

All for Half Past-Seven Dollars

Sounds Odd But It's a Fact

THE CHICAGO

The Big Store in the Middle of the Block

69-71-73 Third Street

Between Oak and Pine

For Seven-and-a-Half Dollars



You can be a well dressed man. This sale of pure all-wool and worsted Suits is impressing with Herculean force the fact on the people's mind that the store stands prominently alone as Portland's most powerful value-givers of highest class clothing. No matter how low the prices we quote, the high standard and essential qualifications that are embodied in fine and satisfactory clothing are never sacrificed. You never have to discount any promise we make. Your trade is a corner stone of our future success, and we hope to secure it, and promise to retain it by always giving you entire satisfaction in every article bought **AND SAVE YOU MONEY.**

These Suits Consist of

\$12.00
\$15.00 and
\$18.00

Double and single breasted sack and cutaway designs, in pure all-wool, domestics and imported Scotch tweeds, chevots, cassimere, choice union fancy and all-wool clay worsted. The materials are all of standard and

high class manufacture, in over 50 separate and distinct colors and styles of pattern, black, gray, stripes, plaids, overshots, check and neat mixtures. Crouse & Brandegee, Cahn, Wampold & Co. and Kohn Bros. are the wholesale tailors that produced these suits. They were made to retail at \$12, \$15 and a lion's share at \$18. They are unquestionably the grandest bargains we have ever offered. But The Chicago can always be depended upon to give the greatest values on the coast. We can fit you as there are all sizes from 34 to 44 bust in regular, also stout and tall men's special shapes, but not all sizes in every lot.

To the Pantry for Pants Bargains

Choice of about 800 pairs, in all wool and union worsted, 30 to 44 waist, broken lots, worth to \$3.50.

\$1.85

A regular picnic for pants buyers: over 500 pairs to choose from, in form-fitting and peg top shapes, tailor-made, \$3.50 to \$4.50 values.

\$2.35

Gives you choice of over 600 pairs of extra quality tailor-made Pants, in the most desirable of merchant-tailor styles; splendid \$5 to \$6 values.

\$3.35

Boys' Knee Pants Suits

\$4, \$4.50, \$5 and \$6

Suits in browns, reffer, Norfolk and plain double-breasted styles. This elegant offering contains more than a score of styles in sizes from 2 1/2 to 14, but not complete in all lots.

The Children's Department

Contains some grand price advantages in odd Knee Pants, Caps, Shirts, Underwear and all the other fittings that boys require.

AS BEEN PARTIALLY RELIEVED

Bingham's Measure Exempting Non-Production Companies, Passed the Senate.

ASSURANCE GOVERNOR WILL NOT VETO THE BILL

Miners Joyful Over This Result, But Will Organize to Further Protect Industry.

Last evening Representative I. H. Bingham telephoned the president of the Oregon Miners' Association that his measure, house bill No. 159, had passed the senate and would become a law. The assurance is based on the fact that Governor Chamberlain is understood to be friendly to the motive of relieving non-productive mining companies from a corporation tax.

Mining men of the city were highly pleased with the result of work at Salem. Owing to the active opposition of certain interests in the senate, conspicuous among which was Senator R. A. Booth, mining men began to fear that they would be burdened for another two years with the body law in full force and effect. The aggressive work done in the house by Representatives Bingham and Smith and the championship of Dr. Coe in the senate, returned and assurance is now had that the mining company which has nothing but the privilege of expending money will not be burdened with a corporation tax.

The first two sections of the bill as originally introduced by Representative Bingham in the house, cover the scope of the exemption, and show what a company must do to avail itself of the privilege. These sections read:

