STILL THE QUESTION IS: "WHAT DID THE WOGGLE-BUG SAY?"

The Wogglebug, wise man of the party, undertakes to answer all questions for his comrades from Oz. He has to answer one each week. His answer is not printed. The reader is left to discover it. The pictures and descriptive matter make this comparatively easy to the active mind. Both the pictures and the story are guides to the solution of the problem, and the question admits of but one correct answer. The puzzle requires only ordinary skill and knowledge of facts included in history, biography, botany and natural history, or an acquaintance with places, buildings or emblems about which information is easily obtainable. It is not a guessing contest, but a trial of skill.

To stimulate interest in the visit of the people from the Land of Oz, The Journal will give $50.00 in cash each month to those of its readers who send in correct or nearly correct answers to the questions put to the Wogglebug by his companions.

Sept. 21. Use this Coupon Only. **No. 18**

To the WOGGLEBUG EDITOR:

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL, PORTLAND, OREGON.

The answer to the question asked of the Wogglebug in the Magazine Section of the paper of SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, is—

....

....

....

....

....

Name..

Street and Number..

Town or City..

State..

No employe of The Journal or member of an employe's family is allowed to enter the contest.

FILL OUT THE ABOVE COUPON. Also the coupon to be found each day in The Journal until Saturday, September 24. This gives you seven chances to answer the question suggested in Sunday's page. Each Sunday a fresh question is asked. This question is to be answered on the coupon printed on that day and on each of the six week days following, except that in the week beginning September 25 only the coupons up to and including September 30 will be counted in that week's answers. SAVE YOUR COUPONS, and on the last day of the month send them all to THE WOGGLEBUG EDITOR, The Journal, Portland. This will end the contest for September, and the prizes will be awarded very early in the month of October.

FIFTY DOLLARS IN CASH PRIZES WILL BE GIVEN AS FOLLOWS:

1. For the greatest number of correct answers, $10.00..............$10.00
2. For the next largest number of correct answers, $5.00.............. 5.00
3. For the third largest number of correct answers, $2.50.............. 2.50
4. For the fourth largest number of correct answers, $2.00.............. 2.00
5. For the ten next largest numbers of correct answers, $1.50 each.. 15.00
6. For the ten next largest numbers of correct answers, $1.00 each.. 10.00
7. For the eleven next largest numbers of correct answers, 50c. each 5.50

$50.00

RULES OF THE CONTEST.

The largest number of correct answers wins.

All coupons for any one month will be consecutively numbered, and must be placed in one envelope and arranged in order of their publication.

Only one coupon of the same date can be placed in the same envelope of answers for the month.

If more than one individual should have every coupon correctly marked and properly arranged, the first prize would be divided between the winners. Other prizes will be similarly divided in case any number of contestants have the same number of answers that are equally correct, but not absolutely so.

Contestants need not write the same answer on all coupons issued for any one week. A different answer can be written for each day; but if you are sure you are right, you will, of course, write the same answer on all coupons issued for any one Sunday. Remember, the largest number of correct answers wins.

All coupons for any one month must be placed in the same envelope and be in the office of The Journal by 10:00 a. m. of the 3d day of the following month.

MANUAL TRAINING TO START EARLY

IN TWO WEEKS PROFESSOR STANDLEY WILL BE READY—TOOLS FOR FOUR CENTRAL SCHOOLS ARE EXPECTED DAILY—ASSISTANTS BEING CONSIDERED.

Plans are being laid to open the usual training department in the city schools in two weeks. Professor Standley who has been elected principal of the department has ordered the tools and material, and as soon as they have arrived the workshops will be fitted up.

Instead of using the basements of the school buildings as workshops, the temporary school buildings at the Ladd school will be turned over to this department. One will be placed on the ground of the Harrison, Couch, Stephens, Holladay and Thompson schools, which will be the manual training center. The portable buildings are 30 by 48 feet and will make excellent workshops.

