

GOOD EVENING
Tonight fair, Tuesday
light clouds and cooler; winds
mostly northerly.

DID YOU NOTICE THE SUNDAY
JOURNAL? YOU MISSED BIG
NEWS IF YOU DIDN'T READ IT

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ENGLAND BRINGS RUSSIA TO BOOK FOR SINKING FISHERMEN AND HAS SQUADRON READY TO INTERCEPT BALTIC FLEET

Advices from London this afternoon are that a state of violent excitement and resentment exists in that city due to the unprovoked bombardment of a fleet of Hull fishing boats by the Russian Baltic fleet Saturday morning, as the latter was making its way out of the North sea on its trip to the orient.

In the mist of the early morning the fishermen were surprised by a call from a torpedo boat, which retreated rapidly to the main fleet without hailing. Immediately after a furious bombardment took place, in which the steam trawler Crane was sunk and the steam trawlers Moulmein and Mino badly damaged.

Accounts agree that had the marksmanship of the Russians been better the entire fleet would have been destroyed, as it is estimated that no less than 300 shots were fired at a range of a quarter of a mile. The news of the firing and the loss of two lives on board the Crane reached London through Hull.

Prompt action has been taken by Great Britain, not only in the North sea case, but it is presumed the protest referred to other acts of the Baltic fleet as well.

Great Britain received the news of the North sea incident with indignation, which was added to later by a report which was later confirmed from Portsmouth, that the Baltic fleet had carried its unprecedented actions farther by holding up and searching a British merchantman at England's very doors, off the Isle of Wight.



ARTHUR J. BALFOUR
Premier of England.

The British minister for foreign affairs, Lansdowne, was out of London when the news was received there yesterday, but hastened to his offices and held a consultation there this afternoon. He has as witnesses survivors from the trawling fleet.

That his inquiries merely confirmed the first reports was shown when late in the evening a message was sent to Ambassador Scott, who represents Great Britain in St. Petersburg. The message was not made public, but it is practically certain that it contained a vigorous protest and demand for explanation concerning the North sea affair and the unwarranted stoppages and interferences with commerce entirely away from the scene of war.

The Russian embassy in London this afternoon issued the following statement regarding the North sea incident:

"Admiral Rodjestvensky is undoubtedly not responsible for the order to fire on the fishermen, as he has gone ahead with the first section of the fleet.

"The fact probably is that the fleet did not see the lights of the fishing fleet and mistook the rockets fired from one of the trawlers for a hostile signal.

"The fact that the fleet steamed away after the firing, was probably due to the belief that no damage had been done.

"We are compelled to await news from St. Petersburg before we can explain the matter fully, and no news has as yet arrived."

Kuropatkin Orders His Forces to Resume the Offensive.

JAPANESE ARE REPULSED

Small Night Attacks the Only Action Since the Battle a Few Days Ago—Stoessel at Port Arthur Hopeful.

(Journal Special Service.)
St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—General Kuropatkin reports this morning as follows: "Saturday night and Sunday passed very quietly. The Russian volunteers harassed the enemy, and the Japanese attempted a night attack on our outposts, but were repulsed."
The two armies are within rifle shot of each other, and General Kuropatkin has ordered a renewal of the offensive. This action on his part is looked upon here as being a matter of more than ordinary significance. It is thought that Kuropatkin has arrived at a knowledge as to the position and strength of the opposing force that confronts him and in all probability believes that he sees his way clear to repulse them and eventually succeed in giving relief to Stoessel at Port Arthur.

Stoessel Determined to Fight to the Last Man.

(Journal Special Service.)
St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—A returned officer tells the following gruesome story of the fighting on the Trenches to Mukden: "The Japanese continually tricked our men during night fighting by shooting in Russian, which scores of them seem to know. During the confused fighting which took place on our retreat we fired a volley into a brown mass of men, to be met with the appalling answer, 'No strelatze, mui Ruskie.' (Don't fire, we are Russians). Our soldiers ceased firing, and were immediately met by a volley which knocked a dozen men over. Our men were furious enough to butcher their own parents. They surrounded the Japanese and slaughtered every one of them, giving no quarter. The next night a similar incident occurred. But hearing the treacherous words, 'We are Russians,' our men refused to cease firing. Luckily the shooting was bad for the 'Japs,' instead of shooting back, groaned and swore in unmistakably genuine Russian. When we got over to them we found that we had been firing on our own men. A number were severely wounded."

