

HOBSON TO MARRY BELLE OF GOTHAM Hero of the Merrimac to Wed Miss Grizelda Houston Hull of Tuxedo Park.

BRIDE IS HEIRESS TO LARGE FORTUNE Ceremony Is Set for This Month—Honeymoon Will Be Spent in Traveling Abroad.

(Journal Special Service.) Birmingham, Ala., May 6.—Mr. and Mrs. George Hull, Tuxedo Park, New York, have announced the engagement of their daughter Grizelda Houston Hull to Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson. The wedding is set for May 25. Captain Hobson was a former naval constructor and won fame during the Spanish-American war when as commander of the collier Merrimac, he sunk her in the Santiago harbor in the face of a heavy fire from the Spanish fleet and fortresses. He was taken prisoner and afterwards made inspector of Spanish wrecks in the operations made to save them.

Richmond Pearson Hobson was born at Greensboro, Alabama, 25 years ago, and graduated at the naval academy in 1892. He served as constructor with the fleet until the Spanish war in 1898 when he was assigned to the flagship New York on blockade duty and took part in the expedition against San Juan de Puerto Rico.

Hobson resigned from the navy in 1903 since which time he has lectured, advocating American naval supremacy. Last autumn he was a candidate for congress from an Alabama district but was defeated.

Miss Hull is a pretty and attractive young woman who has been a social favorite during the last two seasons in the metropolis. She will be a candidate for the title of belle of the year. The couple will take a wedding journey abroad, returning late in the autumn.

WEISER PYTHIANS ERECT NEW CASTLE Myrtle Chapter Number Twenty Now Has One of Most Complete Halls in State.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Weiser, Idaho, May 6.—This town now has one of the most complete Pythian halls in the state. The new castle of Myrtle chapter, No. 20, the building was erected by the lodge under its corporate powers. The funds for the building were raised by the members of the lodge and the lodge has not a dollar of indebtedness due any one outside of its own membership.

The building is 100 feet in length by 30 feet in width and front on East Idaho street in the heart of the business part of the city. The upper story is divided into a lodge hall 64 feet in length, an ante-room, property room, dining room, kitchen and toilet rooms. The lower story is rented as a store. The upper story is also rented to other lodges and a dancing club. Myrtle is the third Pythian lodge in membership in the state, having 130 members at the present time.

TRICENTENARY FESTIVAL OF DON QUIXOTE IS KEPT (Journal Special Service.) Madrid, May 6.—Literary men and representatives of literary and other learned societies throughout Europe and America are gathered in Madrid to take part in the Don Quixote tricentenary festival. The celebration is to open tomorrow and will continue through the greater part of the coming week.

IS STRIVING TO BREAK THOUSAND-MILE RECORD Brighton Beach, May 6.—At 9:25 o'clock this morning Charles G. Wriggley, who is trying to break the 1,000-mile auto record, had covered 923 miles after 24 hours' continuous riding. He was then three hours ahead of the record.

DECEASED'S WIFE ON WITNESS STAND Mrs. Fisher Hoch, Sister of Murdered Mrs. Welcker Hoch, Testifies Against Husband.

RELATIVES PREPARED FOR DEATH OF WOMAN Story of Rapid Courtship of Dead Wife Is Told by Witnesses of Love Making.

(Journal Special Service.) Chicago, May 6.—Mrs. Fischer Hoch, sister of Mrs. Marie Welcker Hoch, who Johann Hoch, the modern bluebeard, is accused of having murdered, took the stand today against her husband. Letters from Hoch to Mrs. Bertha Hoch were also introduced by the state. These letters are alleged by the state to have been written by Hoch to prepare relatives for the coming death of Mrs. Welcker Hoch.

Hoch's allegation that the arsenic was put in the remains of Mrs. Welcker Hoch by the embalmer is disproved by a statement of Drs. Ludwig Hektien and Lewke, coroner's physicians, who made analysis of the stomach and intestines, and Professor De Lafontaine, chemist, who made analysis of the stomach and intestines. They found the embalming fluid that was used to prepare the body for the grave was manufactured by C. C. Howard of Columbus, Ohio, who will later be called as a witness by the state. This fluid has been subjected to every known test for traces of arsenic and not a trace found.

