

May 17, 1888.

Governor Penoyer is making speeches at different points in the State for the Democracy.

The wagon-road steals must go, sooner or later. The house committee on public lands has discussed the subject of wagon-road grants in Oregon, but came to no definite conclusion.

This year is a most important one in a political sense—more so than any other. National, State and county officers are to be elected and a legislature chosen which will select a successor to Senator Dolph.

Oregon will receive \$18,921.55 from the general government, the same being a commission on sales of public lands within the state since 1883. This was a provision of the act of Congress admitting Oregon into the Union.

Congress should pass a bankrupt act. In default of one a Montana miner who owned another let his creditor shoot at him twice, this gun practice to act as an insolvent debtor's discharge and clearance. The bankrupt was wounded, but not seriously.

The oldest man in Germany, and probably in the world, is named Wapinark. He lives in the village of Hutta, near Gnesen, in the province of Posen. He was born in 1754. He is therefore 134 years old and still shows no signs of being in a hurry to die.

What is supposed to be a Confederate gold dollar was found in an ash-heap in Atlanta recently by a colored boy, and sold for \$30. It is said that only six such coins were issued by the Confederate Government, and if genuine, this specimen would be worth \$650.

Patience used to be represented as a passably good-looking female on a big piece of sandstone. Now it is different. A modern artist fixes patience up as a country editor sitting on an inverted type box wishing he had his dinner, and waiting for delinquents to pay up their subscriptions.—E.K.

In Chicago a saloon is not allowed within two hundred feet of a house of public worship. When two policemen went out the other day to measure distances between saloons and churches, they were surprised to find a saloon directly underneath a Lutheran church. When the proprietor was ordered to move out, he calmly informed the policemen that he was not only proprietor of the saloon, but pastor of the church.

A miser died a short time ago near East Portland, leaving property worth \$15,000 and no heirs, and the property has therefore escheated to the State. The dead miser's name was John Fenstermacher. He came to Oregon many years ago as a private in the army, and afterward settled in East Portland, working as a day laborer. He was a miserly person, never known to expend a cent unnecessarily; and some who know him intimately say that in his greed for wealth, he even deprived himself of sufficient to eat. He passed a miserable existence, till May 17, 1887, when in a fit of insanity he committed suicide by hanging himself.

The new land district, to be called Harney district, embraces an area of nearly 10,000,000 acres, or one-sixth of the entire state, and is 144 miles east and west, and 102 miles north and south. It contains the well known Harney valley. Following is the boundary: Commencing at Snake river in the State of Oregon, on the township line between townships 12 and 13 south of the second standard of parallel; thence west to the northwest corner of township 13 south, of range 24 east of the Willamette meridian; thence south to the southwest corner of township 29 south, of range 23 east of the Willamette meridian; thence due east to the boundary line of the State of Oregon; thence north on said boundary line to the place of beginning. The location of the office is to be fixed and the officers appointed by the President.

REPUBLICAN COLUMN

The Philadelphia Press says the Mills bill is a conspiracy against American industries.

The president continues to violate the plank in the democratic national platform which promises that citizens of territories should be appointed to the federal offices in the territories.

If wool goes on the free list, every farmer who shears his sheep this spring might just as well kill the animals at the same time. If he doesn't the free trade policy will soon do it for him.—Gold Beach Gazette.

Senator Stanford has remarked upon the subject: "Remove the protective tariff and I can see no reason why the Chinese then should not manufacture all the goods needed on the Pacific Coast, and why these goods would not enter all parts of the United States."

Eastern Oregon may well ask whether it is a good way to get the Columbia river opened to send a man to Congress who is a devotee of the administration whose head has stopped all work during a year past on the river by a pocket veto of the river and harbor bill.—Oregonian.

The wool-growers of Baker county have every reason to join hands with the Republicans this year on the tariff question. The Mills bill is a direct blow to their existence. Free wool would flood the country in a year with the products of Australia and South America, against which no American wool-grower can compete.—Blade.

It is preached in Oregon that "protection doesn't protect." The thing to do, then, is to persuade the Southern planter and the Eastern manufacturer of the great truth. Both these individuals think protection does protect, and hence they hold on to protection for their own products, while they get the democratic party to recommend free trade for our products.—Oregonian.

