The Paper for the Stockman, Merchant and Miner.

THE GRANT COUNTY NEWS.

The Paper for the Farm, the Workshop and the Home.

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THE NEW BOUNDARIES.

Boundaries of Canyon City, Union, Olive, Austin, Warm Springs, Susanville, Long Creek, North Fork, John Day, Rosebud, Middle, Waterman, Mountain Creek, Rock Creek, and Bear Valley election precincts were re-established by the county court at the January term, to-wit:

CANYON CITY—Commencing at the mouth of Long gulch, running up said gulch to a point where the same is crossed by the Canyon City road leading from Canyon City to Marysville, thence running in a southerly direction to the summit of the mountain, thence easterly along said summit to a point due north of the head of Granite creek, thence southerly along the summit of the mountain to a point due east of the head of Canyon creek, thence westerly along the summit of the mountain between Canyon creek and Bear creek to a point due south of the head of Ingle creek, thence to Ingle creek, thence northwesterly to the nw cor Sec 2, Tp. 14 S, R 30 EWM, thence easterly in a direct line to the place of beginning.

UNION—Commencing at Hall's bridge on the John Day river and running due north to the summit of the mountain next north of said river, thence easterly along the summit to the county line, thence south along said county line to the summit of the mountain south of Summit Prairie, thence westerly along the summit to a point due south of the head of Indian creek, thence to the head of and down said creek to the place of beginning.

OLIVE—Commencing at the junction of Beaver and Olive creeks, thence due east to the east line of the county, thence southwesterly along the county line to the ne cor of Tp. 41 S, R. 35, EWM, thence in a northwesterly direction to the nw cor of Tp. 10 S, R. 34 EWM, thence due north to a point due west of the junction of Beaver creek with Olive creek, thence due east to the place of beginning.

AUSTIN—Commencing at the mouth of Butter creek at the middle fork of the John Day river and running south to the summit of the mountain, thence in an easterly direction along the summit to the county line, thence in a northerly direction on the county line to the NE corner Tp. 11 S, R 35 EWM, thence in a northwesterly direction to the NW corner Tp. 10 S, R. 34, EWM, thence in a southerly direction to the place of beginning.

WARM SPRINGS—Commencing on the north line of the county at a point due north of the Junction Bar on the north fork of the John Day river, thence due south to the south line of that range of township known as Tp. 8, S, thence east on said township line to the middle fork of the John day river, thence up said middle fork to the mouth of Indian creek, thence up Indian creek to the summit of the mountain range next north of the middle fork, thence easterly along said summit to a point due north of a point midway between Graham's place and Susanville, thence due north to the county line, thence west to the place of beginning.

SUSANVILLE—Commencing on the middle fork of the John Day river at the mouth of Butte creek, thence in a southerly direction to the summit of the mountain, thence westerly along the summit to a point due south of the mouth of Indian creek on the middle fork, thence north to the mouth of said Indian creek, thence up said Indian creek to the summit of the mountain range, thence easterly along the summit to a point due north of the mouth of Butte creek, thence south to the place of beginning.

LONG CREEK—Commencing at the mouth of Indian creek on the middle fork, thence down said river to the township line between Tps. 8 and 9, thence west along said line to the section line between Sec. 2 and 3, Tp. 9 S, R. 29 EWM, thence south on said line to the summit of Fox valley mountains, thence easterly along the summit to a point due south of the mouth of Indian creek, thence due north to the place of beginning.

NORTH FORK—Commencing on the north line of Grant county on the summit of the mountain range between Haystack valley and the settlement of the north fork of the John Day river, thence running southerly along the said summit to the main John Day river, thence up said river to a point due west of the falls on Fox creek, thence due east to a point due south of the northwest corner of J. R. Gilmore's farm, thence due north to a point due west of R. J. Gilmore's farm, thence east to the range line between Tps. 27 and 28 EWM, thence north on said township line to the northwest corner of Tp. 9 S, R 28 EWM, thence east along the township line between Tps. 8 and 9 to a point due south of Junction Bar, thence due north to the north boundary line of the county, thence due west to the place of beginning.

