

THE WEATHER.
Tonight and Sunday, occasional rain; cooler tonight; southwest winds, diminishing Sunday.

The Oregon Daily Journal

Second Edition

VOL. I. NO. 257.

PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 3, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GREAT SCOTT, HAPPY JACK AND THE CORPORATIONS TAKE HAND IN PLACING BANCROFT IN GOOD JOB

CHARGES VERSUS CHARGES

Making "Good Politics" for the Democrats of Oregon.

Gradual Downfall of the Trio Predicted When the People Talk.

There is no longer any doubt that Jack Matthews, in his effort to foist a A. Bancroft, the Southern Pacific candidate for postmaster of Portland, upon the people of this city, is aided by Harvey Scott, manager of the local newspaper trust. There is also no longer any doubt that Scott, in his effort to escape enough of the Malmgren County delegation to allow him to bank for a few brief moments in the sunshine of official hope, has promised Matthews the support of the news trust. And, finally, there is no doubt that Harvey has handed the guide-cube instead of a senatorial toga, and that Jack Matthews cannot deliver anything that he isn't promised Senator McBride. This is the amusing situation of the day. This morning the news trust, in its own headline, gave the whole scheme away. Some people really did not believe for a while that a man who as long prior to the coming of The Journal, succeeded in getting any one from publishing a readable newspaper in Portland could have been so glib as to be taken in by Matthews' "promises." But now they know that all is as it is reported. "The Morning Trust" says in its headline: "Nothing in them. Charges against Matthews fall at once. Are considered trivial," etc. They owned and declared a week ago that there were no charges filed.

Mr. Scott didn't mean that he should have tipped his hand, but he did, and now it is said that the tall tower sounds with groans of remorse.

NOT ALONE MATTHEWS. As for Matthews, the people of Oregon will hold the Republican administration responsible for the Marshall's misadventure and the action of the civil service, or any other of Mr. Roosevelt's commissions, will not affect the main issue. The Democrats will have won a political victory and added thousands of votes to the party which should the present administration maintain an offensive partisan in public office.

The situation involving Scott and Matthews is one of the many disgraceful political combinations that has wallowed in the mire of the civil service, and on more than this present occasion, he rank and file of the party are extremely opposed to the maintenance of government office for the rounding up of petty politicians and cheap roustabouts.

Of course, no one will take the Morning Trust's report from Washington that the Civil Service Commissioner Proctor said at the charges against Matthews were so trivial that they were not worth considering. The Civil Service Commissioner would have been a fool to make any such remark. He is the chairman of government body, and as such would not pass such judgment on players who are not to him any more than would a judge pass sentence before a case had been tried. The so-called dispatch in the Morning Trust goes to show that that paper is still fighting its battles with the whims of an ass.

The charges against Matthews were contained in three affidavits, to which were will be nine supplemental charges. The first batch of papers reached the civil service commission on the 13th of December, and four days later were referred to the Department of Justice. The papers were received and received by Civil Service Agent C. Dorsey, who is John R. Proctor's clerk.

FAMOUS TITLED BEAUTIES AT DELHI FOR THE GREAT DURBAR.



THE DEADLY PARALLEL

SAYS "NO CHARGES." (December 24, 1902.) ONLY NEWSPAPER TALK.

Justice Department satisfied with Marshall Matthews. TRUST NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 23.—Reports that danger of offensive partisanship have been filed against United States Marshall Matthews led to an inquiry today at the Department of Justice by an Oregonian representative as to the status of the matter. The most positive statement was given out that no charge of any kind whatsoever had been filed against the Oregon United States Marshall, and the department seemed to consider the newspaper report regarding it of the most trifling consequence. It is said here by persons who are well informed as to the doings and sayings of the Oregon delegation, and as to the information about the alleged Portland postmaster controversy that has been placed before them, that no one except Postmaster Croasman has ever declared that Mr. Matthews at any time tried to interfere in the naming of his successor; and it is not believed by the delegation that there is any evidence extant that he took any part whatever in the matter. None of the delegation, so far as now known, intends to take it up unless it should happen that Senator Smith should hereafter decide to do something. It is said here that Mr. Matthews' only action was his declaration to Indorse Croasman. He did not indorse anybody.