Free traders say that tariff duties are taxes on the consumers. If we had no tariff our imports would very largely exceed our exports. We would have to meet this excess by money, and it would be a heavier tax on the country than the duties under a protective tariff. During the revenue reform tariff period from 1846 to 1861, although we were producing immense quantities of gold from the California mines we had to send it abroad by every outgoing steamer to pay our debts. For imports because we could not export enough to pay for what we imported. On the other hand, if we buy only articles of domestic manufacture and production the money we pay for them remains here to add to our prosperity by keeping the wheels of industry in motion. What we pay for foreign goods is the real tax, not the duty on them.

A careful estimate places the number of wool-growers in the United States at about seven hundred thousand, and fully five hundred men are employed by them to assist in caring for their flocks and doing other farm labor. A majority of these flockmasters, as well as their families, therefore if you add to their number their wives, children and other dependents, you will have at least four million persons more or less interested in the growing of wool; or about one-fifth of the entire population of the United States. There are no doubt fully one hundred and fifty thousand other farmers who keep a small number of sheep, but the wool could not be classed as wool-growers of wool.

Even to remove the duty from wool, and so make the growing of it an unprofitable business, it would render almost valueless the portions of these farms devoted to sheep-raising, and thereby decrease the average price of the whole farm at least two dollars and a half an acre, making a loss from this source alone of two hundred and eighty million dollars.

Sheep would also decrease in value fully fifty cents per head, making another shrinkage of twenty-five million dollars. Wool would decline from seven to eight cents per pound from the average price of the last fifteen years, adding another loss of twenty-five million dollars, and the farmers would be so impoverished by the low prices obtained for their wool, that out of actual necessity they would be compelled to reduce the wages of these five hundred thousand persons employed to assist in the caring of their flocks and doing other farm labor to the extent of at least fifteen cents per day or about fifteen dollars per year; making a still further loss of twenty-five million dollars from this source alone.

NOTICE. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned will please come forward and settle at once, otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. Mrs. S. M. CLEAVER, Prairie City, Or., May 1st, 1888.

NEW TO-DAY.

SUMMONS

In Justice Court, for Canyon City precinct, Grant County, State of Oregon.

Adam Murray, Alex Murray and Wm. Murray, copartners as Murray Bros., Plaintiffs.

vs. Lester Greenwell, Defendant. To Lester Greenwell, the above named defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby commanded and required to appear before the Justice of the Peace of Canyon City Precinct, in said County and State on the 30th day of June, 1888, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at Canyon City in the said Precinct to answer the complaint of the above named plaintiffs founded on an account and wherein said plaintiffs demand judgment against you for the sum of One hundred and eighty-five Dollars, and for the costs and disbursements of this action, and you are further notified that if you fail to so answer said complaint said plaintiffs will take judgment against you for said sum of One hundred and eighty-five dollars and for the costs and disbursements of this action, and that this summons is published by virtue of an order by the undersigned Justice of the Peace made on the 11th day of May, 1888.

WM. MILLER, Justice of the Peace.

DESERT LAND FINAL PROOF

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Called for by the Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1879, and amended. Notice is hereby given, that James E. Jackson, who claims the N. 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th sections of T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4, Grant County, Oregon, has filed notice of his intention to make proof on his desert land claim, No. 22, for the SE 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4, before the Justice of the Peace of Canyon City, Oregon, on the 28th day of June, 1888. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: David A. Warner, E. Lucas, H. R. Buehler and H. A. Smith, all of Dayville, Grant County, Oregon.

DISOLUTION NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between R. Ward and E. Johnson, doing business under the firm name of Ward & Johnson, Canyon City, Or., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. Ward will pay all bills and collect all accounts owing the firm from this date.

Canyon City, Or., May 15, 1888. R. WARD, E. JOHNSON.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Robert Neece has been duly appointed by the Hon. County Court of the State of Oregon, for Grant County, Administrator of the Estate of John B. Miller, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to settle immediately, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same within six months from the date of this notice, duly verified as by law required, to the undersigned at his residence in Canyon Creek, or to his attorney, M. Dustin, Canyon City, Or.

Done at Canyon City, this 15th Day of May, 1888. ROBERT NEECE, Administrator of the Estate of John B. Miller, deceased.

