# NO GIRL WANTED IN CASE BY DEFENSE

## Wong's Attorneys Say He Did Right to Shoot Lee Moon Lee.

### WAS FIRED ON FIRST BY THE CHINESE MERCHANT

### Effort Made to Show Chinatown Shooting Grew Out of Gambling Raids.

After having heard himself accused of having conspired to kill Lee Moon Lee, Wong Chow Quen was given an opportunity to tell his side of the story in Judge Cleland's court this morning. In answer to questions by the attorneys for the state and defense Wong declared that if there was any conspiracy to kill Lee he knew nothing of it. He was employed in a cannery, and had no connection with any murderous tong.

Several Chinese had told him, on the other hand, that there was conspiracy to kill him. They said he had given information to Sheriff Word which led to the raids on the gambling houses, and that they were going to put him out of the way. When he met Lee Moon Lee and several other Chinese on Second and Washington streets on the evening of February 15, Lee drew a revolver and shot at him. Wong then pulled his revolver and shot in self-defense.

Several friends of Wong testified to the same effect, and one said that Lee had made a threat to kill Wong because he had given the information to the sheriff.

The testimony for the prosecution showed that Chee How's slave girl was the cause of the shooting. No mention of her was made by the defense, whose contention was that the trouble grew out of the raids.

Witnesses for the state yesterday afternoon identified Wong as the Chinese who shot Lee, and the identification of Lee himself was positive. Joseph Wheeler, an ex-policeman, saw Wong shoot Lee. He said a number of shots were fired, probably a dozen in all. On cross-examination he denied that he had demanded money to tell what he knew of the case.

Detective A. G. Vaughn, who arrested Wong, said about a dozen shots were fired. He was in the city jail, two blocks away, at the time and ran in the direction of the fusillade. He saw Wong running down Second street, and fired three shots in the air to stop him.

Wong turned the corner of Oak street and stopped in a doorway, where Vaughn found him. On the way to the jail Wong reached down to the sidewalk and Vaughn, suspecting something, turned him over to another officer, went back and found the revolver where Wong had dropped it. The state began introducing testimony in rebuttal this afternoon.

## WORD MAY SAY WHAT HE THINKS WITH AN AXE

"What will I do in regard to suppression of nickel-in-the-slot machines? Well, that is something that no one except myself knows," said Sheriff Word this morning, when he was informed that the city council had repealed the slot-machine ordinance, and had left him to do what he pleased with this form of gambling for merchandise.

"The council," continued the sheriff, "has been leaving things up to me and—I think I have always done my duty."

"Will you shut down the machines?" was asked.

"I will not say anything about the matter. If I do anything the people will know it after it is done, as they have in the past. I will not say that I am going to do anything or that I am not going to do anything."

## GREAT ORGAN WILL BE HEARD AT FAIR

It was definitely announced this morning by Theodore Hardee, assistant to the president, that a series of 14 organ recitals would be given in the auditorium at the exposition grounds between June 10 and September 30. The Allen & Gilbert-Ramaker company has furnished an organ, and the recitals will be given by local masters and mistresses of that instrument. The recitals are the result of the work of Organist Goodrich of St. David's church, and the organists will give their services gratuitously. There is some talk of securing Professor John J. McClellan, organist at the Mormon tabernacle in Salt Lake City, for one or two recitals.

### SILVER THANKSGIVING.

A reception and tea will be given by the Woman's Home Missionary society of Grace M. E. church at the church parsonage, 445 Taylor street, Friday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock. This is the occasion of the silver thanksgiving of this society—the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization. An interesting musical program has been prepared.

**Humors Cured**

with Hardna Soap, Skinhealth (ointment) and Skinhealth Tablets. A positive and speedy cure for every itching, burning, scaly, bleeding, crusted, pimply and blotchy humor, with loss of hair. Produces clear, brilliant, healthy skin and pure, rich, red blood.

**SKINHEALTH Treatment 75c**

consists of Hardna Soap, 25c., medicated, antiseptic; Skinhealth (oint.), 25c., to kill germs, heal the skin, and Skinhealth Tablets, 25c., to expel humor germs. All druggists.

Hardna Soap for the Complexion, for pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness, chafing, chapping, rough hands. Nothing will give such a speedy cure. 25c., 3 cakes, 50c.

Send 5c. postage for Free Samples and booklets to PHILO HAY CO., Newark, N. J.

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Fourth and Washington.


