

SMALL ACTOR, SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD, PLAYS PART OF AN INFANT

Portrait of Edward Garrett, Who Has Arrived from Europe to Appear on the American Stage.



The Newest of the Midget Players Is Shown on the Hand of a Man of Ordinary Size, Posing for His

New York, Sept. 8.—With the arrival of Edward Garrett, the smallest actor in the world, from Europe, the owners of a new theatre uptown say they have the "Gerry society beaten to a finish."

Garrett was discovered in London. He answered an advertisement for a child to take the part of an infant in a play that deals with the transmigration of the soul.

REMBRANDT PRINTS ON VIEW AT ART MUSEUM

The Portland Art museum now has on view a fine collection of Rembrandt etchings. Even the great majority who do not spell art with a capital A will enjoy these etchings.

scenic effects are good—almost perfect as far as technique is concerned—it is only at portraiture that he is at his best. His exemplary methods of execution, his good drawing and technique, is forgotten when you look at one of his pictures.

GOMPERS GRILLED BY CANNON

Speaker Resents Alleged Dictation by American Federation President.

SPEAKS AT LEWISTON TO ASSIST LITTLEFIELD

Defends Suspension of Eight-Hour Law at Panama and Favors Government by Injunction as Being American.

(Journal Special Service.) Lewiston, Me., Sept. 8.—Speaker Cannon last night spoke at the city hall before a large audience, defending Congressman Littlefield and spelling President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor. He said in part:

"Mr. Samuel Gompers has come into your district and demanded the defeat of Charles E. Littlefield, your representative in congress—not because Mr. Littlefield has failed properly to represent the people of this district, or even the workmen here, but because he has failed to comply with the dictates of Mr. Gompers, who claims to be a citizen of New York and a resident of Washington."

"Gompers' Dictation." "Mr. Gompers has introduced a new element into American politics. He does not exercise the right of petition; he demands that congress enact into law his will. He does not appeal, but commands you, if you are a member of the Federation, to go to the polls and vote as he would vote. He does not come here to argue; he publishes a decree in the name of labor, that the public officials who refused to obey his commands shall be retired from public life."

"I have no prejudice against the Federation of Labor. My sympathies are with it in all efforts and struggles to improve the material condition and secure a larger share of the profits of production for wage earners. I do not, however, believe in proscription in politics. It is foreign to our institutions, foreign to a government by the people. I am opposed to Mr. Gompers' political methods of blacklisting men who vote as their conscience and judgment and as the welfare of their constituents dictate."

"Favors Injunctions." "He is aggrieved because congress suspended the eight-hour law on the Panama canal zone, as it applied to alien labor, not American labor. He is aggrieved because the president has authorized the employment of Chinese labor in digging the canal, because American labor cannot and will not go there. He is aggrieved because congress would not enact an anti-injunction law, which he approved and declared constitutional."

"Mr. Gompers has blacklisted us because congress failed to pass that law. He has read us out of civilization. But, speaking for myself, I had rather quit public life now and at the age of 70 quite forever, true to the civilization we have developed, true to the distribution of powers to the legislative, executive and judicial, which are a check on each other than to retain public office at such a sacrifice to my one self-respect and such terrible cost to the country."

art; the one a realist of the most pronounced type, the man who painted "Burgomaster St."—"The Miller," and "The Portrait of Elizabeth East," the other the visionary dreamer, the idealist who painted that wonderful picture, "Christ at Emmaus."

There are also many pictures of old men and women that are worth study, especially the very large picture of an old woman, which is on the east wall. The Art museum, which is at Fifth and Yamhill, is open daily from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.



The Buck's Stoves and Ranges

The most complete line of Ranges and Stoves in the world—embracing the most desirable styles and sizes—combining in their thorough construction the foremost scientific features—an oven that always gives the best results in baking and cooking—has a white enameled rack and door, which can be washed like a china dish; a perfect arrangement of drafts and flues; a firebox that operates equally as well with wood or coal; appearance most attractive; nickel work the very best; castings of the very best grade of gray iron, perfectly smooth, easy to keep clean.

One Dollar in Thirty Days One Dollar Per Week Thereafter

TULL & GIBBS COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD. MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS. We Will Take in Exchange Your Old Stove or Range and Give Liberal Allowance for Same.

OCTOPUS SCARED, TAFT SAYS

Secretary of War Makes His Only Appearance in the Campaign in Maine.

ELIMINATION OF TRUSTS IS VERY SLOW PROCESS

Speaker in His Bath Address Outlines Issues Intended for the Next Presidential Race by the Republican Party.

(Journal Special Service.) Bath, Me., Sept. 8.—After delivering his only address during the Maine campaign here last night, Secretary of War William H. Taft left for New York, Canada, this morning. During his visit here Secretary Taft was the guest of Harold F. Sewall, formerly United States consul at Hawaii. Mr. Sewall is introducing Secretary Taft at Alameda hall last night where the address was delivered, referred to him as the "probable successor to President Roosevelt."

"A close study of the history of this contest which has been going on for the suppression of these trust evils shows that the work of eliminating them from our economic system is full of complications and requires time, persistence, patience and willing cooperation by executive and congress, and lets in light on the vanity and uselessness of empty denunciation of the evils without any understanding of how they are to be remedied and legitimate business interests preserved unharmed."

"The fear of the law has been put into the hearts of the members of these great corporations, and this has been due chiefly to the courage, the determination and the intense interest of Theodore Roosevelt in the securing of adequate legislation and its vigorous executive enforcement."

