

BOLD HOLD-UP
MAN IN RAINIER

Prominent Merchant Is
Told to Throw

Up His Hands--L. Swett Has an
Exciting Experience With
a Highwayman.

(Journal Special Service.)
RAINIER, Nov. 17.—L. Swett, a prominent merchant of this town, formerly of Portland, was held up last night while on his way home from his store, accompanied by his wife and daughter Nettie. The desperado was not masked and his features were plainly discernible.

Mr. Swett was returning home at 10 o'clock when he heard some one call "Stop!" He thought it was a joke and so went on, but the call came again, and the next thing he knew he was kneeling down the muzzle of a vicious-looking revolver.

DEMANDED TWENTY DOLLARS.
"Give me \$20," said the "hold-up" man. "I haven't got it," answered Swett. Whereupon the robber went through his pockets and found nothing. Mrs. Swett, who accompanied her husband, offered her watch, which was refused, while the child Nettie boldly went up to him and peered into his face.

"Stand back, little girl," said the would-be robber.
Finding nothing in Swett's pockets he demanded money anyway. Swett offered to go to Mrs. Sherron's saloon to get the money, but the desperado thought better of accompanying him.

DESCRIPTION OF THE "HOLD-UP" MAN.
The "hold-up" man's description as given by Swett and telegraphed to the police of Portland is as follows: Age about 25 or 26; height, about 5 feet 10 inches; weight, about 145; slender built, well dressed; wore dark stiff hat, dark sweater and sack coat.

SOME ONE ELSE INTENDED.
It is the popular impression that the highwayman was laying for Miles Sherron, a prominent saloon man, who it is known carries a lot of money home with him in a satchel every night. However, it turned out that he got the wrong man and nothing to pay for his trouble.

PURE MILK
QUESTION

"Milk sold in Portland must be pure." Such an expression of the Health Officer Bierdorf made to a Journal reporter this morning.

"While I consider that this city suffers from abuses in regard to the milk question," continued Dr. Bierdorf, "I do not believe that such abuses will be corrected until we have a regular paid inspector who can give all his time to the important subject."

"One of the most serious features in regard to the milk question is the least foreign substance placed there by dishonest dealers, will harm infants. Babies that subsist on cow's milk must have the best. Preparations of various kinds are often put in milk as preservatives and only chemical tests can determine how seriously the milk is harmed."

Dr. Bierdorf concluded his conversation by saying that not only the milk proposition but the impure meat subject here, would be taken up vigorously by him in the near future.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS MEET.

SALEM, Nov. 17.—The Young Women's Christian Association in session here Saturday and yesterday, adjourned at 9 o'clock last night, after a most interesting and instructive convention. Delegates were in attendance from various points in the state and the bright happy faces of these young Christian workers were everywhere in evidence. The business sessions of the convention were held in the chapel of Willamette University. Yesterday the visitors participated in the services in the several churches of the city and at the evening services many of the pulpits were filled by ladies who were delegates to the convention. Most of the delegates have already returned to their homes, but all of them will have departed by this evening.

COMMITTEE TO MEET.

The advertising committees of the Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade will meet at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the office of the Chamber of Commerce at 246 Washington street to discuss all claims on account of the publication of the Harriman booklet.

The Economy of Time

DO YOU KNOW...

That every wideawake business needs a Filing Cabinet because system in this line saves time? Besides the Globe Filing Cabinets, we carry everything in the stationery line necessary for a well-equipped office.

Perhaps there is something in our window display this week that you did not think we carried.

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.

THE J. K. GILL CO.

Books, Office Supplies, Stationery.
CORNER THIRD AND ALDER STREETS

DYNAMITE LOSS.

Depot Wrecked and Several Killed
This Morning.