# TO EXAMINE TITLES UNDER TORREN'S ACT

## Sponsor for Land Law Suggests H. H. Riddell as Official Examiner.

### COURT HEARS PETITION AND WILL DECIDE LATER

### Millions of Dollars Worth of Property Registered Under Measure in Illinois.

As a friend of the court and in behalf of the people of Multnomah county, Attorney R. C. Wright made a motion in the state circuit court this morning for the appointment of H. H. Riddell as an official examiner of titles, as provided for by the Torrens land law, which was passed by the legislature of 1901 and corrected and re-enacted at the last session. The new law will become effective within a few days, and Mr. Wright believed that the court should sit en banc and consider the matter of the appointment.

In the past four years there had been only 10 applications for the registration of land titles, he said, and the work had been distributed. The fee was only $5 for each case, which was not sufficient remuneration for the labor required. If only one examiner were appointed, the fees would justify him in accepting the office. He had asked Attorney Riddell if he would serve at the fee provided by the statute, and the answer was in the affirmative.

The motion was heard by Judge Sears sitting en banc for Presiding Judge Frazer, and was taken under advisement. A decision will be given by the court sitting en banc. In speaking of the motion after it had been presented to court, Mr. Wright said;

"Errors were made in the law of 1901 and were corrected by me, and the revised law was passed in 1905. I have taken up the matters of books, and forms, which will be necessary for use in the county clerk's office, and I have paid particular attention to the preparations of the summons so that the jurisdiction of the court shall be beyond doubt.

"The law enacted here is the same as that of Illinois, which has been declared constitutional by the supreme court of that state. Under the act millions of dollars' worth of property have been registered in Illinois, and there its benefits have been plainly shown. One of its provisions is that no adverse possession for any length of time holds good against the registered owner. This bars out all squatters' rights, such as, for instance, were asserted in the contest of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company against people who squatted on its property in South Portland and which caused a great deal of litigation.

"The method of registering titles is very simple. An application is filed by the owner in the state circuit court, giving a description of the property and other particulars and the names of any persons who may have claims adverse to the owner's. These persons are made defendants in the proceedings, and so are all others, under the heading 'to whom it may concern.' The application is submitted to the examiner, and upon his report the court makes its decree, and the property is registered by the registrar of titles, who in this state is the county clerk. He issues to the owner a duplicate certificate which shows that he owns the property subject to any mortgages or other claims mentioned, and no mortgage, judgment or lien of any sort can affect the property unless it is entered in the register of titles."

## CALL ARTHUR'S HERO A COMMON GRAFTER

### Enemies of General Stoessel Testify Against Him at His Court Martial.

(Journal Special Service.)

London, May 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard states that the evidence taken by the commission investigating the surrender of Port Arthur is uniformly unfavorable to Stoessel, tending to justify recriminations. Witnesses who served under him testified that he rarely went from his headquarters, and that he devoted his principal energies toward enriching himself by selling provisions, in which he was assisted by his wife.

One witness testified that Mrs. Stoessel owned 40 cows, the milk from which was disposed of at the uniform price of 50 cents a bottle. The only witness who has admitted that he considered affairs in Port Arthur desperate was Captain Reiss, who commanded one of the positions on Tiger's Tail.

Friends of Stoessel declare that the evidence so far given comes from enemies of the former commander of Port Arthur, who cherish animosity toward him because he refused to recommend them for decorations at the hands of the czar.

## RIOTS IN RUSSIA.

### Twelve Cossacks Killed and Injured in Clash With Workmen.

(Journal Special Service.)

Warsaw, May 4.—Rioting occurred in several parts of the city this morning, and further trouble is imminent. The Social Democrats appear determined to enforce the manifesto proclaiming a general strike.

A dispatch from Libau states that comrades attempted to rescue a revolutionary leader from a guard of 12 Cossacks on the street today. A fight followed, in which all the Cossacks were either killed or wounded. The captive escaped with his friends.

### LOCATION OF ARMIES.

(Journal Special Service.)

Gunshu Pass, May 4.—The armies of Nodzu, Oku and Kuroki are concentrated along the line from Tie Pass, with the right flank extended northeast. Kamimura is northeast and Noki west of Tie Pass. This grouping indicates a move on the right flank first when Oyama advances.

## HARRY W. STONE WOULD SERVE AS COUNCILMAN

Harry W. Stone has been nominated for councilman from the Fourth ward by the Prohibitionists. He has already received the indorsement of the municipal league and will likely be indorsed by the independent voters. Mr. Stone is secretary of the local Y. M. C. A.

