

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE CZAR AND ALL HIS MINISTERS BY BLOWING UP PALACE WITH DYNAMITE IS DISCOVERED

PANIC IN CAPITAL

Bombs and Explosives Near Imperial Palace at Tzarsoe Selo.

MUTINEERS THREATEN TO BOMBARD ODESSA

Warship Potemkin Still Flies Red Flag, While Squadron Returns to Sevastopol—Lodz is Ablaze.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—London, July 1.—(Bulletin.)—A dispatch from Odessa says that a deputation from the mutinous warships visited the captain of the port, informing him that unless the city surrenders within 48 hours the warships in the harbor will begin an attack on the city.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—St. Petersburg, July 1.—(Bulletin.)—It is reported that Lodz is ablaze. A private telegram from Lodz states that Warsaw is in open rebellion. Sixteen houses have been burned.

The union of associations has resolved in view of the "imminence of a revolution" to organize a political strike of all professions beginning next Monday.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—St. Petersburg, July 1.—(Bulletin.)—Revolution-bred anxiety swelled to panic when the discovery of a plot to assassinate Emperor Nicholas and all his ministers became known throughout the city, and the influx of fugitives from the south was met by an outburst of fear-stricken civilians from the capital toward the border.

Had the plans of the plotters remained undisturbed, it is thought not only the emperor and his council, but most of the members of the imperial family living in Tzarsoe Selo would have become victims of the conspiracy. That the plot was the work of a revolutionary body and not of nihilists is assumed from the careful calculations to avoid jeopardizing the lives of representatives of foreign countries.

Great care had been exercised by the revolutionists to conceal the dynamite, and it is understood information of its presence became known to the police through one of their forces, who had obtained employment in the house as a servant.

According to custom, the police lured the suspected man from his home before making a search for the bombs. They knew where to look for their colleague in disguise had kept his employer and all visitors to the place under a continuous surveillance.

RED FLAG STILL FLIES.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Odessa, July 1.—(Bulletin.)—Another word for duplicity, deceived the world temporarily yesterday. I have ascertained that yesterday's announcement that the engineer commander of the Potemkin had surrendered his battleship under duress and thereby

WON'T MARCH WITH BOOKER WASHINGTON

Selection of Negro Educator as Fourth of July Speaker Arouses Protest.

FIREMEN REFUSE TO GO IN PATRIOTIC PARADE

Citizens of Montclair, N. J., Engaged in Vigorous Discussion of the Color Line.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—St. Petersburg, July 1.—(Bulletin.)—The announcement today that Booker T. Washington has been chosen to make the chief oration at the Independence day celebration in Montclair, New Jersey, has caused a revolt among the volunteer firemen, who were to take part in the parade and who also stirred up a lively anti-negro sentiment in that town.

All the work of the committee in arranging the details of the celebration had been kept quiet until this afternoon. There are 110 volunteer firemen in the town and they were down on the program to follow company K of the Fifth regiment in the parade and were to provide the carriage containing the orators and guests. They now decline to march.

The men who had made the celebration arrangements are among the wealthiest and most influential residents of Montclair. The chairman of the executive committee is the Rev. Horace Porter of the Congregational church of Montclair. His assistants are Edward H. Holmes, Charles Olcott, Charles H. Baker, Charles W. Anderson and Charles T. Ives. Frank Halpin, cashier of the Chemical bank, is to be the grand marshal of the parade.

There are about 18,000 inhabitants in this town and 3,500 of them are negroes. On Sunday they crowded Bloomfield avenue, our finest street, and all of the other good thoroughfares, and are offensive to the whites. They crowd the trolley cars and the feeling against them has grown steadily. It was very unwise for the committee to invite Mr. Washington to speak here on Tuesday. It promises to spoil the elaborate program that has been made and may even end in blood.

PROHIBITIONISTS LOSE M'MINVILLE CASE

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—McMinnville, Or., July 1.—Judge Galloway today decided against the regularity of the local option election held last November.

