BIG ADVANCES IN WHEAT MARKET

Demand Has Forced Up Quotations.

Scarcity of Bluestem Wheat Booms Prices---The Hop Market Shows Strength.

An advance was made late yesterday afternoon in the quotations of wheat. The prices now stand: Walla Walla, 72 cents; bluestem, 79 cents; valley, 75 cents. The unusually high rates for bluestem is caused by the shortage in that product and for the great demand. There is an upward tendency in the entire grain market.

FEED QUOTED HIGHER.

The Portland Flouring Mills Company has notified dealers that hereafter the quotations on middlings will be $24 and shorts $20 a ton. No changes are made in the other varieties.

HOP MARKET STRENGTHENS.

Acording to McKinley Mitchell, the hop market has recovered from its depression and now shows some strength. Although there are very few actual sales made, it looks as if there will be some slight advances soon in quotations. It is said that there are now about 20,000 bales in the entire state, including those in the hands of the brokers. About 16,000 of these are yet in the hands of the growers. The New York market is showing additional strength and it is very likely that this market will pick up soon.

TURKEYS ARE SACRIFICED.

Turkeys were sacrificed yesterday in the wholesale market and the entire street was cleaned up of all surplus stock. Quotations ranged from about 10 cents a pound for the poor stock to about 16 cents for choice. Other poultry also cleaned up fairly well.

MARKETS CLOSED TODAY.

On acount of Thanksgiving, the local wholesale markets were only open for about an hour this morning and no actual business was transacted.

Today's revised quotations are:

Grain, Flour and Feed.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 72c; bluestem, 79c; Valley, 75c.

Barley—Feed, $22.00; rolled, $23.00@24.00.

Oats—No. 1 white, $1.15@1.17½; gray, $1.12½@1.15.

Flour—Eastern Oregon: Patents, $3.40@3.90; Diamond W., $3.85; straights, $3.20@3.30; graham, $3.00; Valley, $3.45.

Millstuffs—Bran, $19.00 per ton; middlings, $24.00; shorts, $20.00; chop, 18.00@19.00.

Hay—New timothy, $11.00@12.00; clover, $7.50@8.00.

Hops, Wool and Hides.

Hops—25½@26½c for choice.

Wool—Nominal; Valley, 15@15½c; Eastern Oregon, 10@14c.

Sheepskins — Shearings, 14½@19½c; short wool, 25@35c; medium wool, 30@60c; long wool, 60c@$1.44 each.

Tallow—Prime, per lb., 3½@4c; No. 2 and grease, 2@2½c.

Hides—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and up, 15@15½c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 15 pounds, 12c; dry calf, No. 1, under 5 pounds, 15½c; dry salted, bulls and stags, one-third less than dry flint; salted hides, steer, sound, 60 pounds or over, 7½@8½c; 50 to 60 pounds, 7½@8c; under 50 pounds, and cows, 7c; stags and bulls, sound, 5@5½c; kip, sound, 15 to 30 pounds, 7c; veal, round, 10 to 14 pounds, 7c; calf, sound, under 10 pounds, 8c; green (unsalted), 1c per pound less; culls, 1c per pound less; horse hides, salted, each, $1.25@1.75; dry, each, $1.00@1.50; colts' hides, each, 25@50c; goat skins, common, each, 10@16c; Angora, with wool on, each, 25c@$1.00.

Mohair—27c.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Creamery, 30@32½c; dairy, 20@22½c; store, 17c.

Eggs—Oregon, 28½@32c; Eastern, fresh, 26@27½c; cold storage 22½@23c.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 16s; Young America, 17@17½c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $3.50@4.00 per doz; hens, $4.00@4.50 per doz; broilers, $2.00@2.50; springs, $2.50@3.00; ducks, $4.00@4.50; per doz; turkeys, live, 14@16c; do dressed, 16@17c per lb; geese, $6.00@6.50 per doz.

Groceries, Nuts, Etc.

Sugar, "sack basis," cube, $4.95; powdered, $4.80; dry granulated, $4.70; extra C., $4.20; golden C., $4.10; barrels, 10c; ½ barrels, 25c; boxes, 50c advance on sack basis, less 25c per cwt for cash, magic, 12½@15c per pound.