Mrs. Bertha Hoch testified to the stand and told the story of Hoch's rapid courtship for the hand of Mrs. Welcker. She said that on November 6, 1914, Hoch came into her store and asked her if she was the woman looking for a husband. She told him she was Mrs. Welcker who was in the store. Hoch remained with Mrs. Welcker until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. He told her that he was worth \$3,000 and had prospects of \$5,000 more from Germany.

On Wednesday, the following day, Hoch called again and took Mrs. Welcker to see his house. That evening Hoch remarked to his prospective bride, "You like me and I like you, so we will get married, eh?" After four days of wooing the couple were wedded on the Saturday and the bride took \$150 from the store and gave Hoch also \$150 more.

RANCHERS COMMENCE WAR ON SMELTERS Owners Ordered to Appear in Court and Answer to Complaint.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Helena, Mont., May 6.—Judge Hunt in the federal court today issued an order directing the Anaconda Copper company and the Washoe company which operate the largest smelter in the world at Anaconda to appear before him here on June 5 and show cause why the smelter should not be declared a nuisance in accordance with a petition filed by the counsel for 54 ranchers in the Deer Lodge valley, who assert that their ranches to the value of \$200,000,000 have been rendered almost worthless by the arsenical and sulphurous fumes emitting from the smokstacks of the smelters.

Only a year ago the smelter company erected a new stack at a cost of \$1,000,000 in the belief that the height would clear the currents of air to carry away the noxious gases. The ranchers in their petition assert that it has proved a failure.

STUDENT CONFERENCE OPENS AT GEARHART One Hundred Delegates Present to Take Part in Ten Days' Session.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Gearhart, Ore., May 6.—The third-annual northwest student conference opened at Gearhart hotel today. About 100 delegates representing the various educational institutions of Oregon, Idaho, Washington and Montana are in attendance.

FARMERS GO TO CAPITAL SCHOOL Members of Well Attended Institute at Clatsop Learn How to Raise Crops.

INTERESTING TALKS BY LEARNED PROFESSORS Meeting Under Auspices of Oregon Agricultural College Experimental Station.

A most successful and profitable farmers' institute was held at Clatsop (Fairview station on the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company's line), commencing on the evening of May 4 and closing with the afternoon session the following day. This was the first institute held at this point, and was under the auspices of an Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station, of which Dr. James Withycombe is director. He was assisted in this institute by Professors F. L. Kent, A. B. Cordley and A. L. Knisley, all of the station staff.

Professor Cordley, talking on "Garden and Orchard Pests," said the worm that killed the Strawberry plant came from California and was called the strawberry root borer. It was a close relative to the grape root borer. This borer is jet black and its wings are trimmed with gold. In May and June it deposited its eggs, which hatched worms that bored into the roots of the plants, where they were hard to reach. A rotation of crops was advised and said if the plants were badly affected they should be dug up and destroyed.

The San Jose scale could be destroyed without injuring the trees by spraying with lime and sulphur in winter. This with lime and sulphur in winter. The best remedy for mildew on roses was to spray with sulphide of potassium—one ounce to two gallons of water. Another remedy was to dust with flour of sulphur.

Black spot on tomatoes could be prevented by spraying with Bordeaux mixture, commencing when the plant was six inches high and spray two or three times. Another plan was to plant the tomatoes in rows about four feet apart and 10 inches in the row. Make a trellis between the rows, and train the plants to the center. About the time the plants come into bloom sprinkle flour of sulphur on the leaves. The same was used on grapes with good results.

The subject of "Forage Plants" was discussed by Dr. Withycombe. He considered vetch the best forage plant for western Oregon. It was the richest in all sorts of stock. Plants varied, and vetch would vary in protein from 13 to 23 per cent. There was twice as much protein in vetch as in alfalfa. Alfalfa was a poor crop for the orchard, said the professor. "Sow it in the fall and turn under in the spring. It is a great nitrogen gatherer. Alfalfa, clover and thousand headed alfalfa are ideal for alfalfa. Rye is good for early feeding, and corn for the silo. Alfalfa will not do well on black lands. It must have well drained land, and the water should be from a well. The soil should be or soil should be inoculated with bacteria. Land for alfalfa should be plowed in the fall, and disced in the spring and thoroughly pulverized. It was well to have a good seed bed. Seed should be sown in May."

