

GOOD EVENING.
The Weather.
Tonight and Thursday, occasional
rain; southerly winds.

Oregon Journal

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PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 22, 1905.—FOURTEEN PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

PEACE NOT IN SIGHT IN FAR EASTERN WAR

Germany Denies Having Offered to Mediate Between Russia and Japan to End Manchurian Struggle.

Reign of Terror Exists in Caucasus and Southern Russia—Revolutionists Derail Trains Hurling Them Over Precipices.

(Journal Special Service.)
Berlin, Feb. 22.—The Cologne Gazette, in an editorial apparently inspired by the foreign office, denies that Germany has offered to mediate between Japan and Russia, and adds that the internal disturbances of Russia will retard rather than aid the conclusion of peace.
A London dispatch states that Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain, speaking of peace today said: "So far as Japan can see, the actions of Russia all tend in the direction of continuing the war. There is no real indication that Russia is desirous of peace."
A St. Petersburg dispatch states that the rumors about the car and his advisers have practically agreed upon terms of peace in the far east, along the lines of those submitted by Japan through the agency of the Kaiser.
The terms removed place Korea under Japanese suzerainty, cede Port Arthur and Liao Tung peninsula to Japan. Vladivostok will be declared a neutral port, the eastern Chinese railway to be placed under neutral international administration and Manchuria as far north as Harbin, will be restored as an integral part of China.
The chief hitch in the peace negotiations is said to be the question of indemnity. Russia is not willing to submit to a money payment, and it is stated that the car will risk another battle in the hope of avoiding the payment of indemnity.
It is reported that the car is dissatisfied with the conduct of General Grippenberg while in Manchuria, and that he has not only sustained Kuropatkin, but has ordered Grippenberg to return to his post.

BOMBARDING OYAMA.

(Journal Special Service.)
Tokyo, Feb. 22.—Oyama reports a continuation of the Russian bombardment upon various parts of the Japanese lines. The Russians recently placed a large number of heavy guns at Chichiatum, two miles west of Ta mountain. Kuropatkin is preparing for another great battle and a decisive fight may be expected within a few days. Extensive movements are being made by the Japanese opposite the Russian left flank. Skirmishes continue daily with varying fortunes.
The Japanese government has ordered the immediate construction of 25 torpedo boat destroyers, 15 in the government yards and 10 in private yards.

FEAR VIOLENCE.

(Journal Special Service.)
St. Petersburg, Feb. 22.—Great precautions are being observed for the funeral of Sergius at Moscow tomorrow, and also at Tsarskoe Selo, where a chapel service will be held. Foreign correspondents who intended to send personal representatives, have been told that their presence would embarrass the government.
Grand Duke Paul has returned to Russia to attend the funeral at Moscow, but permission has been refused the grand duchess to enter the empire, and she has returned to Paris. The grand duke has been readmitted to the Russian army, and is at present in conference with the emperor at Tsarskoe Selo.

ANARCHY IN CAUCASUS.

(Journal Special Service.)
Berlin, Feb. 22.—Die Morgan Post reports that the Armenian revolutionists near Baku have detailed a number of trains on the Caucasian railway, hurling them over a precipice. All the occupants of one train were killed. The number of victims is not known. The railroad strike situation is growing worse in southern Russia and a reign of terror exists in Tiflis and the Caucasus. Murders by the Tartars and Armenians are constantly reported. Communication has been cut off, even telegraph lines striking those working being kept with pistols at their heads.
The situation in Poland along the Austrian border is becoming worse. Traffic is completely disorganized. Incoming trains at Warsaw are empty, while those outgoing are filled with people fleeing from the bloody scenes. Disturbances are reported throughout Poland and great anxiety and uneasiness are manifest everywhere.
Baku is panic stricken, business is suspended and armed mobs are rioting. The whole Caucasus region is in revolt. Armenians, Prussians and Caucasians have combined against the car and are seizing arms and munitions from the soldiers, and are holding the governor of the district a prisoner.
Traffic on the Moscow, Kieff and Berdzhai has ceased. A strike has been declared on the Vladivostok railway.

MINE IS NOW FLOODED—ALL ENTOMBED DEAD.

(Journal Special Service.)
Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 22.—Up to 3 o'clock this morning 48 bodies of entombed miners had been recovered from the Virginia mine. The discovery was made during the night that the water pipes had been broken and the mine flooded, making the work of rescue slow.
The coroner has begun a rigid investigation into the cause of the accident, which is believed to be the result of gross negligence on the part of some one.
All of the 116 miners have met death from the explosion of Monday afternoon. Fifty three bodies were removed up to noon. Five men were brought to the surface alive, but died immediately upon exposure to the outer air.

