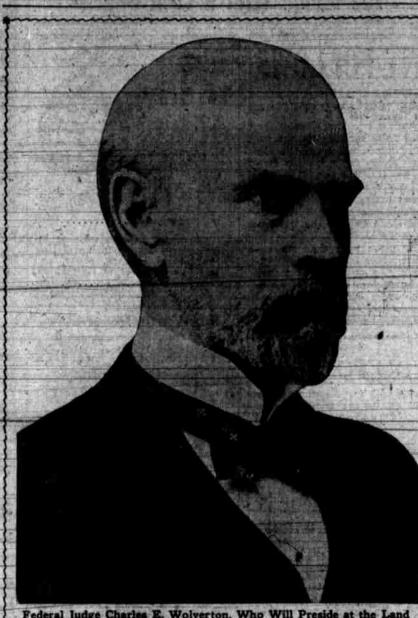
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MILLIONAIRE TIMBER KINGS ARE INDICTED FOR LAND FRAUDS INVOLVING EIGHT MILLIONS



Federal Judge Charles E. Wolverton, Who Will Preside at the Land Fraud Trials.

President Roosevelt Prepares to Fire Drove Army of Caunt Cray Vigorously Prosecute Cases Against Standard Oil for Rebating.

(Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.)

Washington, D. C., May 5.—President Roosevelt proposes to push the cases against the Standard Oil company vigorously. It is learned today that the evidence obtained by the commissioner of corporations has been rushed to the department of justice and that there was 'smeediate consideration as to what kind of indictments should be asked.

Officials say that the cases so fay as rebates are concerned are plain enough, but the question is still open as to whether the Sherman anti-trust law can be applied. That is regarded as more drastic and effective than the statute provising imprisonment for conspiracy. The air about the department is, however, full of reports that the most effective kind of indictment will be brought. It is altogether probable, according to present intentions at the department that the indictments will be (Continued on Page Thirteen.)

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

Rodents From Down Town and Waterfront Districts Into Residences.

Bankers and Lumbermen of Minnesota, Michigan and Oregon, and a Thousand Others, Involved in Fraudulently Acquiring Timber Land in Southern Oregon

James G. Macpherson, Alpena,

Benjamin F. Allen, Portland.
Almond C. Palmer, Portland.
H. Judd Palmer, Portland.
Ed N. White, Portland.
Edmund Dorgan, Albany.
Francis J. Devine, Albany.
John J. Collins, Albany.

John J. Collins, Albany. Malcohn McAlpin, Albany. Thomas H. Watkins, Albany. Charles M. Elkins, Prineville.

M. E. Brink, Prineville. C. A. M. Schlierholz, Prineville, J. W. Hopkins, Vancouver,

lins is now languishing behind the bars

W. Stone, Benson,

Millionaire bankers and timber kings of Michigan and Minnesota, prominent business men and lawyers of Grook and Linn counties, Oregon, several well-known residents of Portland, a former special agent of the interior department, a former United States commissioner, an ex-county judge of Crook county and a number of timber locators are defendants in an indictment returned yesterday afternoon by the tederal grand jury charging huge frauds in the acquisition of valuable timber lands in this state.

Nine hundred square miles of tim-

lands in this state.

Nine hundred square miles of timber land in Crook, Klamath and Lake counties, roughly estimated to be worth over \$8,000,000, are alleged to have been secured by the principal defendants. In direct violation of law Hundreds of persons were procured by their agents to take up claims which were subsequently conveyed to the eastern bankers, and it is charged that the proceedings were tainted with perjury and fraud. The crime charged against all the defendants is conspiracy to defraud the government of its public lands.

Letters from United States Senator Fulton and Congressman Williamson to commissioner of the general land ce, urging that patents be issued on

fraudulent claims, form a sensa-al feature of the indictment.

W. Glichrist, a millionaire banker
Alpena, Michigan, Ralph E. Gli-st, his son, a Yole graduate, who won distinction in college athletics, Patrick Culligan and James G. Macpherson, wealthy citizens of Alpens and large owners of western timber lands, and Heman W. Stone, cashier of the Swift county bank at Benson, Minnesota, appear in the indictment as the chief beneficiaries of the frauds, and it was in their interest that other defendants in the case procured the fraudulent entries on over 200,000 acres of some of the most valuable yellow pine timber land in Oregon.

in Oregon.