"Every corporation formed or organized under and pursuant to the laws of the state of Oregon, whether now existing or hereafter created for the purpose of engaging in the business of mining for any of the precious metals and whose business it shall be to engage in such business only, shall, during the month of June of each year and on or before July of each year, furnish to the secretary of state, upon blanks to be supplied by him for that purpose, a correct statement sworn to by one of its officers, before some officer authorized in this respect by law, setting forth in detail the name of the corporation, the location of its principal office, the name of its president, secretary and treasurer thereof, with the postoffice address of each, the date of the annual election of officers and directors of such corporation, the amount of the authorized capital stock, the number of shares and par value of each share, the amount of the capital stock subscribed, the amount of the capital stock issued, the amount of the capital stock paid up, the amount of its properties within the state and where the same is located, also stating in general terms the amount of work done thereon and improvements made thereon since the time of filing the last annual report; also a statement of the amount and the value of the annual output or products of the mines of such corporation between January 1 and December 31 of the year preceding, and that said corporation is not engaged in or transacting any other business except that of locating, prospecting, developing or operating mines for precious metals; and any such mining corporation whose annual output or products shall not exceed in value the sum of \$1,000, shall thereupon be exempt from the payment of the annual license fee as now provided by law, but in lieu thereof shall pay an annual fee of \$10; provided, that no such corporation shall be required to make such statement if it shall file the statement and pay the annual license fee required by this act to provide for the licensing of domestic corporations and foreign corporations, joint stock companies and associations, etc., approved February 16, 1922, or hereafter required by law.

"On or before July 15 of each year the secretary of state shall file with the state treasurer a statement, showing the amount of license fee due, as ascertained in the foregoing manner, from the different corporations mentioned. Every such corporation shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the state treasurer the license fee as hereinbefore mentioned. Any such corporation failing to pay to render such statement, or to amend the same when required to do so by the secretary of state, in the case the same shall be incomplete, irregular, or unsatisfactory, or to pay such

THINK IT OVER.

Something You Can See in Any Restaurant or Cafe.

A physician puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner, the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables, men whose ages run from 40 to 50 years; many of them bald and all perhaps gray, but none of them feeble or senile?

Perhaps the spectacle is so common as to have escaped your observation, comment, but nevertheless it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating you will observe that they are not munching bran crackers, nor eating gingerly picking their way through a menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary, they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton, and even the delectable broiled lobster is not altogether ignored.

The point of all this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food, and that upon dieting and an endeavor to live upon bran crackers.

There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat, coffee, and many other good things are rank poisons, but these cadaverous, sickly-looking individuals are a walking condemnation of their own theories.

The matter is a nutshell in that if the stomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient quantities any wholesome food will be promptly digested; if the stomach does not do so, and if the foods cause distress, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty because they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydro-chloric acid, diastase and such.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act upon the bowels, and in fact are not strictly a medicine, as they act entirely upon the food eaten, digesting it thoroughly, and thus giving a much-needed rest and giving an appetite for the next meal.

Of people who travel nine out of ten use Stuart's Tablets, believing that they are them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion in any form, and sailing as they have to, at all hours and all kinds of climates, as they have for years have placed their faith in Stuart's Tablets.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full-sized packages, and any druggist from Maine to California, if his opinion were asked, will say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble.

license fee, for more than 30 days after the times above specified, or any corporation, joint stock company, or association doing business in this state contrary to this act, shall be liable to a fine of \$100, to be recovered, together with any license fee due, by an action at law in the state, to be instituted by any district attorney of the state at request of the secretary of state. The annual license fee required by this act shall be paid in advance for the fiscal year beginning July 1 of each year, and in case of new corporations formed during the fiscal year, the first year's fee shall be proportionate to such fraction of a year.

Some of the arguments advanced against exempting non-productive mining properties were that such concerns were in no respect different from other business enterprises that had not yet reached the producing stage. Senator Booth cited lumber milling plants, and said many of them had not paid the past year, yet they were taxed by the corporation law and also the county assessor. Some members of the legislature held to the argument that the real mining interests did not oppose the corporation law, but that wildcat promoters did. Mining men persisting in an unproved prospect could not be likened to other property which had a definite, measurable value. Such a property might be worth nothing after many thousands of dollars had been expended opening it, and certainly there was no human intelligence that could peer into the ground and say positively what would be developed in the way of commercial mineral. A sawmill or other business institution occupied a different position, for it had assets in sight, which might be used in other locations. The prospect could be moved, and the further one that no other state of the great west burdens its non-productive mining enterprises as Oregon has, mining interests passed the bill in the senate with a good majority.

Members of the Oregon Miners' association have championed this measure of relief as the best that could be had at the present time, but officers have expressed the determined purpose of following up the campaign persistently until they give mining the same chances and opportunities in this state that it enjoys in other western mineral districts. The association will be more thoroughly organized, so that it can figure in the next elections, and will proceed along more definite and positive lines of action.

