

LAWS ARE UNHEEDED

Wade Bitterly Arraigns Administrations Attitude.

CALLS KNOX A FAILURE

Says Department of Justice Has Failed to Initiate Any Vigorous Prosecutions of the Trusts.

(Journal Special Service.)
Washington, April 6.—Arraigning the Republican administration for its failure to prosecute the criminal trusts, Representative Martin J. Wade of Iowa, in the house of representatives yesterday afternoon referred to the decision against the coal trust, and said: "It was a proceeding instituted not by the attorney-general, but by a private individual, Mr. Hearst."

Representative Wade directed the attention of congress to the fact that notwithstanding the appropriation of \$500,000 for the prosecution of unlawful combines, the department of justice had failed to initiate any prosecutions, and the few cases that had been decided, were commenced by persons outside of the control of the administration.

"There is no distinction between a monarchy and a republic," said Representative Wade, "when the officers of the republic undertake to determine whether they shall or shall not enforce the law that has been enacted."

Then he related the action of congress in making special appropriation for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws, and charged that the administration has neglected and refused to enforce the laws and suppress the trusts.

Continuing, he said:
Becoming Law of Greed.
"The people find the old laws which governed humanity from the time it started out on the highway of life, the old laws of supply and demand, the old laws of competition, the old laws of individual excellence being crowned by success in commercial life, are being wiped away, and that gradually there is being substituted a system by which the law of greed, the law of money—aggregate money—of wealth combine, is substituted for those old, recognized principles."

Quoting the statutes, Mr. Wade emphasized that efforts had been made by the people to observe some measure of relief from trust oppression. That evils existed was shown, he said, by President Roosevelt's messages to the 57th congress, which body indulged in a long instructive debate on the trust question.

Referring to the data furnished congress by Representative Littlefield of Missouri, the Iowa said:
"Mr. Littlefield makes his statement starting by the figures showing that these combinations, \$4,500,000,000 in the natural monopolies, and in railway corporations and the companies, \$11,688,000, making a total of over \$20,000,000,000 out of the \$90,000,000,000 which the last census says constitutes our national wealth; his capital stock, the amount of its bonds, and the nation was startled to find the extent to which these monsters had invaded our business life. Shortly after that date a bill appropriating \$500,000 to enable the attorney-general to put these combinations out of business was passed."

"And what is the harvest? What has been done? Where has this money been placed? What has been accomplished? We find here in his report a statement of nine cases which were commenced by the attorney-general in that year. One of them—I want to be fair about it—includes a group of cases against several railroad companies, nine prosecutions notwithstanding that here on the records of this house there were the names and the capitalization of 456 of these organizations; notwithstanding that since that time the combinations have been forming every month, and that, according to the best information I can obtain, there has been organized more than 19 similar trusts since this house passed the appropriation of \$500,000 to suppress them, nine paltry cases commenced. One case has been decided that was commenced, I think, before the appropriation was made."

"In one case, the salt trust case, the man pleaded guilty to the only single

THE GREAT BUZZ-SAW SCENE.

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case which has been reported by the attorney-general that indictment was returned or an arrest made; and this man, poor unfortunate, came in and pleaded guilty and paid a fine of \$1,000.

"I say that he ought to be given his money back, because it was obtained from him under false pretenses. From the action of this congress and from the law upon the statute books, he assumed that every man who was engaged in that illegal business was going to be prosecuted, and he came in like a man, pleaded guilty, and paid his fine. As a matter of fact, there was not the remotest intention of prosecuting another within the confines of the United States."

Mr. Wade—"I should like to inquire of my friend, in view of these pretended efforts of the president to get at the trusts, if he knows of any instance where a single trust has made an article that has been reduced in price, or where a single article conveyed by the railroads has had the transportation charges reduced?"

Mr. Wade—"In reply to the gentleman I would say that I do not know, but I do know of many instances where they have been increased."