Pupils in the manual training school will be limited to boys who have advanced as far as the fifth or sixth grades. Girls will not be admitted this year but it is quite probable that within another year any girl who desires will be permitted to take up the work.

Each center will have a certain number of schools from which to draw its pupils. The boys will be divided into classes of 24 each and each class will be given a period of instruction of 1¼ hours every week.

All the work made by the pupil will be his individual property. Tools and material will be furnished by the school and all that the pupil has to provide for himself is a uniform apron, the pattern of which will be submitted to the pupils by the principal.

On account of the fact that the work is not going to begin lower than the fifth grade, special work in condensed form to embrace the preliminary work will be given. This will consist of an accuracy drill in card work.

After the preliminary work the pupil will be instructed to handle the simpler tools in wood. From that they will be drilled in the elements of carpentering and cabinet making. While the spirit of manual training will be observed, it is the intention of the principal to make the course as practical as possible, giving the boys ideas that ought to be of much use to them around their homes. This knowledge will embody glazing and the use of soldering irons and shears, thus giving them an idea of the elements of tin work.

Club Will Be Formed.

When the work has been fairly well established an "Arts and Crafts club" will be organized at each center from the most skillful boys, who will make communal projects for exhibition at the Lewis and Clark fair. The principal will make special efforts to make a fine showing.

One feature of the work which will be very interesting to the students will be a series of stereopticon lectures. In speaking of the work yesterday Professor Standley said:

"In the good old days when handwork was king, most men were more or less skilled in the use of common tools. The sons helped their father build, or repair the house, furniture, wagons and implements, while the girls assisted in the spinning, dying, weaving and other domestic handwork.

"In the march of progress, work was produced so rapidly and cheaply by machinery that the old 'hand tools' were laid aside and the boys delved more deeply into book learning.

"Manual training, as an educational factor, develops the intelligent side of the mind as nothing else can. A boy seldom learns to think or understand as he might. It is only when he gets involved in sports like baseball or boating or in machinery like the lathe and saw or in laboratory complications that he learns to think and act like a man.

"Honesty and courage are directly developed and the ethical training the pupil receives is no small part of the good which is derived from the work. The work with tools creates a love and respect for skilled labor and the principles and processes acquired assist greatly in the selection of a trade or profession."

Professor Standley has not selected his assistants in the work. There will be five teachers, one for each center. He has had several applicants under consideration.

There's No Need

of Paying More Than

Ten Dollars

For Your WINTER SUIT

When you can obtain a FIRST-CLASS one for the above price.

That's exactly what the MOYER is giving you this season—A

First-class Suit $10

Hand-made button holes, hand-padded collar, sewn with silk; single and double-breasted coats—Fabrics are cheviots, worsteds and cassimeres. FIT and MAKE equal to those of most stores at FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

Come in and make us prove it.

Samples are on exhibition in our window.

WHEN YOU SEE IT IN OUR AD IT'S SO

Moyer Clothing Co.

Third and Oak Streets

INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF THE INSIDE INN

In connection with the local suggestion of an Inside Inn to be built inside the grounds of the Lewis and Clark fair, Portland passenger agents of the Denver & Rio Grande point with pride to the fact that their latest folder contains the only authentic account of the Oregon man who stopped at the Inside Inn at the St. Louis exposition, as told originally by the Baltimore American, to inquire about rates and look about inside the inn. The incident is related as follows:

"Excuse me, sir, is this the Inside Inn? And is the proprietor of the Inside Inn in?"

"Yes," replied the clerk, "this is the Inside Inn, and you will find the proprietor of the Inside Inn outside by the inn's side. He has kept the Inside Inn for several weeks. Once on an ocean trip he couldn't keep his inside in, but that is inside information and he don't want it known outside."