PHILIPPINE TARIFF ON SUGAR IS REDUCED.

(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, Feb. 22.—The house committee on ways and means, by a vote of 9 to 1, today authorized a favorable report on the bill reducing the tariff duties on tobacco and sugar from the Philippines to 25 per cent of the Dingley rates.

MILLION-DOLLAR BLAZE DESTROYS MOTOR WORKS.

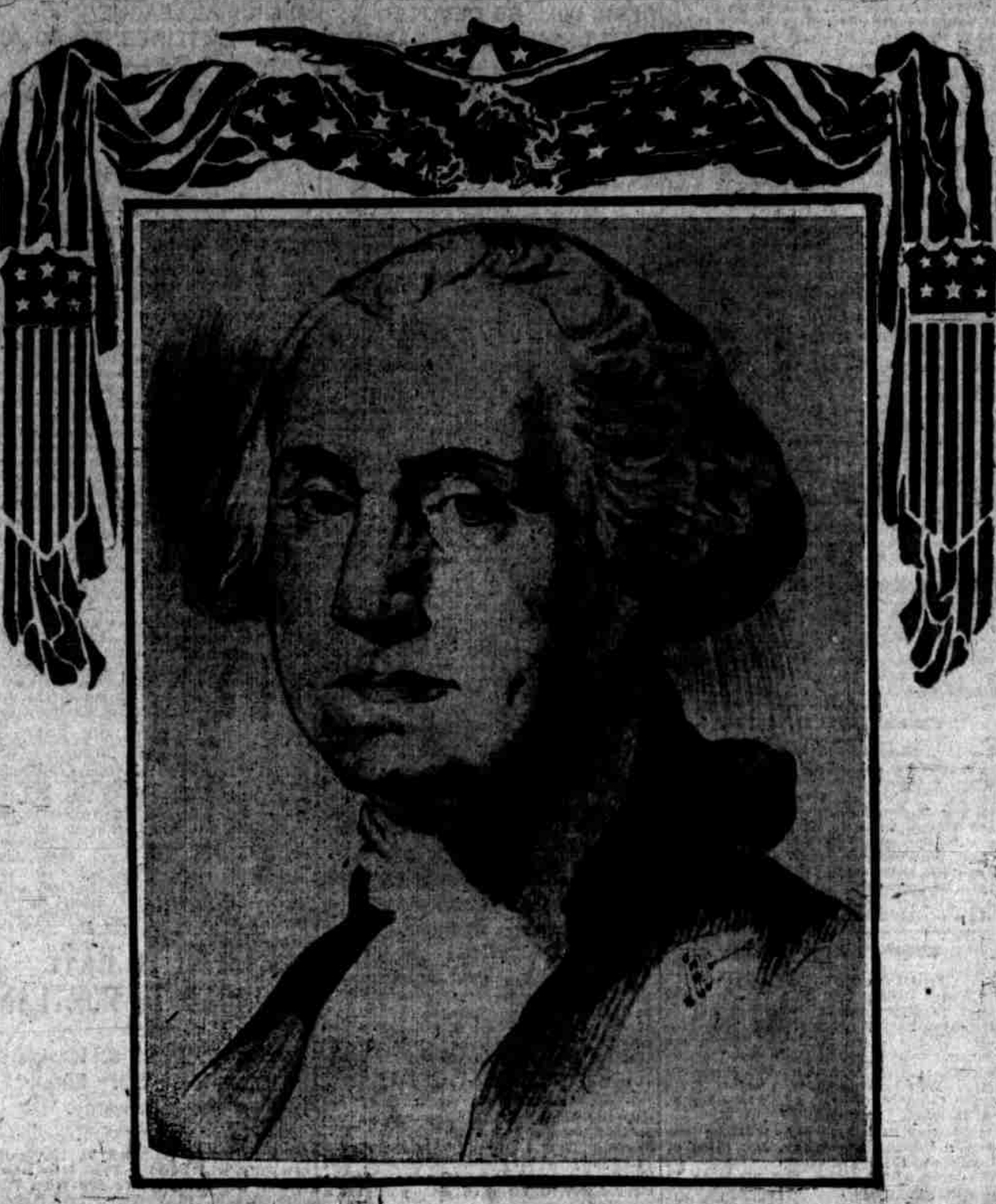
(Journal Special Service.)
London, Feb. 22.—Fire today destroyed several establishments at Longacre, the center of the motor-car carriage industry, causing a loss of \$1,250,000.