# STABS MERRILL IN THE REPUTATION

## F. H. Stow Positively States Councilman Wanted Political Aid for Vote.

### WILLING TO TRADE IN THE TELEPHONE FRANCHISE

### Mayoralty Candidate Intimates That Old Company Was Helping Him in Fight.

F. H. Stow flatly denied today that he ever attempted to bribe Councilman Merrill to vote for the automatic telephone franchise or that he ever instructed any of his men to approach Councilman Sherrett with the proposition that the latter's campaign expenses would be paid if he would vote for the franchise.

"Two weeks ago," said Mr. Stow, "a friend of mine saw Merrill, and asked him to vote for the franchise. Merrill asked him what he would do if he was a candidate, and one company promised to finance his campaign while the other company promised him the labor union vote. The man told Merrill if the other side promised to finance his campaign to get the money before the election, for if he did not he would receive nothing. He told Merrill that he would be defeated.

"I went to see Merrill at different times, and when in his office there were always several people present. I said to him once that it looked to me as if he was on the fence, and did not know whether to vote for the franchise and get the labor vote or to accept financial aid from the other company.

"I told him if he felt that the people wanted the telephone franchise and if he could vote for it conscientiously, we would be willing to notify the labor unions of what action he would take in the matter. I told him to let me know his decision. That was the last time I spoke to him.

**Says Merrill Had Proposition.**

"On the other hand Merrill made a proposition to two men interested in our company to the effect that if the company would support him in the campaign he would vote for the franchise, but I told him that we would not pledge ourselves to him, as we did not think he would be elected and did not want him for mayor.

"As far as the charges of Councilman Sherrett are concerned, I know nothing, for I have not spoken to the man and no person was ever authorized to go to him and make any offer such as he stated had been made."

Otto Olston and Allen Brown, who are preparing to apply for a telephone franchise in Portland, and who, if the franchise is secured, will use the automatic system, stated today that they expect the arrival soon of Frank T. Bills of Chicago, who, with his brothers, Fred Bills of Chicago and C. J. Bills, of Lincoln, Nebraska, are interested with and backing their interprise. Mr. Olston said:

"The Bills brothers have installed and are now operating independent telephone systems, using the automatic phones, in Lincoln, Nebraska; Sioux City, Iowa; South Bend, Indiana, in several Ohio towns, and smaller systems in 15 or 20 other towns.

**Wealthy and Fighters.**

"They have an abundance of capital, and they have persistently fought the Bell company and its connections wherever they have entered the field, and have succeeded in worsting it every time.

"We have come to Portland prepared to put in escrow a bond indemnifying the people that we will carry out all promises, and refer to credentials now deposited in the First National bank of Portland, and to Cashier Blum of the First National bank of Chicago, and Cashier Lewis of the Union National bank of Kansas City. Our proposal will be to pay to the city a liberal percentage of the receipts from the company's business, and to charge the average of $3 a telephone a month.

"We would invest at least $1,250,000 in our plant, and are prepared to install it at once.

"Some telegrams were read yesterday in the council, to show that we were not responsible. We were represented as unable to secure the automatic 'phone from the Automatic Electric company. Here are letters (exhibiting them) from the Automatic company showing that we have been negotiating with them, and they will sell the 'phones to anyone who gets the franchise here."

## GASOLINE MOTOR WILL COME DIRECTLY TO COAST

Portland will receive the gasoline motor car as soon as it can be thoroughly tested and brought to the coast. General Manager B. A. Worthington this morning dispelled the false rumors that this triumph of short-haul traffic was to be given a transcontinental tour. He says the car is undergoing tests between Ogden and Salt Lake, where it is being made to answer every requirement of the contractors. Following these exhaustive tests, under the direction of Director of Maintenance Julius Kruttschnitt, the car is to be ordered to the Oregon division and immediately after reaching here will be put on the Portland-Hillsboro run.

Owing to the fact that this type of a car has been made to meet requirements of railway companies near large cities, where traffic is heavy and frequent service demanded, the experiments must of necessity be of the most careful nature. The people are assured that delivery will not be delayed longer than is absolutely necessary.


**Biliousness**

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."
Edward A. Marx, Albany, N.Y.

Best For The Bowels
**Cascarets**
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 802

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES



# SPOKANE AN OPEN TOWN!

FRED T. MERRILL,
The Untrammeled Candidate for Mayor of Portland

Business men did it at the Municipal Election, May 2nd.

**TACOMA**

is forging ahead under an "Open Town" administration.

**Will Portland Stand Still? Business Men! Voters! Think It Over!**

**WATCH THE TRICKS!**

Take no stock in the wild stories circulated by my enemies and other parties running for office. They are trying to head off an honest candidate for a (regulated) "open town." Down with the combinations. No machine should run the city. No gambling trust should run the administration. Exact equality to the rich and the poor, the big and the little fellow.

