

A QUIET SUNDAY FOR VANCOUVER

Saloon Men Made Good Their Threat and All Places but Two Restaurants Were Tightly Closed Entire Day.

Many Citizens Seek Day's Pleasure Elsewhere and the Churches Alone Are Patronized with Liberality.

(Journal Special Service.) VANCOUVER, B. C., July 27.—This town passed a quiet Sunday of its existence yesterday and the results of the action of the saloonmen in closing all business houses were up to the anticipation of the most law abiding. Not a confectionery store, not a cigar stand, not an eating house, except two, nor meat market nor other store, shop or office was open. The streets were deserted, the citizens either rested under their home shade trees or departed for livelier resorts, and as one business man expressed it, "only the churches kept open for patrons."

Two restaurant men defied the threats of the liquor dealers and kept open despite all warnings. These were Mr. Van Atta and Mr. Preble. The saloonmen may start proceedings against these two, but the best legal talent of the city holds that a restaurant is really excepted by the statute.

According to one lawyer the closing laws were passed years ago in the old territorial days, when there were only "hotels" in the land and the latter-day chop house was unknown. For years the law has stood a dead letter on the books and all legislatures have passed it by without change, because it was so generally inoperative. It is predicted that any action taken against restaurant men will result in a victory for them.

Another Sunday of quiet is promised by the saloonmen, who refuse to listen to the general complaints and allow their fellows to conduct a Sunday trade. "All or none" is the slogan adopted by the saloonmen, and for a time it will be "none."

TO HAVE TWO DAYS AT ST. LOUIS FAIR

Oregonians Will Celebrate Twice at the Great Exposition Next Year.

President Jefferson Myers of the State Lewis and Clark Commission this morning received a letter from E. C. Culp, Secretary of the St. Louis Exposition Committee on Ceremonies, stating that two days would be set apart for Oregon at the coming Missouri City "show." Mr. Culp's letter was as follows:

"I beg to acknowledge your interesting and esteemed favor of July 1. I have been on an extended trip East, and only returned yesterday morning, which accounts for the delay in answering. The Committee on Ceremonies have, at your request, designated Wednesday, June 16, 1904, as Oregon State Day, being commemorative of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in fixing the international boundary at the 49th parallel of latitude.

"Your request for September 23d, to be designated as Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition Commission Day, is also approved by the committee.

In this connection I desire to say that they have a society in the United States called the Lewis and Clark Legion. I have had a large correspondence with various members of this society, and they appear to be scattered all over the country, one of the leading members is a prominent merchant of this city, and they have asked for September 23d to be named Lewis Day.

Lewis and Clark Monor.

"I do not apprehend that it will interfere in the least with your celebration of the same event, and I presume the descendants of Clark will also ask for some recognition; my own opinion is, that your particular celebration will embody all of the features necessary in commemorating the Lewis and Clark expedition. As you say, these dates are of historical interest, and for that reason I am the more inclined to, and will give the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition precedence over any event which may take place.

"I trust you will find this answer satisfactory, and beg to assure you that the Committee on Ceremonies will do all in its power to make the event a memorable one in the history of the exposition. With this idea before us, I would be glad to have suggestions from you in regard to a program for that occasion at such time as you desire to have it promulgated. In the meantime I will give the matter over to the Press and Publicity Department."

Historical Events Celebrated.

On the first named date, 1846, the Webster-Ashburton treaty was signed, settling the great boundary dispute between the United States and the mother country regarding the dividing line between this nation and Canada. By this treaty, the States of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and portions of Montana and Wyoming became a part of the American Republic.

The dispute regarding this boundary was after it is becoming very popular with the Portland people. The rate of \$2.00 has been made by the Southern Pacific Company in connection with the Corvallis & Eastern Railway for the Sunday round trip from Portland, tickets good going Saturday, returning Monday.

A delightful ride through the beautiful Willamette Valley, with privilege of going up one side of the Willamette River, and down the other.

Ask any Southern Pacific Company or Corvallis & Eastern Railroad agent for a beautifully illustrated booklet describing the seaside resorts at Yaquina.

The most delightful trip across the continent is via the Denver & Rio Grande, the scenic line of the world. Apply at 124 Third st., Portland, for rates.

YOUNG GRIFFIN'S BODY DISCOVERED

After the Search is Abandoned Body of Missing Man Found Floating in the River.