Honey—14@15c per frame.

Coffee—Green Mocha, 21@28c; Java, fancy, 26@27c; Java, good, 20@24c; Java, ordinary, 18@20c; Costa Rica, fancy, 19@20c; Costa Rica, good, 16@18c; Costa Rica, ordinary, 10@12c per pound; Columbia roast, $10.63; Arbuckles', $11.13 list; Lion, $10.63 list; Cordova, $11.13 list.

Teas—Oolong, different grades, 25@65c; Gunpowder, 28, 32 to 35c; English Breakfast, different grades, 12½@60c; Spider Legs, uncolored Japan, 30@60c; green Japan, very scarce, 30@50c.

Salt—Bales, 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 10s $2.60; fine table, dairy and imported Liverpool, 50s, 52c; 100s, $1.02; 200s, $1.95 per bag.

Salt—Worcester salt, bulk, bbls, 320s, $5.00; Worcester 140 2s, $5.50; Worcester, 100 3s, $5.50; Worcester, 60 5s, $5.25, Worcester, 30 10s, $5.00; Worcester, linen sacks, 50s, 86c.

Salt—Coarse, half ground, 100s, per ton, $15.50; 50s per ton, $16.00; Liverpool lump, rock, $24.00 per ton; 50-lb rock, ——; 100s, ——.

Grain bags—Calcutta, $6.50 per 100.

Nuts—Peanuts, 6@7c per lb. for raw, 8½@9c for roasted; cocoanuts, 85@90c per doz; walnuts, new to arrive, 14½@15c per lb; pine nuts, 10@12½c; hickory nuts, 16c; chestnuts, Eastern, 15@16c; Brazil nuts, 16c; filberts, 15@16c; fancy pecans, 14@15c; almonds, 14@15c.

Coal oil—Cases, 12c per gallon; tanks, Water White, 15½c net; tanks, Headlight, 17½c net.

Rice—Imperial Japan, No. 1, 5½c; No. 2, 5c; New Orleans, head, 7@7½c.

Salmon—Columbia River, 1-lb talls, $1.70; 2-lb talls, $2.40; fancy, 1-lb flats, $1.85; 1-lb fancy flats, $1.10; Alaska talls, pink, 85c; red, $1.25; 2-lb talls, $2.

Beans—Small white, $4.00; large white, $4.00; pink, $3.75; bayou, $4.00; Limas, 5½c.

Tobacco—Plug cut, smoking, 1 2-3-oz packages: Seal of North Carolina, 70c lb; Mastiff, 68c; Dixie Queen, 40c; Red Bell, 38c; Pedro, 50c; Golden Scepter, $1.15; fine cut, Cameo, 40c; Capstan, $1.85; Duke's Mixture, 40c; Bull Durham, 66c; Old English Curve Cut, 72c; Maryland Club, 71c; Mail Pouch, 38c; Yale Mixture, $1.40; Plug tobacco, Drummond's Natural Leaf, 58c; Piper Heidsieck, 66c; Something Good, 40c; Standard Navy, 44c; T. & B., 56c; Spear Head, 43c; Star, 43c; Fine cut chewing: Golden Thread, 68c; Fast Mail, 70c.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

Fresh Meats—Beef, prime, 6½@7c; bulls, 3@4½; cows, 4½@6; pork, 7@7½c; veal, 8@8½c; mutton, 2½@3c; gross; dressed, 5½@6c; lambs, 5½@6c per lb.

Hams, Bacon, etc.—Portland pack (Western) hams, 15½c; picnic, 12c; breakfast bacon, 18@19c; light sides, 14c; backs, 12½c; dry salted sides, 13c; dried beef sets, 18c; insides and knuckles, 18c per lb.

Eastern packed hams, under 18 lbs., 15½c; over 18 lbs., 15c; fancy, 16c; picnic, 12c; shoulders, 12c; dry salted sides, unsmoked, 14½c; breakfast bacon, 18½c; do, smoked, 15½c; butts, 12@13c.

Lard—Kettle leaf, 10-lb. tins, 14c; 5s, 14¼c; 50-lb tins, 14¾, steam rendered, 10s, 13½c; 5s, 13¼c; 50s, 12¾c.