JOHN DAY—Commencing at the mouth of Blue and Long gulches, thence running easterly up said Long Gulch to a point where the same is crossed by the road leading from Canyon City to Marysville, thence northerly in a straight line to the mouth of Little Pine creek, thence due north to the summit of the mountain, thence westerly along said summit to a point due north of the forks of Beach creek, thence southerly to said forks of Beach creek, thence southerly in a straight line to Cole's bridge, thence to the NW corner of Sec. 2, Tp. 14 S, R 30 E, thence easterly in a straight line to the place of beginning.

ROSEBUD—Commencing on the west line of Grant county where the same is intersected by the township line between Tps. 15 and 16 south, thence running east on said township line to the NW corner Tp. 16 S, R 29 E, thence southerly along the summit of the mountain between the south fork of the John Day river and Silvies river to the south line of Grant county, thence west on said county line to the SW corner of the county, thence north to the place of beginning.

MIDDLE—Commencing on the summit of the mountain at a point due north of the mouth of Eagle creek, thence running westerly to a point due north of the former site of the Cummings bridge, thence running south through the former site of said bridge to the township line between Tps. 15 and 16 S, thence east to the NW corner Tp 16 S, R 29, EWM, thence easterly along the summit of the mountains between Murderer's creek and Silvies river to a point due south of the head of Highs creek, thence northerly to the NW corner Sec. 2, Tp. 14 S, R 30 E, thence to Coles bridge on the John Day river, thence northeast to the forks of Beach creek, thence north to the summit of the mountains to a point due north of the forks of Beach creek, thence southeasterly along the summit of the mountain range between Fox valley and the John day river to the place of beginning.

WATERMAN—Commencing on the county line at the NW corner of Tp. 11 S, R 23 EWM, thence south on said county line to the NW corner of Sec. 30, Tp. 11, thence due east to Fopiano creek, thence down Fopiano creek to Mountain creek, thence down Mountain creek to Rock creek, thence down Rock creek to the John Day river, thence down the John Day river to range line between ranges 24 and 25, thence south on said range line to the SE corner of Tp. 10 S, R 24 E, thence west to place of beginning.

MOUNTAIN CREEK—Commencing at the SE corner of Tp. 12 S, R 23 E, thence running west to the county line, thence north to the NW corner of Sec. 30, Tp. 11 S, R 23 E, thence due east to Fopiano creek, thence down Fopiano creek to Mountain creek to a point where the range line between ranges 24 and 25 crosses said creek, thence southeasterly in a straight line to the place of beginning.

ROCK CREEK—Commencing at the NE corner of Tp. 13 S, R 23 E, running in a northeasterly direction to a point on Mountain creek where said creek is crossed by the range line between ranges 24 and 25 E, thence down Mountain creek and Rock creek to the John Day river, thence up the John Day river to the mouth of Cottonwood creek, thence south to the SE corner of Tp. 15 S, R 25 E, thence west to the SW corner of Tp. 14 S, R 24 E, thence north to the NE corner of said township, thence thence west to the county line, thence north on said county line to the NW corner of Tp 13 S, R 23 E, thence east to the place of beginning.

BEAR VALLEY—Commencing at the summit of the mountain range next south of the John Day river at a point due south of the head of Eagle creek, thence westerly along the summit of the mountains between Murderer's creek and Silvies river to the NE corner of Tp. 16 S, R 28 E, thence southerly along the summit to the county line, thence east along said county line to the SE corner of Tp. 18 S, R 31 E, thence north to the NE corner of said Tp, thence east on the Tp. line berween Tps. 17 and 18 to the NE corner of Tp 18 S, R 33 E, thence north to the summit of the mountains at a point due south of the head of Indian creek, thence in a southerly and westerly direction to the summit of the mountains between Canyon creek and Bear creek thence along said summit in a westerly direction to a point where the road leading from Canyon City to Burns crosses the summit, thence northerly on the summit of the mountains to place of beginning.