Official Report of Killed and Wounded on Shalke Given Out.

(Journal Special Service.)
St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—The following official list of Russians killed and wounded during the fighting on the Shalke river from October 11 to 19 was given out today:
Killed, one general, 237 officers, 15,650 men.
Wounded, 3 generals, 303 officers 24,730 men.
Guns lost, 37.
Guns taken, 51.
Russians captured, 303.
Prisoners lost, 187 taken by Japanese.

700 PRISONERS TAKEN.

Corpses Found on Shalke Battlefield Number 12,000.

(Journal Special Service.)
Tokio, Oct. 24.—(Special Service) further information regarding the battle on Shalke river shows the number of Russians taken prisoners to be 700, and the corpses found on the battlefield numbered 12,000.

JAPANESE LOSE 300.

(Journal Special Service.)
Rome, Oct. 24.—A dispatch from Tokyo states that the Japanese losses in the Shalke battle were 300 killed and 300 wounded.

FINE SYSTEM FOR MACHINES

Nickel-in-the-Slot Machines May Operate Once More—Fine Will Be \$5 a Quarter.

After being prohibited from operating for four weeks, the ban has been relaxed on the counter nickel-in-the-slot machines, and they were permitted to operate, beginning at 1 o'clock today. This was brought about through a number of conferences between certain members of the city council and a committee from the local cigar merchants. Mayor Williams has also concurred in the agreement.

According to the compact counter machines for merchandise, only are allowed to operate. November 1 owners of machines will be forced to pay a fine of \$5 a quarter to the city as a penalty for each machine. This will not be collected as a license, but as a fine.

It is understood that the ordinance prohibiting slot machines will stand and will be held over the heads of the dealers in case any of them should attempt to shirk the fine. In such case the one refusing to pay the fine will be brought into court.

The police will not interfere with the running of the machines as the mayor has consented to withdraw his objections to them. It is also understood that Sheriff Word is not averse to allowing them to operate.

By collecting \$5 a quarter from each of the merchandise machines in this city a large revenue will be derived. It is estimated that there were about 1,500 machines in operation. If each of these paid a license of \$5 per quarter into the city the revenue each quarter from this source would amount to \$7,500.

Last March an ordinance was passed by the city council prohibiting all nickel-in-the-slot machines, merchandise machines included. It was not enforced until about four weeks ago, when by order of the council the mayor was demanded to ask the chief of police to prohibit the machines from operating. The machines went out of commission. Previous to this time Sheriff Word caused the machines to be taken from the counters for a period of three days and they were then allowed to be replaced.

LOSES JEWELS TO VALUE OF \$25,000

(Journal Special Service.)
Albany, N. Y., Oct. 24.—The police in all parts of the country were notified today of the loss of \$25,000 worth of jewelry by Mrs. B. P. Gavit of this city, the wife of the secretary of the Municipal Gas company, and a daughter of Anthony N. Brady, the well-known millionaire gas operator.

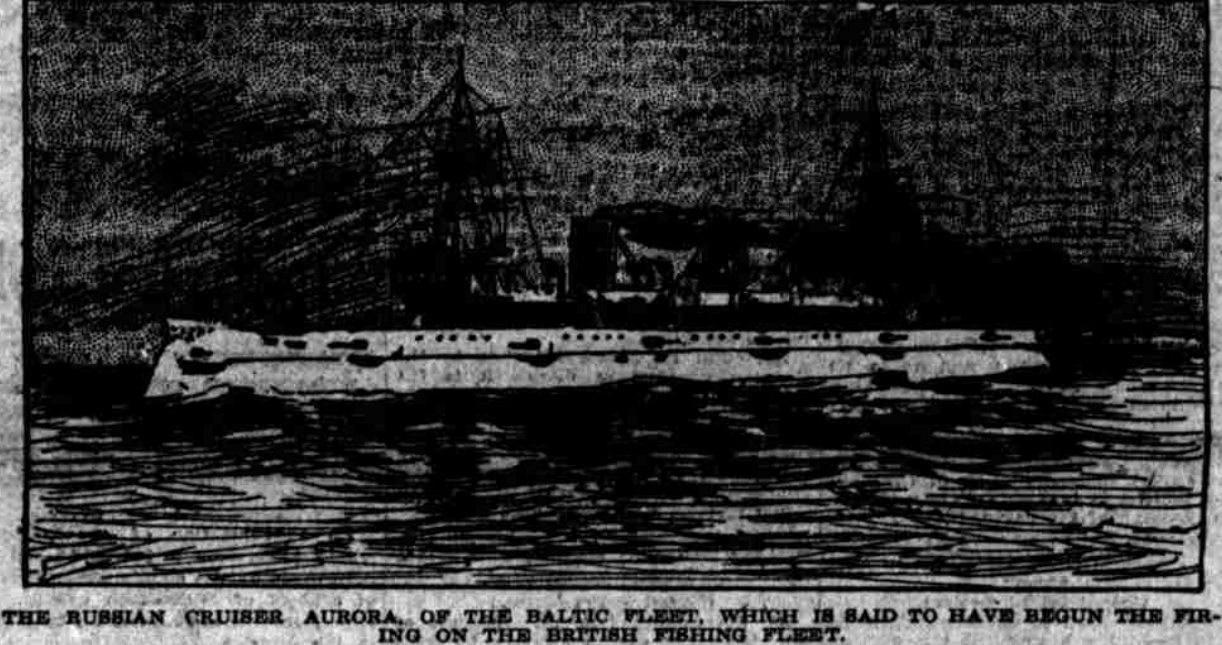
Mrs. Gavit left a small hand satchel containing the jewelry in a seat at the Grand Central station, New York city.