(Journal Special Service.) EUGENE, Or., July 27.—The body of Charles W. Griffin, who was missed from his home in Eugene last Monday, was found yesterday by a boy stroller who was walking along the banks of the Willamette River behind Skinner's Butte, not a quarter of a mile from the heart of the city.

The body had been stopped from floating down the stream by the boom which stretches across the river at that place to catch logs for the Eugene Sawmill Company. It had apparently been in the water since Monday night. The watch carried on the person had stopped shortly before 12 o'clock, indicating that it was between 11 and 12 o'clock on Monday night that the drowning took place.

The body since that time has no doubt lain on the bottom of the river in some secluded pool and was raised by the blasting and explosion of many charges of dynamite up and down the river. The body probably raised yesterday and floated to the place where it was found, which is but half a mile from the place where he was sleeping on the rocks about 5 o'clock of the evening of his experience.

Coroner Arrives.

The boy making the discovery immediately notified a man who examined the corpse and fastened it so it would not get away while he went to notify the coroner. Coroner C. B. King arrived shortly on the scene and took charge of the body, which was taken to the undertaking parlors of Day & Henderson. The discovery created intense excitement in the city, as it had been announced by the Register that Griffin had been seen at a logging camp near the mouth of the river.

A jury was immediately summoned and a verdict was returned ignoring the charge of suicide and saying that the victim came to his death by drowning on Monday night.

The jury adopted the theory that young Griffin had gone to a quiet spot along the river, had taken a large dose of morphine which he has been compelled to use since his return from the Portland hospital and awoke late at night from his stupor. Not being at all awake, it is said that he started abruptly and fell into the waters of the old Willamette and, being without strength sufficient to extricate himself, died in a useless struggle as he was swept over the rim and into the death-dealing eddies which swirl near the south bank of the river.

Question of Suicide.

It is a fact, however, that he was seen sleeping with his coat under his head and when the body was found it was completely clothed and the coat buttoned tight. From this and the fact that he tried previously to commit suicide by the skill of three doctors, and also, taking into consideration that he has been in extreme pain from rheumatism in his knee, the theory of deliberate suicide cannot be altogether banished. The funeral was held yesterday morning from the late home of the dead man. The mother of Griffin is prostrate over the affair and is under the care of physicians. The Knights of Pythias, Elks and officers of the military companies here attended the funeral in bodies.

C. W. Griffin was one of Eugene's brightest and most popular young men. He was about 29 years old. As a member of the Elks, Knights of Pythias and other social organizations he was high in council, and held the esteem of every acquaintance. He was second lieutenant of Company E, First Separate Battalion, and its most popular officer.

JURORS ESCAPED BY PLEADING ILLNESS

Jett-White Case Continues to Drag Along in the Kentucky Courts.

(Journal Special Service.) CYNTHIANA, Ky., July 27.—When the Jett and White case was called this morning all but 16 jurors were excused on account of illness. A hundred more names were drawn.

Under instructions from the court a detail of soldiers was sent to Lexington to protect Capt. Ewen, who is expected to arrive at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

EXPLORED GREAT PEAK

A Report on Mt. McKinley, the Highest Point on North American Continent.

(Journal Special Service.) SEATTLE, July 27.—Judge Wickham and eight members of the exploring party that started nearly a month ago to scale Mt. McKinley, supposed to be the highest peak in America, have returned to Rampart. The explorer states in his report that the wonders of the great mountain exceed anything expected. Immense glaciers 400 feet high were encountered, and the great peak near the high point of McKinley is an extinct volcano. This peak was named Deborah after the wife of Judge Wickham. The river at the base of Mt. McKinley was named Wickham's.

SWETLAND SUED

Suit will be commenced this afternoon by Multnomah County against L. Q. Swetland, former County Clerk, to recover the amount of \$516.60. The shortage was discovered in his department by the expert who has been carrying on the investigation at the Courthouse. A portion of this alleged shortage consists of license fees which were or should have been collected by the County Clerk but were not paid over by him to the County Treasurer. A part of the shortage is in tax collections.

ACCOUNT OF MASSACRE

(Journal Special Service.) LONDON, July 27.—In the House of Commons today Cranbourne said that the British Consul-General at Odessa had been instructed to provide his home government with a detailed account of the Kishinev massacre.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains, Monarch ointment.

CHAUTAQUA A GREAT SUCCESS

Never in the History of the Association Has a More Successful Series of Meetings Been Held.