BIRMINGHAM, Nov. 17.—Ten cases of dynamite exploded at Peil City at 4 o'clock this morning in a car while in the Southern depot. The building was burned and destroyed. James Hall, a merchant, and Thomas Whitfield, a contractor, were killed. State Senator Spears was fatally injured, as was also Mrs. Hardy Cornell. It seriously injured 17 others. Two freight trains on a siding were partially wrecked and six members of the crew were injured. A hotel and 10 stores facing the depot were wrecked. The night operator had neglected to warn the people there was dynamite about.

SULLIVAN IN VAUDEVILLE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Having grown tired of appearing as Simon Legree in an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" show, John L. Sullivan has turned his attention to vaudeville. Tonight he will make his debut at the Harlem Music Hall as a monologue artist, emulating the example of James J. Corbett.

SOLDIERS WIN
ANOTHER VICTORY

Vancouver Lads Score Against the
North Pacific College Boys.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 17.—The artillerymen of Vancouver Barracks scored another victory Saturday when they won from the North Pacific College by a score of 5-0. The game was one of the most fiercely contested ever witnessed in Vancouver.

The interference of the Dentists in and runs was their stronghold, and many gains were made by them around both ends, but the splendid defensive work of the Gunners proved too much for them, and their formations were often shattered before they were fairly started. The Gunners' quick handling of the ball and tremendous line bucking won the day for them. The Dentists were unable to gain an inch through the line, while on the other hand the Gunners went through their opponents' line whenever and wherever they chose, and time after time the ball was carried through the tackles for 5 and 10 yard gains. The first half was without result, neither side having any perceptible advantage, the ball being worked up and down the center of the line, neither side being in danger. In the second half the Artillerymen secured the ball on their own 25-yard line and by a series of end runs and line plunges carried the ball yard by yard, down the field to a touchdown. The Dentists were unable to check the rushes through their line. Fical made the touchdown, and later failed in his attempt to kick goal. Near the end of the half the dentists worked the ball to the Gunners' 15-yard line and here the hardest fighting of the day took place. After the first touchdown the Dentists had not two feet to gain, and though they strained every nerve to do it by inches through tackle they were unable to gain, and lost the ball on downs in the last few minutes of the game the Gunners were rapidly working the ball down the field and when the whistle blew it was in the Dentists' territory. The game was a clean exhibition of football, neither side being penalized during the game. The visiting team took their defeat cheerfully and left with the best of good feeling for the soldier boys.

Personal Mention.
Miss Annie McGee of San Francisco is registered at the Baltimore.

Ed McCarthy of Hagenfeld is in the city.

W. H. Bentley of Seattle is in the city for a few days.

Misses Flora Wright, Clara Silver and Max Van Alst, spent Sunday in Portland.

Manager Cohen, of the Auditorium, returned today from a business trip to Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Cohen spent the day with relatives in Portland yesterday.

Mr. J. Barbeau has moved his candy tent at the corner of Fifth and B streets of James H. McCarthy, Mr. Barbeau is an experienced confectioner, makes his own candies, and expects to make his place one of the leading confectionery stands in the city.

LICENSED TO WED.
A marriage license was issued Saturday by Auditor Burnham to W. C. Taylor of Butte, Mont., and Miss Eva M. Baker of Tacoma.

CHARLES COPEY
Military and Civilian Equipment
Civilian Tailor

Northeast Cor. Third and Stark Sts.
Second Floor. PORTLAND, OR.

WATER COSTS
AT WALLA WALLA

Big Scandal Over the
City Supply.

Strong Hints Thrown Out That
Crooked Work Has Been
Done Secretly.

WATER COSTS
AT WALLA WALLA

WALLA WALLA, Nov. 17.—The water situation is still causing trouble here. The investigation by the Taxpayers' League of conditions at Thomas Springs, it is claimed, brought out the fact that a gigantic fraud had been perpetrated. Whether that fraud was by the contractor having the work in charge or by the people opposing the development of the project remains to be seen. The city council has not as yet taken definite action in the matter, but an investigation is being quietly made and startling disclosures are expected.