For a GREATER PORTLAND, a LIVE ADMINISTRATION, Stand by

# FRED T. MERRILL

## Candidate for Mayor of Portland


# NOTED CRIMINAL BEHIND THE BARS

## Fritzie Dhien Was One of the Men Who Robbed the Portland Hotel.

### WAS DIAMOND THIEF ERE HE WAS IN TEENS

### Has Served Time for Some of the Daring Robberies of the Century.

Fritzie Dhien, confined in the city jail on the charge of larceny in connection with the robbery of the cash box of the Portland Hotel rathskeller, is probably the most daring and noted criminal who has ever come into the hand of the local police. He was arrested Monday with two companions, who also have interesting records, and gave the name of J. S. Stafford.

Dhien is 49 years of age, and has been known to the police of various American cities since he was 10 years old. At the age of 12 he was known to the Chicago police as one of the cleverest sneaks and jewelry thieves in the city.

So far as police records go, the Portland hotel job is the most insignificant affair with which he has ever been connected. It is believed that he was broke and was desperate in his efforts to secure enough money to prepare for a more gigantic crime.

His robberies have been confined largely to diamonds, and rare collections of gems have been secured by the swindler by some daring feats. He was 14 years old when he stole a tray in Nashville, Tennessee, containing gems of the value of $10,000.

He was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, but succeeded in escaping after he had failed in two attempts. It was only a short time later that he again achieved notoriety. In November of that year R. E. Kramig, a traveling salesman for a large Cincinnati jewelry house, reached Dayton, Ohio, in the interest of his firm. He called on a number of his patrons, and through a Dayton jeweler, Wahlrab, learned that there was a prosperous saloon man in the city who was desirous of purchasing diamonds for his wife. Wahlrab introduced Kramig to the saloon-keeper and an appointment was made for the two to talk the matter over that evening at the traveling man's hotel.

The commercial man was there at the appointed time, with two grips filled with diamonds, estimated to be worth $20,000. They were shown the saloon man, who was deeply interested and announced his intention of making extensive purchases.

Kramig was about to board a train at the union station that night, when he happened to examine his grips. He discovered that the diamonds were missing; in their places were imitation gems.

Detective Farrell of the Pinkerton agency was detailed on the case, and one of the most famous pieces of detective work on record followed. Farrell was afterwards made chief of police of Dayton for his services, which resulted in the arrest of Fritzie Dhien, who proved to be the prosperous saloon man.

Dhien was born and raised in Dayton. He is a nephew of the notorious "Dutch" Engel, who in his time was one of the most famous criminals in the United States. Dhien is small of stature and when younger was quite handsome; even yet he has a distinguished appearance.

In Albany, N. Y., he committed a diamond robbery, for which he was sentenced to five years' imprisonment under the name of Fred Fischer. After serving the term, he was taken to Nashville to serve the unexpired term there.

In 1891 he was connected with a diamond robbery in Cincinnati and at the trial his friends forced him to jump a $2,500 bond. He was arrested in Hot Springs, Arkansas, and in 1894 was sentenced to seven years in the Ohio penitentiary.

His last job is believed to have been in connection with a diamond robbery in Memphis, Tenn.

## WHITE KEPT SALOON OPEN AFTER HOURS

"Billy" White, who conducts a saloon at 46 North Fourth street, was fined $25 for keeping open during prohibited hours by Police Judge Hogue this morning. The testimony showed that he admitted "Bob" Patterson and later on Captain Bailey into his saloon, shortly before 2 o'clock in the morning.

The charge of keeping open after hours preferred against George Ryan was dismissed for lack of evidence.

### COUNT IN POLICE COURT.

"Count" Fred Polliehkeit was bound over to the circuit court with a bond fixed at $1,000 by Police Judge Hogue this morning. He is accused of stealing a cow from M. C. Brandstrup and slaughtering it near Woodlawn. Albert Raymond and Fred Powell, his alleged accomplices, were also bound over, with a bond of $500 in each case. The latter two were also fined $20 each on city charges.

### WILL IMPROVE THEATRE.

Belasco & Mayer have leased a piece of ground on Fourteenth and Couch streets, near the Belasco theatre, and will build a carpenter shop and scenic studio in connection with their newly acquired property. The property is 50 by 80 feet. Work has commenced on the improvements of the theatre.


**K C Baking Powder**

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**RELIABLE**

Because it is backed by a reliable house of many years standing whose guarantee is as good as gold.