AGED MAN CRUELLY TORTURED FOR GOLD.

(Journal Special Service.)
Chicago, Feb. 22.—Burned with matches and brutally beaten, John Collins, 80 years old, was robbed of his savings in his home in this city last night. Nicholas Wagner and Fred Anderson, 25 years old, were arraigned for the crime. While counting pennies, which numbered 1,500, the robbers broke into the house and the old man looked into the muzzle of two revolvers.
"This is all I have," he cried. "Won't you let me keep that? I am 80 years old and cannot live without money."

ROME BAKERS STRIKE; ARMY MAKING BREAD.

(Journal Special Service.)
Rome, Feb. 22.—The strike of bakers has become general, and the government has ordered army bakers to prepare bread.
ACQUOSED SENATOR BLAME.
(Journal Special Service.)
Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 22.—The condition of Senator Emmons, one of the senators accused of boodling, who was operated upon Tuesday for appendicitis, continues grave. His recovery is doubtful.



First in War, First in Peace, First in the Hearts of His Countrymen.

CAUGHT IN A SEWER BY TANGLE OF ROOTS.

Cleaner Gets Wedged Into Underground Pipe Covered With Slime.

WITHIN HAIR'S BREADTH OF A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Unable to Move Forward or Backward in an Eighteen-Inch Pipe.

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AVENUE OF TREES SET ACROSS FRESNO COUNTY.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Fresno, Cal., Feb. 22.—What is possibly the greatest tree planting in the history of California is that in Fresno county today, when women and school children turned out along the road from this city to the county line across the plains and planted 2,500 trees. Special trains, automobiles, and other varieties of conveyance carried people to points between here and Kingsburg, 22 miles. All were armed with shovels and spades. People from Fresno, Fowler, Selma, Reedley and Kingsburg divided the road into districts, and ranchers from along the route joined in the work. The plan is to plant trees along the road 224-across the county, which is 65 miles wide. Nearly half of the work will be completed by sundown tonight.

SOLON SHOWS \$100, SAYING IT'S A BRIBE.

Representative Baker in Indiana Legislature Accuses Tobacco Trust.

ANTI-CIGARETTE BILL IS INSTANTLY PASSED.

Makes It Unlawful to Carry Paper Smokes—Inquiry Into Corruption Charge.

INDIANS PROTEST.

Delegation at Washington Working Against Losing Their Lands.

ELEVEN JURORS FAVOR DEATH FOR WEBER.

(Journal Special Service.)
Anheim, Cal., Feb. 22.—The jury before which Adolph Weber was tried for murder is still out. The jurors cannot agree on the form of punishment. One juror is still holding out for life imprisonment, the rest are voting for hanging.

BRYAN HOLDS NO INDIAN OIL LANDS.

Denies Charge of Kansas Producers That He is Interested in Leases.

KATY ROAD INVOLVED IN CONSPIRACY CASE.

Four States Offer Aid to Topeka Legislature in its Battle With Standard Oil.

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LAW IN A NUTSHELL

What the Direct Primary Nominations Measure Means Clearly Told.

METHOD OF NAMING PLACE ON THE TICKET.

No Conflict With Charter, and Registration of Voters Will Provide Means For Use of Law Next June.

