L P Fisher

THE GRANT COUNTY NEWS.

L. P. FISHER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY Room 27, Merchants' Ex. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Volume X. *CANYON CITY, GRANT COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1888.* *Number 24.*

Grant Co. News.

PUBLISHED THURSDAY MORNING,
—BY—
D. I. ASBURY
Editor and Proprietor.

COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER

Subscription $3 00
Six Months.....1 50
Three Months..... 75

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS $2.50 per square for first, and $1 per square for each subsequent insertion
Regular advertisements made known on application.
No certificate given until all charges paid

All Reading Notices in Local Column will be charged at the rate of 20 cents per line for first, and 10 cts each subsequent insertion.

☞ Special rates to regular advertisers.

—WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE—
Fine Job Printing
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, CHEAPLY

Posters, Dodgers, Billheads, Letterheads, Noteheads, Statements, Invitations, Tickets, Cards Etc, etc.
PRINTED TO ORDER.

LAWS RELATING TO NEWSPAPERS:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office they are directed to, they are responsible until they settle their bills, and order their paper discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to former directions they are held responsible.
5. The courts have decided "that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher at the end of their term, if they do not wish to continue taking the paper, otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscribers will be responsible until express notice, with payment of all arrears is sent to the publisher.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY:

Co. Judge..... N. R. Maxcy.
Clerk ....J. T. Mael
Treasurer .....N. H. Boley.
Commissioners { J. H McHaley. H. H. Davis.
Surveyor..... J. H. Neal
Sheriff..... ....W. P Gray
Assessor .... Chas. Timms.
School Supt.... ..... E. Hayes.
Stock Inspector .... T. H. Curl

Dist. Judges { ..... L. B. Ison James A. Fee
Dist. Attorney..... J. L. Rand

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. ORR, M. D.
Canyon City, Ogn.
Office on Main Street in Rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Howard.

DR. G. W. BARBER
Physician & Surgeon.
Canyon City - - - - Oregon.
Formerly of Iowa, has located here, and will attend Professional calls day or night.
☞ Office opposite News Office.

N. H. BOLEY.
Dentist
Canyon City - - - Oregon
Office in City Hotel.

G. I. HAZELTINE.
Photographer
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

S. S. DENNING.
Attorney-at-Law.
LONG CREEK - - OREGON

J. J McCULLOUGH.
Notary Public.
CANYON CITY - - OREGON
☞ Office with M. D. Clifford ☜
Land filings and Collections promptly attended to. Deeds and Mortgages drawn, and charges reasonable.

E. A. Knight,
DENTIST.
From The Dalles, has permanently located at John Day City.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.

C. A. SWEEK,
Attorney-at-Law
Canyon City - - Oregon

PARRISH & COZAD.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

THORNTON WILLIAMS
Attorney-at-Law.
CANYON CITY . . OREGON
Office at the court house.

CLAY TODHUNTER.
Constable, and Collector.
Canyon City, Oreg
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention, and all money will be paid as fast as collected.

J. W. Mack,
Attorney-at-Law
AND
Notary Public.
PRAIRIE CITY - - - OREGON.
Also Agent for the sale of School Lands. 5-30tf

J. OLLIVER,
Proprietor of the
JohnDay Milk Ranch
Fresh milk delivered daily to my customers in John Day and Canyon cities. Give me your orders. J. OLIVER.

W. A. WILSHIRE, Lakeview, Or. NAT. HUDSON, Burns, Or.
WILSHIRE & HUDSON
Attorneys at Law
LAKEVIEW AND BURNS, OREGON.
Will practice in the Circuit Court at Canyon City, and before the U. S. Land Office at Lakeview.
Any business in the Land Office entrusted to us will receive the most prompt attention.
☞ Land cases solicited.

F. C HORSLEY, M. D.
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, April 8, 1848.
Canyon City, Oregon.
Office in his Drug Store, Main Street
Orders for Drugs promptly filled.
No professional patronage solicited but orders or directions are strictly followed

A. HUPPRICH,

CANYON CITY - - - OREGON.
Boots or Shoes made to order, or neatly repaired.
All Work Warranted First-class.

Meet Friendly. Pay Promptly. Drink Moderately & Part Kindly.
—Call Again—
AT
TUCKER & CARSON'S,
Prairie City - - - Oregon
****
Where you can get a drink of the purest Wines and Liquors, or smoke a good Cigar.

—THE—
Harney Stage Line.
J. W Tracy, Prop'r.
route leads from Canyon City to Burns, in Harney valley, carrying U. S. Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.
Stage leaves Canyon Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 a. m., and leaves Burns on Tuesday Thursday and Saturday.
Passengers and Freight at reasonable rates.