Professors thanked. At the close of the institute a vote of thanks was tendered the representatives of the agricultural college. The people were much pleased with the success of the first farmers' institute held at this point. Oregon is the richest in alfalfa in the west. Agriculture required thought and skill, labor and learning. It offers an endless field for scientific research. It is an inspiration to the student of agriculture. The advanced the past 20 years is nothing to what it will be in the next five years. This land will do wonders when properly tilled, and 10 acres will make a family a good living.

Portland is one of the best markets in the world for the products of the diversified farm. Professor Withycombe complimented the farmer on the Agricultural college for the range. It was the best organization for the farmer. It should have a library—one costing \$20 or \$25 would be of great value. He made a plea for a higher standard of higher and broader life among the farmers.

Care of Cream and Milk. Professor F. L. Kent spoke on the "Care of Cream and Milk," and said two troubles were met in the care of milk; the first was souring and the second undesirable flavoring due to feed contamination. The souring of milk was due to minute organisms called bacteria which were necessary and the majority were harmless. The bacteria which were therefore there should be perfect cleanliness in the care of milk. In Pasteurizing milk it was heated to about 160 degrees for 10 minutes, and then cooled rapidly. The milk should be 95 per cent of sterile life. More cleanliness should be exercised in milking. The udder should be cleaned and wiped with a damp cloth before milking. The milk should be cooled to 45 degrees with a talk on "Plant Food," and said that plants needed food just as do chickens, or any other living thing, in order to live and grow. The soil and atmosphere contained a great quantity of much good elements and some 75 or 79 simple substances. Plants required some 12 or 14 of these. Some were in the air and some in the soil. Crows and wood ashes were fertilizers. Some wood ashes contained as high as 17 per cent potash and a considerable quantity of lime. Straw contains from 22 to 23 worth of plant food a ton.

Land plaster, or gypsum, contained no plant food except lime. It rendered the potash in the soil available as plant food. Its effects lasted probably more than one year. Second Day's Session. The first subject discussed at the morning session was "Intensive Agriculture," by Dr. James Withycombe. He said the conditions at Fairview were suitable for intensive agriculture. It would be a section of small farms of from 10 to 20 acres. He would place dairying first, because the cow took nothing from the soil. Plant food in the soil was the farmer's capital. "Feed cows clover, vetch and alfalfa," he said, "and you are adding each year to the fertility of the soil. Send the cream to the creamery and feed the milk to the calves and swine. A ton of butter is worth \$600, and takes less than 50 cents' worth of fertility from the soil, while a ton of wheat is worth \$50 and takes \$7.50 from the soil. Farmers should study the rotation of forage plants. Get good cows. It takes no more to feed a good cow than it does a scrub. Save the wastes of the farm and utilize them. The farmer should be made to maintain a family and make money besides. For real, solid comfort there is no place like the rural home. Any young man of industry and good judgment can buy 10 acres and engage in the poultry business and make an independent living and lay up money. "Rye is not an especially rich food.

BEER CAUSE OF CRIME SAID GUGLIEMO Shortly Before Hanging, the Murderer Drew Pictures Lamenting His Enemies.

PICTURE OF HIMSELF AND VICTIM GOES TO FRIEND No Stimulants Given Doomed Man by Penitentiary Officials at Any Time.

Shortly before Frank Guglielmo was executed at Salem yesterday for the murder of his sweetheart, Freda Garcia, a dramatic scene occurred in his cell. Martin V. Leasia, serving a life sentence for the murder of his father-in-law, faintly while bidding the condemned man good-bye.

Guglielmo and Leasia had known each other for some time, and were on very friendly terms. Leasia is a prisoner whose conduct has been so exemplary since his incarceration that he has earned the favor of the officials and when he was wanted to see his friend his desire was gratified. Accompanied by a guard he proceeded to the cell.

The two men shook hands, and Leasia inquired how Guglielmo was feeling. "I am all right," he answered, "but I was fairly well."

"Well, be brave, Frank," said Leasia. "It will all be over soon, anyway, and you won't suffer much."