Mr. Wade then read the attorney-general's reply on the trust cases of which the department had no recognition. Resuming, Mr. Wade said:
"There was one that was decided yesterday. A proceeding instituted not by the attorney-general, but by a private individual, Mr. W. R. Hearst. There is the other case here of the beef trust, about which we have heard so much. What is the condition of this case in brief? The first portion of it had been determined against the beef trust because there was a demurrer overruled to the petition and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of the United States. You can find the transcript in the clerk's office. It has been there since last spring. I asked the clerk the other day about it. He said nobody had ever asked yet to have it printed, and there was no possibility of having it heard in the supreme court before December or possibly January of next year."

Mr. Lind—"Is it not a fact that the Hearst suit was instituted following a demurrer in the other cases?"

Mr. Wade—"I think so."

Williams Takes Part.
Mr. Williams of Mississippi—"How can we expect the executive authorities or the Republican party to execute the anti-trust law, when the leaders here, representing the Republican party, voted unanimously with but three exceptions against the motion which was made upon an amendment by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Mann), forbidding the secretary of the treasury to enter into government contracts with convicted trusts?"

Mr. Wade—"Well, it is pretty hard to expect any prosecution under these circumstances. Not one criminal prosecution has been instituted. There were actions against seven corporations, one partnership, and 23 individuals."

"We learn that the attorney-general and the secretary of commerce are sending men over the country to find out some facts about the beef trust. Why, every schoolboy, every consumer,

every farmer, every country newspaper, everybody in this committee, it seems, except these few officers, whose duty it is to know these things, know all about them. Why, I do not know, but it will be perfectly safe to go into court and file an information and simply let the court take judicial knowledge of these existing conditions (applause). Because an eminent law expert said: 'The courts will not assume to know this thing which everybody knows.'

Respects to Roosevelt.
"I would like to know how long it will be, with the apathy of the department of justice, until we have wiped out these immense combines? How long are the people going to submit to this farcical process, this farcical action of undertaking a prosecution of the trusts? Now, before closing, I want to say I want to defend the president of the United States; I want to defend him against the charges made in his own press bureau that he is an enemy of these corporations."

"I want to assure these immense combines that if they go into the next convention and elect the present executive and re-install the present administration they can feel perfectly safe and secure for the next four years. It is not right to be thus misrepresenting the head of the government. I say that it is utterly wrong to be holding out to these combines the statement that Mr. Roosevelt is unfriendly to them."

RICH MAN ALMOST COMMITS A MURDER

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Reno, Nev., April 6.—Frank Golden, the man who made a million in the Tonopah mine and invested his fortune largely in Reno real estate, took a shot at J. G. Martin, lessee of the Golden lodging house late last night. He was arrested on a charge of assault with intent to commit murder and was released on \$500 bail. Golden, after his release on bail disappeared, and all efforts to reach him are unavailing.

Golden met Martin on the stairway of the Golden block and after some words over a civil suit brought by Martin's wife, over the lease, he struck Martin over the head with a pistol and then shot at him without effect.

Julius L. Herron, secretary and business representative of Governor Sparks, appeared on the scene just as Golden's pistol was pressed against Martin's abdomen and Golden was about to fire. Herron bravely interfered and disarmed the millionaire. The affair has created a big sensation here, for Golden is one of the best known and best liked men in Nevada.

DEMOCRATIC MAYOR OF ST. JO.
(Journal Special Service.)
St. Joseph, Mo., April 6.—W. E. Spratt, Democratic candidate for mayor, was elected with two councilmen yesterday. The rest of the honors are accorded to the Republicans.

LOVE LAUGHED AT MANY OBSTACLES

CHINAMAN AND WHITE GIRL, TEN DAUGHTER OF WEALTHY SAN FRANCISCO MERCHANT, TURNED DOWN IN MISSOURI, BUT FIND RELIEF IN ILLINOIS.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

St. Louis, Mo., April 6.—After vainly seeking a marriage license in St. Louis, where such a document was indignantly denied them, Charley Wong, a Chinaman, aged 40 years, wearing a silk hat, and Miss Annie McGorry, aged 35 years, daughter of a wealthy San Francisco merchant, yesterday crossed the bridge to East St. Louis, Ill., where they were married by Justice Driscoll. Wong is a Chinese fortune-teller of this city and claims to be a native of the United States. He is well educated and dresses in correct occidental style.