**25 Ounces for 25 Cents**


# MY BUSY DAY SIGN SEEN AT LIBRARY

## Preparations for Entertaining National Association and Moving Take Up Time.

### GREAT CONVENTION WILL MEET HERE NEXT MONTH

### Classification of Books That Will Prove of Interest to Fair Visitors.

The librarian and her assistanst are busy with preparations for the convention of the American Library association in June, and with getting ready for moving when the rooms are ready. The second floor of the building is in the hands of the carpenters and calciminers. All the changes will be made by the middle of June.

In her monthly report to the directors last night, Miss Isom gave the following figures representing the library activities of the past month:

Circulation room—11,355 total attendance, 10,003 total circulation, 61 per cent fiction read. Periodical room—4,805 total attendance. Children's room—4,420 total attendance, 3,557 total circulation, 1,189 pictures circulated, 3,039 total registration. Cataloguing department—935 volumes catalogued during month, 37,116 total number of volumes catalogued in library.

The percentage of fiction read has risen to 61 per cent from 60 per cent, which is a very slight increase for the approaching summer. The close of the work of many of the clubs, and the decrease of literature drawn out by teachers and pupils because of attention turned to fair exhibits and examinations, together with the fact that more fiction is read in the summer months, are responsible for this change.

A special feature is made of the Oregon collection of literature which is being catalogued. This comprises much material in the form of pamphlets and manuscripts which had never been in shape before. Books touching on Oregon history are also included, and the collection will be added to in time, and is expected to become a very valuable one. An effort is being made to get it together before the fair, as there will be much demand for it at that time, and it will be given a special place in the new reference room.

Two assistants have been installed, Miss Burtnett of Philadelphia, temporarily, who will remain through the summer, and who is preparing the new catalogue for the circulating department, and Miss Goetzman of Albany (New York) State Library school. Miss Fox has returned from her vacation in San Francisco, where she visited the neighboring libraries, and attended the meeting of the Californian Library association, and found much enthusiasm over the convention here.

Miss Derrickson, of the circulating department, is arranging an interesting collection of books on municipal improvement, which she thinks will be of interest at this time. These will be placed in a separate case. The collection includes works on municipal sanitation, school improvements in system and in decorations, sewage and the aesthetic sides of a town.

Tomorrow will be observed as bird day in the children's room, and they will be told about the various species of Oregon birds that they may learn to know them at sight. Miss Hassler is contemplating a new system of story hours for the older and younger children separately, when they move into their big new room.

Beet planting in the Grand Ronde valley will end this week, there having been 3,800 acres seeded, 1,200 acres more than any previous season. The company has 5,000 acres in sight for next year.


**Man's Unreasonableness**

Is often as great as a woman's. But Thos. S. Austin, Mgr. of the "Republican," of Leavenworth, Ind., was not unreasonable; when he refused to allow the doctors to operate on his wife for female trouble. Instead, he says, "We concluded to try Electric Bitters. My wife was then so sick she could scarcely leave her bed, and five big physicians had failed to relieve her. After taking Electric Bitters, she was perfectly cured, and can now perform all her household duties." Guaranteed by druggists Cross Pharmacy, sixth and Oak; price 50c. On the way to the poorhouse. Price 50c.


# ELOPERS ARRESTED CASE DISMISSED

## E. M. Russell Escapes Prosecution After Little Conference at Headquarters.

### RAN AWAY WITH WIFE OF ROBERT DELANEY

### Detectives Have Talk With Man, and Woman Returns to Husband.

Mrs. Maggie Delaney ran away from her husband, Robert Delaney, a 'bus driver for the Hotel Arthur, at Spokane, several days ago, in company with Russell, whose home is at Athena, though he has for some time lived at Pendleton. The elopers were traced here by Delaney, who is a nephew of the famous ring trainer of Corbett and Jeffries.

Detectives succeeded in locating Mrs. Delaney yesterday morning, and Russell was taken into custody last night when he went to his room at Park and Yamhill streets. Charges were filed against both by the husband.

Later the police "got busy." Mrs. Delaney was induced to agree to return to her husband, and the latter was advised that it would be better to drop the prosecution on account of the notoriety it would bring his wife. This condition of affairs was brought about after the detectives had held a conference with Russell in the room reserved for their use at police headquarters.

Deputy District Attorney Haney was informed that Delaney did not care to prosecute Russell, as he and his wife had become reconciled.

Acting on this information, Mr. Haney recommended the dismissal of the charge against Russell. Russell went downstairs to get his money, which was in the custody of the police.