The boundaries of the remaining election precincts remain as formerly.

J. P. AND CONSTABLE DISTRICTS.

In the matter of redistricting the county into Justice of the Peace and Constable precincts the late term of county court ordained as follows:

That portion of Grant county, state of Oregon, comprising Canyon City precinct and Marysville election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 1.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising John Day election precinct, be and the same is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No 2.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Union election precinct, be and the same is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 3.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Susanville and Austin election precincts, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 4.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Olive and Granite election precincts, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 5.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Warm Spring election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 6.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Long Creek and Fox election precincts, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 7.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Hamilton and North Fork election precincts, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 8.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Haystack election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 9.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Shoofly election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 10.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Waterman, Mountain and Rock Creek election precincts, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 11.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising South Fork election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 12.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Middle election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 13.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Rosebud election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 14.

It is further ordered that all that portion of Grant county, comprising Bear Valley election precinct, be and is hereby set off and established as justice of the peace and constable district No. 15.

FOR MUSICAL PEOPLE.

The Song Friend for January is at hand with its wealth of vocal and instrumental music and its bright, interesting and instructive paragraphs and articles on church and instrumental music, voice culture, theory, musical news, etc. Among the pieces of choice music in this number is "Songs Without Words," by Hewitt; "O, Father Keep Us," a new and excellent church solo, for tenor or soprano. The Song Friend is a 32 page journal of rare excellence. The subscription price is only $1.00 a year, with a premium of three pieces of sehet music. The publishers, S. W. Straub & Co., 245 State Street, Chicago, offer to send one sample copy for 10 cents, and make liberal inducements to canvassers.

THE GOSPEL TRUTH.

If you are praying for a revival don't do it on a back seat.

It is not the longest sermons that awaken the most sinners.

A PREACHER with the big head is a man the devil loves to back at.

If you are praying for a revival don't go to church with your gloves on.

PREACHERS and churches who please everybody are the kind who never have revivals.

It doesn't do much good for the man to pray for a revival who will not pay his debts.

THE man who goes to church much hears a great deal of preaching that hits other people.

THE reason that some of our churches are so dark spiritually is because the people themselves want to do the shinning.

If preachers would bear continually in mind that they are working for God there wouldn't be so much anxiety about wages.

A GOOD many preachers try so hard to feed a few giraffes in their flocks that they let the sheep and lambs starve to death.—Ram's Horn.

WHAT MEN SAY AND DO.

"AND she rejected you?" "She did." "By Jupiter! And yet they say that women have no sense."—Philadelphia Press.

GUS—"Did you hear of the joke Cholly played on his father-in-law yesterday?" Bob—"No; what was it?" Gus—"He married her."—Truth.

"SEVERAL important steps quickly taken," murmured the young man when the girl's father helped him over the front door mat.—Washington Post.

FAIR MAIDEN—"What is the saddest thing you ever learned?" Blase Youth—"That every pretty girl has been some other fellow's sweetheart."—N. Y. Journal.

MISS OLEGAR—"Did the gentlemen seem much grieved to find me out?" Butler (manservantly)—"I don't know, mum. They shook hands and said, 'Let's take a drink.'"—Yale Record.

HE—"Then you reject me?" She—"I'm sorry, very sorry, but I must." He (desperately)—"Then there is only one thing left for me to do, that's all." She (anxiously)—"O, what do you intend to do?" He—"I'm pose to some body else."—N. Y. Press.

QUEER THINGS IN CHINA.

IT is the custom in many parts of China to tie a white rag to a coffin and then sacrifice it on the grave.

BEGGARS are all organized guild in China. They abound everywhere, and in the north their only garment, if any, is a tattered sheepskin.