Fish—Rock cod, 8c; flounders, 7c; halibut, 9c; ling cod, 5c; crabs, per doz., $1.50; razor clams, 10c doz; red snappers, 8@9c; black cod, 8@9c; stripped bass, 10@12½c; salmon, 6@7c; soles, 8c; smelt, 6c; lobsters, 12½c; shrimp, Puget Sound, 15c lb.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes—65@70c; sweets, $1.75 cwt.

Onions—Oregon, 90c@$1.

Tomatoes—40@50c per box; turnips, sack, $1.10; carrots, $1@1.10 sack; beets, $1.25 per box; crab apples, 3c per lb; Fall Butter pears, $85c@$1 per box; cranberries, Tillamook and Coos Bay, $8; Cape Cod, $9 a barrel; huckleberries, 10c lb; mushrooms, 25c lb; pomegranates, $1.50@2 box.

Apples—Fancy, 75c@$1.25; cooking, 50@75c.

Grapes—Concord, 25c per 10-lb basket; California, $1.25@1.40; Oregon, 75c@1.00.

Radishes, per doz, 12½@15c; cabbages, Oregon, 1@1¼c lb; lettuce, head, per doz, 12½@15c; Oregon green corn, 15c doz; beans, 3@4c lb; eggplant, 5@6c lb; cucumbers, 40@50c box; green peppers, 50c box; squash, $1.50 cwt; pumpkins, $1.50 cwt; horseradish, 8c lb; celery, 75c@$1 doz; hothouse lettuce, $1.75@2 per box. navels, $4.00@4.50 box; bananas, $2.00@2.75.

Dried fruits—Apples, evaporated, 7@7½c; apricots, 7@7½c; peaches, 7½@9c; pears, 8½c; prunes, Italian, 4½@5½c, French, 3½@4½c; figs, California blacks, 6@6½c; do, white, 7½@8c; plums, pitted, 5@6c; raisins, seeded, fancy, 1-lb cartons, 50 packages to case, 8½c pkg; seeded, choice, 12-oz cartons, 7½c; loose Muscatelles, 50-lb boxes, 6½@7½c lb; London layers, $1.75.

Liverpool Quotations.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 26.—Close—December wheat, 5-11½ higher; March wheat, 6-0⅝, ½ up; May wheat, 6-0½, ⅝ higher; January corn, 4-5¼, unchanged; March corn, 4-2¼, unchanged.

Cotton.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 26.—Cotton moderate business; prices easier; Mids. 6 points off; sales 8,000; receipts, 28,000; American, 24,000. Futures opened easy and at 12:30 were quiet at 4 to 5 points decline.

INDRAVELLI ARRIVES

Brings Big Cargo of Goods From the Orient.

EXPERIENCED ROUGH WEATHER

Cargo Consists of 4500 Tons---Had Japanese and Chinese Passengers.

The Oriental liner Indravelli arrived in port yesterday afternoon about a day and a half late. She was considerably over 18 days making the voyage from Yokohama, having sailed from there on November 7. During the latter part of the trip she encountered a typhoon, and for several days her progress was necessarily slow. The waves swept over the deck mountain high, but did no damage. For four days the storm continued unabated, but when it finally subsided the weather became fine and clear. This was on the 20th, and from then on good time was made until the Columbia River was reached.

A BIG CARGO.

The Indravelli carried 4,500 tons of the usual merchandise brought from the Orient. Among it was 15,000 rolls of matting, consigned to merchants in Portland, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and other Eastern cities. In addition there were 6,000 cases of tea, 4,500 cases of curios, 126 rolls of raw silk, 1,500 bales of jute, 600 bales of gunnies, 14 bales of cassia, 6 cases of mace, 120 bags of pepper, 650 bags of tapioca, 50 bags of gambier, 500 cases of pineapples, 100 bags of coffee, 30 bags of cloves, 50 bags of beans, 700 bags of rice and 20 cases of nutmegs.

The passengers consisted of 60 Japanese and seven Chinese, the latter stopping at Astoria. The Indravelli will take on the return trip flour, cotton and lumber.

NEWS OF AND FOR MARINERS

The Goings and Comings of Those Who Plough the Mighty Deep.

The United States snagboat Mathloma has ceased operations on the Upper Willamette on account of high water, and is now at the government moorings in North Portland, where she is undergoing a few minor repairs.