W. R. CUNNINGTON,

Livery Stable, CORRAL, and FEED STABLE (Wood & Church's old Stand)

Good heavy horse and nice Saddle Horses furnished at all hours of the day or night at a reasonable price. Particular attention paid to boarding and grooming transient stock.

ENTRANCE

Main and Washington streets.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at La Grande, Oregon. April 24th, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Judge of Grant County, Or., in case of his failure to do so before the County Court of Grant County, Or., on June 20th, 1888, viz: JOHN S. BATH, his SW 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: James A. Luffon, John H. Buehler, E. Lucas and George McDonough, all of Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon. April 22nd, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Judge of Grant County, Or., in case of his failure to do so before the County Court of Grant County, Or., on June 20th, 1888, viz: CHARLES MCINTYRE, his SW 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Joseph G. Luffon, John H. Buehler, Wm. M. Doolan, and Henry Luffon, all of Oak Valley, Grant County, Oregon.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at La Grande, Oregon. April 22nd, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Judge of Grant County, Or., in case of his failure to do so before the County Court of Grant County, Or., on June 20th, 1888, viz: JAMES MURPHY, his SW 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Joseph G. Luffon, John H. Buehler, Wm. M. Doolan, and Henry Luffon, all of Oak Valley, Grant County, Oregon.

SPRING & SUMMER, 1888. Now Arriving at J. DURKHEIMER & Co's., PRAIRIE CITY, Ogn., the Largest Stock of NEW GOODS! Ever brought to Grant County; comprising, in part— DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES, Groceries, Hardware, Etc., Etc. We are now prepared to fill all orders at Lower Prices than ever known in Grant County. WRITE FOR OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING ELSEWHERE The leading merchants, Prairie City, Or. J. DURKHEIMER & CO.

P. Basche & Company, OF BAKER CITY. Dealers in Hardware, Wagons & Agricultural Implements Etc., Etc., Etc. ARE REPRESENTED BY D B FISK & Co., Prairie City, Oregon.

O. P. CRESAP Has an Assortment of— FINE SILVER WARE. Also an assortment of Barbed wire— something new, which for beauty of design and finish is hard to equal. A fine line of Mosaic Ware. In all shades. Something new and beautiful in design. Glass Ware of all descriptions. Toilet sets for old and young. Genuine Bruns Lamps with Duplex Burners, one sufficient to light the town. A fine line of 8 day Clocks. Watches and Jewelry of all kinds. Tobacco & Cigars. Pipes, Meerschaum Pipes a specialty, warranted. Oysters, Sardines and Crackers, of all kinds, fresh. Soups of the best brands. YEAST POWDERS. Every can draws a prize worth from 25 cents to \$1. Also a full line of school books. Stationery of all kinds. All orders from the Country Promptly filled.

Haptonstall & Dart DEALERS IN General Merchandise City meat market. John Day City, Oregon.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon. April 12th, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Judge of Grant County, Or., on June 20th, 1888, viz: HUGH SMITH, his SW 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 12 S. of R. 22 E. of W. 4. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Frank S. W. S. Southworth and Walter Berry, all of Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon.

The Great I. X. L. Store, Baker City. Are giving immense bargains in their ELEGANT LINE OF DRY GOODS. We carry the largest and finest stock of goods and sell the same at NEW YORK PRICES. 14 yards nice Lawns for \$1.00. 14 " white pique dress goods 1.00. Woollen lace buntings all shades per yd. .124. Nun's Veiling, all new shades " " .25. 20 shades of summer silks " " .50. Ladies' white linen collars for " .124. NEW STYLES. Ladies' hose, all colors \$0.124. Lisle hose, pure for " .25. Best child's hose for " .124. Never sold such goods for cheap pr. Ladies' muslin suits for \$0.50. We carry 109 shades, the Latest Styles, of Silk Velvets Striped Plushes, never seen in this part of country before, All Shades of the best Dress Silks. And this is the only store in Baker City and Eastern Oregon where you can assort yourself. REMEMBER— The Great I. X. L. Store, of Baker City Is the place to buy your FINE GOODS. Good Men's and Boys' suits for \$5.00 and up. WARSHAUER BROS. Orders Very Carefully Filled.

H. R. SELS. DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE CANYON CITY, OREGON. Washington Street, Canyon City, Oregon. W. P. CRAY Proprietor. DEALER IN All Kinds Of FRESH MEATS By Wholesale and Retail. All orders filled on short notice.