IN Shanghai and in many other places in China the crows build and raise their broods in the trees of the city. On account of the Buddhist reverence for all life, no one harms them.

THE junks, whether at sea or on the river, are a perpetual corner to the steamer's guards. The masters of the junks believe that if they can throw a moving steamer's lines over one at hand it will bring them good luck for the year.

IT is a custom very ancient and very common in China for anyone who has a grievance against anyone to go and upon some elevated place set fire to it out in the neighborhood. Thus women on the roofs of the houses pull forth their domestic grievances.

THE FIRST BABY.

MRS. BROWN—"My baby is the prettiest in the town." Mrs. Black—"Why, that a considerable." "Sir, a million!"

THERE is something radically wrong about the man who can have exactly the same opinion of his ugly baby that other people have.—Somerville Journal.

A CIRCUS OR HIS OWN.—Warden—"Did you go to the circus?" Hammack—"No, I didn't need to." Warden—"Why?" Bailiffach—"We had twins at our house."—Boston Courier.

PRIDE may go before destruction, but the young father is about to express his feelings just the same as if rebellion and it's no use to try to stop him.—Somerville Journal.

AN INDISCREET REMARK.—Young Mother—"What in the world makes the baby cry so?" Young Father—"Guess he heard me say I was going to get a little sleep last night."—Pittsburgh Press.

DEBIT AND CREDIT.

EACH of the 1,500,000 cars of New York earned $20 a day last year.

THE mayor of Paris gets receives $12,000 a year, the mayor of New York receives $10,000.

PAUPERCASES of this country are paid annually nearly $1,000,000 for medical examinations for life insurance companies. Three companies pay over $500,000 each.

THE coins struck in the mints of the world last year were of less value than those coined in 1891. According to a statement just issued England coined the greatest quantity of gold and the United States the most silver.

IT is estimated that at least $40,000,000 of the government's paper money supposed to be in circulation has been lost or destroyed. By the sinking of one vessel off the Atlantic coast some years ago $1,000,000 in greenbacks was lost.

J. W. PITCHER of Benton Harbor, Mich., has in his possession a stone that looks like a petrified bird's nest. In the center of it is another stone resembling a petrified egg.

OVER the door of a photograph gallery in London is the sign: "Misfit photographs for sale," and they say that the owner of the shop does a flourishing business. For instance, mothers who have little children often buy pictures there and send them to friends at a distance.

AN entirely new race of Indians has been discovered in Labrador.

THE fruit output of California increased fully thirty fold during the past ten years.

THERE are 700 Americans residing in the City of Mexico, some of whom own the houses they occupy.

A VEGETABLE cartridge shell, which leaves no residue when consumed in firing, is now coming into general use in the French army.

ARTIFICIAL asphalt, made by heating resin with sulphur to 250 degrees centigrades is now being used to replace Syrian asphalt in photography.

THE kaiser is an inveterate smoker, so was his father Frederick III. But his fondness for the weed is not a circumstance to that of Bismarck, who prizes a good cigar above great riches.

A TRAIN on which Jay Gould was recently riding over the Chicago & North western railroad made a run of eight and one-half miles in five minutes, an average of one hundred and two miles an hour.

MONTREAL cattle shippers this year have been exporting vast quantities of hay to Glasgow, Scotland, at a good profit. Hay costing $8 a ton in Montreal and $6 freight brings $20 in Scotland.

AN adder was recently killed near Baldoyle, Ga., which had two distinct and perfect heads and four eyes. When irritated its two tongues would dart out simultaneously and its four eyes glitter.

As most people know, Schultz is a very common name among Germans. A striking illustration of that fact is found in the city directory of Berlin, which has nearly two hundred pages of citizens bearing that name.

ATCHISON ODDITIES.

AN Atchison young man puts his mustache up in tin foil every night, to mash it flat.

THE biggest strongest looking man in Atchison breaks down and cries like a baby when his wife scolds him.