Results of the Assemblage Most Gratifying from Every Standpoint—Final Ceremonies Very Impressive.

OREGON CITY, July 27.—The Willamette Valley Chautauqua Association closed its twenty-third annual meeting last evening. The meeting has been one of the most, if not quite, the most successful in the history of the association. As was predicted, Saturday night's meeting saw the largest crowd inside the enclosure to the meeting. The auditorium was more than packed. Hundreds stood up on the outside listening to the words of the eloquent Missourian, Champ Clark, while hundreds more were unable to even get within the point of his voice. It is estimated that fully 6,000 people heard his speech. Three or four hundred Portland people occupied the rostrum, among them being many former Missourians. None of them were disappointed in his speech. All were awed and convinced that Clark was even a bigger man than they had before believed. The fireworks after the speech furnished an innovation that proved quite attractive.

Financially, the Chautauqua was a decided success. In addition to meeting all liabilities and outstanding indebtedness, there will remain in the treasury about \$1,250. More than \$5,000 was received from all sources at this session. The campers began to strike their tents Saturday night, and this morning the 250 tents which dotted the grounds have disappeared. It is said that the grounds will be considerably improved before another meeting is held.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company handled the large crowds without an accident. The Fair grounds were closed Saturday night, however, they became fearful of train robbers, because of the many hold-ups in this vicinity and Portland, and placed an armed guard on their late trains. Nothing occurred to justify their suspicions.

ARGUMENTS HEARD IN THE TAX SUIT

Case Against First National Bank and W. F. White Again in Court.

The suit instituted by Multnomah County against the First National Bank and W. F. White, to recover the value of tax certificates surrendered by a former county Board in exchange for worthless warrants, was again before Judge Cleland this morning, upon argument of the demurrer filed by the county to the bank's answer. After hearing the arguments of the attorneys the court took the matter under advisement.

Senator Simon, who appeared in behalf of the bank, made an able presentation of his client's case, insisting that the defense presented in the answer was an adequate reply to the county's suit. He insisted that the bank had a right to the certificates, and that the bank had throughout acted in entire good faith, and that in negotiating the transaction whereby the void warrants were exchanged for tax sale certificates, it had simply been the agent of W. F. White, who, the bank insists, was the real party in interest. Senator Simon also argued that the decree rendered in 1897, enjoining the bank from presenting and the county from paying the void warrants, is not binding on the bank, for the reasons that the suit was a collusive one, and that the county was never served and filed no appearance, it was not bound by the decree. If the county was not bound, said the attorney, neither was the bank. At all events, there was sufficient doubt on the point to justify the bank in making of the compromise which was effected with the County Board four years later.

OREGIA'S NEPHEW IN SAN FRANCISCO

Relative of Temporary Head of Church of Rome Is Chef in a Hotel.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—Rolling pans and preparing menus for dinner, luncheon or tea, Giovanni Oreglia attends his duties as chef at the Victoria Hotel, on Geary street, and with the exception of a daily request that some one of his former countrymen translate to him the contents of the dispatches from Rome in the morning papers, there is nothing to indicate that he is the nephew of Cardinal Oreglia, who may at no distant day become pope at the head of the great Roman Catholic Church. But such, he says, is his relationship.

Giovanni Oreglia has been in San Francisco for 18 years, but cannot speak English.

He came to this city from Turin, Italy, and since his arrival in America, has never in any way communicated with his relatives in Europe.

Although greatly interested in the contest for the papacy, he does not attempt to assume any airs because his uncle is the present, though temporary head of the church of Rome.

MOB WILL LYNCH A BRUTAL NEGRO

FARMINGTON, Ia., July 27.—Great excitement prevails here over the assault on a negro by the name of Clark made on a pretty 16-year-old girl Saturday night at Kahoka, Mo. He inflicted several dangerous wounds with a razor on his victim and left her in a very dangerous condition. Farmers now have him surrounded in the woods near Medill, and are determined to lynch him.

Prominent Man Injured

SALEM, July 27.—Hon. A. Bush, Salem's pioneer banker, met with a serious accident on Saturday night while walking alone on his lawn. He stepped on some hard object, dislocated the right ankle. He was immediately assisted into the house and medical attendance provided, and was at once made as comfortable as possible, but it will be several days before he will be able to be about. Dr. A. E. Gillis, surgeon-general of the Oregon National Guard, is attending Mr. Bush and he reports that no serious consequences will result, though the ankle is badly swollen and dislocated. Mr. Bush is of a nervous disposition and the enforced confinement will probably be more irritating to him than the actual injury. He had planned to go East soon, and it is feared that this accident may interfere with his plans in this regard.