OLDS LAW IS UPHOLD.

(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.—The supreme court today, in the case of *Chit* against the United States, again sustained the constitutionality of the oleomargarine law.

ATTACKS U. S. NAVY WITH A SHOTGUN

(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.—The first attack on United States war vessels since the Spanish war occurred October 20 at Fox Island, Tangier Sound, Maryland. The attacking party was an Irish Marylander, who fired "both barrels" at the crew of the torpedo boat stationed at Tangier Sound. The "enemy" has apologized to the navy department. The Marylander is the owner of large oyster preserves on the island. He keeps a sharp lookout for pirates, and it is not an unusual thing for him



THE RUSSIAN CRUISER AURORA, OF THE BALTIC FLEET, WHICH IS SAID TO HAVE BEGUN THE FIRING ON THE BRITISH FISHING FLEET.

WALTON TELLS HIS TALE OF STREET CAR HOLDUP

Two witnesses placed upon the stand for the defense at the trial of Charles W. Walton on the charge of murderously assaulting Policeman Ole Nelson gave testimony before Circuit Judge Cleland and a jury this morning which created something in the nature of a sensation. Mrs. C. Johnson, proprietress of the Ruby house, at Third and Alder streets, where Walton had a room, and O. C. Ellis, a real estate agent, swore that September 10 two men called to see Mrs. Walton, both stating that one of them was called "Paddy," shot Nelson.

Walton himself occupied the stand for about 10 minutes. His story in the main was the same as has already appeared in print. His explanation of a number of circumstances tending strongly to show his guilt, if manufactured, showed considerable ingenuity.

Pawnbroker First Witness.

B. F. Backman, a pawnbroker, was the first witness. He testified that last August 9 a .38-caliber bulldog revolver was pawned at his place by a young man giving the name of Foster Blair. This man looked like the defendant, but he was unable to swear that Blair and Walton were the same person. When Walton took the stand afterward he swore that he was the person who pawned the revolver, and that it was the only one he ever had. The cartridges in his pocket, he said, were the ones contained in this revolver. They had been left in a suit which he had not worn for some time prior to the night of the hold-up and shooting.

W. I. Watson, a nephew of the restaurant-keeper, said he had always understood Walton bore a good reputation. On cross-examination by District Attorney Manning he admitted sympathizing with the prisoner in his present plight.

H. H. Wright, a music dealer, thought the reputation of the prisoner good previous to the charge of holding up a streetcar and shooting Policeman Nelson, being brought against him. He admitted having known Walton for only two weeks prior to the commission of this crime.

Mrs. C. Johnson then took the stand. She testified that on September 9 and 10 two men called at the Ruby house to see Mrs. Walton. One wore a dark suit with a light hat. He was round shouldered and about 5 feet 8 inches tall. The other was called "Paddy." She overheard one of them say the other had shot Policeman Nelson and that he was

wrong in his head." He said, so the witness testified, that his friend would be surrendered into custody if the policeman died.

