Features of the Races That Impressed Themselves on the Plastic Mind of Cartoonist Gregg

OLD EMPLOYES TO BE FAVORED

CIVIL SERVICE BOARD DECIDES THAT THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN IN CITY SERVICE FOR A YEAR SHALL BE GIVEN FIRST CONSIDERATION.

At the meeting of the civil service commission held yesterday afternoon it was decided that all old employes of the city having to take the examinations, and who have been in the service of the city for a year or more prior to the date of examination, are to be allowed 25 per cent for merit and fidelity in service.

The commission also decided that no one will be allowed to take the examinations who are not able to read or write the English language.

Almost the entire meeting was given over to looking over the papers of those who took the examinations several weeks ago. Following are those who passed for the clerical service:

Clerks—Harry Rowe, G. J. Kirkland, W. N. Carter, T. L. Graves, Halvor H. Rasch and F. S. Pierce.

License collectors—Leo S. Hutchinson and M. A. McEachern.

Deputy auditors—W. S. Lotan, Merwin Pugh and W. D. Smith.

Engineering service—Inspectors—William Brandes, G. F. Teed and E. J. Rankin.

Estimate man—H. A. Demmer.

Chainmen—Arthur D. Leach, Carl H. Rueter, H. C. Bellinger, Lair H. Gregory, Henry J. Wilson, Franklin S. Walker, S. Guy Hirsch and Percy O. Brethren.

Instrument men—W. H. Brown, S. M. Steel and R. G. Bonser.

Fire department—Drivers — Henry Hawkins, Charles Smith, George M. Heath, B. F. King, W. C. Osborn, J. H. Cox, N. C. Davis, R. W. Pryke, James McGrew and E. L. Johnson.

Firemen (including hosemen and laddermen)—W. H. Brannan, A. J. Mullen, Frank Zellner, J. J. McNulty, Z. Zimmerman, E. T. Raboir, W. C. Riopelle, John W. Seliger, W. E. Davy, Walter Parish, Edgar Farrell, Michael Reiff, Harry H. Darewitt, J. H. Cox, Charles Evans and O. B. Gabriel.

Besides the above there were 17 teamsters and 51 laborers who successfully passed the examinations.

OREGON'S HARVEST

(Continued from Page One.)

count of late frost, a very unusual condition for southern Oregon.

The fruit crop in Josephine county is up to the average. The apples will as usual be exported. U. S. Consul Harry Miller of Josephine county has a 60-acre orchard from which he has been exporting the entire crop to China, and he will repeat that performance this year. He nets a dollar a box on these apples, delivered on board the cars. The alfalfa crop in southern and western Oregon is good, and yields from three to six tons to the acre. The price starts at $10 per ton. Last year it went to $15 per ton.

Sixty carloads of fine watermelons were shipped from Grants Pass last year. The yield will be about the same this year. R. A. N. Ramers, one of the principal growers, has 60 acres of bottom land devoted to the watermelon, and from this field a year ago he took 20 cars, which yielded him $100 per car.

The hop and fruit crop of the Willamette valley is an average crop this year. Hop fields will yield about the same as a year ago, when the hop farmers gathered 90,000 bales. The price then ranged from 15 to 27½ cents. It is about 20 cents at the present time.

Beets in the Grand Ronde valley will yield this year heavier than ever before, and there is a considerable increase in the acreage, owing to the success of the Grand Ronde beet sugar factory and the demand for this product. In the vicinity of Echo an exceptionally fine beet is raised, and there will be an increase of fully 500 acres planted for next year.

Umatilla Wheat Crop.

Barley in eastern Oregon is yielding heavily and there is a slightly increased acreage. The harvest is running as high as 60 and 80 bushels to the acre in numerous cases.

Arthur F. Miller, who has returned from a trip to Umatilla county says that this county will produce this year 1 per cent of all the wheat grown in the United States, and that it is far above the average both as to quality and quantity. In one field of 2,000 acres of Red German wheat the yield is 60 bushels to the acre. The principal variety grown in eastern Oregon is Red Chief Club, but both Red German and Bluestem do well. William Temple, one of the large growers in Umatilla county, has just marketed 26,000 bushels at 60 1-3 cents per bushel for Red Chief and 65 cents for Bluestem. Mr. Miller is engaged in making an exhibit of Oregon grain for the Lewis and Clark exposition, and will also make a special exhibit for Umatilla county.

IVY OR OAK POISONING

immediately relieved and quickly cured by

Hydrozone

Harmless, although a most powerful healing agent.

I will send on receipt of 10 cents to pay postage,

A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

Send for it now. It will immediately relieve and promptly cure Insect Bites, Hives, Prickly Heat, Sunburn, etc.

Sold by leading druggists. None genuine without my signature.

Prof. Charles Marchand

62M Prince Street, New York.