Almond C. Palmer and H. Judd Palmer, attorneys of Portland, Benjamin F. Allen, a retired capitalist, at present residing at 236 Thirteenth street, but residing at 236 Thirteenth street, but formerly a resident of Prineville, and Ed N. White, a saloonkeeper at Eleventh and Morrison streets, are Portland's contribution to the list of defendants. The Palmer brothers were formerly in partnership in Prineville, where A. C. Palmer was United States commissioner. Many of the fraudulent

Thirty Miles Square of timber.

Edmund Dorgan, Francis J. Devine and John Joseph Collins, in the timber locating business at Albany, under the firm name of E. Dorgan & Co., were the active instruments of the eastern capitalists. talists in gathering in the great block

T.B. Neuhausen, inspector of the Interior Department

Among the Princeville men who are included in the list of defendants are Charles M. Elkins, merchant; John LIST OF THE INDICTED.

nal, and M. E. Brink, former county judge of Crook county.

Malcolm McAlpin, merchant, and Thomas H. Watkins, managing cruiser for Dorgan & Co., are the Albany defendants. J. W. Hopkins, an attorney at Vancouver, Washington, and W. W. Brown of Seattle, also an attorney, were caught in the government's dragnet and are among the indicted. C. A. M. Schlierholz, formerly a special agent of the interior department, completes the list of the accused.

The list of the accused.

Former Special Agent Accused.

When suspicions arose three years ago as to the legality of the entries. Schilerhoiz was directed to investigate them. Acting in corrupt collusion, it is charged, with the other members of the huge conspiracy, he repeatedly reported to the general land office that the entries were regular and that patents should issue.

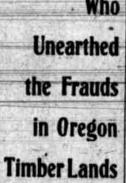
The indictment adds, as usual, to the list of indicted persons the fictitious.

list of Indicted persons the fictitious names John Doe, Richard Roe and others, and it is said that several prominent citizens of Oregon may ultimately be included.

The indictment is the crowning labor of the federal grand jury, which has been in session for the past six weeks, and represents almost heroulean work on the part of United States District Attorney W. C. Bristol and Inspector T. R. Neuhausen. of the Multnoman county jail, because of his refusal to produce before the grand jury the books of E. Dorgan & Co. showing the firm's operations. His refusal was on the ground that the production of the books would incriminate himself. T. B. Neuhausen. The presentation of the evidence to the grand jury in this case alone has occupied the last two weeks and scores of witnesses were examined. It was with the greatest examined. It was with the greatest difficulty that the witnesses were compelled to disclose the facts. When subpoened to appear before the grand jury, some of them simulated sickness, some delayed coming and some flatly refused to respond. Outside of the actual defendants, at least 1,000 people, chiefly residents of Crook and Linn counties, were involved either as entrymen or as witnesses to proofs of entry, and the government agents have encountered a spirit of stubborn resistance which has pervaded the people of these counties.

Old Style Methods. In their general outlines the methods imployed in the acquisition of the timsame that have be made familiar by previous indictments in the land fraud cases. Hundreds of persons were procured to take up claims, falsely swearing that they were making the entries solely for their own use and benefit, while they were in truth merely

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)





the Land Fraud Cases.

Cache Creek and Entire Valley is Threatened With Destruction.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Lease Wire to The Journal.)
Vallejo, Cal., May 5.—Early this morn ing a trembler was felt near Lower Lake, in Lake county, and the report reaches here from Dr. M. A. Craig that the waters of Cache creek, which flow

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

Earth Tremors Divert Waters of Oregon Senator Bridges Cap Between Two Wings of the Party by Writing Allison Amendment.

here from Dr. M. A. Craig that the waters of Cache creek, which flow through the Patay valley, have been diverted from their course and are threat-culus the entire community. The waters are rising in such a mauner as to prove that the general flow of the riverhas been impeded white the regular course of the creek is dry.