THERE is a very unusual man in Atchison. He gets up and waits on himself when there is a woman in the room.

AN Atchison schoolboy bends his head so close to his papers when he writes that he goes home every day with ink on the end of his nose.

AN Atchison man during this month has made it a rule to ask everyone he meets if he is happy, and from every one he has received the same answer: "No."

AN Atchison girl, on being asked her name recently, said that when there was company in the house she was called Marguerite, and when there was no one there she was called Mag.

THERE is a very amusing quarrel going on in a house in Atchison. Two women quarrel every day about their complaints, each one forgetting her sufferings in trying to prove that she suffers more as much as the other.

OF Norway's two millions of population not about one thousand are Roman Catholics, the whole population save 1,500 being members of the national or Lutheran church.

AN experiment of a Salvation Army head quarters in London has been held in Hamburg, Germany. In New Zealand a training school for Maori girls has been established.

THE Cornell school of law has enrolled Miss Mary Kennedy Breevin, a graduate of Wellesley and a young widow, as one of its students. She is the first lady whose name appears on the school list.

ISN'T it odd that Presbyterians are carrying on mission work in twenty-eight towns outside of Salt Lake City and Ogden and have twenty-one ministers, fifty-eight teachers, thirty schools and about 2,200 pupils, 75 per cent. of which pupils are from Mormon or ex-Mormon families.

FIGURES FROM COMMERCE.

THE average annual exports of cattle from the little country of Denmark in the last few years has amounted to 90,000 head.

THE importation of beef cattle into Munich from Australia is such that over 900 head of Austrian cattle are slaughtered there per week.

UPWARD of 48,552 tons of breadstuffs were exported to South Africa from South Australia last year, as against 11,542 tons in the previous year.

EXPORTS of raw jute from Calcutta last year were by far the highest yet reached. The total exceeded 512,500 tons, an increase of nearly 100,000 tons over the exports of 1889.

RETURNS of the Calcutta customs show a serious decline in the export of indigo last year. There were heavy decreases in the shipments to the continent of Europe and the United States. The trade with the United Kingdom shows a less serious decline.

SUNDRY SINGULARITIES.

A FISH with two tails is the leading curiosity at Madison, Ga. It is alive and doing well.

THERE are in Old Orchard, Me., three apple trees which bear each year loads of apples shaped almost exactly like pears.

IT is said that enough cider has been made in eastern Pennsylvania this year to fill the Schuylkill to its brim were that the river to run dry.

THE smallest tree in Great Britain grows on the summit of Ben Lomond in Scotland. It is the dwarf willow, the extreme height of which is only two inches.

OSCALOOSA, Ia., has a thrashing machine haunted by spooks, which put out the fire in the engine and abstracted tools from the workbox which four men were watching.

LITERARY GLEANINGS.

SERVIA'S boy king writes verses.

RUDYARD KIPLING'S age is definitely fixed by the statement that he was born in Bombay in Christmas week, 1865.

BLOWITZ, the Paris correspondent of the London Times, sends all his dispatches in French and they are translated in the Times office.

MR. FREEMAN, even at this stage, has begun a history of Sicily. Mr. Edmond de Goncourt, although seventy, has begun twelve monographs on Japanese artists.

LORD TENNYSON and William Black are both warm friends of Mary Anderson Navarro. Many of the best literary people of England have been specially cordial to her.

WALTER JERROLD, son of the famous humorist, has written a new "Life of Faraday," containing much original and authentic information about the great scientific man.

MARY LOWELL PUTNAM, sister of James Russell Lowell, is the only surviving member of the poet's generation in the Lowell family. Her eighty-first birthday occurs in December.

FOREIGN FANCIES.

IN London over a million dollars of dog taxes have been received during the past twelve months. The police take care to keep down the dog population to the list of taxed animals.

