

WEATHERED WOUNDS

WEATHER HOLDS BACK SOWING

**Conditions in Pacific Northwest
Not Favorable for the
Spring Wheat.**

**FALL-SOWN GRAIN IS
DOING VERY WELL NOW**

**Bug Damage in the East Is Now Be-
ing Confirmed by Conservative In-**

Interests—Too Cold and Stormy in Europe for Regular Spring Work

Weather conditions have been too wet for sowing operations in the Pacific northwest during the past week. Rains have been heavy

The following are the latest crop reports from various parts of the world, those from foreign countries being reported by Bureau of the Liverpool Corn Trade Society:

United States and Canada.—East of Rocky

Damage reports were more conflicting during the past week, but it is now certain that a large amount of damage has been done to the green bug. Reports from Kansas and Oklahoma are worse than ever, the latest information being from sources considered conservative.

United Kingdom.—The weather keeps on and at the week end a severe storm caused more or less damage to property. The wind is still rather much to the eastward. This week

rain fell rather frequently and hindered sowing work, but still fair progress has been made and agricultural papers continue to mention a capital seedbed. Occasional mention is made of wheat fields which have suffered from the severe winter and some winter crops are killed, but generally the autumn sown crops promise well, although the prevailing low temperatures check growth. Supplies of English wheat are falling short.

still the quantities officially reported were ahead of last year's.

Russia—Practically all our reports continue to speak of favorable crop conditions. The snow cover having been generally sufficient to protect the young plants from the winter frost; however, we still hear of occasional complaints from the south and especially around Odessa and Nicolaieff, and it has been again stated that people are to be

of the famine region may not be successful because the seed was poor and not acclimated. There has been a renewal of wind in the south, which will delay the reopening of navigation.

Mountains. The weather has turned springlike after a very heavy fall of snow. People fear that the melting snow may cause disastrous floods. Very favorable opinions as to the coming condition of the harvest are expressed.

	1906-7.	1905-6.
	Acre.	Acre.
Wheat	4,794,000	4,940,000
Rye	417,000	479,000
Barley	105,000	110,000
Hay	101,000	112,000

Winter stocks are about nothing, and are exhausted, and are not available.

Bulgaria—Reports of the winter crops continue quite favorable. The only exceptions being some districts in the south. Spring seedings have been delayed owing to the wet conditions of the land.

Austria-Hungary—Also in this group spring seedings have been delayed.

conditions. Regarding the quality of the grain reports are variable; the spokesman writes that the north arm, but a Buda takes a favorable view of the outlook.

India.—The second official general report which confirms the good increase in the wheat harvest, which we showed last week. The area of the present crop is roundly 2,000,000 acres.

Year	Area—acres	Crop—q
1905-1	25,500,000	
1905-2	26,200,000	40,000,000
1905-3	25,870,000	35,000,000
1905-4	25,650,000	45,000,000
1905-5	25,100,000	30,500,000

As the present crop is reported to be in good condition, indications naturally point to a

larger total output than last year. But the general opinion of merchants here that will be obtained, and a fair estimate would be that 48,000,000 are for the current year. The weather has not been favorable lately, but much coffee is taken of it here, but it can be said that the harvest is not assured, and some damage may have been done by bad weather in the south.

Australia - Shipments continue to run high.

Argentine—Shipments continue large, although there has been some mention of the yields, yet a recent estimate of the export surplus went to a Liverpool firm again mentioned 13,000,000 qrs. which compares with 11,300,000 qrs. exported in 1958. Such an

France—The aspect of the winter crop has been quite certain that no serious harm was done during the winter. Last week spring seedlings made fair progress, but the last few days have been rainy and unsuitable for the work. Business is still very dull on country markets. The offerings show a tendency to increase, which

Italy—The weather has been wintry, but is not likely to harm cereals. Latest reports which indicate normal conditions. Purchases of foreign wheat have lately been moderate.

Spain—The crops are suffering from a period of drouthy weather following a severe winter in Belgium and Holland. Reasonable weather

Germany—It is confirmed that a good deal of "sheriff" wheat in Mecklenburg and Saxony was killed by January frosts, and wheat lately has been so bad nothing could be done to rescue fields. As the season is now rather advanced for the sowing of spring wheat it is thought likely that much of these wheat lands will be put under oats. Native German wheat has become scarcer and buyers have

to pay more money. We continue to hear
larger purchases of Argentine wheat, and Amer-
ican wheat has also been taken.

North Africa—Crop news is fairly good,
except that locusts have invaded parts of
Morocco.

Asia Minor—Latest crop news from
Rhytna region is good.

SWEDENBORGIAN.
New Church Society—Eleventh and Ash
streets: Rev. Hiram Varnum, Pastor.
11 a. m., Sunday school. 10 a. m.,
evening service.

REFORMED.
First German—Tenth and Stark streets: B. G. Hafner. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7 p. m.: T. F. B. C. H., 7 p. m.: Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

THE CHURCH OF THE FIRST BORN.
Drew hall, 162 Second street. Rev. B.

How Animals Blush.
Animals blush as girls do, but in fear and not modesty that in their exposure the flush of blood, says a New Orleans Times-Democrat.
Horses blush in their ears especially in the left ear. When a horse

Frightened he left and will be very hot and stench. This is the way of rabbits.

Cows and all other animals and birds brush past them and do not touch them in their path. When a dog frightened the all animals and birds come back and the animals and birds are not afraid of them.