WHITE SWAN TROUBLE SEEMS NEVER TO DOWN

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Baker City, Or., Feb. 11.—The troubles of the White Swan Mines Co., Ltd., do not appear to have ended with the entire elimination of Bailles, if statements made here by the new president of the company, C. H. King of Wabash, Ind., are verified. Mr. King and Ole Sear of Lake Mills, Iowa, arrived in Baker Wednesday from San Francisco, where they had attended the annual meeting, and both became members of the new directorate. They said they came here to investigate the affairs of the mine since C. H. Stuller had been made manager. They are not satisfied with the condition of the finances. It is reported that since the reorganization something like \$25,000 has been received from various sources and the expenditures have about consumed that sum, without any work having been done at the property. To those with whom they have been in consultation they have also stated there are several damage suits and attachments pending which they do not consider Mr. Stuller has taken proper care of.

It is regarded a possibility that a change in management will be made while these officers are here. In the meantime Manager Stuller is having supplies sent to the mine, and says that a little preliminary work will be done this spring in getting ready for extensive operations early next July. He claims to have full authority to go ahead with the work planned, that there are no differences of which he has any knowledge within the present directorate, and that all funds are easily and readily accounted for.

GRANITE HILL STRIKE IMPROVES AT DEPTH

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Grants Pass, Or., Feb. 11.—Granite Hill continues the sensation of the district. The rich ore mined on the 300 level in the east drift is the best average rock found in this camp for a long time, and may prove of even greater importance, as the shoot continues and is satisfactorily established to be the Jimmie ore body, which was mined in the old adit workings.

The drift is more than 500 feet from the shaft, giving in excess of 400 feet of vertical depth, and just 300 feet depth under the old adit. The vein is exceptionally strong, having a width of seven to ten feet, and the quartz filling is massive and highly mineralized.

KELLY TO PUT LARGE EQUIPMENT ON I X L

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Greenhorn, Or., Feb. 11.—Developments on the lower level of the I X L continue to improve. The east drift, which entered a good body of ore recently, is in still better shape, and Manager Kelly's opinion that this work is cutting at depth the rich shoot opened above seems to be fully confirmed. When exploration

HARRIMAN OFFICIALS MAKING TOUR OF LINES

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Colfax, Wash., Feb. 11.—P. C. Stohr, assistant traffic director of all the Harriman lines, is making a tour of Washington, Oregon and Idaho in his private car, accompanied by R. B. Miller, general freight agent of the O. R. & N. Co.; D. W. Campbell, division superintendent, with headquarters at Tekoa; and Clyde S. Hanswalt, assistant to Mr. Miller. Mr. Stohr recently resigned his position of general traffic manager of the Chicago & Northwestern system.

"We are anticipating an immense travel from the middle west to the Lewis and Clark exposition," said Mr. Stohr.

General Freight Agent Miller, concerning the report that southeastern Washington was discriminated against in the matter of wheat and flour rates to eastern points, said: "It is true that rates vary in different sections of the state, but I am sure that we can explain this difference in a manner to satisfy every one and it is our intention to make this explanation. We have reduced the rate on immigration movables, in carload lots, 33 1/3 per cent. This is equivalent to a reduction of \$50 per car. This departure is taken with a view to encouraging immigration, and it will be effective through the months of February, March and April."

Thompson Automatic Window Screen

Agents wanted to sell exclusive rights in territory or to sell this screen

W. J. COOK

At Muck Hardware Company, Second and Morrison streets, Portland, Or.

1905 ANNOUNCEMENT

NEW MODELS of the famous **DIRTY CYCLES** and **Remember** Bicycles have arrived.

ATHLETIC GOODS and **Cutlery**

This branch of our business embraces a fine assortment of **POCKET KNIVES**, **RAZORS**, **REACH BASE-BALL GOODS**, **DOG COLLARS**, **KEYS**

Write for catalogue

MONOGRAM

LUBRICANTS

The most satisfactory automobile oils on the market. All grades carried.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BALLOU & WRIGHT

New Home in the Fenton Block 86 SIXTH STREET