BEEF TRUST MILLIONAIRES INDICTED BY GRAND JURY

Armour, Cudahy, Swift, Morris and Others Accused of Violating Sherman Law.

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Chicago, July 1.—Eighteen of the barons of the beef trust—men who control the markets for live United States beef in the meat industries and whose gigantic packing plants face the armies of the world—are facing prison on a charge of forming and conducting conspiracies in restraint of trade, in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. They were indicted by the federal grand jury which ended its three months of delving into the secrets of the beef trust by returning before Judge Beetha in the United States district court today two general true bills which brought peace and consternation into the camp of the trust magnates.

The indicted men will not be arrested as in the usual form. By agreement between United States District Attorney Morrison and attorneys for the packers, a truce was declared until Monday night to give the trust lawyers time to bring in the defendants and their bondsmen. No capias will be issued until Monday night, but it was declared by Mr. Morrison that the truce would not be extended beyond that time.

The scene in Judge Beetha's court was not as spectacular or impressive as had been anticipated by the hundreds who crowded the corridors and struggled for entrance to the courtroom. District Attorney Morrison and his assistant, Mr. Pagan, emerged from the grand jury room a few minutes after 2 o'clock. They had been closeted with the jury for an hour. Mr. Morrison held the 70-page typewritten report containing the two true bills and all the information which the lawyers and other spectators were so anxious to hear.

CADETS ARRIVE ON FOOT AT ROSEBURG

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Roseburg, Or., July 1.—In charge of Chaplain Baker, pastor of the Congregational church, and Cadet Emory of California, cadets to the number of 59 arrived here this afternoon on foot, having marched from Myrtle Creek this morning. They will remain here until Monday and possibly Wednesday to rest. The company left Berkeley, California, June 13 and expect to reach Portland July 15. The members have three baggage wagons and the best of equipment, and are making part of their expenses as they travel. The ages of the members range from 16 to 25.

GOVERNMENT TO ASSIST FAMINE STRICKEN FOLK

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Berlin, July 1.—The government has at Berlin decided to come to the assistance of the suffering people of upper Silesia, who have been practically starving for weeks, because of the dearth of meat and the resulting prohibitive prices. A meeting has been called for July 4, when representatives of the government and the people will meet and arrangements will be made to break the power of the meat trust by supplying the market with meat at cost price.

SANTA FE ACCUSED OF VIOLATING INJUNCTION

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Kansas City, July 1.—Information charging the Santa Fe and its officers with violating the federal injunction forbidding the giving of rebates was filed in the federal court at noon today. The matter under advisement.

POPE AND HUMBERT MAY COME TO TERMS

Negotiations Are Pending Between Holy See and Italian Government.

Copyright, 1906, by the American Journal-Examiner, Great Britain Rights Reserved.—Rome, July 1.—Negotiations are now pending between the Vatican authorities and the Italian officials, which forecast a complete scheme of reconciliation between the Italian government and the holy see. These negotiations cover all points of difference existing so long between the two authorities and the special details necessary to guarantee the pope's complete independence and support on the part of the Italian government. They constitute, in fact, the basis of a concordat, to be agreed upon by the two powers concerned, and if successfully conducted will put an end to the long existing conflict of the Vatican with the Quirinal over the question of temporal power and the personal independence of the pope.

How it has all come about is not a mystery to those who knew of the liberal spirit and tenacity of Pius X. Even before his election he was known to adhere to the highest regard and consideration for the constituted authorities of the kingdom notwithstanding their apparent differences with the holy see, and even went out of his way to ascertain the highest regard and consideration for the constituted authorities of the kingdom who were strictly excluded from entering the papal palace by the two preceding popes.

Colonel Edwards' appointment does not affect his incumbency of the office of chief of the bureau of insular affairs, war department, in which his compensation is about \$5,000 a year. For his services in both capacities he receives about \$12,000 a year.