The British bark Ancenis which lost two sailors by desertions Monday night at Astoria will proceed to sea without securing any one to take their places. A search was made for the deserters, but they could not be located.

The schooner Oliver J. Olsen left down the river yesterday in tow of the Gamecock. She is bound for Shanghai with a lumber cargo.

The schooner Forester has completed a lumber cargo at Weidler's dock for Kiao Chow Bay, China.

The Isle of Arran has moved into the stream after completing her wheat cargo at the Irving dock.

CABLE PEOPLE AGREE.

WASHINGTOS, Nov. 27.—Attorney-General Knox has informed the President that the entire board of directors of the Pacific Cable Company had agreed to the conditions laid down by the government. Nothing now remains but the path of construction from San Francisco to the Philippines.

CZAR LOOKED WELL.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Messages received here from Vienna tell of the farewell audience given American Ambassador Tower by the Czar and Czarina of Russia. Tower has arrived at Vienna and declares that when last he saw their majesties their health was excellent.

BUILDING PERMITS.

James Johnson, repairs, Williams avenue; $80.

J. H. Spain, two-story dwelling, East Alder and Eighteenth streets; $1,575.

C. A. Peterson, one and one-quarter-story dwelling, Eighth and East Salmon streets; $1,600.

T. N. McHolland, one and one-half-story dwelling, East Twenty-eighth and East Couch streets; $1,750.

K. H. Walls, two-story dwelling, East Salmon and East Twenty-third streets; $2,000.

C. Zeigler, addition, Michigan and Mason streets; $100.

G. H. Spain, two-story dwelling, East Alder and East Tenth streets; $1,575.

ROOSEVELT IS BEING CENSURED

Is Not Receiving Support in South.

"Lily Whites" Have Stirred Up Troubles That Will Not Be Readily Allayed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—There is a lingering feeling in the South for Senator Hanna for the Republican presidential nomination, and if he would permit an indication of the use of his name this feeling would become exceedingly strong, it is predicted. The declaration is made that the president has not by any means crushed the white movement in the Republican party in the South. In Alabama, where he has removed a United States attorney and a collector of internal revenue, and has a big axe poised over the heads of District Attorney Reese and Postmaster Hughes of Birmingham, the "lily white" faction has not been crushed. Instead of promptly surrendering and changing front that they might remain around the federal pie counter, the "lily white" leaders have defiantly announced that they would continue their policy, and in addition would fight the renomination of the president. This fight has been made more bitter by the recent declaration of Roosevelt that he would appoint negroes to federal offices. It so happens that in Alabama the Republican organization is well dominated by "lily whites."

Mr. Bingham is the national committeeman from the state, and in nearly every other way the organization is well intrenched in the hands of the white men who proposed to overthrow the negro influence in politics. This fact is not favorable to the negro faction securing control and defeating the aims of the "lily whites." There is no doubt that the negroes in the party largely outnumber the whites in Alabama, but the control is now on the other side. The same thing may be said in North Carolina, if Senator Pritchard and his organization should decide to fight the president. There has been some doubt whether Senator Pritchard would do this, and he has been charged with wanting to be a federal judge in the South.

OUT FOR HANNA.

Ex-Representative Romulus Z. Linney and other Republicans in the state have come out for Senator Hanna. They are doing so without caring whether Senator Hanna gives his indorsement or not. Mr. Linney was a familiar figure in Congress several years ago.

White Republicans in the South are charging that the president is violating his own position on the civil service question by summarily removing men from office whose records were good. It is recalled that when Mr. Bingham was removed and his successor was appointed Posmaster General Payne gave out a statement saying that Mr. Bingham's conduct of his office was not a consideration in the matter.

WORK OF LILY WHITES.

A peculiar fact has been noticed by Gen. J. S. Clarkson, collector of the Port of New York, and Southern manager of political affairs of the administration. This was that in nearly every Southern state where the "lily white" movement was making progress and the negro was being eliminated there was secret hostility to the president. Mr. Clarkson is declared to have had some fears that the "lily whites" proposed to secure control of the various state organizations, get the negro completely out of the way and then turn on the president. The latter had a friend in Senator Pritchard in North Carolina, but there was constantly a strong sentiment among other white leaders for Senator Hanna or some one else. Negro leaders in the South, especially Booker Washington, thought they saw indications of treachery, and they notified Mr. Clarkson and General Payne. Mr. Clarkson has had some experience with Republican machines in the South, and he concluded that the president had more genuine friends among the negroes in the South than among the small number of whites.