THE medical adviser of a friendly society in Bath advertises that he will undertake the medical treatment of all and sundry at the economic rate of two cents weekly for adults and half price for children.

IT was reported at the Cooperative congress at Lincoln, Eng., recently, that 1,861 societies had 1,112,000 members, share capital of $61,320,000 and investment of over $61,250,000. The sales for the year, of over $375,000,000, showed a profit of more than $33,000,000.

IN Vienna has been opened a postage stamp museum, where more than one hundred thousand stamps may be seen arranged in three large rooms. Among the rare specimens are the stamps used in the balloon and pigeon dispatches of the Franco-German war of 1870-71.

SUNDRY SMILES.

PENELOPE (sighingly)—"Ah! the days are not what they used to be." Tis Barry—"I'd like to know why not, Penelope?" "They used to be boys, you know."

TENDERSON—"Had a great time last night. Was at a donkey party, you know." Bass—"Were asked? And were the others?"—Boston Transcript.

SHE LEARNED SOUTHERN.—"Travel is a great education," remarked Ace. "That's so," replied Sue. "Why I could not flirt a bit before I made the tour of the watering places."—N. Y. Sun.

SOMETHING WAS MISSING.—"You say the chicken soup isn't good? Why I told the cook how to make it." "Yes, she didn't catch the idea." "Bosh! No, I think it was the chicken it didn't catch."—Texas Siftings.

NERVOUS GUEST (on ninth floor of summer hotel)—"Ah! porter, in case of fire, is it easy for me to get out?" Porter—"Oh! yes, sir. Take that flight of stairs at the end of the hall." Nervous Guest—"Where do they lead to?" Porter—"The roof, sir."

CULTIVATING BEAUTY.

ALMOND meal sprinkled in the bath makes the skin soft and white.

A HARMLESS lotion for removing freckles is as follows: Lemon juice, one ounce; powered borax, one-half drachm; sugar, one half drachm.

AN excellent lotion for imparting a rosy glow to the cheeks by calling the blood to the surface consists of tincture of benzoin, one tablespoonful; rose water, three ounces. Apply to the cheeks daily.

A TONIC which is said to be very efficacious in arresting the falling out of the hair is as follows: Bay rum, one quart; table salt, half a teaspoonful; castor oil, one drachm; tincture of cantharides, one drachm.

A HARMLESS lotion for whitening and softening the complexion is made as follows: Cascarilla powder, two grains; muriate of ammonia, two grains; emulsion of almonds, eight ounces. Apply with a soft handkerchief.—Delineator.

SUGGESTIONS FOR STOCKMEN.

DON'T imagine that when you water your horses three times a day you have done all that nature demands.

DON'T use heavy harness. Light ones properly made of good leather are stronger, last longer and are easier on horses.

THE person who has never tried feeding a limited amount of grain to their hogs on a good clover pasture would be surprised at the results.

FILLY frequently startle horses by entering their ears. This can be prevented by touching the inside of the animal's ears with a few drops of the oil of juniper. The odor of juniper is so disagreeable to flies that they will avoid any spot where it is.

NEVER give a word to a horse that he cannot understand, says a wise horse owner. If you teach him the meaning of but one word, let that be "whoa," and teach him always to obey it. By prompt and forcible use of that word many an accident has been averted.

THE DOINGS OF ROYALTY.

THE king of Siam is attended by a body guard composed exclusively of 4,000 of the prettiest young women in his realm.

KING LEOPOLD, of Belgium, is said to be without exception the meanest, in a financial sense, of all the occupants of European thrones.

ELECTRICAL INVENTIONS.

A MAINE man is said to have invented a device for preventing electric cars that have stopped while ascending a steep grade from running down grade before the brakes are applied.

A PUSH switch similar to the push buttons used in electric gas lighting has been invented for electric lamps. There are two buttons, the white one lighting the lamp and the black one putting it out.

AN electric cane has been invented by a Frenchman. The battery is concealed in the stick and the knob contains an electric lamp. It can be used for a reading lamp or to light its owner on a dark road.