"Oh, I'm going to do that all right," was the answer given by Guglielmo. Leasia, who had been growing very pale and was leaning against a table for support, gasped as Guglielmo made answer, and suddenly clutching at the air as if for support, he fell and never rose again.

Reports have been in circulation since the execution that Guglielmo was given drugs to enable him to undergo the ordeal with fortitude. This is denied by the superintendent and warden of the penitentiary, but by the day and night watch. The condemned man was given one drink of whisky a few minutes before he left his cell for the execution chamber. Stimulants are usually given men in the shadow of the gallows. It was the first glass of liquor Guglielmo had tasted since he was returned to the penitentiary by Sheriff Word.

Not only were the arrangements for the execution faultless; to Superintendent James Warden Curtis and Guards Dorcas and Borden the day and night watch were respectively, because the credit for the manner in which the murderer went on the scaffold. He was told that he would not suffer, and that he would not want it said after death that he died bravely. His attention was also drawn to the fact that the father of the murdered girl would be there to see if he flinched. Spiritual consolation given the condemned man by Father Gribben and Gribben also contributed to his obtaining courage.

During his incarceration Guglielmo drew two or three firm friends. Neither the superintendent nor the warden was able to gain his confidence, despite their kind treatment. One of the guards and Lester Davis, a Salem newspaperman, he regarded as his friends, and to them he talked freely.

Davis was summoned to his cell and given three sheets of drawings in lead pencil 30 minutes before Guglielmo left his cell for the gallows. On two of the sheets the condemned man drew his dead sweetheart were represented as gazing at each other over a vase filled with flowers. Under the girl's picture was drawn a grave, with headstones at either end. The man and woman were laid flat removed in readiness to receive the body of the man to be executed.

Judge Cleland was pictured as sitting on the bench and saying, "Hang him!" The first witness at the trial was placed in the witness chair, under the caption, "Hang him." All the jurymen in the box were depicted with hands standing on their heads. From the mouth of each issue the words, "Hang him!" The face of Gaetano Garcia, the father of the dead girl, was placed on a mule which was engaged in kicking into space the body of the man to be executed. Accompanying words conveyed the idea that Garcia's plan was because he regarded Guglielmo as having kicked his money away by killing his daughter. "I am sorry," said Cameron, who was also carted. "His case, too, was placed on a mule. The head was raised in the attitude made famous by the Journal mule, and from Cameron's mouth came the words, "I am sorry we can't get the money any other way we'll sue for it."

NOT ENOUGH PAID FOR THE ASSETS H. C. Leonard Says Commercial National Bank's Accounts Went Too Cheaply.

ALLEGES SALE WAS MERE MATTER OF BOOKKEEPING Purchase, According to Paper Filed Today, Was Not Made in Good Faith.

In his reply to the answer of Wells, Fargo & Co. in the suit of George H. Williams, the estate of Henry Weisner and others against the Commercial National Bank, H. C. Leonard, an intervening plaintiff, declares that after the bank had gone into insolvency its assets were purchased by Wells, Fargo & Co. for \$250,000 less than their actual value. Mr. Leonard says the assets were worth \$500,000, while Wells, Fargo & Co. paid only \$250,000 for them. He also alleges the wrongful conversion of the bank's stock by Wells, Fargo & Co. On this point he says in his reply:

"On October 8, 1896, Wells, Fargo & Co., seeking and desiring to obtain the entire assets of and control the business and good will of the Commercial National Bank, caused the board of directors of the bank to pass a resolution requesting the controller of the currency to call for an assessment upon the stockholders of the bank and on May 18, 1897, the stock was wrongfully sold. The replicant and other plaintiffs obtained judgments for the sale of their stock, and these could have been collected under execution, as the bank was liquidated by the wrongful acts of Wells, Fargo & Co. in absorbing and converting its assets to their own use."

The sale of the assets, it is alleged, was simply a bookkeeping arrangement and records made by Wells, Fargo & Co. or the Commercial National Bank in relation to the sale were mere clerical acts, and the assets were carried on the books as a matter of convenience; that the assets were sold to Wells, Fargo & Co. that the assets should show on the books of the bank they were entered there by some clerk under the direction of Wells, Fargo & Co., and on the other hand where it was desired that the assets should appear on the books of Wells, Fargo & Co. they were so entered, the whole transaction having been merely a bookkeeping arrangement and not in any wise representing any real transaction in good faith.