THE NEGROES.

In most of the Southern states the negro has, if he exercises it, the voting power in conventions to overturn any attempt against the president, especially in those states where he still retains a partial control in the state committees and county organizations. Texas and Louisiana are largely dominated by a white element, but in the latter state the officeholding habit may be too strong to induce any rebellion against the president there. The president made some enemies in Arkansas early in his administration by removing several white officeholders whose conduct of their offices was not to his liking. So there is a nucleus for opposition to him in that state. Tennessee, with a white organization, is supposed to be friendly to the president, but this is not known.

Use Queen Bee Cough Drops.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Uric Acid, Rheumatism, or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, Will Do for YOU, All Our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakeable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow: Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle free, by mail.

Backache, Uric Acid and Urniary Trouble.

Among the many famous cures of Swamp-Root investigated by The Oregon Daily Journal the one we publish today for the benefit of our readers speaks in the highest terms of the wonderful curative properties of this great kidney remedy:

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen—When I wrote you last March for a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, my wife was a great sufferer from backache, rheumatism and urinary trouble, also excess of uric acid. After trying the sample bottle she bought a large bottle here at the drug store. That did her so much good she bought more. The effect of Swamp-Root was wonderful and almost immediate. She has felt no return of the old trouble since.

F. THOMAS
427 Best Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
October, 1901.

Lame back is only one symptom of kidney trouble—one of many. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night, inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness nervousness, irregular heart-beating, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and genuine aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cast to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Oregon Daily Journal.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmre's Swamp-Root, and the address Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

SOME EARLY BALLOONING

What Was Done Before Dumont Was Heard Of.

LA MOUNTAIN, AERONAUT

He Travelled 1,100 Miles Through the Air and Barely Escaped Death.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—In these days, when flying machines have taken so large a place in the world's eye, there are still those whose memories go swinging back 43 years to the triumphs of the great balloon Atlantic. There are many who clearly remember her two great air voyages, one from St. Louis to Henderson Harbor, N. Y., the other from Watertown, N. Y., to the Canadian wilderness of the Hudson Bay country.

The Atlantic set sail on the first of these famous trips from Washington Square, St. Louis, on the evening of July 1, 1859. In her capacious basket were John La Mountain of Troy, N. Y., who owned and controlled the craft, Prof. John Wise of Lancaster, Pa., a notable aeronaut, William Hyde and O. A. Geager of Bennington, Vt.

The four hoped to cross the country to this city and with that end in view La Mountain had expended the care and experience of many years ballooning in making the Atlantic the biggest air-voyager ever constructed. The citizens of St. Louis became vastly interested in all the preparations for this undertaking and when the Atlantic swung up from among them at just 7:20 o'clock there was a cheer of goodby from all the folk, who wondered if the men in her were not bound for certain death.

The balloon rose into a northeastern current of air and in an hour St. Louis, with the broad and twisting Mississippi beside it, faded from sight, and the short summer night began.

OVER THE LAKES.

At 4 o'clock in the morning La Mountain fancied that he espied beneath him the yellow street lights of a large Indiana town. Within another two hours the balloon had swept over Toledo and upon the surface of Lake Erie. As the Atlantic passed Sandusky a small steamboat put out from shore and its pilot, greeting the air voyagers, told of the intense excitement their trip was creating throughout the country. The entire Northeast was watching the skies for a sight of the wonderful Atlantic.

The balloon passed rapidly down the lake, keeping well out from shore and saluting each of the passing craft. By noon she had dipped into Canada near the mouth of the Welland Canal, had crossed the Niagara River, and had put Buffalo upon the right and Lockport upon the left of her course.

It was then decided that the balloon had traveled too far north to reach New York City. The gas was beginning to fail and it was thought advisable to make a landing near Rochester, leaving Hyde and Geager there with a small boat that had been carried as a part of the balloon's accoutrement, while La Mountain and Wise should try to reach Portland or Boston.