The city of Walla Walla spent \$10,000 for the Thomas Springs water site. It was originally believed that the springs would furnish enough water to supply the city. Experiments proved this to be without foundation, and a year ago the council undertook the work of so developing the springs as to insure abundant flow.

WORLEY DID THE WORK.
The work was placed in the hands of a man named Worley and laterals and sitches were sunk, lined with tiles and then covered. For several acres about the Thomas Springs the ground was honeycombed with trenches and from each of these water came. A general drain pipe united the drains and estimated that about 3,000,000 gallons in 24 hours was the result. This was considered enough to supply the daily needs of the city for the next 10 years and plans were projected to get the water three and one half miles that intervened before the city limits were reached.

In the neighborhood of \$15,000 had been spent in developing the springs, this money being taken from the various projects of the city. Those opposed to the expenditure complained that the council exceeded its authority taking this action and there was bitter controversy. A special bond election was declared for piping and putting in mains and the action of the council was ensured, the project being defeated by a strong vote.

THE FINAL CHARGE.
Further trouble followed. Hardly a week passed without there being some new allegation brought out. Contractor Worley was ordered to cease for delaying the work and over-charging the city. Now comes the declaration that the water which flows so abundantly from the discharge pipe, is taken out of Mill Creek, exactly, and concealed.

The pipe at a point where it cannot be detected on the surface, and is not spring water at all. The Taxpayers' League made an investigation and declares this to be the fact. This gives rise to another project of the city. Those who to it that is something the council is trying to determine.

Both sides of the case have advanced theories. Those favoring the Thomas Springs site have brought forward the fact that the water which is being used to have gone there and deliberately tampered with the arrangements and piping to create a scandal. The opposition announces that rather than admit the vast amount of money which has been "blown in" without good result, those favoring the site caused the Mill Creek pipe to be put in, trusting that it would not be detected.

LEGAL LIGHTS
MEET TOMORROW

Oregon Bar Association Will Begin
Its Session Tuesday.

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock the Oregon Bar Association will begin its annual meeting in the United States Court room. Judge John B. Cleveland, who is in Salem today, will return in time to deliver his address as president of the association and Judge A. P. Sears will speak later on "Judge Deady, a Distinguished Oregon Jurist."

Among the topics scheduled for discussion are the question of substituting general denials for specific denials in pleadings and the proposal to make the serving of a summons by any person over 21 years of age and not a party to the action, legal. At present the sheriff must serve all summons.

The Oregon bar association will close Wednesday and a banquet will be tendered to the members Wednesday evening.

LIVESTOCK ASSOCIATION.

Some days ago the State Livestock Association sent out invitations to cattle and horse men throughout the state to a meeting of the association, the date of which will be held on Thursday next in the offices of the Rural Press. Answers to most of these invitations have now been received, and the indications are that the meeting will be largely attended.

Three subjects will be discussed by the stockmen present. The establishment of a uniform premium rate at the various county fairs; the petitioning of the railroads to grant a special rate on stock shipped through the country for breeding purposes, and the character of exhibit to be made at the Lewis and Clark Fair.

MURDER TRIAL NEARING END

The Wing Goo murder trial will be given to the jury some time this afternoon and soon the fate of the Chinese will be known.

The evidence was concluded Saturday and when Court convened this morning, District Attorney Manning made the opening argument for the state. He was followed by Attorney Lord and then by the defense. At 2 o'clock Henry E. McGinn commenced the closing argument for the prosecution. At 3:30 the court was delivering the charge to the jury.

CIRCUIT COURT ADJOURNS.

The State Circuit Court will adjourn this evening until Thursday morning. This because the State Bar Association meets in Portland tomorrow and Wednesday.

NEW ARMS FOR
THE SOLDIERS

Rifles to Be Put in Use
as a Test.

Krag-Jorgensen Likely to Be Thrown
Out of Service in the
Near Future.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Five hundred of the new army muskets are to be manufactured at once and sent out to soldiers for use in practice, in order to determine whether they are up to the requirements. The ordnance department and a board of army officers have examined the new rifle and declared it to be an immense improvement over the Krag-Jorgensen, now in use by the United States army. One of the main features of the new rifle is the attachment which makes it possible for the user to load from a clip instead of the magazine at a time, as with the present gun.