O. P. CRESAP
—Dealer In—
Stationery, Books, School Supplies, Gilt Band and Glassware, in Endless Variety. Fancy Wares, suitable for presents for both Old and Young. Boys' Iron Wagons, Baby Carriages from Fourteen to Eighteen Dollars apiece. Candies & cigars. Tobaccos, Coffees, Teas, Lard, Flour,
Dried Fruits, Canned Fruits, Rice, Cream Wheat,
—the finest breakfast dish known—Fishing Tackle, Fish Poles, Baskets, Tubs, Brooms, Lamps, Bird cages, and everything that is usually kept in a Variety Store, all of which
Can now be Bought **Cheap for Cash**, at the Old Stand in Canyon City.

Red Front Billiard Hall!

C. D. RICKARD, Proprietor.
Dealer in fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
CANYON CITY - - - - OREGON.
Henry Rust's Celebrated Beer Constantly on Tap

A. HACHENEY.
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise.
JOHN DAY CITY.

George Gundlach & Bro.
.....DEALERS IN.....
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
CANYON CITY - - - - OREGON
☞ PRICES GREATLY REDUCED. ☜
Notice is hereby given that we shall expect Cash Payment on all Notes and Accounts due us, by August 1st, 1888, without fail We consider that we have given, and are now giving ample notice of this our intention, and therefore confidently expect a strict compliance with our request. Goods, including a full stock of Groceries just arrived at low freights, sold at Cost. Come and try us.
GEO GUNDLACH & BRO.

CITY HOTEL!
PRAIRIE CITY, OR.
J. W. BATES, Proprietor.
The Culinary Department is in charge of Competent and Experienced Cooks, who spare no labor to do honor to the palates of the Public.
THE BAR
In Connection with this Popular Hotel is at all times supplied with the Best Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
☞ SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. ☜

Overholt & Muldrick,
—DEALERS IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
CANYON CITY, Or.

A Nevada school-teacher died the other day, and the local papers announced it under the head "Loss of a Whaler."

An Illinois deacon while visiting in philadelphia was asked if he had purchased any Christmas cards, and replied, with some surprise, "why should I? My old pack is good enough?"

"Mamma, is the old hen going to be sent away for the summer? "No, Charlie; but why do you ask?" "Well, I heard papa tell the new governess that he would take her out riding when he sent the old hen away for the summer."

Attention has been called to the fact that the great men of America have largely been without "middle names." Our first five Presidents had none—Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Madison and Munroe. J. Q. Adams, broke it just then, and was followed with Jackson and Van Buren, who had no middle names Mr. Harrison then entered for a sad and single month with William H. for his baptismal font and was followed by Tyler with no middle name. Mr. Polk succeeded with his middle "K," but after him came a perfect galaxy of Presidents with no middle name—Taylor, Fillmore, Pierce, Buchanan, Lincoln Johnson. Then came four Republican Presidents with middle names—Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Arthur. The list closes with a Democratic President, Grover Cleveland, who sustains the grand record. This country has had twenty-two Presidents, of which fifteen had no middle names. Only seven have sufferd from that superfluity.

Floods, earthquakes, epidemics and accidents have caused a million deaths in China during the last six months. Perhaps the Chinese immigration problem is to be solved in this way.

In Brazil some of the senators hold their time for life. One of them has not shown himself in the senate for forty years, and there is now due him a back salary of $900,600.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★
"THE STARRY FIRMAMENT ON HIGH,"
Sang Addison. But hadn't you, for a few years at least, rather look at the firmament from the underside.
YOU CAN DO IT
by observing the laws of health and resorting to that cheat the grave medicine
WARNER'S SAFE CURE
You are out of sorts; a splendid feeling and appetite one day, while the next day life is a burden. If you drift on in this way you are **liable to become Insane.** Why? Because poisoned blood on the nerve centers **wherein the mental faculties are located,** paralyses them and the victim becomes non-responsible.
There are thousands of people to day **in insane asylums and graves, put there by Kidney Poisoned Blood.**
Insanity, according to statistics, is increasing faster than any other disease. Is your eyesight failing? Your memory becoming impaired? An all-gone feeling on slight exertion upon you? If so, and **YOU know** whether this is so or not, do not neglect your case until reason totters and you are an imbecile, but to day **while you have reason,** use your good sense and judgment by purchasing **WARNER'S SAFE CURE** and **WARNER'S SAFE PILLS;** medicines warranted to do as represented, and which will cure you.
★ ★ ★ ★ ★

COPP'S LAND REVIEW.

Secretary's Decisions----Consistency therein--Intention the Foundation -- Entries in Good and Bad Faith.

Ignorance Respedting Legal Requirements, etc.