The direct primary nominations law is a measure taken from the party convention the nomination of candidates and giving to the voters of each party the exclusive power of selecting all candidates of that party who shall stand for election to office, leaving as the sole function of a political convention the suggesting of a policy to be followed by the party.
Although the amendment that incorporated this into the constitution of the state fills 48 pages of printed matter, it is simple and easily understood. The method of procedure is:
Any citizen of the commonwealth may declare in writing his intention to be a candidate for nomination of his party for any municipal, county, judicial or state office, by filing with the city auditor, county clerk, or secretary of state, according to which election is to be held, a statement of his purpose to be a candidate, in doing which he is permitted to announce in not more than 100 words the platform of principles which he will favor if elected.
Signatures Required.
This declaration must be sent by registered mail to the clerical officer, city, county or state. A copy is then circulated by the candidate or his friends, attached to a petition which must be signed by two per cent of the voters of his party in the last congressional election, securing which his name shall be placed upon the official ballot for nomination by his party. In this city this will require 136 signatures. The signers must reside at least in five per cent of the precincts of the governmental division in which the election is to be held, which in this city will be twelve.
Any number of citizens may thus declare their intention to be candidates for nomination, and the one receiving a majority of the votes cast at the primary election shall be the only candidate of his party for the office for which he is running. No other candidate for that office may be placed on the official ballot under the name of that party.
Only Two Parties This Year.
Thirty days before the time for holding the primary election, which this year will be May 8, the city auditor, if it is to be a city election, shall give notice that a primary election is to be held for the election of candidates for city offices. All political parties that cast 25 per cent of the total vote for congressional candidates in the last general election shall be entitled to take part in the primary nominations, which in this election will be only the Republican and Democratic. This year the city auditor's notice must be given on April 1.
In order to vote in the primary nomination election, the voter shall have registered his name, place of residence, occupation and the political party to which he belongs, or, if he be an independent, he may declare his non-partisanship when he registers.
Nomination of candidates by a political party in any other manner is prohibited, and no candidate may use the name of a political party unless he shall have received a majority of the votes cast in the primary nomination election for the office for which he is running.
The primary nominations law applies to cities of more than 5,000 population, as well as to county, judicial, congressional and state elections.
Law Requires Re-Registration.
When a city election is to be held, it is made the duty of the county clerk to open the registration books 30 days before April 15, which will be this year March 16, for the registration of voters who were not enrolled in the preceding registration, or who may wish to record a change of residence. This provision is contained in the city charter. No mention of the re-registration of voters previously registered is made in the charter, but the direct nominations law specifically provides that voters shall be re-registered as to party affiliations, so that the law is construed to require re-registration in order to comply with the provisions of the direct nominations law. The opinion is prevalent that there is
(Continued on Page Two.)

"TEDDY'S AN LL. D.

President Receives Degree From University of Pennsylvania.

KAISER ALSO HONORED AS IS ADMIRAL CLARK.

President Received With Ovation by Students and Citizens and Makes Speech of Acceptance.

(Journal Special Service.)
Philadelphia, Feb. 22.—In a private car attached to a regular express train President Roosevelt and party left Washington at 7:40 o'clock this morning for Philadelphia, where the president addressed the students of the University of Pennsylvania and received the degree of doctor of laws. He arrived at 10:40 o'clock and was received with a public ovation at the station. He was escorted by the First City Troop to the Academy of Music, where the exercises were held.
The arrival of the president was the signal for a great welcoming demonstration from the hundreds of students and other persons filling the big theatre. Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, "public orator," in the annual conferring of honorary degrees, introduced each candidate to Provost Harrison, who conferred the honors, and on each candidate placed the hood or gown peculiar to the degree. After conferring of degrees President Roosevelt, who was the orator of the day, delivered his address. At the close of the exercises the president and other distinguished visitors took lunch with the First City Troop at their armory.
In addition to the president, Kaiser William, Admiral Clark, Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, British ambassador and Senator Knox received the degree of doctor of laws.
The president left for Washington this afternoon.
GIFT FROM FRANCE.
Replica of d'Angers' Bust of Washington Presented to Congress.
(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 22.—M. Jusserand, the French ambassador, on behalf of the people of France, today presented to Congress the bronze bust of George Washington, which, like the Bartholdi statue at New York and the Lafayette statue in this city, is a testimonial to the nation in which this country is held by the stars and stripes across the seas. Simple but impressive ceremonies accompanied the presentation and acceptance of the gift, the speakers including several senators and representatives in addition to the French ambassador.
The bust, which is of bronze, mounted on a beautiful marble pedestal, is a replica of the original bust made by the sculptor David d'Angers in 1823. The cost of the bust was defrayed by public subscriptions collected throughout France. The list of subscribers was headed by the names of the descendants of the French officers who fought in the American Revolution, among them being the Comte de Rochambeau, the Marquis de Lafayette and the Marquis de Grasse.
OBSERVED IN NEW YORK.
(Journal Special Service.)
New York, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday was generally observed as a holiday in the metropolis, though there was no official celebration. Public and private offices, the exchanges and a majority of the national stores were closed, and in the downtown district little business was transacted. At Delmonico's tonight the Sons of the Revolution will hold their twenty-second annual dinner. Governor Higgins, General Grant and President Wilson of Princeton are among the scheduled speakers.
DAY IN CONGRESS.
(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 22.—Probably no city of the country observes Washington's birthday so generally as does the national capital, and today proved no exception to the custom of former years. All the executive departments of the government were closed, and exercises were held under the auspices of the various patriotic organizations.
On the opening of the senate the chaplain referred to the life and character of the first president. The galleries were crowded with visitors who listened attentively to the reading by Mr. Perkins
(Continued on Page Two.)

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