"All right," said the inquirer, "if this is the Inside Inn we want to see its inside as well as its outside before we look inside any of the outside inns. If we like the Inside Inn's inside and outside better than we like the outside inn's outside and inside, we may bring our things from outside inside and stop inside the Inside Inn. Because we won't have to go from the inside outside or come back from the outside inside, but can remain inside or outside the Inside Inn, it being the only inn inside the grounds. The other ones are on the outside and furnish no more comforts inside or outside than does the Inside Inn with exhibits close outside the inside, while those who stop at the outside inns have to go inside to get in, and outside to go to their inn, so you see—"

But the clerk had fainted and fallen inside the Inside Inn's desk, and bellboys were hurrying with water for his outside and brandy for his inside. In their excitement they got that which was meant for his inside outside, and that which was for his outside inside.

OLD INDIAN BURIAL GROUND IS LOCATED

Beads, wampum and other Indian relics are being unearthed at Oak Point in great quantities. J. A. English of the Shaver transportation line, who was at that place the first of the week, says that Mrs. Dunne, a resident there, has secured within the last few days a string of beads measuring 50 feet in length and other trinkets. One of the articles procured is a water agate, supposed to be of great value. On one side of the stone is written the word "England," and on the other a date too indistinct to decipher. The supposition is that it was brought to the country by the Hudson Bay company.

Mr. English brought home with him a number of the beads and relics which he dug from the river bank. He says that large quantities of them can be uncovered with little exertion. Those who have been on the grounds are of the opinion that the place is the site of an old Indian burying ground.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER FREED AT BONANZA

In a letter received yesterday from Dawson by a former resident there, is contained the information that Isaac Burpee, charged with embezzling funds from the dominion government while employed as postmaster at Grand Forks, or Bonanza, has been freed by a jury. The aggregate amount of his alleged peculations was $6,000.

When the discovery was made last fall that registered mail had been stolen from the office for months, suspicion fell on Burpee. He was arested in September, and taking a small boat at night rowed down the river, eluding the patrol at Fortymile, marking the boundary, and reached Eagle, in American teritory.

From Eagle, Burpee went in a small boat, almost to the mouth of the river and took a steamer to St. Michael, from which point he proceeded to Seattle. In the meantime Detective "Billy" Welch took the trail. Welch is in the dominion secret service, and was formerly a member of the Portland detective department.

Welch followed Burpee all around the country and finally succeeded in locating him in a small Mississippi town. His prisoner resisted extradition and some time was lost in securing papers. He was finally taken to Dawson, whence comes the news that he has been freed.

ECZEMA

sufferers, read what

Hydrozone

and GLYCOZONE have done for a celebrated journalist in one week.

Prof. Charles Marchand.

Dear Sir: One week's treatment with your Hydrozone and Glycozone not only relieved but absolutely wiped out a condition of eczema that has worried and perplexed me for the past six years. Yours very truly, Joseph Howard, Jr., [illegible] Nassau St., N. Y.

Free trial bottles of Hydrozone and Glycozone sent on receipt of [illegible] to pay expressage. These preparations are harmless, yet powerful germicides, used by leading physicians. Sold by best druggists.

Prof. Charles Marchand

[illegible] Prince St., New York.

Send for booklet how to prevent and cure disease.

What He Missed.

From the Chicago News.

They were watching the bathers at a fashionable seaside resort.

"This would have been a snap for the prodigal son," he remarked.

"What's the answer?" she queried.

"So many fatted calves in sight," he replied.

POPULISTS TO MAKE FIGHT IN OREGON

At a meeting of prominent Populists last week at Salem, after a discussion of some length, it was decided to put presidential electors on the ballot in Oregon, and to that end a petition has been filed with the secretary of state. The communication to the latter reads as follows:

"To the Hon. F. I. Dunbar, secretary of state, Salem, Or.: Dear Sir—The undersigned, legally qualified electors of the state of Oregon, hereby certify that we nominate as our candidates for the office of presidential electors to be voted for on November 8, 1904, F. E. Phelps, Vale, Malheur county; Dr. J. L. Hill, Albany, Linn county; L. H. McMahon, Salem, Marion county; G. F. Schmidtlein, Woodville, Jackson county, to be designated on the official ballot as People's party for Watson and Tibbles.