AN electric insect killer is the latest novelty in that line. It is formed by a cover of wire gauze, which is placed over a lighted candle. The gauze is an electric circuit, and when insects touch it they are killed.

A TELEPHONE system for use in large factories has been invented, in which each telephone has its own switchboard, so that any person can communicate with any telephone on the line by simply moving a switch.

IN order to avoid the hissing in the arc lamp, there has been invented a carbon pencil containing a percentage of alkali silicate, which, when burned, forms a conducting vapor that is said to prevent the objectionable hissing noise.

PERSONAL MENTION.

THOMAS LOWRY, the Minneapolis railway king, gave his daughter a draft for $200,000 on the day of her marriage to H. P. Robinson, a local newspaper man.

JOHN C. FLOOD'S palace on Nob hill, San Francisco, erected at a cost of $2,500,000, stands empty and silent, only an old gardener inhabits the mansion. The public is never admitted to see the furniture and paintings.

ONE of Gen. Harney's old soldiers says that the famous Indian fighter, who was a finished athlete, was remarkably fond of pugilism, and used frequently to get into rows beneath his dignity simply to display his pugilistic skill.

EX-GOV. HOIRER, of Montana, began life as a surveyor on the Missouri Pacific railroad. He emigrated to Last Chance gulch, where Helena now stands, and got a job to turn the windlass of a mine hoist. Now he's a millionaire.

TWO BOWDOIN college students named Cary and Cole have recently distinguished themselves by exploring the Grand falls in the interior of Labrador. The falls are higher than those of Niagara and have hitherto had only a legendary existence.

TALLEYRAND'S SAYINGS.

THE love of glory can only create a hero; the contempt of it only makes a great man.

A GOOD man despises those who flatter him too much and hates those who do not flatter him at all.

THOSE and virtue can do less good in the world than their false, well acted semblance can do evil.

A GENEROUS man will place the benefits he confers beneath his feet, those he receives nearest his heart.

GENERAL maxims applied to everyday life are like routine applied to the arts, good only for mediocre intellects.

TO CONTRADICT and argue with a total stranger is like knocking at the gate to ascertain if there is anyone within.

IF you wish to appear agreeable in society you must consent to be taught many things which you know already.

THERE are many devices which do not deprive us of friends; there are many virtues which prevent us having any.

THERE are two things to which we never grow accustomed: the ravages of time and the injustice of our fellow men.

RECENT INVENTIONS OF MERIT.

GEN. LEW WALLACE has just secured patents on a fishing-rod and a rail coupler for railways.

A SEAMLESS steel boat made from one piece of metal by hydraulic pressure promises to be very desirable. It will last a great while and cannot leak.

A NEW kind of cash register, which lopes if the fingers of those who attempt to steal, is in operation in Wilmington, Del., where a thief left a deposit of one of his fingers the other night in one of them.

A PATENT has been taken out for the manufacture of a good substitute for ivory. The ingredients used are mostly those of which natural ivory is composed, and the addition of different coloring matter enables objects of any desirable shade to be produced.

A SOLE for a boot, to be made of a mixture of glue with a quantity of clean quartz sand, and applied to a thin leather foundation, has been invented by a German. The soles are said to be flexible, indestructible and waterproof, and will enable the wearer to walk safely over slippery places.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

A FOUR-DAY ship must have a 155,000-horse power.

IN France they have just completed a census of carrier pigeons.

PROF. LINTNER, an authority on entomology, says that there are a million or more species of insects in the world.

A BOSTON newspaper complains that the sloping of passenger trains by suburban hostlums is becoming too frequent, but neglects to draw the line at which the frequency would be acceptable to it.

CREMATION is very economically conducted in Japan, and in consequence is quite popular. In Tokio there are six crematories, in which one-third of the dead are burned. The highest price for burning a body is one pound and the lowest five shillings.