It is believed that earthquake caused a mountain slide of sufficient extent to dam up the creek in the Patay valley. The water is making its way toward the Barinard ranch and considerable land in this location is under water. Many fields are inundated and the water on the low lands covers the fences. The Barinard residence is threatened and the

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

SAN FRANCISCO FIRE A CAUTION IN INSURANCE

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

Holocaust Will Bring About Abolition of Reinsurance Plan and Force Companies to Limit Operations to "Net Lines"

Insurance authorities declare that the most serious insurance problem they effect of the San Francisco disaster upon insurance companies of the world will be such as to bring about a pracwill be such as to bring about a practical abolition of the reinsurance plan, force all companies to limit their operations to "net lines" and make it difficult in all the large cities and many smaller ones for business men and property holders to secure enough insurance properly to protect their property. They predict that half the smaller concerns holding policies on San Francisco property will be put out of business completely and the larger companies corrying insurance in the smaller ones will be forced to stand millions of dollers of loss over and above the risks that they could legitimately carry. The outcome of the situation, it is asserted, will be a complete revolution in the methods of conducting insurance business on the Pacific coast, bringing aroperty owners face to face with the

Agents of the big companies say the usi-great losses at San Francisco are more than any company ever dramed of be-the leg called upon to meet, and the disas-

of their risks materially to such an extent that the applicant for protection

will suffer seriously.

W. J. Clemens, representing the Roy

will suffer seriously.

W. J. Chemens, representing the Royal Insurance company, which suffered a loss of about \$6,000,000 in San Francisco, said in explaining the causes leading up to the present situation and the effects that will be felt as a result of the San Francisco disaster:

"It has been the custom of farge companies operating on the coast to carry heavy risks by placing reinsurance in other companies. For example, if one of my customers wants to secure a policy for \$100,000 and my company is not willing to take a risk for more than \$30,000 it would issue its policy for the full \$100,000 and reinsure itself in some other company for the \$20,000 difference. We hold the other companys policy for that amount to protect ourselves. This plan has been worked very extensively in this section of the country and most of the larger companies carry risks in this manner amounting to as much as the entire capital of the smaller companies in fact many of the smaller companies that depended upon this plan of reinsurance for existence. Buch as have, will most likely be put out of business entirely as a result of the new order to discontinue this plan of insurance.

"Pursuance of the reinsurance plan (Continued on Page Two.)

Senator Declares Himself on Statement Number One—

Statement Number on the coast to carry heavy risks by placing reinsurance in other coaton of the country wants to secure a policy for the full \$100,000 and reinsure of the larger of the Journal of the Journal of the secure of The Journal of the Journal of the secure of the Journal of the Journal of the secure of the Republican party. If he receives a majority of the votes cast in June for senator he will be entitled to end should, be given every Democratic vote in the legislature.

"To on the contrary, I receive a majority of the votes cast in June for senator he will be entitled to end should, be given every Democratic vote in the legislature.

"To on the

GEARIN TALKS ENGLISH CAPITALISTS TO INVEST FORTUNE IN REALTY

syndicate of English capitalists have provided the sum of \$5,000,000 to be spent in interurban rallway and electrical developments and real estate op-erations in and about Portland. On re-liable authority it is reported that the United Railways company has concluded a sale of \$5,000,000 of bonds for carrying out its projects connecting. Portland, Balem, Hillsboro and Forest Grove by a standard gauge electric road and constructing a street railway system in Portland.

tem in Portland.

The deal was negotiated by J. Whyte Evans, president of the United Railways company, who is a native Scotchman, and is well known in Scottish and English financial circles, Asked yesterday to make a statement concerning the deal, Mr. Evans declined to confirm any of the reported details, and was felicent in discussion of the subject. He said, however, that the whole project of the United Railways company, involving construction of about 115 miles of electric road, would be carried through as soon as nessessary charters were secured from the city of Portland and other municipal and county authorities in the territory affected, and that ample funds were forthcoming.

It is said that a portion of the capital secured will be used in developing electrical energy, and in real estate and other enterprises inaugurated by the United Railways company in this city.

Syndicate Will Interest Itself in Interurban Railways, Electrical Plants and Real Estate Development.

New York, Philadelphia and Boston are not the limits of the lively interest and growing confidence felt by financiers and investors in Portland's future, and Oregon's great resources. The capital-ists across the water are equally alive to the opportunities that are offered for profitable investment here.

In local financial circles the runs that the United Rallways pany's financing enterprise was warmly received in certain quarte warmly received in certain quarters in New York, and it was developed that the financial interests connected with the most recent consolidation of electrical and street railroad properties in Portland and the Williamette valley, were hostile. The United Railways agents were met with a friendly handgrasp, but that was all. The New Yorker's hand did not open with anything resembling financial succuragement, and while there seemed to be planty of money for various Pacific

that J. Whyte Evans and his associates resorted to the use of the Atlantic cable and took up their proposition with the Englishmen, with the result that desired arrangements were soon made across the water for financing the entitle project.