Under the infantry rifle will have a special attachment which permits of the cleaning rod being taken part way out of its socket and turned into a bayonet. This relieves the soldier of having to carry a bayonet about with him. It is realized by army officers that the bayonet as a weapon is almost obsolete. With modern high-power rifles, hand-to-hand conflicts are next to impossible, and the weight of a bayonet tends much to the encumbrance of a soldier in the field.

There is a question regarding the continuation of manufacture of the rifles now in use. They are realized to be first-class arms, but is not the desire of the government to have too many of them on hand in the event it is decided to abandon their use. Many of the magazine arms have been dealt out to the militia of the various states for use. All this information is contained in the official report of Gen. William Crozier, chief of ordnance.

NEW FIELD GUNS.

Treating on the subject of the new field gun Gen. Crozier embraces in his report the subject of the board of ordnance and fortification on the recent tests of the several systems to show why the ordnance department model is superior, then says the bureau is proceeding with the manufacture of field material from designs which have been prepared concurrently with the development of knowledge by tests. Generally speaking, the new gun will have a caliber of three inches and will fire a projectile weighing 15 pounds with an initial velocity of 2,700 feet per second. The breech mechanism will be of the ordnance department type, with certain modifications for insuring safety. The piece will have a recoil from 45 to 48 inches. Defects developed at the tests on the proving grounds are pointed out. A new feature will be the bulletproof shields with which the pieces are to be provided.

Speaking of mountain guns and carriages, Gen. Crozier says none of those tested have been found superior to the type now in use, and adds: "Should the obligations of the United States for protective duty carry its forces into the mountainous regions and the absence of practical means of transport, the use of such a gun will be necessary as the main reliance of the artillery."

Efforts are being made by the bureau to increase the rapidity of fire of sea-coast guns by the introduction of automatic appliances for loading and closing breech and by the use of special devices for ramming projectiles and inserting powder charges.

FUND OF \$5000
IS NECESSARY

Committees of Commercial Organizations Will Meet.

The special committees of the Chamber of Commerce, Lewis and Clark Fair, Board of Trade and Manufacturers' Association will meet at 7:30 o'clock this evening to act on the report of Col. H. E. Doech on his trip to Japan and the proposition of an Oregon exhibit at the Japanese National Exposition. The committees are composed of the following members:

Chamber of Commerce and Lewis and Clark Fair—Friede, Gessinger, A. H. Devers and Leo Friede.

Board of Trade—T. S. Townsend, I. B. Hammond, Adam Appell, R. L. Durham, E. S. Morgan, S. C. Pier, J. C. Luckel and John Alessing.

Manufacturers' Association—W. H. McMonis, George Lawrence, Jr., and R. J. Holmes.

The joint committee will probably devise ways and means of raising the \$5,000 necessary to establish an industrial exhibit at once to raise this fund, as the exhibit must be gotten up not later than December 15.

FELL TO HIS DEATH.

Coroner Finley made an investigation this forenoon of the death of Andrew Freeman early yesterday morning. He found that the deceased who was a sailor on the ship George Wolf, fell from the gang plank while going aboard. His head struck on some logs floating in the river. He body slipped so that it was submerged to the waist. The man, who is a native of Finland, was buried by British Consul Laidlaw in the plot reserved for foreign sailors in the Riverside Cemetery.

AN INSULT TO
LABOR LEADER

Mitchell the Victim of
Vile Abuse.

Attorney for Coal Barons Uses Dis-
gusting Language to Cham-
pion of the Miners.

SCRANTON, Nov. 17.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, was again called to the stand today and given another cross-examination by attorneys for the coal operators before the strike settlement commission.