With this plan in mind the voyagers lowered the balloon carefully and began to scan the course of the Erie Canal for a convenient landing place. They dropped within a thousand feet of the earth again and then discovered that a gale was springing up near the surface of the ground.

The four knew that certain destruction awaited them if they should attempt a landing then. The Atlantic made terrific dips downward. She neared the tops of forest trees, until Wise, who was in charge of the gas valve, shouted:

IN SORE STRAITS.

"For God's sake heave over anything you can lay your hands on, La Mountain!"

La Mountain prepared to cut loose the heavy boat, yet hesitated, for the balloon was swinging north again and out toward Lake Ontario. He dropped over a final 150 pounds of ballast, the Atlantic shot up even in the terrific wind and her crew hoped to reach the Canada shore.

In this extremity everything went by the board. First the carpet bags and personal belongings of the travelers, and finally the heavy instruments were sacrificed to the waters. The Atlantic would rise only to sink down upon the rough surface of Ontario. The balloon swooped upon the turbulent water and finally its boat crashed against the waves, breaking it into firewood.

"Be easy, gentlemen," said La Mountain, "I will have her afloat in another moment."

He succeeded in cutting the boat away and the Atlantic swung into the air again. The wind continued to sweep the balloon along at a fearful rate, the half-distended gas bag serving as a broad sail which carried her forward at 70 miles an hour.

The balloon kept above water and the four knew that they stood a good chance of being blown upon the east shore of Lake Ontario. Fifteen miles off shore was a small steamboat, evidently bound from Oswego to Kingston. When its captain saw the peril of the aeronauts he put about and followed in the Atlantic's wake.

But the steamboat was soon left behind and the Atlantic swept upon the shore and over the treetops of the forest while her dangling anchor hook tossed against its highest branches.

When the hook finally caught in a treetop the Atlantic's speed was such that the inch-and-a-quarter iron instantly snapped. The balloon, thus freed, continued inland for a mile further, crashing and breaking down trees until finally the basket caught in the crotched limbs of a tall elm.

STUCK IN TREE.

The tree held the airship captive for nearly a minute, then it too, gave way under the strain and high into the air went the balloon, basket and the greater part of the tree. This last load was too much for the Atlantic and hardly had she risen before she settled gracefully down into the branches of another tree, her attachments inextricably tangled but herself as little injured as her lucky passengers.

The four found themselves upon the farm of T. O. Whitney in the southwestern corner of Jefferson county, scarcely 20 miles from Watertown. It was a little after 3 o'clock, St. Louis time, and La Mountain found that his giant ship had covered over 1,100 miles in the incredibly short time of 20 hours.

No record is in existence of so long an aerial trip either before or after this voyage of the Atlantic. The balloon was cut down from the tree and carried to Watertown, where it was exhibited to great crowds of wondering country folk. La Mountain repaired it and reduced its size about one third.

The fame of the Atlantic and her long trip had spread to every corner of the country. Ballooning was proclaimed as a perfectly feasible method of transportation and from every state sprung up a score of aeronauts, who, fired by the success of La Mountain and Wise, sought vainly to imitate them.

La Mountain started the second long-distance flight of the Atlantic from Watertown on September 32, of the same year, his sole companion being John A. Haddock, a newspaper man of that town. The balloon started at nightfall and took a rapid course due north. It crossed the St. Lawrence River and lost itself in the wilds of Canada, about 150 miles north of the city of Ottawa. Three hundred miles were traversed in the wonderful time of a few minutes over three hours.

The two aeronauts found themselves lost in the great forest of the Far North. The Atlantic was abandoned, and for four days they stumbled through the brush before they found a party of lumbermen bound south toward Ottawa. It was 11 days after their ascension before the outer world knew of their whereabouts, and long before that time they had been given up as dead.

The Civil War, which was just beginning, served to put a stop to the ballooning craze at that time. La Mountain entered the Union army and, dying, left unsought in the Hudson Bay wilderness the wreck of the air traveler, Atlantic.

THE MARQUAM CASE ON TRIAL

Disposition of Big Portland Property Not Yet Settled.

Arguments in the case of P. A. Marquam's right to redeem his property which is now held by a corporation known as the Oregon Company, and was bid in by J. Thorburn Ross, were made before Judge Sears yesterday.