"Roosevelt Policy." "Mr. Roosevelt's policy is to secure, by national legislative and executive action, within the somewhat narrow range of federal jurisdiction over interstate commerce, effective control of those who manage and operate organized capital, so as to prevent them, by the misuse of the powerful instrumentalities that organization of capital affords, from unlawfully suppressing competition, establishing monopolies and thereby making impossible the benefit from such organization of capital of a reduction of prices and increase of conveniences which otherwise would and ought to inure to the public."

"With respect to this general policy which has been carried forward by Mr. Roosevelt and the Republican party to a point where a successful issue is reasonably assured if a consistent course of legislative and executive action is permitted, the Democratic party asserts that it is the original patentee and that Mr. Roosevelt and the Republican party have merely infringed their patent rights. The unfounded character of this claim of exclusive ownership by the Democratic party in Mr. Roosevelt's policy I shall not stop to discuss. The Democratic leaders who understand the hold Mr. Roosevelt has upon the voters of the country would have them believe that a Democratic majority in the house of representatives will sympathize so much in Mr. Roosevelt's policy in regard to trusts and railroad rate discrimination and will so second his efforts that it really is not important in furthering this policy to elect a Republican house. But nothing can be farther from the fact."

"No Tariff Reform." "I do not propose to discuss the schedules of the tariff. The great majority of the American people are in favor of maintaining the protective system. The operation of the tariff affects broad sections and localities and is deemed important to the welfare of millions of workmen and small dealers and the country at large. Substantial changes are attended with risk to the important legitimate business interests. This is what makes legislators hesitate at a revision in a period of un-

examined prosperity. Moreover, it is impracticable by a revision of the tariff to destroy trusts."

MYSTERY SURROUNDS SUICIDE OF SEXTON

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) The Dallas, Sept. 8.—The funeral of Guy Sexton yesterday was the most largely attended of any for a long number of years. He was well liked by all and everyone desired to attest their friendship for him and respect for his family in some way.

The cause of the suicide still remains a mystery. It was not disappointment in love, for the young lady with whom he kept company corresponded regularly with him, and the afternoon before the tragedy was in his company for two hours. She unquestionably reciprocated his feelings toward her and the relations between them were the most pleasant and agreeable. Since the terrible event she is almost heartbroken.

MINORITY INTERESTS SHOW DISSATISFACTION

(Journal Special Service.) New York, Sept. 8.—Wall street is considerably interested in the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Allis-Chalmers company at Jersey City today, as it is expected that the dissatisfaction of the minority interests will break in a storm of criticism regarding the policy of the present management of the company. The complaint of the stockholders arises from the recent issue of \$15,000,000 5 per cent bonds. It is asserted by the opposition that under the present conditions in the bond market the issue should not have been brought out at this time, and there is also sharp criticism over the amount of compensation received by the underwriters. This, it is asserted, was in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000. It is also understood that certain stockholders will register complaint over the improvements at West Allis, Wisconsin, which are said to have been on too expensive a scale.

MEDICAL DIRECTOR OF NAVY RETIRES

(Journal Special Service.) Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—Medical Director Robert A. Marmion of the navy, who has been in charge of the U. S. Naval Museum of Hygiene and Medical Search for the past four years, was placed on the retired list today by operation of the age limit. Medical Director Marmion is a native of Virginia and was appointed assistant surgeon in the navy in 1885. During his 40 years in the navy he has served in many departments of sea and shore service, at hospitals and navy yards, as fleet surgeon in the south Atlantic and in European and Asiatic waters and as delegate from the United States to several international conferences on medicine and hygiene.

We Have Spent \$110,000.00 in 15 Weeks to Advertise Advertising

That we believe in the effectiveness of our own advertising service is evidenced by the fact that we have spent \$110,000.00 of our own money in the last 15 weeks behind our own copy and campaign to advertise our own business in this newspaper and hundreds of other good advertising mediums.

THIS is the last of a series of advertisements which we have placed in this newspaper and hundreds of others throughout the country for the past few weeks.

We are paying \$5,000.00 to the newspapers for running this one advertisement of our own business that you are reading today.

We have spent \$70,000.00 this season in this and other daily papers to tell you of the Lord & Thomas Advertising Service. In addition we have spent \$40,000.00 in advertising our own business in national mediums of general circulation—a total of \$110,000.00.

Now mark this—Any permanent success in advertising must be built on an article or service of real merit.

The more merit there is in what one has to sell the more advertising it justifies and demands.

And because we give superior advertising service we can afford to advertise it liberally—to spend \$110,000.00 in 15 weeks.

The very volume of our business (the largest of its kind in America) enables us to retain more \$5,000, \$10,000 and

\$20,000-a-year brains for the preparation of advertising campaigns than any other three agencies in the country combined.

If you have something to sell which is superior to other things in its line, WE want to talk to you about advertising.

If you believe in your goods as thoroughly as we believe in ours we will be glad, if you say so, to have some of our ablest men discuss your business problems with you.

It is costing us \$110,000.00 to offer you our most judicious and enthusiastic cooperation in much more than advertising.

Has your money been well invested with you? Has it influenced and convinced you to consider our service?

One of our representatives is in your city looking after the interests of some of our present clients every few days. That is why we are advertising in this newspaper—to you—NOW.

A letter, signifying that you will grant us an interview in your office, will not obligate you in any way.

We are issuing a series of small books (cloth bound) covering advertising in all its phases, which we send free to interested advertisers.

Pay a Dollar a Week. You pay only a dollar at the end of each week for one of our attractive fall suits. It breaks into your pay-envelope so lightly that you hardly miss the money yet have the satisfaction of being always well dressed. A Dollar a Week. Will do that for you. We shall be glad to accommodate you—you're welcome to credit. Step in before Saturday and talk it over with our clothing manager. You will be cordially welcomed.

Gevurtz & Sons 173-175 First St. 219-227 Yamhill