An effort was made to get Mitchell to say that he approved the rules of several other organizations besides the one of which he is the head. He declined to do so. Then he was asked if he did not believe the operators would raise the price of coal to the public if the commission granted the workmen better wages. He replied that he expected to see the price of coal raised regardless of the action of the commission.

In an insolent tone Attorney McVeigh, for the operators, said: "Don't you know that the treatment accorded you union miners to others who attempted to work in the anthracite fields during the strike was simply and veritably a foretaste of hell?"

"No," said Mr. Mitchell.
"Well, you will by the time I get through with you," insultingly retorted McVeigh.

Mitchell ignored the remark.

SAME OLD LINES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The statement of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, submitted to the arbitration board, was made public yesterday. It is by far the most voluminous document of the kind and recites the history of the company since the signing of its original charter. The claim is made that the employees had no cause to strike and that the wages paid were very fair.

QUESTIONS TITLES
OF LANDHOLDERS

Government Alleges Law in Certain Cases Was Not Followed.

SALEM, Nov. 17.—The recent order of Secretary Hitchcock, of the Department of the Interior, for a suspension of all pending claims in connection with the timber claims and with the perfecting of titles of forest lands in Oregon, has attracted considerable interest here, and many believe that the investigation will be extended to other portions of the state besides the land districts mentioned in the order of the department. As is well known, residents from all parts of this state have taken timber claims during the past few years—in Eastern Oregon, Southern Oregon, the Siletz Reservation, in Tillamook County, and in other points. These were taken under the laws of Congress permitting bona fide settlers to acquire the lands, and requiring actual residence on the lands so taken. Many residents from this section of the Willamette Valley took claims in Lincoln and Tillamook Counties under this law, and they have acquired timber lands by filing on them, and complying with the strict letter of the law regarding residence; that is, they go to their respective claims the required number of times each year, spending some time (in most cases only a few days at a time) on the claims, and by making necessary improvements, such as building cabins, clearing a little ground, etc. They assume that it is not required to make the claim the actual residence of the holder, as the latter could not make a living there, and they, generally speaking, anticipate no trouble in proving up and securing title from the government on their valuable timber lands.

Those taking claims and holding them under these conditions on the Siletz Indian Reservation, it is now said, will experience some trouble, since the Interior Department has recently ruled that the reservation was thrown open under a special act of Congress which required bona fide residence, and actual residence and occupation will have to be proven before patents can be secured, and several prominent residents of Salem, who have taken and were holding 160-acre tracts of timber in this manner, have announced that they will not attempt to prove up on their claims, as they are not complying with the law, and cannot do so.

In view of the fact, however, that the lands taken are not so situated that settlers can make a comfortable living there, many of the claimants assert that the compliance with the strict letter of the law will be deemed sufficient by the department, and that patents will be issued upon presentation of the proper proofs, made in accordance with the facts.

BUILDING COLLAPSED.

FALL RIVER, Nov. 17.—A three-story frame building collapsed this morning, killing Freeman Kahoon, William Sauer and fatally injuring Fred and Isa Jaunness. Six others were seriously hurt.

"STAR SPANGLED BANNER"

Over a ton of "Star-Spangled Banner" is an item that the Brooklyn navy yard has just got rid of to the junk man. Flags that had done noble service on many a sea, and had visited nearly every port on the face of the earth. Ragged and unfit for longer use, they were consigned to the junk room to be added to the motley collection of other useless articles, all to be sold for scrap. Sentimentalists might consider this consigning of "Old Glory" to the rubbish heap with broken boxes, useless crockery, old hammocks, canteens, pumps, canisters, and salt pork that wouldn't last much longer, somewhat in the light of desecration, but it sometimes happens that most cherished idols must be robbed of the glamour of sentiment.—Chicago Journal.

NOT A COMPLIMENT.

"I see Reginald has changed his mind and decided to prosecute the owner of the automobile that ran over him."
"Yes, indeed. At first he thought it was the racing machine of a Newport millionaire, but now he finds it only belonged to a common broker."—Indianapolis Times.