Some of those in attendance at the meeting desired a regular convention to make the nominations, but it was urged that time was too short, and the simpler method of obtaining signatures to the petition was adopted. It must be filed 30 days before election.

A. P. Nelson of this city has been elected chairman of the state executive committee, and he declares that a vigorous campaign will be conducted. If possible, Tom Watson, the Populist candidate for president, will be brought to Oregon for several speeches.

CHARGE OF SHOT READY FOR THIEF

Loading his shotgun with a light charge of fine birdshot, A. C. Bigger, the county carpenter, has made preparations to give the lads who have been stealing his grapes a warm reception. One youthful thief was detected pilfering the luscious fruit at an early hour Monday morning, but made his escape before the gun could be properly loaded.

The county carpenter lives at 573 East Ninth street. He has an arbor so heavily covered with grapes that it is the envy of all who see it. Lately many tempting clusters have been missing.

Monday morning Bigger and his son, hearing a noise, slipped to a window and say they saw a boy who lives not far from their home engaged in the theft of grapes. The boy ran away with his pockets filled.

Peacock flour always gives satisfaction, and is guaranteed by your grocer.

"WINDJAMMER" FOR BIG FAIR HARBOR

BRITISH SAILING VESSEL'S MASTER MAKES GOOD SUGGESTION TO LEWIS AND CLARK EXHIBITION DIRECTORS—WOULD BIG SHIP TO ENTERTAIN VISITORS.

Many propositions have been laid before Lewis and Clark fair directors, but the suggestion that the exhibition place a "windjammer" in the harbor near the grounds to give the uninitiated an idea of life on the high seas is the latest novel idea. Captain Furneaux, master of the British ship Dumfrieshire, declares that such an institution would be a great attraction for "land lubbers" if properly handled by the fair or by a private corporation. It would be a concession worth having, in his opinion.

"I have thought the matter over," said the captain, "and I am confident that there would be big money made from the undertaking. If a company would charter a sailing vessel and take her down to a point opposite the fair grounds they could easily make her a leading attraction. Properly manned with trained seamen an exhibition of unfurling the sails could be given each day, which in itself would be of more than ordinary interest. They could show the visitors just how a ship is managed at sea. There is not one man in a thousand who has ever seen a vessel under full said, and they would flock there just to see how the work is done. Upon entering the Columbia river the sails are all removed, and very few in Portland even, have ever had the opportunity of seeing a ship fully rigged and in shape to take every advantage of the first breeze that stirs.

"In addition to this the company chartering the vessel for the occasion could decorate the ship up in an attractive manner and have other diversions on board which would prove great drawing cards. A band could be employed to provide music, and the decks could be utilized as dancing platforms. In a very short time the main deck could be fitted up for a like purpose."

The skipper contends that there are hundreds of ways by which the vessel could be converted into a great dividend producer. Boxes have been ordered out of saloons, but he explains that there is nothing in the law against ships being fitted up with them. Any entertainments held on shore could be conducted on the ship, he declares.

"Freights are now low," pursued the captain, "and I have no doubt that the owners of some big sailing vessels would entertain a proposition of this kind at a very reasonable rate. When the fair is concluded she would be here at just the proper season of the year to carry a grain cargo to Europe.

"Portland is an ideal place for carrying out this project, and I do not believe it could be done at any other point where a world's fair has ever been held. By collecting a small fee from all those who went aboard the company chartering the ship could accumulate a lot of money. Thousands of the people coming here next year will be people who never saw a ship outside of a picture book, and to all this class the project would appeal strongly."

For forty years Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been curing summer complaint, dysentery, diarrhoea, bloody flux, pain in the stomach, and it has never failed to do everything claimed for it.