The clerk of the St. Louis marriage bureau was about to issue the license when he discovered Wong's nationality by observing his queue as the silk hat was raised to conform with the laws governing the taking of oaths. Then the clerk abruptly refused to grant the license, quoting to the couple the Missouri law prohibiting the marriage of white persons to Chinese.

The Chinaman and his intended were greatly disappointed when they learned that they could lawfully be wedded in Illinois.

After the marriage today the bride said: "We met at a banquet given by Chinese merchants in Chicago. Our engagement followed. My father gave me the choice of traveling or studying medicine, and I accepted the latter proposition, becoming a student at the Chicago Medical college."

Papa does not know that I came to St. Louis to be married to Charley. The bride looked affectionately upon her husband. He smiled broadly in return.

"We shall be happy," he remarked in good English. "We are both very happy and the matter of religion will, I am sure, make no difference to us."

LUTHERANS TALK OF FORMING A UNION

(Journal Special Service.)

Detroit, Mich., April 6.—Lutheran ministers of the United States, representing nearly all the various synods of the church in America, began a general free conference in Detroit today, and will remain in session until the end of the week. The conference will discuss the various points of difference between the synodical bodies and an attempt will be made to bring about a closer union and a more perfect harmony in the Lutheran church in the United States.

The principal synodical bodies of the church are the general conference, the synodical conference, the general synod and the so-called independents. These bodies represent between 50 and 60 separate synods, of which about 40 are represented at the present conference. Among themselves the synods have waged almost constant warfare on points of seemingly little importance, but which have caused a great breach in the Lutheran church. The various theological questions which have caused these differences are to be exhaustively discussed at the present conference. One of these questions is that of predestination, which caused a number of the present independent synods to secede from the general bodies in 1885, when the discussion was at its height. Another point of difference in the synods is the belief relative to the Roman Catholic church and the pope. One of the synodical bodies believes that the pope is the antichrist. The great majority of the Lutherans, however, do not accede to this view.

The movement for a closer harmony in the Lutheran church originated with Rev. M. Bunge of Arpin, Wis., who is at present a member of the Wisconsin synod. Two meetings have already been held, one at Watertown, Wis., and the second at Milwaukee, which were more or less successful. The meeting begun here today is the largest of the three, and it is expected that something more definite may be accomplished.

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CHICAGO PEOPLE WIN BIG VICTORY

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP OF ALL CITY STREET RAILWAYS CARRIES AT ELECTION AND PROPOSITION WILL BE ADOPTED ON AT ONCE—OTHER FEATURES.

(Journal Special Service.)

Chicago, April 6.—Great interest was taken in the municipal elections held yesterday for the reason that the question of "people's ownership of street railways" came up for vote.

The Mueller law carried by 152,484 against 30,104. The Mueller law passed the last session of the legislature and provides that cities of Illinois may construct, operate, own and lease street railways, and provides the means for obtaining such ownership.

It was also decided to temporarily license the street railways until the city shall be prepared to take them over.

On the proposition to take the roads over the vote stood 120,744 for and 50,892 against.

This is considered the greatest victory for advocates of municipal ownership that has ever been gained in America.

On the vote for aldermen the Republicans elected 18 and Democrats 16, also one independent Republican was elected to the board.

This result gives the next council a membership of 36 Republicans, 31 Democrats, two independents, a Republican and Democrat each, and one Socialist.

ONLY ONE FAVORITE WINS AT OAKLAND

(Journal Special Service.)

San Francisco, April 6.—Long shots captured all but one of the races at Oakland yesterday.

Summary:
First race, six furlongs, selling—Overholt won, Hunt Polly second, Crig third; time, 1:15.

Second race, half a mile, selling—Pirella won, Velna second, Ben Eric third; time, 0:49.