EXPERIENCE
COUNTS
FOR SOMETHING
In any calling. Most of all in the weighing and measuring of powerful remedies—a calling to which we have devoted untiring effort and attention for 37 years. We solicit your patronage on good and reasonable grounds.
The Right Medicine at the Right Price.
We deliver to all parts of the City FREE.
EXCHANGE IS OUR PHONE.
We take Canadian Money at Face Value.
Woodard, Clarke & Co.
4th and Washington DRUGGISTS Portland, Oregon

OLD AND NEW
SYSTEM AGAIN
Some Facts and Figures That Tax-
payers Should Study.
A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT
Coroner's Office and Its Workings
During Past and Present.

One of the measures advocated by the Taxpayers' League and passed at the last session of the Legislature was a law abolishing the fees of the coroner, making it a salaried office at \$1,000 per year, and doing away with witness fees, where witnesses resided within two miles of the place where the inquest was held. It was believed by many that there were too many inquests and more costs than necessary incurred. The working of this law has been compared with that under the old system, and the result fully justifies the claims made for it by its authors.

OLD SYSTEM.
July, August, September, October, 1900.
July, inquests \$163.80
Coroner's fees 105.00
Witness fees 160.50
Witness fees 120.20
Stenographer fees 22.50—\$ 519.20

August—No inquests.
September, 21 inquests—\$318.80
Coroner's fees \$2.00
Physicians' autopsies 135.00
Witness fees 88.00
Witness fees 215.70
Interpreter 3.20—\$ 885.20

October, 11 cases—
Coroner's mileage, etc. \$129.70
3 inquests, juror fees, etc. \$3.30
Witness fees 107.74
Interpreter 1.60
Team 6.25
4 examinations 29.00—\$299.65
Total \$1704.05

July—NEW SYSTEM—1902.
Coroner for inquests
In June \$18.07
Witness fees, 11 inquests 74.30
Juror fees, 11 inquests 72.60
Examinations, 7 inquests 88.00
Autopsies, 4 inquests 40.00
Transcripts 28.00
Bodies to morgue, 16 48.00
Physiologists 9.20
Interpreter 1.60—\$ 315.87

August—8 inquests—\$56.40
Jurors, 8 inquests 65.40
Autopsies, 5 inquests 55.00
Examinations, 2 inquests 29.00
Bodies to morgue, 16 48.00
Transcripts, sundry 37.20
Team hire 2.00—\$ 304.00

September—
Witness fees, 3 inquests 23.00
Juror fees, 3 inquests 22.40
Examinations, 2 inquests 10.00
Autopsies, 1 inquest 25.00
Transcripts 25.00
Bodies to Morgue, 9 27.00—\$ 132.00

October—
Witness fees, 2 inquests 7.00
Juror fees, 2 inquests 6.60
Autopsies, 2 inquests 15.00
Examinations, 1 inquest 29.00
Transcript 1.00
Bodies to morgue, 12 36.00
Salary of coroner, July 7
to November 1 4.50—\$ 100.10
Total \$177.23
Saving in 4 months \$ 536.82

It will be observed that notwithstanding the increase in population the county is saving in this office between \$1,000 and \$200 per annum. The effect of the law is more clearly shown by comparing cases in which the coroner is called upon to act and inquests held. For instance, in 1900, by the reports, there were for the period referred to, 49 cases where the coroner took cognizance of the death, and 49 inquests were held. For the same period in 1902 there were 50 cases the coroner was called upon to act and the inquests held were 24. The witness fees for the time mentioned in 1900 for 49 inquests was \$284.20, or an average of about \$5.80 for each inquest. In 1902 the amount paid was \$160.70 for 24 inquests, or an average of \$6.70 for each inquest. The saving here does not appear as large as it should be, when it is remembered under the law no fees are now allowed witnesses coming from within two miles of where the inquest was held. Jurors' fees in 1900 was \$311.50, in 1902, \$171.