BARBARIC SPLENDOR MARKS THE GREAT INDIAN DURBAR

(Journal Special Service) DELHI, India, Dec. 26 (via London, Jan. 3).—Shah Jehan's ancient capital is in fête. But apart from the resplendent glory of the pageantry which the rank and wealth of England's Eastern empire will lend to the event of the grand Coronation Durbar, on the eve of which we now are, there attaches to the affair an interest which peculiarly appeals to Americans. Because when, amid the greatest pomp and splendor the world has known, King Edward of England is proclaimed Emperor of India, at the left hand of him, the American wife of the Viceroy, she who occupies the station which in India is analogous to that of queen Alexandra in England, is the first daughter of the Western Republic ever to attain such social and political prominence. Until noon of New Year's Day, until the Imperial Herald in his gorgeous trappings reads the proclamation before the assembled crowd of 3,000 listening spectators, Edward VII. will, so to speak, be Emperor of India only in name. Lady Curzon, consort of the Indian Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, has not, and this is another fact of special interest for Americans, been content with being alone in her glory. She feels she has enough to spare a little, in the sense of reflecting it, upon a number of her countrywomen, who have come here to be witnesses of her hour of triumph. Beside England's rank and beauty, which are represented worthily by the Countess of Londonderry, the Duchess of Leeds, the Countess of Greve, Lady Dickson Poynder, Lady Wolverton and many others, the American visitors include the Duchess of Marlborough. Altogether the visiting contingent of English and American beauties forms a combination hard to beat—probably Delhi's historic past could furnish nothing to rival it. Under the shadow of the Jumna Masjid, the time-stained mosque of ancient Indraprastha, hundreds of elephants, caparisoned with Oriental splendor, will troop in ponderous procession through the eleven gates of the city, beyond whose frowning ramparts has risen, as if in a single night some giant of old had caused it to spring into sudden life, and more and more marvellous city of tented and pavilioned palaces. This is the truly royal encampment surrounding the Viceroy's temporary house of high imperial state. Here will be the scene of the proclamation. The Viceroy's pavilion, the dominating color is white and gold. Upon this ground, work flash warmly rainbow hues, delicately yet brilliantly contrasted with all the artifice of the Orient, conceived and woven by the master taste and exquisite ingenuity of the inimitable designers that only the East produces. In the Viceroy's pavilion 125 guests will be entertained in reception rooms nearly a hundred feet long and half a hundred wide, and in a banquet tent 125 feet long and half again as wide. The Viceroy's splendid pavilion is the point from which radiate a host of others whose grandeur is less only by comparison. Because he who personifies in himself the might of England's crown, the proxy for the Emperor-King who sits afar in the Occident on his island throne, compassed by the inviolate sea, has here marshaled round him in battalions all the native royalty of golden Ind, Rajahs, Maharajahs, Gulowars, Nizams, the independent Princes of this continent, are gathered here with radiant retinues to acclaim with a single voice the overlordship of the seventh English Edward, the "Kaiser-i-Hind." New Year's Day dawns on the occasion of the proclamation, and its attendant gorgeous spectacle, a kaleidoscope of Oriental pageantry so brilliant with color, so dazzling in the variety of its component parts, and so diversified in its action and movement, that the world might well stand amazed "like Joshua's moon at Ajalon" in awed wonderment to see. Noon is the hour of realization of all

SAYS MINERS ARE NOT UNGRATEFUL

Mitchell Defends Them From Critics.

They Did Not Work During Holidays Because They Were Refused Employment.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 3.—John H. Mitchell, president of the Miners' Union, issues a statement today in reply to the published criticism of the miners because they did not work during the holidays. The charge was made that they were guilty of ingratitude toward the public, inasmuch as the coal famine is so widespread and the need of increasing the output of the mines was so urgent. Mitchell says in answer to these critics that the miners have always been in the habit of knocking off work for the holidays and they did not know that any departure from this custom was expected of them this year. He declares that the charge of ingratitude is brought against them by persons who are anxious to malign them and who are desirous of diverting attention from the true cause of the coal famine. He concludes his statement as follows: "The truth is that several thousand miners have been refused the privilege of working at all since the close of the strike, although they have daily implored the companies to permit them to return to the places they occupied prior to the inauguration of the strike."

WANTS TITLE FOR DAUGHTER

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A Parisian newspaper, Cri de Paris, today prints the story that J. Pierpont Morgan is trying to arrange the marriage of his daughter to a French nobleman of ancient family. According to the story, Morgan has offered to give his daughter a settlement of \$15,000,000, if the match is arranged.

GERMAN SPY ON BOARD HIS SHIP

Venezuela Complains of American Captain. He Is Charged With Responsibility for Capture of Gunboat Miranda at Maracaibo.

MIRANDA on December 20th in Maracaibo harbor. An investigation is now being made into the charges, which may lead to strained relations between the United States and Venezuela. The Venezuelan consul general has notified President Castro of the matter and has filed with the United States government a formal protest against Captain Terrill's alleged acts. The story is that as the Cuita was about to leave Maracaibo harbor, a German spy obtained permission to stand among the passengers on the deck, having previously arranged to let the commander of the Panther know, by signals, whether the Miranda was in the harbor. When the Cuita sailed out of port, the spy lowered lights over her stern, this being the prearranged signal. The Panther immediately steamed into the harbor and captured the Miranda. Captain Terrill has made full denial of the charges.