OFFICIALS APPOINTED ON CANAL COMMISSION

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Washington, July 1.—Chairman Shultz of the Panama canal commission has organized the office of the commission, announcing Clarence R. Edwards, L. S. A., as chief officer; W. L. Pepperman as assistant in charge of central office; Ernest S. Benson, general auditor; David W. Ross, general purchasing officer; and James E. Jester as disbursing officer.

TO CONSTRUCT TRAIL IN OLYMPIC RESERVE

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—Washington, July 1.—The application of W. F. Hornor of Brinnon, Washington, for the construction of 50 miles of trail along the Cocolawalla river, in the Olympic forest reserve, Washington, has been approved by the forestry service.

INTERNATIONAL COMBINES TO HOIST STEEL PRICES

Copyright, Hearst News Service, by Leased Wire to The Journal.—New York, July 1.—An agreement is said to have been reached between steel rail manufacturers of Europe and the United States Steel corporation to form an international pool, assigning the American continent from the great lakes south to American members and reserving the foreign market to European members of the pool.

STARTLES DEFENSE

Henev Says Another Indictment Was Voted Against Mitchell.

HE WILL SUE KRIBS TO RECOVER LANDS

Statute of Limitations Saves Letter on Other Charges—Case Will Not Reach Jury Till Monday.

In replying to Senator Thurston's challenge for an explanation of why the real land thieves had been let go, while the government concentrated its attack upon Senator Mitchell, District Attorney Henev made two sensational disclosures. He said that in the rush of work at the close of the famous grand jury several indictments were voted but not drawn, because of limited time, and amongst these was one against Senator Mitchell. He was dwelling on the subornation of perjury charge of which the senator is guilty, if he sided in framing the defense outlined by Judge Canner in his testimony. In the other indictment Henev said the jury could treat him in bringing civil actions to recover for the government the 25,000 acres of timber land Frederick A. Kribs had obtained fraudulently.

Contrary to the expectation of both prosecution and defense, the indictment to the jury which is to determine the fate of Senator John E. Mitchell was not concluded yesterday afternoon. The closing argument of United States District Attorney Henev was interrupted by the adjournment of court and will be finished Monday morning. The instructions of Judge De Haven to the jury will follow and it is probable that the jury will retire to deliberate on its verdict early in the afternoon.

Twelve days ago the old man who has represented Oregon in the senate of the United States for altogether nearly a quarter of a century entered on the ordeal which is now drawing to its close. A week was occupied in the presentation of evidence and since last Tuesday the attorneys have been arguing to the jury on the question of the guilt or innocence of the defendant.

In a masterly address, which engaged the attention of court and jury for the greater part of two days, the prosecuting attorney arrayed the evidence on which the government relies for conviction. He was followed by Judge De Haven, who in turn by six Senator Thurston, each of whom made a powerful appeal in behalf of the defendant to the sympathies of the jurors.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Henev began pouring upon the defense the prosecution's demand for the enforcement of the law. Never before in the history of Oregon has there been a jury trial so notable for the extraordinary ability of the contending counsel. The prominence of the security of the enforcement of the law, with which the issue is twofold, not only in Oregon, but throughout the country.

In opening his address yesterday afternoon Mr. Henev declared that one of the saddest duties of his life and that no man could feel deeper sympathy than he for the aged man on trial. But he warned the jurors that sympathy must not blind them to two facts of the case and that their oath demanded that they should give their verdict in accordance with the evidence alone.

Methods of opposing counsel and their frequent appeals to the prejudices and sympathies of the jurors were severely condemned, and some of Judge Bennett's questions asked during the jury was better selected and denounced as a "specimen of pettifoggery."

Turning to the consideration of the evidence the district attorney reviewed the testimony and the letters which have been placed in evidence, arguing that there could be no conclusions drawn that Senator Mitchell knowingly violated the law, Henev replied by saying that Senator Mitchell must not go unprosecuted merely because he had paid in advance for permission to violate the law which he helped to make.

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