It is also alleged that the assets of the bank were used by the company from the time the bank went into voluntary liquidation on October 4, 1897, until the commencement of the suit on December, 1899, and that the sale of the assets was a part of a scheme to defraud the plaintiffs of their stock in the bank.

MANY VISITORS GO TO FAIR GROUNDS Friday's Was Largest Week-Day Attendance Since Exposition Gates Were Opened.

The admissions department reports that yesterday was the greatest of all the fair days. The gates were opened at the standpoint of attendance. There were 2,400 paid admissions, which is far and away the best record yet made outside of Sundays. The attendance was a record of 2,400 paid admissions in total of admission. It is expected that today of admission will be greater than yesterday.

Joseph Sanders, who represents the Buxter Brown Stocking company, declares that he will have the first booth completed in the whole exposition, and on Tuesday or Wednesday he will have an official christening. With the progress with remarkable rapidity in all of the exhibit palaces, Mr. Sanders' stall is probably nearer completion than that of any other exhibitor.

DISCUSSES POLITICS AND IS ARRESTED Frank Griffith and "Scotty," his bartender, stood in front of the bar at Griffith's Sixth street saloon at closing time this morning and got into a political discussion. It lasted 10 minutes. At the expiration of the time, a patrolman O'Brien happened along and found the door unlocked.

"It's all right," said Griffith to the policeman, "this is my bartender and we were discussing nobody else is in here."

It wasn't "all right," however. The patrolman reported that the saloon was open after hours, and a complaint was lodged against Griffith. He appeared in the police court this morning, but his hearing was postponed to Monday.

BEER CAUSE OF CRIME SAID GUGLIEMO (Continued from page 10)

PICTURE OF HIMSELF AND VICTIM GOES TO FRIEND (Continued from page 10)

ALLEGES SALE WAS MERE MATTER OF BOOKKEEPING (Continued from page 10)

MANY VISITORS GO TO FAIR GROUNDS (Continued from page 10)

DISCUSSES POLITICS AND IS ARRESTED (Continued from page 10)

MAJESTY PERSONAL F. A. Goodwin of Albany is at the Imperial.

G. M. McBride of Astoria is visiting Portland on business.

A. A. Geer of Salem is registered at the Imperial for the day.

Frank E. Brown is here from Salem for a brief stay.

D. E. Rice of Roseburg is among the arrivals at the Perkins.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Miracle are here from Richmond, Oregon.

W. B. Smith of Spokane is at the Perkins.

SPECIAL TEETH FREE Extracting, cleaning and examination FREE during all this week. The Boston Painless Dentists will give the lowest prices ever known in Portland for strictly high-class dental work.

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN A SPECIALTY BOSTON Extracting and Examination FREE SILVER FILLINGS 25c GOLD FILLINGS 75c GOLD CROWNS \$5.00 FULL SET \$30.00 BRIDGE WORK \$30.00

Boston Painless Dentists 2111 Morrison St., Opp. Meter & Frank and Old Postoffice. HOURS: 9:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday, 9:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

ENERGY Some time after an unusually hard day, and you are worn out and hungry, take a few heaping tablespoons of ENERGY cover with cream, let stand one minute to soften, you feel the effect at once. 12 cents a package.

AT ALL GROCERS. DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE CURE HEADACHE BY REMOVING THE CAUSE CURE BILIOUSNESS BY RESTORING DIGESTION CLEAR THE COMPLEXION BY PURIFYING THE BLOOD BEST PILL ON EARTH

CONDUCTORS WILL GET WARM WELCOME Preparations Being Made to Make Their Stay in Portland Pleasant.

NEW-MADE FRIEND TAKES HIS JEWELRY George Leffel, alias Spoon, was arrested last night on complaint of Burke Turrell, who charges him with larceny.

CONSTIPATION For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation. I was unable to take a single warm water enema every day. I tried many cathartics, but they did me no good. I tried Dr. Cassell's Candy Cathartics, and they worked. I feel like a new man. I am free from all this this morning. You can see this in behalf of Dr. Cassell's Candy Cathartics. R. F. Fisher, Roseton, Ill.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS (Continued from page 10)

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