TO PUSH WORK ON 1905 BUILDINGS

Meeting of Fair Officers Held This Morning and Plans Discussed.

It was decided at a conference held this morning at the Lewis and Clark Fair headquarters between the chiefs of the Exposition to push the work of erecting the buildings. It is now thought that the foundations for all the large buildings will be laid before the fall rains set in.

This morning's conference was between President H. W. Scott of the Board of Directors, Director-General Goods, Superintendent of Grounds Oscar Huber, Chairman Paul Wessinger of the Grounds and Buildings Committee, and Secretary Henry E. Reed. The meeting was held in order that the officers might have a thorough understanding regarding the work now in progress and to plan for the future.

It was the unanimous opinion of the officers present that the plans for the buildings should be prepared at once and presented to the Board of Directors for examination, who in turn would submit them to the State Lewis and Clark Commission for approval. When this is done the work will begin at once. Mr. Huber was of the opinion that all the foundations for the chief Exposition buildings could be put down before the next rainy season sets in.

Architects to Meet.

Superintendent Architect One Lewis was unable to be present at this morning's meeting, so the conference was adjourned to meet again at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when the Board of Consulting Architects will be present to discuss the plans for the buildings. Sketches of the various palaces that will grace the 1905 Fair grounds have already been made, and it is thought that these drawings will be presented at this afternoon's meeting for examination. The members of the Board of Consulting Architects are: David C. Lewis, Edgar M. Lazarus, Richard Martin, Jr., Emil Schacht, H. J. Hefty and Justus Krumbelt.

If it is said by the members of the Exposition directors that the work on the grounds and buildings will be pushed as rapidly as possible from this day on, in order that the Fair may open on time.

REASON FOR THE DAMAGE

Cattle and horses will pass over a range and with their big hoofs leave the ground in good condition after they have gone. Besides that they will nibble the grass here and there and leave it in condition to sprout once more and grow, but with the sheep it is different. They pass over the land like an advancing army of locusts and leave no vegetation behind. The van of the flock will eat the bunch grass to the surface of the ground and pass on cutting the ground into dust from which the rest of the band will pick roots of the vegetation, leaving all of the range as barren as a road. In this way they kill the vegetation and ruin the soil.

In the mountains where they are taken for the summer range, they eat up the underbrush and stand around the springs churning them into muddy sink-holes, which spread the water over a large tract instead of allowing it to run away in the channels as it did in the old days before the sheep were so plentiful.

With the underbrush off of the mountain sides and the forests open to the sun it is claimed the snow will not lay as long on the ground as it did in the days when it had lodgment in the dark cool recesses of the woods. And with the grass all off of the hillsides the rain has nothing to hold it when it falls, and as a consequence runs away without penetrating into the ground.

It is estimated by geological surveys now in the county that as a result of the lack of grass and undergrowth at least two-thirds of the rainfall is lost to the ground, running in torrents down the hillsides and away in the streams. This is why the streams are lower during the dry season than in times past and why the crops are shortened from the lack of water, for now in order for them to grow it is necessary that it rain often enough for them to depend on the outside moisture without drawing on the ground for a great deal of their irrigation.

TO CHANGE CONDITIONS

This is why every one except the sheepraisers regret at the sheep and say they are ruining the country. But great alarm is needless because it has come to the pass that the sheepmen themselves are beginning to see that they can not raise the numbers of sheep that they could in the past. They are beginning to raise the standard of their breed and cut down the numbers. In a few years experts claim they will become educated to the capacity of the ranges and the districts will be apportioned until the land can have time to grow the grass as it is eaten off.

In the meantime, conservatives say, the calamity talk about a desert land is unnecessary and unjust for the conditions are the same that have held for the last few years. Five years ago the W. & C. Railway had its water train on the Walla Walla County flats and the farmers in the vicinity of Pendleton hauled water when their wells went dry and they have to haul no more now than they did then.

A YOUNG BOY IS MISSING

Lloyd Rycroft, 12 Years Old, Has Been Gone Two Weeks—His Parents Anxious.

