against Lane.

Down in the north end and out in the highways and byways where it can do the most good for the cause, the "committee of 23" is now hard at work lining up the "fellows" for Thomas C. Devlin on June 3. It is a committee composed of well-known and optimistic citizens who have come into prominence in Portland civic life through various channels and who are now hostile to Mayor Lane because their pursuit of happiness has been hampered by the restrictions of the present administration.

The committee is headed and directed in its efforts by Ferdinand E. Reed, officially deposed private secretary and publicity manager for Mr. Devlin, whose machins has been taken over by Chairman Calkins and the Republican city general committee. Under Mr. Reed and obedient to his guidance are others equally as well or perhaps better known.

Who Compose Committee.
Henry Ford is one of the committee. He has aspirations to once more be known as a detective and sees in the Devlin administration a chance which he will not let slip. Other members on the committee are Danny Weiner, Frank Snow, John Kerrigan, who has quit his job in the United States marshal's office in order to be able to work harder for the cause, and L. Carpenter, Otto Frag, who needs no introduction, and Joseph Reisinger are other valued members.

Hal Middleton, "Pegleg" Johnson and Richard Delch are also working with the bunch. Mr. Middleton has a wide circle of friends many of whom are qualified to cast votes. Johnson, has come in from his place at Kelly Butte to see that Mr. Devlin is not deserted at the supreme moment. Otto Frag is a shrewd politician and is working mightily wherever that quantity can be of avail.

"Mysterious" Billy Smith of pugilistic fame, "Dollar Bill," who rose to fame and finance through the influence of his chocolate hued patrons in the northern part of the city, and Sam Wolfe, who says he owns and controls the hucksters and peddlars as sure and certain as a southern plantation owner used to control his slaves before the war, these three are also members of the committee and are working hard.

Knight of Green Cloth.
William Ayres, H. E. Elkes and Aaron Rosenthal, three gentlemen of the green cloth, whose incomes have been curtailed through the relegation of the great American game of poker to the extreme background, are also joined in the committee and are working mightily with the understanding that a change in administration means a surcease from official vigilance, especially toward that more or less lucrative form of amusement and business.

John, Ed and Eugene Blasler, who sell refreshments and amusement near Burnside street, are also working up it for Thomas C. Devlin and working for the success of his candidacy. R. L. Silberman, formerly on the police force

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LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF DEFENDANT



WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD.

TALESMAN LIES FOR LOVE OF HIS FAMILY

Wife and Babe Keep Desirable Man From Jury Duty—Tense Feeling in Haywood Case Despite Monotony of Proceedings—Sharp Clash Between Contending Attorneys—Long Wearisomeness of Securing Jury Telling Upon Tempers.

(By Hugh O'Neill, Special Commissioner for Denver Post and Oregon Journal.)
Boise, Ida., May 24.—He was a great liar, and a fond lover, and a good husband. And you loved him for his lying. It was stubborn, persistent, colossal. There was nothing could move it. Counsel for the state questioned and cross-questioned and requested him. But he was adamant. Counsel for the defense followed counsel for the state. But it was no good. He was the first juror summoned for the Haywood trial they both wanted. And he was the first man to defeat their united efforts. He was a ranchman, and prosperous, and he owned his own farm, and, being for these things judged a good citizen, the state needed him. He would be reliable. He was young and he had read economics and thought Socialists "as good as other folks," and he looked the sort that would react to an emotional appeal. And so the defense wanted him. But he defeated them both. He was Daniel Brown of South Boise and he told both sides consecutively that he was "biased," that it was a "fixed opinion," that he was "prejudiced," that no evidence could remove his fixed opinion and that he had made up his mind and give him up in despair. And the court said:

"You may go, Mr. Brown. Call another juror." And Mr. Brown went.
Woman the Real Reason.
And I went after him.
Six jurors of the new venire of 60, that appeared in answer to Sheriff Hodgkins' summons in the court here yesterday afternoon had been excused for legal cause. Four others had been examined and released "for cause," and both Judge Wood and counsel for the state were clearly determined to get a jury from the new venire. The other men excused were obviously and genuinely unfit. They were stubborn, or stupid, or incapable. Nobody wanted

asperatingly slow and the lawyers clash frequently.
Six members of the panel was examined in the first hour for various reasons. Henry Curtis, who declared he had been a student all his life, although he had been a farmer and railroad laborer, was provisionally accepted, and John Whitlock was finally accepted. The prosecution peremptorily challenged Isaac Bedell, this being the seventh challenge if had been compelled to invoke.
The feeling between Hawley and Darrow has again cropped out. Hawley declared the opposition's efforts to eliminate the entire panel was improper and unprofessional and registered objections. Hawley was bitter in his remarks, and was overruled by the court. The defense scored the first important point just before the noon recess, when Judge Wood sustained the challenge for bias against John Beery. Hawley made strenuous effort to qualify Beery, who made conflicting answers.

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Mr. Devlin, Why Do You Not Answer?

Portland, Or., May 23.—Honorable Thomas C. Devlin—Sir: You are a candidate for the highest office in the gift of the people of the city. Your opinions on matters of municipal policy are therefore of great moment. Up to this point you have not expressed any opinion upon some of these points, and upon others you complain that your views have been misrepresented by your opponents. I beg, therefore, that you will answer explicitly the following questions, which I believe every candid man will say bear directly upon vital issues in this campaign.

First—Do you believe that the public ought ever to permit crime and vice to flourish under protection for the sake of a part of their plunder wrung by the criminals from their victims? If not, when did you become of that opinion?

Second—Do you believe that the manner in which money is gathered and spent to secure the election of candidates for public office is any part of the public's business? If so, are you willing to join with other candidates in publishing your accounts at the primaries and in the present campaign?

Third—Do you have referred to the matter of the receipt of money from public service corporations. Will you say that no part of the money expended in your election was contributed directly or indirectly by public utility or similar corporations? We are prepared to say that not a penny of Dr. Lane's campaign fund is supplied from such sources.

Fourth—Do you believe that national politics are out of place in a purely municipal campaign and that bringing them in there tends to injure the city's welfare? If not, why? And when did you come to that conclusion?

Fifth—Do you consider the removal of the old detective staff by Dr. Lane an unwise and injurious act, and if so, do you propose to reinstate these men, or any of them, if elected? Very respectfully,
R. W. MONTAGUE,
Chairman Lane Campaign Committee.

ABSENT WIFE IS GIVEN DIVORCE

Mrs. Josephine Hawes Sends Depositions of Her Husband's Misdemeanors From Frisco and Local Court Severs Ties.

Though neither of the parties was present, the trial of the suit of Gilda Josephine Hawes for a divorce from Edward Blake Hawes was heard by Judge Fraser in the circuit court this morning. And Mrs. Hawes, who is in San Francisco, was granted a divorce from her husband.

Mrs. Hawes has been in San Francisco for some time, and was not in Portland when her suit was filed. The testimony heard this morning was all in the form of depositions, sworn to before a notary public in the California metropolis. Mrs. Hawes, though absent from the state, was allowed to have a divorce because she is in fact a resident of this state, and is in California for her health.

She swore to the complaint, but left for San Francisco before her attorneys filed. Affidavit was made that Portland is Mrs. Hawes' home, that she is absent only temporarily, and intends to return here when her health has improved.

In her deposition, which was read to the court, Mrs. Hawes testified that her husband had not supported her since they were married, in November, 1905. On one occasion her husband said to her that he would not do hard work for any woman. In addition to this, testified the absent Mrs. Hawes, she was compelled to contribute her own earnings to her husband's support. Hawes had a habit of talking her rings and other jewelry and pawning them, and she had to work to get money with which to redeem them. Mrs. Hawes was granted a divorce and was allowed to resume her maiden name, Leahy.