It would appear to the casual reader of decisions by the Secretary of the Interior in cases of pre-emption and commuted homestead entries, that very little regard to consistency, reason or logic is exercised in their preparation; but to the careful, analytical reader, it is quite evident that the decisions are the result of thorough examination of the smallest details and that every circumstance connected with each particular case is carefully weighed and has a bearing upon the conclusion reached.

In some cases the greatest clemency appears to be shown to persons who have, as would appear from a casual examination of the proof offered, been absent from their claims for periods of great length, and whose improvements are of the most meagre character. In others, where absence from the claims have been of short duration and where improvements to the value of hundreds of dollars have been placed upon the land, the decisions seem very harsh and to go to the limit of the law in the severity of the requirements made.

Take two such cases and examine carefully the proof in each. It will be found that the intention of the entryman, as evidenced by his acts and the circumstances in the cases respectively, is the foundation upon which the Secretary's action rests. The intention to use the land for the actual purposes of a home is what constitutes faithful compliance with the spirit of the pre emption and homesteadlaws, and the settler who because of poverty, sickness or other misfortune is unable to place valuable improvements or be continuously personally present upon his claim may—and generally does—have a more earnest desire and honest intention to secur the land for an actual home for himself and family than the man well-to-do in the world who, by reason of his better financial circumstances, good health and other advantages, is able to place valuable buildings upon and cultivae extensive acres of his claim while he flits back and forth between some favorite resort and the land covered by his entry, as fancy dictates, having no actual, bonafide residence upon the claim but still being personally present thereon a greater number of continuous days than his (as the world sees them) less fortunate neighbor. One is struggling in the face of poverty, sickness and distress to acquire a little land which he may call his own, upon which his family may as a home and cease to be wanderers upon the face of the earth, while the other is endeavoring to secure title to a tract of public land for purposes of speculation that the fatness of his purse may become increased. The former can do but little in the way of improvement while the latter knows that for every dollar he expends upon improving his claim he will receive three in the near future.

The well-to-do are not the only class who attempt [often successfully] to acquire title to public land by mere compliance with the words of the statute while ignoring the spirit. The poor and needy often go and do likewise; sometimes as private speculations and again as the paid agents of rich men who profit by their unlawful practices.

It is this ferreting out of intention and judging accordingly that gives to the Secretary's decisions an air of inconsistency, and while it will be impossible to ascertain beyond a doubt in every case the intentions which prompt men's actions, it is fair to presume that the decisions are usually correct, never without reason, and where a reasonable ground for doubt appears respecting the intention of a settler always receives the benefit thereof. HENRY N. COPP.

There are words that strike even harder than blows; and many may "speak daggers," though they use none.

A good many people know just what is the matter with others, but never found out what was the matter with themselves.

All that we possess of truth and wisdom is a borrowed good. You will be always poor if you do not possess the only true riches.

A host of minds, of profoundest thought, find nothing in the disclosures of science to shake their faith in the eternal verities of reason.

We are told that the Siberian Railroad will connect Napirsk, Chits, Irkutsk, Tomsck, Tobolsk and Ekaterineburg. We think that if these names were connected, and a handle adjusted to the rear end, they would make a first-class meat saw.

"Why don't you run a newspaper like that?" a groceryman said to a reporter the other day, throwing out a Chicago daily. "For the same reason you don't run a grocery store like that," the reporter replied, turning to an advertisement of a Chicago house, showing a twelvestory building. The groceryman looked at the picture a moment and said: "I never looked at it in that way before."

The Governor of the Danish colony of Greenland receives by the ship which brings him his annual supplies, copies of the daily papers of Copenhagen for the year preceding. He arranges these papers in the order of their dates, and then camly and quietly reads a paper each day, just as though it was fresh from the press. He is sometimes strongly tempted to peer into futurity by reading some papers ahead when he comes across interesting news; but he resists the temptation, no matter how anxious he is to know the fate of some measure. One day's paper for each day is his rule; and so at the end of the year he is thoroughly familiar with the news of the preceding year. He says he is just as happy as though he pulled each day's paper off the press.

Startling Discovery.
The discovery by the inhabitants of a locality hitherto unvisited by the pestilent scourge of fever and ague, that it exists in their very midst, is decidedly startling. Such discoveries are made at every season, in every part of the Union. Subsequently, while it is ascertained, as it invariably is at such times, through the valuable experience of some one who has been benefited and cured, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a thoroughly efficacious eradicator of the malarial poison, and a barrier against its ravages, the system against its attacks, a freeing of those currently and tranquillity reigns throughout the whole neighborhood. Nothing so beneficially corrective of malarial diseases, chronic ague and agues, are conquered by the potent action of the Bitters, to which testimony also proves its sanction as a remedy for constipation, dyspepsia, nervousness, liver complaint, debility, kidney troubles, and all diseases impairing the organs of digestion and assimilation.