Send for Booklet on "How to treat diseases," containing hundreds of testimonials of wonderful cures.

PHILLIPS DID NOT GO HOME MEEKLY

From advices received by the local general agent of the Gould lines in Portland today, it is evident that G. A. Phillips, who was arrested here while trying to dispose of Oklahoma school bonds, which it was alleged he stole, did not face an offended home community, though such was the intention of the deputy sheriff who journeyed from the southern town to escort his prisoner back to Gutherie, O. T.

Agent McBride was notified this morning by Sheriff Thompson of Caddo county, O. T., that Phillips had escaped while journeying home and by leaping through the car window at Price, on the Rio Grande Western road, had eluded the guard's vigilance. The county desires a rebate on the unused portion of Phillip's ticket and this will be granted by the local office.

The tickets were sold Deputy Sheriff Ellison, who had charge of Phillips, July 23 and the two left Portland on the following morning. The escape occurred the next day and when the Oklahoma sheriff wrote Phillips was still at liberty.

Phillips was arrested here on advices from Gutherie, a local bank telegraphing to learn the validity of school bonds that he attempted to dispose of. The Gutherie authorities ordered Phillips' arrest and the local police held him until Deputy Sheriff Ellison arrived. Phillips was formerly a contractor in Gutherie, of good social standing and his theft came as a shock to his lifelong friends, according to the deputy's statement.

WAS EXPLOSION FOR WAR OR WEDDING?

There was a terrific explosion at 11:30 last night on North Third street, just below the new Grand Central hotel, about which two most remarkable stories are told. The police declare the explosion was caused by a bomb being thrown from the top story of the hotel by some one to serenade a newly married couple who registered there during the afternoon, but Manager Fields of the hotel says it was the Japs celebrating a rumor that Port Arthur had fallen.

"There was great excitement all over the north end district when the loud explosion took place," said Policeman Burke, who was quickly on the scene with his partner, Policeman Baty. "People rushed there from all corners and thought there had been a murder or something very sensational. We investigated and found that a newly married pair were registered at the new Grand Central and it was to serenade them that some one from the top story threw out the bomb."

"The bomb was fired by Japs, who had heard in some manner that Port Arthur had fallen," said Manager Fields. "No newly married couple registered at our hotel last night, so there can be no truth in the statement that some lodger fired the bomb to serenade them."

HOMELESS WAIFS FIND NEW PARENTS

Elizabeth and Katherine Barrett are the names of two wee princesses who now reign in the home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Barrett. The little girls are about 10 months old, but they only arrived at the Barrett residence within the last few days. They were adopted from the Baby home and are twins.

Although Mr. and Mrs. Barrett have been blessed with a son or two in the family, no little girls gathered about the fireside. This, Mr. Barrett thought, would not do, and as the chilly winter days are coming he decided that a baby lass should be secured. Mrs. Barrett was of the same mind.

Out at the Baby home, sleeping and cooing and crying, were two sweet-faced tots that Mr. Barrett wanted. Arrangements were made for the adoption of the children, and they were recently brought to their new kingdom. The fond papa is proud of them.

DONNELLY HOPEFUL.

(Journal Special Service.)

Sioux City, Aug. 10.—President Donnelly, at Chicago, wired to the local officials of the union that negotiations for the settlement of the packers' strike were progressing satisfactorily and it was likely that the end would come within two or three days.

KANSAS CITY MEN OUT.

(Journal Special Service.)

Kansas City, Aug. 10.—Forty employes of Cudahy's plant quit work today. The management of the packing house say that they are working a normal force of men.

WORK THREE DAYS ON FIRE.

Engine No. 6 and truck No. 6 have been stationed at the crematory every day this week in an effort to extinguish a fire that is smouldering in the dump at that place. Both engine and truck were at work at the place all Monday forenoon, several hours yesterday and all of the forenoon today. The fire has done no damage.

MODEL ROAD IS DELAYED A YEAR

James W. Abbott, in charge of the Pacific northwest territory of the road improvement service, department of agriculture, has given up for this year the proposition to make a sample road in the Willamette valley. The attempt at Eugene failed owing to the inability of the machinery companies at this point to furnish the necessary rock crusher and roller in time for the work to be done before the fall rains begin. Mr. Abbott has been joined here by J. H. Dodge, a road making expert from Washington, D. C., and they will leave this week for Bellingham, Wash., where they will make a sample road. Later they will go to eastern Oregon, where the dry season is longer, and where they will make a similar sample road.

"I regret that the proposition failed to materialize at Eugene," said Mr. Abbott, "but it was impossible to put it through at this time. We hope to get to Eugene early next spring and carry out the original plan there."