Three other divorces were granted by Judge Fraser this morning, two of them to deserted husbands and one to a 17-year-old wife who complained of cruelty.

Stella Ford, aged 17, whose mother is dead, was granted a divorce from John H. Ford. She testified that Ford

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ROSE CARNIVAL TO BE GREATEST OF ITS KIND

Event Will Eclipse Anything of Like Nature Ever Held on Coast—Money Subscriptions Rapidly Accumulate—Railroads Reduce Rates From All Points—Fifty Thousand Outsiders Expect to Be Present During the Festival.

Subscriptions to Carnival.
Portland Railway, Light & Power company \$1,000
Meier & Frank company 250
Oregon Daily Journal 200
Olds, Wagon & King 200
Lipman & Wagon 200
First National bank 200
United States National bank 200
Ladd & Tilton 200
Fleischer, Mayer & Co. 200

Railroads Make Rates.
The Harriman railroad lines have promptly joined in the movement, and General Passenger Agent McMurray announces a rate of one fare for the round trip for Pendleton and points east of that city; also for Southern Pacific points including Roseburg and south of that place. Within those limits the towns nearer Portland will pay fares not exceeding the minimum reduced fare.

This plan places the far-distant parts of the state nearer on a par with the points closer to Portland. General Passenger Agent Barton of the Sumpter Valley railroad, notified Secretary Richardson of the Oregon Development league today that his road will make a one-fare rate for the round trip.

The rates to Portland from the principal O. R. & N. stations will be: Hood River, \$2.55; The Dalles, \$3.50; Arlington, \$5.50; Umatilla, \$6.85; Pendleton, \$6.85; La Grande, \$9.10; Union, \$9.45; Baker City, \$10.65; Huntington, \$12.05. The rates to Portland from the principal Southern Pacific stations in Oregon will be: Hillsboro, 90 cents; Forest Grove, \$1.10; McMinnville, \$1.75; Woodburn, \$1.65; Salem, \$2.20; Independence, \$2.60; Albany, \$3.30; Corvallis, \$3.60; Lebanon, \$3.70; Springfield, \$5.10; Eugene, \$5; Roseburg, \$5; Grant Pass, \$8.95; Medford, \$9.90; Ashland, \$10.50.

The reduced railroad rates announced are open rates, and are expected to bring 50,000 people into the city from all parts of the state tributary to the rail lines. The rose show will undoubtedly

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SAY METHUSELAH WAS NOT SO OLD

Professor Frederick Starr and Rev. J. L. Jones Deny Bible Story of Man Who Lived Nearly a Thousand Years.

(Journal Special Service.)
Chicago, May 24.—Professor Frederick Starr, head of the department of anthropology at the University of Chicago, told his class that he did not believe that Methuselah ever lived 969 years, or centuries near that length of time.

Although the Bible says that Methuselah lived on earth that long, and divides his life into periods, Professor Starr, with the cold criticism of science, deprived him of the honor he has borne for centuries, surpassing the life clinging efforts of every venerable person in history and making centenarians of 1907 seem mere striplings. An attendant session of Professor Starr was:

"People live longer nowadays than in those early times."
Professor Starr is doubtful also if Saul, David and Solomon ever reigned 40 years in peace, as the Bible declares.

COREYS SPEND WEEK IN JAIL

Steel Magnate and Actress Bride Say Life on Ocean Wave Was Just Like Term Behind the Bars of Prison.

(Journal Special Service.)
Paris, May 24.—"We have been in prison a whole week, yet we are happy," declared Mrs. Mabelle Gilman Corey today. "It was a golden prison, but still a prison. We did not go outside of our suite on the steamer on account of the curiosity of everybody about us. Some even tried to force their way in to see us; why, I cannot imagine."