Attorney E. B. Watson argued the case and contended that the Title Guarantee and Trust Company as trustee for Marquam was not discharged by the court until after the property had been bid in by Ross, its manager. Many legal points were brought out. He contended that a trustee is not permitted to obtain property in the execution of a trust, and a trustee cannot make a bargain advantageous to himself.

Some of the legal points discussed and read were:

"A trustee is absolutely disqualified," read the attorney, again referring to an authority, "from becoming a purchaser at a sale for his own benefit. A party holding property for a mortgagor will take the property subject to the trust relations and all its consequences.

"Trust relations could not have been passed upon in a foreclosure suit.

"Equities between parties could not be determined in a foreclosure suit. The party to a foreclosure suit cannot be a purchaser without permission.

"An executor, trustee or anyone holding a fiduciary relation for another is not permitted to purchase trust property, nor have any interest in the purchase. He is not permitted to purchase property for another, nor to manipulate property for his own benefit, when he has a duty to perform for another. The purchase is not absolutely void, but voidable."

After reading many other authorities which brought out the same points, Mr. McCammant responded with an argument of some length. The case will be taken up at a near date.

Queen Bee is indeed Queen of all Cough Drops. Sold by druggists and confectioners.

Boynton
Hot Air Furnances
Are the best. Estimates given on new work and repairing.
J. C. BAYER, 265 2d St.

7979 MEN WANTED

To make contracts with and to also give them a guarantee to cure them of any disease we take.

It is experience and memory which enables a man in any line of business or profession to agree to do a certain thing for a stated amount in a stipulated time and not lose money on the contract. With 25 years' agreeing to Cure Diseases in certain time, Dr. Kessler has cured hundreds of cases in the time he said, and below he gives the usual time required to cure a few diseases named. First, we would say to regain the great natural power of inheritance physical and mental perfection is the one unceasing desire of the man who has lost his greatest desires of life through the ravages of disease. He often imagines himself incurable simply because he has been treated without beneficial results. If this has been your experience, my afflicted fellow-man, (whether young or old, I ask you to honestly and freely consult old Dr. Kessler's treatment of diseases and weaknesses peculiar to the male. Of the legions of men who have recently been treated by him, not a single failure nor an unpleasant result has been reported. What he has done for others he can do for you. He is reliable in all his dealings. Has been running the old St. Louis Dispensary for 25 years.

He Cures Varicocele in 10 Days.

Under his treatment this insidious disease rapidly disappears. Pain ceases almost instantly. The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside. Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes, and in its stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored vitality.

He Cures Stricture in 27 Days.

His cure dissolves the stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the urinary passages, allays all inflammation, stops every unnatural loss, reduces the prostate gland, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

He Cures Rupture in 34 Days.

It will be to the interest of every one who is ruptured to come and see him before throwing any more money away on trusses. His method of treatment will contract the dilated rupture-opening and restore it to the normal condition. There is no operation which will produce the same satisfactory result, nor does the treatment interfere with your usual occupation. Perfect protection from the very first day of treatment. It matters not how long you may have been ruptured, his treatment will cure you, and cure you permanently. He has many patients in New York and vicinity who can certify as to the efficacy of this treatment, and after years of suffering from this condition are more than glad to be able to tell others of the relief obtained.

He Cures Syphalis or Blood Poison in 97 Days.

His special form of treatment for this disease is practically the result of his life work, and is indorsed bythe best physicians in this and foreign countries. It contains no dangerous drugs and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever. The blood, the tissues, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Nervous Diseases Cured in 64 Days.

His cure for feeble men stops every loss of vigor and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the liver, revives the spirits, brightens the intellect, and, above and beyond all, restores wasted power.

Reflex Diseases Cured in 72 Days.

Reflex is on yon caught from other diseases. For instance, vital weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or Stricture, innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from contagious blood taints in the system, or physical and mental decline frequently follows impotency. In treating diseases of any kind, he always removes the origin—he cures the case. Cured in from 20 to 73 days.

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One personal visit is always preferred, but if you cannot call at his office, write to him stating your case fully. Hundreds treated at their homes. Medicines are securely packed. No one can find out your trouble.

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