The police have been asked by J. T. Rycroft of 355 Russell street of the disappearance of his 12-year-old son Lloyd. The boy left two weeks ago and as his parents have heard nothing of him they are very anxious. It was reported that the boy was selling peanuts at the Woodmen carnival Friday night. The boy wore a gray cap, blue overalls and gray trousers.

A MURDER MYSTERY

(Journal Special Service.) MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., July 27.—The body of a young woman found in the corner with a shooting about the neck was identified this afternoon as Gussie Slote, a married woman. Her husband is missing.

Range of Chicago Markets.

(Special Telegrams to the Journal & Co.) CHICAGO, July 27.—The market ranged today as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat	77 1/2	78 1/4	77 3/4	77 3/4
Sept.	77 1/2	78 1/4	77 3/4	77 3/4
Dec.	77 1/2	78 1/4	77 3/4	77 3/4
Sept.	52 1/2	53	52 1/2	52 1/2
Dec.	52 1/2	53	52 1/2	52 1/2
Sept.	33 1/2	34 1/4	33 1/2	33 1/2
Dec.	33 1/2	34 1/4	33 1/2	33 1/2
Sept.	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/2	18 1/2
Dec.	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sept.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 1/2
Dec.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 1/2
Sept.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 1/2
Dec.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 1/2

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

WHY RANGE WAR IS CONTINUED

Grass Is Being Destroyed and Sheepmen, Who Are Blamed, Accuse the Other Stockmen of Oregon.

Underbrush Is Cleared from Hillsides and Moisture Evaporates Instead of Being Conserved by Soil.

PENDLETON, July 27.—Umatilla County like the rest of the surrounding counties is now as dry as the proverbial bone and the sheepman, the horse man, the cattleman and the citizen each takes his turn in swearing at the others for the condition of affairs.

If the cattleman is asked what is the reason that the streams are running low he will point to the sheep and swear that they are bringing the land to ruin, the sheepman will deny it and blame the horse and cattle, while the farmer will blame the whole lot and raise his voice against the party that will allow the reserves to be overrun and the mountains to be eaten bare.

But to the onlooker and the one who has made a study of the conditions prevailing it appears needless to be alarmed, least the land will be an arid stretch of sand bearing nothing but jack rabbits, sage brush and an unceasing thirst. While there is no denying that there has been a change in the last 15 years, it has been but slight and it will take years more for the condition to grow much worse. Then the wrongs will have been righted and the danger averted.

Fifteen years ago the cattleman says there was more water in the rivers, more moisture in the ground and more grass on the hills and on the mountains and the reason is not far to seek. It is the sheep that have done the damage and they are today the menace that is overhanging the water question of the eastern part of the state. To the person who has never been in the district and who knows none of the conditions prevailing it may seem strange that a few sheep would affect the water supply of a large section of a great state, but it is claimed that nevertheless this is a fact.

Reason for the Damage.

Cattle and horses will pass over a range and with their big hoofs leave the ground in good condition after they have gone. Besides that they will nibble the grass here and there and leave it in condition to sprout once more and grow, but with the sheep it is different. They pass over the land like an advancing army of locusts and leave no vegetation behind. The van of the flock will eat the bunch grass to the surface of the ground and pass on cutting the ground into dust from which the rest of the band will pick roots of the vegetation, leaving all of the range as barren as a road. In this way they kill the vegetation and ruin the soil.

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Concentrate Shipments.

PENDLETON, July 27.—The Badger Mining Company of Susanville is shipping concentrates from Pendleton to the Tacoma Smelting Company. The ore is hauled over the mountains to this place and sent out over the W. & C. Railway. The wagons bringing it are loaded with supplies from this point and hauled back to the mines.

Manch Sold.

PENDLETON, July 27.—W. F. Matlock has sold the "Buck" ranch to M. H. Gillette for \$30,500. There are 503 acres on the place and the price was \$50 an acre. Matlock sold 320 head of cattle with the place and the buyer will bring about 150 head with him when he moves there. He will conduct a dairy ranch and will endeavor to make it the largest in the county.

Hold-Up Man Caught.

PENDLETON, July 27.—Upon the complaint of A. La Rose of this city Fred Long has been arrested here, charged with an attempted hold-up. According to the story that La Rose tells, he was on the street with the undershirt and began to shoot about the neck of an unknown man came up to him and knocked him down. While he was on the ground the man attempted to rifle his pockets, but he called for the police and jumping to his feet ran toward the main street with the assassin behind him. Long followed him to Main street and here the police came on the

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