Mr. Dodge said: "Improvement of the roads in Oregon will do more good for this state during the next five years than will any other one thing. The fruit industry especially needs good roads, as fine fruit such as this state is producing must be marketed with the least possible jarring or bruising. Everywhere the people are realizing more than ever before the value of proper and permanent improvement of the roads."

SPENCER IN GOOD SHAPE.

One of the mechanics who has been at work on the steamer Spencer during the past few days returned from up the river this morning and reports that the vessel would have been launched yesterday had not a strong wind been blowing. He states that the steamer is all ready to be floated, and apparently she is in just as good condition as she ever was. During the past few days, he states, the wind up the Columbia has been blowing a perfect gale, and until it dies down no attempt will be made to float the steamer.

Preferred Stock Canned Goods. Allen & Lewis' Best Brand.

LAYS DOWN PRINCIPLES

(Continued from Page One.)

at the conclusion of Clark's speech of notification and presentation of credentials and a certificate and copy of the platform.

Parker's Speech.

Prolonged cheering greeted Parker when he stepped to the front of the platform and began his speech. He was greeted with applause at nearly every period of his address.

The first part of his speech he delivered without notes. The last part he read from a typewritten copy. He spoke evenly, never raising his voice above a conversational tone. His declaration that he would not accept a re-nomination if he were elected was cheered. He concluded his speech at 2:54 amid an outburst of cheers and much waving of flags. Judge Parker said:

"I have resigned the office of chief judge of the court of appeals that I may accept the responsibility put upon me with no possible prejudice to the court to which I had the honor to belong.

"At the threshold of this response, and before dealing with other subjects, I must express my profound appreciation of the confidence reposed in me by the convention. After nominating me, and subsequently receiving a communication declaring that I regarded the gold standard firmly and irrevocably established, that hereafter none could justly say that his support of me had been secured through mistake, the convention reiterated its determination that I should be the party's standard-bearer. This mark of trust and confidence I shall ever esteem as the highest honor that could be conferred upon me.

"The admirable platform upon which the party appeals to the country clearly states the principles which are so well condensed in the first inaugural address of President Jefferson.

"Liberty, as understood in this country, means not only the right and freedom from actual servitude, from imprisonment or restraint, without just cause, but the right of every one to use his faculties in all lawful ways and pursue any lawful trade or business. These essential rights of life, liberty and property not only are guaranteed to every citizen by the constitution of each several state, but the states are forbidden to deprive any person of any one of these rights without due process of law.

Colorado Riots.

"The restraints of law, as well as its delays, are becoming more and more manifest from day to day. Within the past few years many instances have been brought to our attention where supposed criminals have been seized and punished by mob, notwithstanding the constitution guarantees protection to every person within its jurisdiction."

The speaker then referred to the recent destruction of life and property in Independence, Col., by dynamiters, expressing the conviction that the perpetrators of the outrage should be rigorously punished.

"This crime led to the formation of a committee of citizens, supported by the military power of the state, and the deportation of suspects and other persons without trial. In both cases the reign of law gave way to the reign of force. These illustrations present some evidence of the failure of the government to protect the citizen and his property, which not only justified the action of your convention in this regard, but made it its duty to call attention to the fact that constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, to acquire and enjoy property or to reside where his interests or inclination may determine, and any denial of these rights should be enforced by every official.

"The present tariff law is unjust in its operation, excessive in many of its rates and so framed in particular instances as to exact inordinate profits from the people. Judged by the record of its performances, it would seem that in the event of the success of the Republican party, that party will increase these duties. We cannot hope to secure a majority of the senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification of the tariff save that to which the Republican majority in the senate gives consent. While unable to give assurances of relief, we should state our position to be in favor of the reduction of the tariff.

"So confident am I in the belief that the demand of the pople for reform of the tariff is just that I indulge in the hope that should a Democratic house of representatives and a Democratic executive be chosen, even the Republican senate may heed the warning and consent to give at least some measure of relief to the people.

"Combinations, popularly called trusts, have been encouraged and stimulated by an excessive tariff. All men must agree that the net result of enacting laws that foster such inequitable conditions must be unfortunate for the people as a whole. The growth of monopoly, of which complaint has justly been made, cannot be laid at the doors of the courts of this country, but to the failure of officials charged with the duty of enforcing the nation's laws."

"While this is my view of the common law, if it should be made to appear that it is a mistaken one, then I favor such further legislation within constitutional limitations as will give the people a just and full measure of protection.

The Philippines.

Judge Parker urges that the people of the Philippines should be given their liberty, and no law be made or enforced which should abridge the privileges of any citizen or deny him equal protection with every other.

"It is difficult to understand how any citizen of the United States, much less a descendant of revolutionary stock, can tolerate the thought of permanently denying the rights of government to the Filipinos. Can we hope to instill into the minds of our descendants a reverence for and devotion to the government by people while denying ultimately that right to the inhabitants of distant countries whose territory we have acquired either by purchase or by force?