ITALY WILL NOT EXHIBIT

ROME, Jan. 3.—The commissioner for the St. Louis Exposition, who is now in Europe for the purpose of inducing the various European Governments to enter exhibits, has met with failure in Italy.

CRACKSMEN ROB ILLINOIS BANK

GALESBURG, Ill., Jan. 3.—The First National Bank of Abingdon was robbed last night by five men, who blew open the bank vault with dynamite, secured \$5,000 and made their escape. They overpowered the watchman, bound and gagged him. He was found at 5 o'clock this morning, several hours after the robbers had made their escape. The job was evidently the work of expert cracksmen.

TAFT TO WAIT ANOTHER YEAR

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Justice Shriver of the Supreme Court has been persuaded to defer his retirement for a year, in order to allow Governor Taft, who is to be his successor, to remain a year longer in charge of the Philippines. The announcement of this change of plans was made today by a prominent business man of Manila, after a conference with Secretary Root.

DOUBT MEETS DOUBT

Tangle in the New City Charter Causes Discussion.

Are Railway Franchises in Perpetuity?—Various Opinions on the Question.

Speaking of that section in the new city charter which is feared by many lawyers as granting to the street railway companies franchises in perpetuity, the citizens quoted below are unanimous in their approval of The Journal's action in calling attention to the danger. Some say the danger exists and others doubt, but one and all are united in expressing the belief that the matter cannot be too plainly put before the people before it is too late.

In discussing the matter this morning with a Journal man, Mr. J. N. Teal expressed his opinion that a full and free inquiry into the subject should be had and he furthermore believes that the Council should take action at once to ascertain the exact position of the city in the premises. Mr. Teal said: "The section under discussion as originally drafted by the committee on franchises was as follows: 'All franchises or privileges heretofore granted by the city which are not in actual use or enjoyment or which the grantees thereof have not in good faith commenced to exercise, are hereby declared forfeited and of no validity unless said grantees or their assigns shall within six months after this charter takes effect in good faith commence the exercise or enjoyment of such grant or franchise.' Its purpose is so plain no explanation is necessary. Thereafter, Mr. Holman, as I now remember, called attention to the fact that franchises had been granted by Alameda, East Portland and Portland before consolidation, and to prevent any question being raised as to their validity by reason of consolidation, offered the amendment which was made part of the section and reads as follows: 'Nothing in this charter contained shall affect the validity of any franchise, right, or privilege in actual use or enjoyment herebefore given or granted by any former or the present City of Portland, or by the City of Alameda, and the same shall be and continue in force as if granted or granted by said cities or either of them.' After the board adjourned sine die, Mr. Dunnway, in the daily papers, called attention to the fact that the clause under consideration would have a perpetual grant of rights covered by under discussion having time limits fixed therein. Such a thought was so foreign to the purpose of every member of the board, so repugnant to their thoughts on the subject, and so contrary to the spirit of every line and word in the charter it did not seem to be possible any court would ever give this construction to this clause. Since then others have given the section thought, and there is now a number of other good lawyers as well as Mr. Dunnway who believe it is fraught with danger. This being so, there should be no hesitation. If the board unwittingly made a mistake it should be corrected at once, particularly so where no harm can result therefrom. The passage of Councilman Flegel's ordinance will cover this defect, if any there be. Why should the city take a chance? I say without hesitation that if this question had been suggested to the charter board the clause under discussion would not now be a part of the new charter."

MORE VENEZUELAN VESSELS SEIZED

Another Hostile Move by the Allied Fleet.

Warships Enter the Harbor at Puerto Cabello and Land a Force of Marines.

PUERTO CABELLO, Jan. 3.—The blockading warships of the allied powers entered the inner harbor here yesterday and seized every Venezuelan vessel in the port. While this was in progress a large force of marines was temporarily landed on the wharf, but there was no firing. The marines were withdrawn later, and the captured vessels were taken out of the harbor. The utmost excitement was aroused among the inhabitants of the city. The seizure was regarded as a beginning of hostilities, and wild rumors were current that a bombardment was to follow.

CRACKSMEN ROB ILLINOIS BANK

GALESBURG, Ill., Jan. 3.—The First National Bank of Abingdon was robbed last night by five men, who blew open the bank vault with dynamite, secured \$5,000 and made their escape. They overpowered the watchman, bound and gagged him. He was found at 5 o'clock this morning, several hours after the robbers had made their escape. The job was evidently the work of expert cracksmen.

TAFT TO WAIT ANOTHER YEAR

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Justice Shriver of the Supreme Court has been persuaded to defer his retirement for a year, in order to allow Governor Taft, who is to be his successor, to remain a year longer in charge of the Philippines. The announcement of this change of plans was made today by a prominent business man of Manila, after a conference with Secretary Root.