O. C. Ellis, the realty agent, declared that he was at the Ruby house for a short time September 10 and stayed there until Mrs. Johnson went down town. During her absence two men called to see Mrs. Walton. They appeared disappointed because she was not in. One was of medium build and dark complexion, the other slighter of build and round shouldered. The older man went a part of the way down the steps with the other and handed him a revolver.

"He asked me if I noticed anything peculiar about the man to whom he had handed the revolver," said Ellis. "I said no, and he told me the man had been in an insane asylum. This man, he claimed, was not exactly right in his head and had had trouble with Policeman Nelson, whom he had shot, instead of young Walton. He added that if Nelson died the shooter would be surrendered into custody. I asked him why he gave the man a revolver and he said that was all right, that others were waiting outside to take care of him."

Kept Secret from Police.

On cross examination Ellis admitted that he had not told the police anything of the occurrence but had told his partner all about it several days afterward.

"I did not believe the story told me. That is the reason I did not say much about it," said Ellis.

The defense then rested its case. Deputy District Attorney Moser opened for the prosecution. He declared that the mask of innocence had been torn from Walton's face and called attention to the positive character of the evidence and the articles introduced to prove the statements made and belittled the nature of the defense. Attorney Rayer will address the jury for the defense this afternoon and District Attorney Manning will close for the state.

CHEAT'S EXECUTIONER BY HANGING HIMSELF

(Journal Special Service.)
New York, Oct. 24.—Pugilist Fitzsimmons has been knocked out twice, but for the first time in his life he was kicked out last night. It happened during a performance of the "Fight for Love" in the Lyric theatre at Hoboken.

The victor in the kicking match is an old sea-bitten gray horse, which was rented for the evening from a transfer man. The blow landed on the pugilist as he backed up to the horse to show some parlor tricks in shooting. The sailor's feet were got fit in the region below the belt and he fell on his back

FITZ KICKED OUT BY STAGE HORSE

(Journal Special Service.)
Chicago, Oct. 24.—Lee Kertin, a young actor from Kentucky, was today arrested, charged with stealing jewelry valued at \$7,000 from the rooms of downtown hotels.

ACTOR CHARGED WITH THEFT IN CHICAGO

(Journal Special Service.)
Chicago, Oct. 24.—Lee Kertin, a young actor from Kentucky, was today arrested, charged with stealing jewelry valued at \$7,000 from the rooms of downtown hotels.

Much of the booty has been recovered.

WOMAN HEAD OF DOLLAR CAMPAIGN

"E. L. Choteau," a Carlisle Graduate, Is Running the "National Indian Republican Association."

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
San Francisco, Oct. 24.—A short time ago the Journal published an account of the circular sent out advertising "The National Indian Republican Association," and requesting the sum of \$1 from each and every Indian in the land. These circulars, printed without doubt with the sanction of the Republican party managers, were signed by "E. L. Choteau" of this city. The fact was at that time a great deal of speculation as to the identity of the Choteau whose name was prominent as president of the organization.

"Mr. E. L. Choteau" happens to be a Miss Farthermore she is an Indian woman and a graduate of the Carlisle school in Pennsylvania. She graduated in the early 90's and has since then been in the west. For some time she was at Yalmar, Oregon, but after launching the National Indian Republican association she changed her headquarters to this city, where she now is. But the office of the National Indian association is not in one of the Market street blocks. Miss Choteau keeps out of sight and her work is all done under cover. Her address is 1524 Devisadero street.

Why she is in San Francisco is not known. That she is in touch with the leaders of the Republican party is certain. The commissioner of Indian affairs is said to be acquainted with her as well as others in the Indian department.

As aides in her endeavor to advance the Republican party, a squeeze a dollar a year out of the Indians, Miss Choteau has called to her some of her old school mates. Her vice-president is Clarence Three Stars, a full blooded Sioux Indian. Her treasurer is a full blooded Apache Indian, Vincent Natalish, another Carlisle pupil. Chas. Egan and J. Edward Eldridge, two more Indians, complete the corps of workers.

Of the five who compose the executive staff of the organization Miss Choteau has the least Indian blood in her veins. She is not more than a quarter, at best. She has enough of the white blood in her to see the necessity for holding the reins on the association. To the full blooded Indian, who is perhaps able to do the most good in the field, the office of vice-president is given.

Whether the Indians are falling readily into the idea of organizing is not known at present. As a rule the Indian has given little attention to politics. It makes little difference to him what party is in power. Possibly Miss Choteau wants an office.

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