HEALTH RESORT AT ST. MARTIN'S SPRINGS

Plans are under way at St. Martin's Springs, near the mouth of Wind river, eight miles above the locks, to give Portland one of the best health resorts in the country. A $10,000 hotel is to be the beginning of developments there, which will, it is thought, lead to the building of a modern Spa, rivaling the Hot Springs of Arkansas.

The movement for the development of these springs was started two years ago, by the Portland Chamber of Commerce. It has long been known that the St. Martin's springs possessed curative properties of peculiar value, and that to spread their fame it would be only necessary to provide accommodations for the public and advertise the place. For a long time the owners of the ground, the elder St. Martin and his wife, would not consent to do anything with the property. Now their son, Amos St. Martin, has secured their authority and has leased a portion of the property, containing springs, to Samuel McCartney, who will launch the first $10,000 hotel enterprise.

The waters of St. Martin's springs are of several kinds, both hot and cold. They are said to be curative for rheumatism, blood diseases and other complaints. The waters contain 16 minerals, according to the analysis made.

Similar springs, known to have remarkable properties for the cure of blood diseases, exist in Jackson county near the California line, but are so remote and almost inaccessible that only a few people avail themselves of the cures.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

R. G. Welch, Lessee and Mgr.
Fourteenth and Washington. Phone 110.

Columbia Stock Company in

UNDER TWO FLAGS

ALL THIS WEEK.

Ouida's thrilling romance worked out before the footlights
Don't miss this week—it's the best and strongest play yet

PRICES—15c, 25c, 50c; entire gallery, 15c. Matinee—15c and 25c; entire gallery, 15c.

Ticket office open at Rowe & Martin's, 6th and Washington, from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. Phone Main 110. At theatre from 7 p. m. to 10 p. m. Phone 511.

Not All of Them.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin.

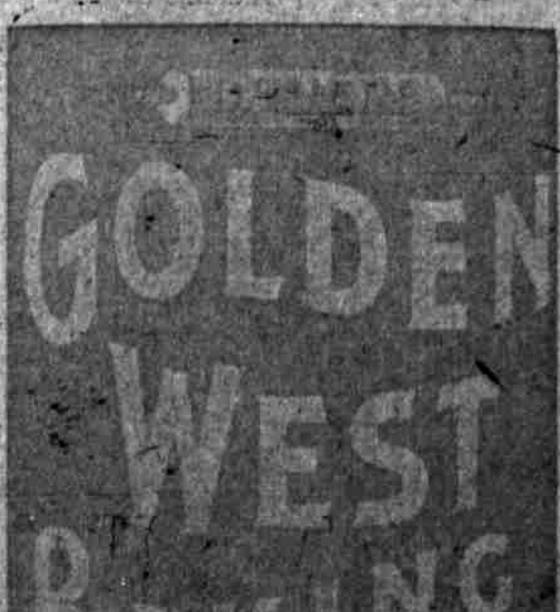
"Does he advertise all the comforts of home?" inquired Mr. Tiredout.

"No," replied Mrs. Tiredout, "the advertisement simply says, 'No mother-in-law, cross cooks, or crying babies.'"

"We'll go," asserted Mr. Tiredout, emphatically.

THIS TIME IT'S FREE

GOLDEN WEST BAKING POWDER



Want Ad. Rate—21 Words 15c

Another Sterling Closset & Devers Product

Having purchased a large lot of Golden West Baking Powder we again offer our "want ad." patrons another treat. To every person who brings a paid ad. for next Sunday's Journal we will give absolutely free a can of this fine well known

GOLDEN WEST BAKING POWDER

Just a Word About This Premium

Golden West Baking Powder is composed of the very finest materials obtainable, and is guaranteed ABSOLUTELY PURE. Closset & Devers guarantee this powder to give entire satisfaction and authorize the refunding of money should any fault be found. It is sold by all leading grocers throughout the city.

Remember the Baking Powder is given only to those who bring in a "Want Ad" for THE SUNDAY JOURNAL