"The accident of war brought the Philippines into our possession, and we are not at liberty to disregard the responsibility which thus came to us, but that responsibility may best be subserved by preparing the islands as rapidly as possible for self-government and giving them assurances that it will come soon as they are reasonably prepared for it. We are not a military people, bent on conquest or engaged in extending our domains in foreign lands, or desirous of securing natural advantages, however great, by force, but people loving peace not only for ourselves, but for all nations of the aerth.

"The display of great military armaments may please the eye, and for the moment excite the pride of the citizen, but it cannot bring to this country the brains, brawn and muscle of a single immigrant nor induce the investment here of a single dollar of capital. Of course, such armament as may be necessary for the security of the country and the protection of the rights of its citizens abroad must be maintained.

"I protest, however, against the feeling, now far too prevalent, that by reason of the commanding position we have assumed in the world we must take part in the disputes and broils of foreign countries, and that because we have grown great we should intervene in every important question that arises in other parts of the world.

"We should confine our international activities solely to matters in which the rights of this country or its citizens are directly involved.

"I accept the nomination and if the action of the convention shall be indorsed by the people I will, God helping me, give to the discharge of the duties of the exalted office to which I aspire the best service of which I am capable, and at the end of my term retire to private life. I shall not be a candidate for, nor shall I accept, renomination. The controlling reason with me is that I am fully persuaded that no incumbent of that office should ever be placed in a situation of possible temptation to consider what effect any action taken by him in an administrative matter of great importance might have upon his political fortunes.

"I make this statement, not in criticism of any of our presidents from Washington down who ever held office for two terms or sought to succeed themselves; for strong arguments can be advanced in support of the re-election of a president. It is simply my judgment that the interests of this country now are so vast and the questions presented frequently of such overpowering magnitude to its people that it is indispensable to the maintenance of a befitting attitude before the people, not only that the chief magistrate should be independent, but that his independence should be known."

LOCAL FIRM WINS FAME AT ST. LOUIS

A feature of the St. Louis fair that commands the attention of all is the Oregon dairy exhibit in the Agricultural palace, which is made entirely of butter.

This display represents three little children eating bread and fresh butter, while on the other side is the dairy maid churning. The figures are of life size and the expression and features are so true that the impression is given to the visitor that they are real people.

The characters are set in the foreground of a farm scene, which lends much to the impressiveness of the display. The word "Oregon" is moulded out of butter in nine-inch letters in a very prominent place, and confronts the visitor's gaze immediately. At the bottom of the display is a large mirror, in which may be seen a duplicate of the exhibit.

This exhibit was installed by the Hazelwood Creamery company, of Portland, Or., for the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition company at large expense. The butter used was made by the Hazelwood Cream company at their plant in Portland, which is the largest on the Pacific coast, and shipped to St. Louis, 2,600 miles, in refrigerator cars.

The splendid condition of the butter after its long journey attracts attention and favorable comment.

Some good grocers don't sell Schilling's Best, and some poor ones do; no doubt, but the rule don't run that way.

69c

Special this week

The Celebrated

Reform Spirit Gas Stove

A German invention of great merit. It uses no wick, burns wood or grain alcohol and gives an intense heat or a small flame, as desired. Will boil a pint of water in 10 minutes in the sickroom or on your outings. You should have one of these.

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LAST WEEK

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Clearance Sale

AVAIL YOURSELF OF THE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE THE MOST RELIABLE SHOES AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. WE HAVE ON SALE

4,000 Pairs of Men's Patent Colt and Vici Kid Low Shoes, in all sizes; former price $4.00, now..... $2.50

Hanan & Sons' Celebrated Low Shoes, in finest leathers, all shapes and sizes; formerly $6.00, now..... $4.50

Men's Patent Calf and Tan Russian Calf Lace Shoes, narrow widths only; values to $8.00, now..... $1.75

1,000 Pairs Ladies' Vici Kid and Patent Colt Low Shoes, latest styles; values $3.50 and $4.00, now..... $2.65

Brennan & White's Boys', Youths' and Misses' and Children's Low Cut Shoes at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Lace Shoes, patent leather tips, extension soles, all sizes; regular price $2.50, now..... $1.70

300 Pairs Ladies' Low Shoes, in black or tan, narrow widths only, sizes from 2 to 5; to close at, a pair..... 25c

1,000 Pairs Ladies' Fine Tan Lace and Button Shoes, with French heels and medium heels, sizes from 2 to 6, narrow widths only; values to $6.00.... $1.35

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION

KING TRAVELS INCOGNITO.

(Journal Special Service.)

London, Aug. 10.—King Edward held a council at Buckingham palace this morning and then started incognito to Marienbad.

Preferred Stock Canned Goods. Allen & Lewis' Best Brand.