Third race, four and a half furlongs, selling—Matt Hogan won, Mocorito second, Addie third; time, 1:31 1/4.

Fourth race, mile and 70 yards, selling—Petrola won, Billy Moore second, Colonel Van third; time, 1:46 1/4.

Fifth race, futurity course, handicap—Hagerdon won, Atwood second, Albul third; time, 1:10 1/4.

Sixth race, mile and 50 yards, selling—Hillouon won, Lucy Crawford second, Hainault third; time, 1:44 1/4.

At Ascot Park.

Los Angeles, April 6.—Favorites were scarce in the running yesterday, only half of them scoring.

Results:
First race, six furlongs—Headwater won, Metcalf second, Little Secret third; time, 1:15.

Second race, four and a half furlongs—Jerome won, Azelina second, Peggy Mine third; time, 0:56.

Third race, one mile, selling—Erna won, Al About second, Lunar third; time, 1:42 1/4.

Fourth race, five furlongs—Mazeda won, Pat Bulger second, Best Man third; time, 1:01 1/4.

Fifth race, one mile—J. V. Kirby won, Dollie Welthoff second, Merwan third; time, 1:42.

Sixth race, six and a half furlongs—Celebration won, Thibse second, Rosebud third; time, 1:21 1/4.

At Montgomery Park.
Memphis, April 6.—Yesterday's results:

First race, seven and a half furlongs—St. Merryleggs won, Trossachs second, Lamson third; time, 1:38 1/4.

Second race, six furlongs—Major Pelham won, Forehand second, Floral King third; time, 1:25 1/4.

Third race, four and a half furlongs—Charlie's Aunt won, Magic second, Little Mirthful third; time, 0:56 1/4.

Fourth race, country club handicap, one mile—Harlan won, Lura Lighter second, Banter third; time, 1:42 1/4.

Fifth race, steepchase, about a mile and a quarter—Farmer's Foe won, Theory second, Bright Girl third; time, 2:57.

Sixth race, mile and a sixteenth—Welcome Light won, Berilla second, Lodestar third; time, 1:52 1/4.

STATE UNIVERSITY WANTS BALL NINE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

Eugene, Or., April 6.—A meeting of students of the University of Oregon was held yesterday afternoon to discuss the possibility of organizing a university baseball team. No organization was effected, but it was agreed to meet again soon, when a team will be picked. There are a number of good players among the students and a pretty fair baseball material is something that the university has always lacked and the teams representing the institution have never been very successful.

A challenge has been received from the full military academy of Portland for a game to be played next Saturday, but it is impossible to get the local team in shape for a game at that time.

PIED PIPER OF SEATTLE.

Young "Robbie Boys," the "Seattle Piper," ran a cartoon in Monday's Times, which was made by "Star" of the San Francisco Bulletin, but Robbie gave credit to "Tad" for it. Tad has not been on the Bulletin for some time and his original sporting sketches are missed. Boys is a great sporting writer and was considered an authority on football by the University of Washington men until Multnomah defeated Washington last year.

Boys owns several fine horses and a yacht, and during the summer months may be seen on Seattle's speedway. Some time ago it is reported that he offered to give away one of his blooded animals to a friend.

GOLDEN JUBILEE OF G. O. P.

(Journal Special Service.)

Camden, N. J., April 6.—Great preparations have been made by the Republicans in the fifth ward of this city to celebrate tonight the semi-centennial of the organization of the first Republican club in the United States. The club was formed in Camden, although other places now claim the honor. Justice of the Peace Braker, familiarly known as the "war horse" of the Republican party, is one of the few surviving persons who formed the club that is now the great Republican party. Mr. Braker has the original circular that was issued in the early part of 1854 by the old line Whigs and Free Soldiers for a meeting of the Jefferson Demo-

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"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which had been of 25 years' standing. At times I was almost past going. I commenced to use Peruna according to your instructions and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me."

"Your remedies do all that you claim for them, and even more. Catarrh cannot exist where Peruna is taken according to directions. Success to you and your remedies."

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If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

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