The necessity for examinations and autopsies must be left quite largely to the discretion of the coroner. At the same time the exercise of good judgment will keep this part of the expense of the office at a minimum.

On the whole the law seems to be operating satisfactorily, but it is only by continuous and intelligent checking and comparison that the workings of any of these laws can be understood. The Journal has now published comparative statements from the county clerk's office, the coroner's office and the tax collecting law, and in every instance large savings have been shown. These results certainly speak well for the members from this

AFTER NEW TALENT.
An American woman belonging to the noblest race, recently met an acquaintance on the deck of an outgoing steamer, and announced, with great éclat, that she was going abroad to have the dear girls' (her two daughters) portraits painted. "Why not in America?" queried the acquaintance. "Oh! I've tried all the American artists in vain. Now we're going over to see what the old masters can do."—Buffalo Commercial.

JAPANESE CURIOS.
J. Heinz of Kansas City has just presented the university of that city a very fine collection of curios from Japan gathered during a recent tour of that country. Most of them are relics of Buddha days.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.
Green C. Love and wife to A. and G. Cerokh, lot 7, block 11, city 2,800
D. L. Murphy and wife to Ida M. Johnson, lots 12, 14, block 12, Sub. Riverview add. Albina 1
H. G. Platt, Jr. to Mary Mader, parcel land, sec. 4, Twp. 1 S., R. 1 E. 8
E. J. Witter to J. B. Wiltse, 1/2 n.w. 1/4 sec. 5, Twp. 1 S., R. 4 E. Johnson, lots 12, 14, block 12, Sub. n.w. 1/4 block 9, Wheeler's add 2,800
J. A. Higgins to P. and M. Zednik, lots 12 to 14, block 1, Kinzel Park 335

FOR GUARANTEED TITLES
See Pacific Coast Abstract, Guaranty & Trust Co., 204-6-4-7 Falling Building.

Get your title insurance and abstracts to real estate from the Title Guaranty & Trust Company, Chamber of Commerce.

BUILDING PERMITS.
S. Silverfield, three-story double flats, Twelfth and Columbia streets; \$1,800.
W. A. Day, one-story dwelling, East Eleventh and Ellsworth streets; \$500.
Joseph Dolp, one-story dwelling, Factory and Twenty-second streets; \$400.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Gottlieb Weigandt, 25, to Mary Holmann, 19.
Charles H. Hellyer, 24, to Harriett B. Sprague, 21.
Henry Meiger, 30, to Karoline Senn, 20.
Frank L. Liehly, 22, to Alma A. Keehn, 19.
F. A. Knox, 26, to Helen A. Armstrong, 23.
John H. Morrison, 25, to Sophia L. Robinson, 24.
Alexander Young, 24, to Florence E. Tree, 21.
Bernard Geschen, 27, to Amanda Precker, 25.
Daniel Malzer, 27, to Pauline Schmetzer, 19.
Zack P. Bird, 23, to Lizzie Wodahn, 21.
Aubert E. Bruce, 23, to Lorena M. Wakeman.

BIRTHS.
November 14, to the wife of William Van Sah, 60 Grand avenue, north, a boy.
November 12, to the wife of Fritz Kocher, 101 Fourteenth street, a girl.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.
William Mason, aged 6 years, Marquam Hill; croup.

DEATHS.
November 13, Grace R. Wake, aged 7 years, 72 Randolph street; heart failure.
November 14, Francis Bacon, aged 78 years, 201 Yamhill street; heart paralysis.

The Edward Holman Undertaking Co., funeral directors and embalmers, 289 Yamhill, Phone 507.

J. P. Finley & Son, funeral directors and embalmers, have removed to their new establishment, corner Third and Madison streets. Both phones No. 9.

Crematorium, on Oregon City car line, near Sellwood; modern, scientific, complete. Charges—Portland, \$35; child, 25c. Visiting hours to 8 p. m. Portland Cremation Association, 400-4th.

Burkhardt florists, Main 102, 224 & Gilsen.