The steel magnate and his wife wear a most appropriate honeymoon air. Mr. Corey says he feels like a boy.
"Here at least," he declared, "we shall not be persecuted by newspapers as if we were celebrities. We can run into Paris in our automobile any time fancy takes us. It seems like an American town now. Everybody in New York and Chicago who has an automobile has brought it to Paris to try it on decent roads."
"Our plans? I have bought the yacht Pantosco, which ought to be sailing toward France at this moment. When it comes, we are going to cruise around."

ORDER GUN MEN TO LEAVE BOISE

(Journal Special Service.)
Boise, Ida., May 24.—War has been declared between Chief of Police Francis and certain professional men who have drifted into Boise and are now posing as witnesses or detectives in the trial of Haywood. These men strutting about the streets ostentatiously carrying fire arms. Both sides of the case disclaim responsibility for their presence.
Chief Francis sent for three of these men early today. They are ex-deputies of Telluride and Cripple Creek and have been swaggering about town declaring to newspaper men connected with eastern publications they would "get out of town before Sunday."
Francis told them if they made the slightest move during their brief stay to interfere with anybody on either side they would be handled without gloves.
Court convened early today. Judge Wood having decided that until the jury is selected he will hold long sessions. The examination of witnesses is ex-

STANDARD OIL RUSHES TO ASSIST CALHOUN IN FIGHT AGAINST HENEY

Rockefeller and Harriman Rendering Substantial Aid in Thwarting Justice.

(Journal Special Service.)
San Francisco, May 24.—The San Francisco Call says: Sensational statements were made by the prosecutors of graft charges last night declaring it is their conviction that a less powerful interest than the Standard Oil was cooperating with Patrick Calhoun in his effort to thwart justice.

According to the allegations of the leaders of the prosecution, Calhoun is receiving substantial aid from high financial interests allied with the Southern Pacific railway and William F. Herrin has called the power of the Standard Oil monopoly to his successor. It is pointed out that two banks in this city are controlled by Standard Oil people—the Wells-Fargo bank and the Bank of California—and that these two institutions, in concert with the Crocker National, were used by Herrin in the selection of the late committee of seven. It is alleged that the Crocker bank was brought into the plot after the revelations in the Parkside franchise scandal had rendered its officials hostile to the prosecution.

CHINATOWN PREPARING TO VACATE OAKLAND TO OCCUPY NEW QUARTERS

Oriental Commercial Army of Twelve Thousand to Return to Old Site Next Month.

(Journal Special Service.)
San Francisco, May 24.—Chinatown is preparing to vacate its Oakland quarters and cross back to its old home behind Portsmouth square, the Chinatown of history. On July 15 the Chinese consular general, six companies of the Chinese militia, a large number of shopkeepers and habitués of the quarter, an oriental commercial army of 12,000 men, women and children, and possibly slaves, will transfer their goods and chattels from their settlement near the waterfront in Oakland, to San Francisco.

Substantial buildings have been erected by Chinese and white property owners, and a brighter and healthier, though perhaps not so picturesque, quarter is to be reestablished. Some of the buildings have been especially planned to give celestial quaintness to the section. Red and green paint has been freely used to ornament the exterior of the buildings to be used as restaurants, theatres, joss-houses and chop suey dispensaries.

MRS. D. J. CAMERON IS APPOINTED BY SHERIFF COUNTY JAIL MATRON

Widow Will Have Charge of All Juvenile Wards as Well as Female Prisoners.

Sheriff Stevens announced this morning that he will appoint as matron of the county jail Mrs. D. J. Cameron, a widow, who lives at 25 North Park street. The sheriff consulted Judge Fraser of the juvenile court in reference to the appointment of the matron, because the matron, among other duties, will have immediate charge of all juvenile court wards who may be detained in the county jail pending the disposition of their cases.

Judge Fraser informed the sheriff that Mrs. Cameron had been highly recommended by members of the legislature and other well-known people, and Sheriff Stevens decided to appoint her. The appointment is authorized by a law passed by the last legislature, which provides for a matron for the county jail of Multnomah county at a salary of \$60 to \$90 a month.